JANUARY 9, 1911.

l Sales

Dresses
& Satisfac-
y reduced.

set Sale
UNUSUAL VALUES
In connection with the sale of our Mme. Irene corsets at $6.50 and $8.50, we show a number of C. P. S. & Co. special models at an average saving of half. These corsets are modeled on the lines of our new spring styles, and can be secured at these prices only during this sale.
Valois C15—for full figure with low full bust, extreme length below waist. Walohn filled, 3 pr. h'vy silk garters, *$3.50*
Sappho model—for slender figure, whalebone filled—less than half price, *$3.50*
al merit priced at *$2.00 and ..$3.00*
floor, north room.

Waists
TMENTS PLACE
OF THE YEAR.
two charming values.

$8.50 $5.00

Underwear
An annual event of great importance—we offer an immense range nd highly desirable under- nt and early spring wear idedly under regular.
Suits—Very practical for the dress, as they cling close to the with any extra fullness. *Eiffel perfect fitting.* Made of pure low neck and no sleeves, either a wide umbrella style, trimmed
Third floor, north room.
$1.15 $1.35
Women's Low Neck Fancy Vests—Pure white Swiss ribbed low neck vests in a great variety of fancy crocheted yokes and inserts, perfect fitting, all sizes, *38c, 48c, 58c, 68c, 85c and..$1.15*
Women's Knit Corset Covers—practical garment for all changes of weather. Made of fine pure white Sea Island cotton, high neck with long or elbow length sleeves, each.....*50c*
Women's Knit Umbrella Tights—Perfect fitting, tight top, extra wide handsome lace-trimmed leg. Knit umbrella tights are decidedly practical, as they require no starching, pair, *38c & 50c*

ped Linens
ANT JANUARY SALE
nd designs for embroidery work.
huck hand towels.....35c and *50c*
huck guest room towels *50c* and *$1.25*
in pillow cases. New designs, pr. *50c*
y edged doilies, scarfs, centers and
Second floor, Wabash ave.
.....15c | 24-inch centers at....85c
.....25c | 28-inch centers at..*$1.25*
....35c | 45-in. lunch cloths, *$3.00*
....$2.00 | 54-in. lunch cloths, *$4.25*
linens; special values are quoted:
at..*$1.00* | Shams at.....*$1.00*
5-inch, *$1.50*, and 45-inch at....*$2.50*

Editorial Page - - - 12
The Honor of the Senate, The Central Bank Controversy.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

Sporting Page - - - - 14
Features Page - - - 10
Business Pages - - 15-18
Want Ads - - - 18 to 23

VOLUME LXX.—NO. 8. TUESDAY, JANUARY 10, 1911.—TWENTY-FOUR PAGES. * * PRICE ONE CENT. IN CHICAGO AND SUBURBS. ELSEWHERE TWO CENTS.

LORIMER'S GANG SEEKS TO STIFLE HOLSTLAW CASE

Washington Joins Old Guard in Illinois to Head Off Investigation.

RESIGNATION IS RESENTED.

State Senators Feel That Iuka Grafter's Action Was Gratuitous Insult to Them.

OGLESBY TO DECIDE THE ISSUE.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 9.—[Special.]—Washington has taken a hand in the frantic attempts being made to stifle the investigation of the Lorimer bribery scandal, which tonight is an assured certainty.

Senator Helm, chairman of the senate investigating committee, has prepared a report which expels Senator D. W. Holstlaw from the senate membership, upon the confession from Holstlaw that he accepted $2,500 for his vote for Lorimer and that he got $700 out of the senate jackpot in the last general assembly. This report will be signed unanimously by the five members of the committee and offered to the senate tomorrow morning.

Washington, represented by the lieutenants of Senator Lorimer, and certain Republican members of the Illinois congressional delegation, is moving heaven and earth in the effort to cause the state senators to take official cognizance of the "resignation" which Holstlaw has sent to Gov. Deneen, and thereby effectually chloroform the threatened expulsion of Holstlaw and the opening in Springfield of an investigation of the senatorial scandal in which whitewash pails and committees of safety will have no part or parcel.

Oglesby to Have Last Word?

Tonight it looks like a race between the offering of the investigating committee report and the Holstlaw "resignation," which is to be laid before the senate through the medium of a message from the governor, as provided by law.

Apparently, the finish judge will be Lieut. Gov. John G. Oglesby, in whose province is likely to be the parliamentary decision as to which of the propositions will have precedence. Inasmuch as it was Lieut. Gov. Oglesby's ruling directing that Holstlaw's name be omitted from the roll of the senate, that led up to the expulsion resolution of Senator Helm, chairman of the investigating committee, the presumption is strong that the lieutenant governor will permit the Helm report to be made first. Prompt action thereupon will follow.

Washington and the Lorimer interests are wild to have the "resignation" placed before the senate, when the contention will be made that Holstlaw has terminated his senatorial office automatically and that the investigation committee should be immediately discharged from further consideration of the case.

Say Broderick Is Safe.

With Holstlaw expelled, the question arises as to what shall become of Broderick, who, according to Holstlaw's confession, passed the latter the Lorimer bribe money in the West Madison street saloon.

The anti-investigators are contending now that, admitting Broderick's offense, it was committed against the last senate and not against this general assembly. Broderick comes back to Springfield as a "new" senator, having been reelected in November, while Holstlaw is a holdover. If Holstlaw is fired, the argument of the Lorimerites will be that the Lorimer case is finally and effectually closed and cannot be reopened against Broderick.

The feeling among many of the senators in Springfield tonight seems to be that Holstlaw offered a gratuitous insult to the members of the senate in sending his "resignation" to the governor, after it had been made plain to him that he could not raid the state treasury for the $2,000 salary which would have been his had he not confessed to his Lorimer boodling.

It is reported that Holstlaw was assured from the national capital that he would not lose his $2,000 if he could get his "resignation" into the proper channels and in time to circumvent his expulsion and the concurrent reopening of the Lorimer scandal.

Adkins Doesn't Stop It.

Over in the house the uncalled for ultimatum from Speaker Adkins, delivered Saturday night and reiterated in his Chicago interviews Sunday, that he will oppose any effort to start a house investigation of senatorial bribery, has resulted in the creation of a strong wave of sentiment that an investigation ought to start immediately.

That a resolution for such an investigation is imminent and that attacks upon Lee O'Neil Browne and Robert E. Wilson as active members of the house may be made, with the Pemberton-Broderick case on the senate side as ample precedent, is altogether probable.

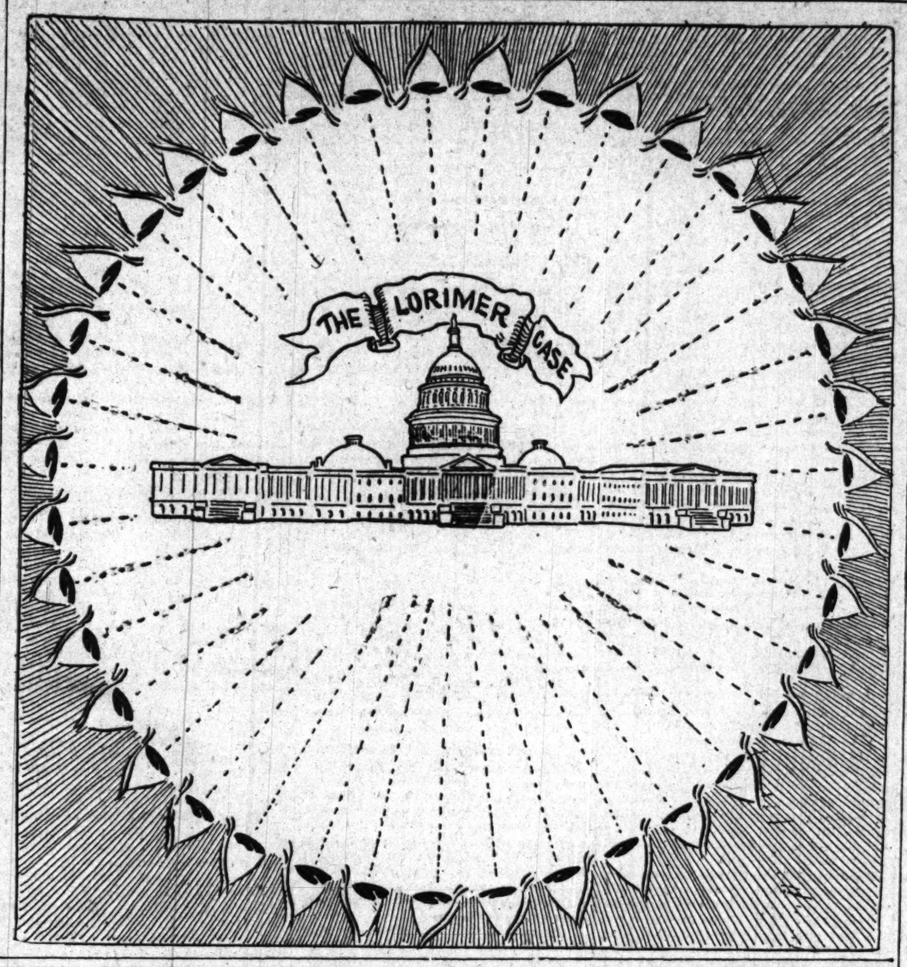
The talk tonight is that Speaker Adkins and the Lorimer contingent in the house may have an opportunity to place themselves directly on record, through the medium of a roll call, before the week is over.

SLIPS; IMPALED ON A PICKET.

Icy Sidewalk Bartender's Downfall Until Iron Fence Catches His Chin —Found Still Hanging.

Albert Strong, 1859 West Lake street, a bartender, slipped on the ice at Park avenue and North Lincoln street last night and fell on an iron picket fence, one of the pickets entering his chin. He was unable to release himself and it was ten minutes before another pedestrian found him.

THE EYES OF THE NATION.



SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 10, 1911.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Increasing cloudiness Tuesday, becoming unsettled Wednesday; rising temperature; brisk southeast to south winds.

Sunrise, 7:16; sunset, 4:40; moonset, 2:32 a. m.

TEMPERATURE IN CHICAGO
[Last 24 hours.]

Maximum, 4 p. m.....28
Minimum, 8 a. m.....10

3 a. m.	13	11 a. m.	16
4 a. m.	12	12 Noon	19
5 a. m.	11	1 p. m.	22
6 a. m.	11	2 p. m.	26
7 a. m.	10	3 p. m.	28
8 a. m.	10	4 p. m.	28
9 a. m.	11	5 p. m.	27
10 a. m.	16	6 p. m.	27
7 p. m.	26		
8 p. m.	26		
9 p. m.	26		
10 p. m.	26		
11 p. m.	25		
12 p. m.	25		
1 a. m.	26		
2 a. m.	27		

Mean temperature, 19; normal for the day, 24.
Deficiency since Jan. 1, 24.
Precipitation for 24 hours to 7 p. m., 0. Deficiency since Jan. 1, .22 inch.
Wind, W.; max., 44 miles an hour at 7:10 p. m.
Relative humidity, 7 a. m., 77%; 7 p. m., 66%.
Barometer, sea level, 7 a. m., 30.39; 7 p. m., 30.37.

TELEPHONE CENTRAL 100.

LORIMER.

Washington attempts to influence events in Illinois and prevent state senate's investigation of Lorimer. **Page 1.**

Beveridge, in report, and Owen, in speech, demand seat of Lorimer be declared vacant. **Page 1.**

Senator Root says he will speak against Lorimer on floor. **Page 3.**

Lorimer nonchalant during proceedings in senate concerning his election. **Page 3.**

Lobbyists threaten in behalf of Lorimer. **Page 4.**

LOCAL.

Petitions for salary increases aggregating $2,000,000 before council committee. **Page 1.**

State's attorney's office announces names of three new witnesses in Erbstein case. **Page 4.**

Policeman uses billiard shot to stop burglar. **Page 5.**

Police plan to prevent intimidation of witnesses against new cult "revealer." **Page 11.**

Packers, beaten on motion to stop criminal prosecution, consider injunction move. **Page 13.**

DOMESTIC.

Suffrage critic arouses ire of women at New York meeting. **Page 1.**

President Ripley of Santa Fé writes article that attracts attention. **Page 15.**

POLITICAL.

Speaker Adkins prepares slate of committee chairmanships. **Page 4.**

G. O. P. leaders postpone action on mayoralty race pending word from Busse. **Page 6.**

Ald. John Brennan, "overlord" of the Eighteenth ward, to retire from politics. **Page 6.**

Prominent men express willingness to serve as election officers. **Page 6.**

SPORTING—PAGE 14.

Outfielder Meloan and Chouinard of Sox send in 1911 contracts.

Bowling leaders retain positions in city tournament.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Arrived.	Port.
AMIRAL HAMELIN	Avonmouth.
CARTHAGINIAN	St. Johns.
CYMRIC	Queenstown.
HARFLEUR	Las Palmas.
MINNEAPOLIS	New York.
MONTEVIDEO	New York.
POTSDAM	New York.
PRETORIAN	Halifax.
TUNISIAN	Liverpool.
URANIUM	Halifax.

Sailed.	Port.
CARPATHIA	Fiume.
MAIN	Bremen.
MONGOLIA	San Francisco.
REGINA D'ITALIA	Palermo.

WIRELESS REPORTS.

ADRIATIC	Out 1,200 miles	Due at New York Thursday p. m.
ALICE	Out 250 miles	Tuesday a. m.
BLUECHER	Out 353 miles	Tuesday p. m.
NIAGARA	Out 283 miles	Tuesday a. m.
GEO. WASH'TON	Out 250 miles	Due at Plymouth Tuesday p. m.

FIND MAN SHOT; SAYS HE SLEW 3

Roland Gregory, Badly Injured, Tells Strange Story of Fight with Swindlers.

POLICE START INQUIRY.

Roland Gregory, 30 years old, son of Jacob H. Gregory, 4121 Drexel boulevard, is at the residence of his parents suffering from two bullet wounds in his body. Detectives from the Hyde Park station are guarding the house and attempting to learn how he suffered his injuries. Gregory tells a story of tracking three men, who attempted to swindle farmers, and shooting and killing the members of the band in Peoria last week.

Early last evening Detectives Wolfe and Morgan of the Hyde Park police station received information that a wounded man was to be found at the Drexel boulevard house. They went there and found Gregory, his head in bandages and a bandage around his left leg. He was suffering from a bullet wound in the back of the head and one in the left leg between the knee and the hip.

Says He Killed Three.

He told the police he and three friends left the city last Wednesday, posing as secret service men, and followed three men who were swindling farmers by selling worthless jewelry. He told the detectives that he traced them to a barn, but refused to tell where the place was situated. He said as he entered the door of the barn two of the men shot at him and he drew his revolver and killed both men. A third appeared and Gregory said he also killed this man.

He told the detectives he was arrested for the murder of the three men and gave the name of Jones. A coroner's jury, which held an inquest over the men, exonerated him, he said, and he made his way to Chicago, arriving last Thursday morning.

Police Keep Close Watch.

Lieut. Joel Smith detailed several policemen to watch the house while the detectives investigated the story of the shooting.

Efforts of the detectives to learn the name of the physician were unsuccessful, as members of the family refused to divulge his name. Policemen are visiting physicians' offices in the vicinity in an attempt to find the one attending Gregory.

There has been no report of a tragedy similar to the one described by Gregory as happening in Peoria.

ASKS $535,000 TO RUN LIBRARY

Board of Directors of Chicago's Free Public Book System Gets Decreased Revenues.

The sum of $535,000 is asked by the board of directors of the Chicago public library for operating expenses for 1911. The amount is an increase over the budget for 1910, according to the directors at their monthly meeting last night, and is asked because the library's revenue for 1911 will be $34,000 less. The income from the tax for 1910 for the library was $348,000. This year it will be $309,000.

WEBB QUITS $75 CLERKSHIP.

Wife Inherits Millions and Pair Leaves Modest Chicago Apartments to Reside in New York.

The James Watson Webbs no longer reside in the modest apartment at 155 East Chicago avenue, and Mr. Webb, son of the vice president of the New York Central lines, doesn't toil at a $75 a month clerkship. Mrs. Webb recently inherited $4,029,125 from the estate of her father, the late Henry O. Havemeyer, and the Webbs have departed for New York.

SUFFRAGE TALK ROILS WOMEN; RETORT BY MRS. O. H. P. BELMONT

New York Leader Talks of Wringing Neck of Critic Saying Members Were Insulted in Speech.

New York, Jan. 9.—[Special.]—Richard Barry, the author of several magazine articles opposing woman suffrage, made a speech this afternoon at the Berkeley lyceum on "How Woman Suffrage Works," which caused manifestations of excitement among persons in the audience.

"That is the worst I have ever heard," said Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont as she passed through the foyer. "Some of the finest women in the country are in the suffrage states, and he has insulted them all. I am a southern woman, but the thing makes my blood boil. If there had been a western man present he undoubtedly would have wrung the neck of the man whom those women applauded."

The women referred to were members of the National League for the Civic Education of Women, under whose auspices the meeting was held and their sympathizers.

Mrs. Annie Nathan Meyer introduced the speaker and announced that there would be no opportunity for questions after the lecture, but if any one wished further information regarding any of the points touched upon by Mr. Barry it could be obtained by addressing him at the office of a magazine.

This arrangement apparently did not suit the Rev. Anna Shaw, for when the curtain began to descend at the conclusion of Mr. Barry's remarks, she rose and called, "Mrs. Meyer, Mrs. Meyer." But the curtain kept on going down, leaving the theater in darkness for a moment, and Mrs. Meyer made no response.

"Well, at any rate that liar will be answered tomorrow at our massmeeting at the Broadway theater," exclaimed Miss Shaw, as she went away.

CHICAGO COMMONS ROMANCE RESULTS IN WESTERN WEDDING

Beatrice Wigmore Becomes the Bride of the Rev. Joel D. Hunter in Los Angeles Cathedral.

A Chicago Commons romance culminated yesterday afternoon with the marriage in Los Angeles of Miss Beatrice Wigmore, daughter of Mrs. John Wigmore of that city, and sister of Dean John H. Wigmore of the Northwestern university law school, and the Rev. Joel Du Bois Hunter of Chicago Commons.

For two years Miss Wigmore had been a student in the school of civics and a settlement worker on the west side. The Rev. Mr. Hunter has been pastor of the Congregational tabernacle and a worker at the Commons since his graduation from the Auburn Theological seminary, four years ago.

The wedding ceremony took place in St. Paul's cathedral and the Rev. F. U. Bugbee of Pomona, Cal., read the service.

The bridal couple will leave for Chicago this morning. Both will continue in settlement work.

FEARS ROBBERS; LOSES $3,000, THE SAVINGS OF A LIFETIME.

Burglary of Jeweler's Store Takes Place Day After Golden Wedding—Only Picture of Dead Child Gone.

H. J. Hittorf's fears that his jewelry store was in danger of being robbed by two men who had been seen watching it on several occasions have been fulfilled. An Oak Park policeman yesterday morning discovered that Sunday night burglars had blown the safe and escaped with over $3,000 worth of jewelry and cash.

More than the jewelry the jeweler mourns the loss of a photograph of his daughter, Freda, who died several months ago. The photograph, taken several years ago, was the only one he had of her.

Mr. Hittorf and his wife celebrated their fiftieth wedding anniversary Saturday. Their financial loss represents the savings of a lifetime.

DEMAND $2,000,000 IN PAY ADVANCES

City Employes and Representatives of Unions Besiege the Council Finance Committee.

PLEAD TODAY FOR BABIES.

Big Delegation Will Urge "Child Saving" Appropriation for the Health Department.

Petitions for salary increases aggregating about $2,000,000 now are before the city council committee on finance.

At the close of the second all day's hearing in the council chamber, the committee retired to seclusion in its own rooms late yesterday afternoon and, after estimating the total, almost threw up its hands in despair at the thought of granting any of the petitions.

"We estimate that the increase requested in the police department means between $600,000 and $700,000," said Ald. B. W. Snow, "and that in the fire department about $350,000, so the two will exceed $1,000,000 alone. Then there are the demands of practically every group of employés, big or little, in every other branch of the service, which must bring the aggregate close to $2,000,000. The question in this case is not 'Gentlemen, where did you get it?' but 'Gentlemen, where is it coming from?'"

Appeal for Child Saving.

The committee will resume its sessions this morning and will listen to a strong plea for appropriations which will allow of the extension of the child welfare work of the health department. A delegation, headed by Mrs. Arthur Aldis, president of the Visiting Nurses' association, will appear, and Mrs. Aldis will address the committee in favor of an appropriation for establishing a permanent child welfare bureau.

Mrs. Aldis expects to recite the duties of the school nurses sent out with the codperation of the board of education during the last two years and also will tell about the good work of the infant welfare nurses in saving the lives of babies during hot weather.

The decrease in the health department appropriations in Chicago in the last three years from $848,000 to $545,000 is one of the matters Mrs. Aldis will cite to shame those responsible and to arouse interest.

Chicago Low in the List.

It is pointed out that Chicago now stands fifty-fifth among American cities of 20,000 population or greater in per capita expenditure for health, while it has dropped from first to sixth place in healthfulness, as evidenced by the death rate among cities of 300,000 or more.

The reports of the Visiting Nurse association for the school year of 1909-'10 show that the thirty-nine nurses and two superintendents cared for the pupils of 100 schools—about 3,000 children to each nurse. In the ten months 15,000 visits to schools were made and 65,000 visits to homes—a most important part of the work—and of the 119,000 children examined in the routine inspections 26,000 were found to be in need of care.

So beneficial have been the results, it is declared, that a general demand for extending the visitations arose, and this year the same force of nurses is expected to look out for 800 schools, or 801,000 pupils—more than 7,000 to each nurse.

The subject of salaries for nurses is another that has been brought up. It is charged that Chicago pays its school nurses less than any other city in the country except Jersey City.

The delegation will urge the finance committee to make the establishing of a bureau of child welfare nurses possible. "Help the children" is to be the motto, and confidence was expressed yesterday that the aldermen would be prevailed upon to grant the appeal.

Unions Besiege Committee.

Yesterday afternoon's session of the finance committee of the council was given up almost entirely to the labor unions and if there were any of them missing their absence was not noted. There were representatives of the ironworkers, the engineers, the painters, the carpenters, the harnessmakers, the plumbers, the electrical workers, the cement workers, the brickmakers, the elevator constructors, the stationary firemen, and so on through the list until it was exhausted. It was finished late in the afternoon so the committee was able to reach the second milepost in its hearings—the requests for increases for individual employés.

A fact commented on in the remarks of the representatives of organized labor was that with few exceptions announcements of increases in the union scales will go into effect this spring. This occurred so frequently that several of the aldermen questioned the speakers closely to determine whether an agreement with private employers already had been reached or whether the increase was being "tried out" on the city.

Threaten Strike, if Necessary.

In nearly every instance there were assertions that the rate had been agreed upon informally or that it would be put into effect by a strike.

"It will go in if we have to walk out for it," was the open declaration of F. C. Jengenback, business agent for the cement workers.

Simon O'Donnell, an officer of the Building Trades council, was the spokesman for the general trades belonging to the organization.

"All I ask is that the city comply with the rules of the union, give union conditions, and pay the scale," he said. "In some instances it has agreed to do this and has not lived up to the agreement. The plumbing inspectors working for the city belong to the Journeymen Plumbers' association—that is, about 90 per cent of them do. In 1906 the city went on record as supporting the demands of the unions, and journeymen plumbers, then receiving $4.50 a day, now receive $5.50. All I ask in this case is that these inspectors be given that pay twenty-six days a month."

"Is there a union scale for plumbing inspectors?" asked Ald. Snow.

"No," was the reply; "but they belong to our union."

H. W. Raven, representing the electrical workers, spoke for the "inside wiremen" employed by the city.

"An advance in the scale from $5.50 to $6 a day has been practically agreed on," he asserted.

"Well, if it hasn't been established," said Chairman Foell, "the city can't pay it."

"I'll state for the union," said Raven,

(Continued on page 2, column 3.)

BEVERIDGE ASKS SENATE TO VACATE SEAT OF LORIMER

Owen Also Urges That Illinois Man's Election Be Held Invalid Because of Taint.

BRIBERY IS SEEN BY BOTH.

Indiana Member Says Testimony Showed Chicagoan Was Closely Connected with Deals.

BAILEY FAILS TO STOP FIGHT.

Developments in Lorimer Case

SENATOR BEVERIDGE introdnces minority report asking that Lorimer's seat be vacated because of corruption in election.

SENATOR ROBERT L. OWEN speaks at length, giving reasons for believing that Lorimer's election was obtained by fraud, and concludes his speech with a resolution declaring Lorimer's seat vacant.

SENATOR ROOT of New York announces he will take floor and oppose retention by Lorimer of his seat.

LORIMER bland and childlike in face of denunciation in senate.

LOBBY in behalf of Lorimer resorts to threats.

WASHINGTON influences aid old guard members in Illinois in their attempts to stifle investigation into state senate corruption.

BY JOHN CALLAN O'LAUGHLIN.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 9.—[Special.]—The lid is off from the Lorimer scandal. The senate of the United States began today its public debate of this notorious case.

It received from the hands of Senator Albert J. Beveridge of Indiana a powerful report denouncing the putrescent methods employed in the election of Lorimer and connecting him directly therewith.

It listened also to a forceful arraignment of those methods by Senator Robert L. Owen of Oklahoma, and was advised that further speeches would be made from day to day.

TWO RESOLUTIONS ARE PENDING.

When it adjourned until tomorrow it had two resolutions awaiting its action. The first, which accompanied the report of Senator Beveridge, is as follows:

Resolved, That William Lorimer was not duly and legally elected to a seat in the senate of the United States by the legislature of the state of Illinois.

The second, which was introduced by Senator Owen, reads:

Resolved, That the so-called election of William Lorimer on May 26, 1909, by the legislature of the state of Illinois, was illegal and void.

ACTION CANNOT BE STOPPED.

No longer is it possible for the friends of Senator Lorimer to prevent a vote by the senate upon the question of whether or not he shall be retained as a member of that body.

No longer is it possible for them to obstruct the official presentation of the facts in connection with his election, upon which that vote must be based.

The action taken today was a forward step in the direction of good and decent government. It will be for the senate now to say whether that step shall be permanent and even a farther advance made.

CREDIT DUE TO BEVERIDGE.

To Senator Beveridge must be given the credit for enabling the first to be taken. As a member of the committee on privileges and elections he submitted to the senate a report dissenting from the views of a majority of the committee, and in clear, cold, logical style setting forth the grounds upon which Mr. Lorimer should be removed from the seat he holds.

That report is important for two reasons. It represents the views of a lawyer who has given twenty-two days to the examination of the testimony taken by the investigating subcommittee, the briefs of counsel, and the law involved. It gives regularity in the senate to the nation wide movement for the termination of such methods of electing senators as were observed in the Lorimer case. It constitutes a firm foundation upon which the senators who will fight for the honor of their house can make their stand.

LORIMER FIGHT IN VAIN.

Realization of the meaning of a minority report such as that presented by Mr. Beveridge was responsible for the unremitting efforts of the friends of Senator Lorimer to prevent anything in the nature of dissenting views from the majority report being submitted to the senate.

It caused them in the house today to precipitate a carefully arranged fight over the rules in the hope of thereby minimizing the publicity in connection with the proceedings in the senate.

It caused them in the senate to attempt a maneuver designed to throw discredit upon both Mr. Beveridge and Mr. Owen.

It failed.

BAILEY PROTEST A FAILURE.

Senator Bailey of Texas the leading minority member on the committee on privileges sought to give the impression that Mr. Beveridge had no right to make a minority report; that he could merely present minority views.

But Mr. Beveridge pointed out that, prior to the Christmas holidays, he had reserved the right to present any kind of a report he deemed advisable, after a close study of the testimony.

Then he completely bowled Mr. Bailey and his technical objection out by the further statement that in any event he had appended to his report a resolution declaring Mr. Lorimer's election void and that such a resolution always was in order.

LORIMER FIRST TO SPEAK.

Mr. Lorimer himself inaugurated the proceedings today. With the consent of Senators Beveridge and Owen, he was recognized by the vice president shortly after the journal of Thursday last was approved, and began a statement which amazed every one who heard it.

His presence in the senate, which has resolved itself into a court to pass upon the merits of his case, has been sharply criticised, and apparently these criticisms have caused him to squirm uneasily in his chair.

Whatever the moving reason, however, he explained in part and threatened in part. He claimed the investigating committee made "a very thorough inquiry." He asserted he knew he was not elected by bribery and corruption. He declared no person was guilty of corrupt practices in his election. He proposed to remain in the senate during the discussion of his case, because he felt obligated to the state of Illinois to do so.

CONCLUDES WITH VEILED THREAT

And finally he concluded with this veiled threat:

"I hope that my presence here will not embarrass any senator who desires to discuss this matter as their presence will not embarrass me when the time shall arrive when I shall discuss it myself."

In other words, any senator who dares to speak against Mr. Lorimer will lay himself open to attack from the "blonde boss."

The threat will avail Mr. Lorimer nothing. Nor need he have any apprehension that senators will be embarrassed by his presence in the chamber. Mr. Beveridge showed no fear of an assault from the "blonde boss" nor any embarrassment when he presented his report. Senator Owen was equally free from embarrassment and fright.

CLERK READS BEVERIDGE REPORT

Beveridge requested that his report be read by the clerk so that it might be heard by senators and published in the Congressional Record and that a thousand copies of the report be printed for the use of the senate. The other read his speech slowly and distinctly.

The senators on the floor and the spectators in the crowded galleries followed the report and speech with close attention and gave unmistakable expressions of approval to the telling points made.

Senator Beveridge's report is not merely a legal dissection of the testimony and an exposition of the law involved. It constitutes a moral pronouncement of the highest consequence to the nation. In his discussion of the facts he brushes aside all extraneous matters, such as the "third degree" upon which the majority of the committee on privileges and elections dwelt.

TELLS DUTY OF SENATE.

He epitomizes the duty of the senate in the following clear cut paragraph:

"What the senate must determine is whether it believes, as a matter of fact, that these men actually did receive the money which they testified to having received, and large amounts of which were

Extracts from Report of Senator Beveridge.

If only one case of bribery be clearly established, I hold that this invalidates the whole election. In my opinion one act of bribery makes the whole election foul. I propose that we overthrow unsound precedents and establish the precedent that one act of bribery makes an election foul.

The testimony is overwhelming, not only that four members of the General Assembly were bribed, but that three of their fellow members paid them their money.

But these seven votes were not all of the tainted votes cast in this putrid transaction. The testimony shows that at least three additional corrupt votes were cast—those of Clark, Shephard and Luke.

Browne and Lorimer worked together for at least ten days * * *. If we believe anybody was bribed, the testimony shows it was during these days. If we believe anyone was bribed, the evidence shows Browne was the chief instrument of bribery * * *. Taking these things together, did everything occur without Mr. Lorimer's knowledge * * *? In law, Mr. Lorimer must be held to have knowledge of these transactions.

The majority ignores one reason that Link gave for denying he met Browne and Wilson. Link swears he made this denial because he did not wish to get his friends in trouble. Who were these friends whom Link was so afraid of getting into trouble that he committed perjury?

Now comes an undisputed fact of conclusive force, although the majority report ignored it. These confessed bribe takers were shown to have had in bills of large denominations unusually large sums of money soon after the date when they swore to having received the same.

found in their possession in bills of large denominations about the time they testified to having received it. This is the question before us—not the conduct of the officers of justice."

The senator finds that eleven votes were tainted, a conclusion also expressed by Senator Owen.

CITES TEN TAINTED VOTES.

In closing the feature of his report entitled "The Facts" Senator Beveridge says:

"If the senate conclude that these three men, Luke, Shephard, and Clark, also received this bribe money, we have ten tainted votes cast in this election, or four more than enough to invalidate the same even under the precedents which the majority (of the committee) cite. With these ten putrid votes I shall stop, although the evidence also entangles one other (Representative John Griffin). So, if there were ten votes, or even if only seven votes were corrupt, what is their legal effect on the election involved?"

FOUR LESS THAN MAJORITY.

Senator Beveridge conclusively establishes that the majority required to elect under the federal statute was 102. The untainted votes of Mr. Lorimer numbered 98, so that he had four less than "a majority of all the votes of said joint assembly."

But the sounder view to take, in the opinion of Mr. Beveridge, is not only to subtract the tainted votes from those cast for Mr. Lorimer, but to add those votes to the 94 given to his opponents, A. J. Hopkins and L. B. Stringer. Thus Lorimer failed to have any kind of a majority. Mr. Beveridge cannot conceive that large sums of money were used to purchase votes that were not needed, and he pertinently asked:

"Were thousands of dollars thrown away and the risk of the penitentiary incurred for nothing at all?"

"ONE BRIBE FOULS ELECTIONS."

Then the Indiana senator laid down a rule which will appeal to every decent American. It follows:

"If only one case of bribery be clearly established in the election of a senator, I hold that this invalidates the entire election. In my opinion, one act of bribery makes the whole election foul."

And in support of this rule, Mr. Beveridge said:

"This pronouncement by the senate of the United States would prevent an ambitious and wealthy candidate from perpetrating bribery to make his election sure and doing it in such a way as to cover up his tracks. It would give a needed pause to corrupt interests that undertake to make the election of their favorites certain by corrupt practices. It absolutely would prevent overzealous friends, inspired by nothing but the heat of battle and devotion to their favorite, from undertaking to secure his success by infamous methods."

INSISTS ON VACATING SEAT.

Mr. Beveridge also decisively negatives the proposition that if the sitting senator personally perpetrated or countenanced bribery to secure his election his seat cannot be vacated by a majority vote, but he must be expelled by a two-thirds vote. He says:

"This position is so dangerous to the public welfare, so contrary to public policy, so abhorrent to reason and repugnant to justice, that I repudiate and challenge it."

The report demonstrates the close connection Mr. Lorimer had with the proceeding which resulted in his election, and after describing Lorimer's constant association and cooperation with Lee O'Neil Browne, Mr. Beveridge asks:

"Taking these things together, did everything occur that the evidence shows to have occurred without Mr. Lorimer's knowledge? Even if the corruption fund came from sources higher up, did those exalted sources of iniquity pass by Mr. Lorimer, whom they were trying to elect with this putrid money, without his knowing a thing about it? In law, Mr. Lorimer must be held to have knowledge of these transactions in his behalf."

TWO BASES FOR ACTION.

Senator Beveridge gives these two grounds for the invalidation of Mr. Lorimer's election:

1. That a sufficient number of votes were tainted to reduce his majority below that required by law.

2. That Mr. Lorimer directly was connected with the bribery and corrupt practices used.

Senator Owen's speech is a remarkably clear analysis of the testimony taken by the investigating committee. He, too, insists that the better ethical rule upon which the senate should properly stand is that no election of a senator shown to have been based in any degree upon bribery or corrupt practices should be allowed to stand. But even on the narrow theory of the majority of the committee, that it must establish that enough votes were obtained by bribery to change the result, he holds that Mr. Lorimer's election was invalid.

ELEVEN VOTES HELD TAINTED.

He states the facts as revealed by the testimony, and finds these eleven votes tainted by corruption:

STATE SENATOR D. W. HOLSTLAW.
STATE SENATOR JOHN BRODERICK.
REPRESENTATIVE H. J. C. BECKEMEYER.
REPRESENTATIVE MICHAEL S. LINK.
REPRESENTATIVE CHARLES A. WHITE.
REPRESENTATIVE LEE O'NEIL BROWNE.
REPRESENTATIVE R. E. WILSON.
REPRESENTATIVE CHARLES LUKE.
REPRESENTATIVE JOSEPH B. CLARK.
REPRESENTATIVE HENRY A. SHEPHARD.
REPRESENTATIVE JOHN GRIFFIN.

He also finds that attempts were made to bribe:

REPRESENTATIVE GEORGE W. MYERS.
REPRESENTATIVE JACOB GROVES.
REPRESENTATIVE HENRY TERRILL.

Senator Owen pointed out that the action of fifty-three Democrats in abandoning the Democratic candidate, Mr. Stringer, and voting for Mr. Lorimer, "does not seem the simple exercise of honest personal judgment on the fitness of candidates."

LORIMER NOT PARTY CHOICE.

He further pointed out that "of the 149 Republican members voting, Mr. Lorimer only received fifty-five, about a third, showing that, as a candidate of the Republican party he was not acceptable to the Republican members of the legislature, and not having been a candidate at all at the primaries, he had no popular vote whatever to support his candidacy.

"Under all the circumstances," he said, "I do not think he really represents the will of the people of Illinois."

Mr. Owen used the Lorimer case as an argument in behalf of the general adoption of the plan of election of senators by direct vote of the people. He also advocated a thoroughgoing corrupt practices act and publicity pamphlet such as Oregon enjoys, which strictly limits the use of money in the election of senators.

The senate will resume consideration of the Lorimer case tomorrow when Senator Coe I. Crawford of South Dakota will speak in favor of a resolution declaring Mr. Lorimer's election void. Mr. Crawford's address will be important for many reasons, among them being that he will take direct issue with his colleague, Senator Gamble, who signed the majority report "vindicating" Lorimer.

OWEN YIELDS TO LORIMER.

When the Lorimer matter came up, Mr. Owen was the first one recognised. He yielded the floor to Mr. Lorimer.

MR. LORIMER—Mr. President, in the latter part of May last I introduced a resolution in the senate calling for an inquiry of the charges made in the public press that I had been elected to this body by bribery and corruption. The resolution called for the most exhaustive inquiry. Subsequently a resolution calling for a similar procedure was adopted by the senate directing a committee of the senate to make the investigation. After a considerable time and a very thorough inquiry, a report was made to the senate by a majority of the committee. I understand that a minority report is to be submitted today and that a discussion of the subject on these reports is to begin today. Mr. President, because of what I know of my election to the senate—knowing that I was not elected by bribery and corruption and that no person was guilty of corrupt practices in my election—I feel that I am obligated to the state which I represent in part in this body and to myself to be present in this chamber during the discussion, and at some later time I reserve the right to discuss the statements made in the senate together with the reports. I hope that my presence here will not embarrass any senator who desires to discuss this matter, as their presence will not embarrass me when the time shall arrive when I shall discuss it myself.

Question of Highest Privilege.

Mr. Owen said he rose to a question of highest privilege—the right of a senator to a seat on the floor. The vice president held the resolution must come according to the standing orders of the senate or the regular order of business.

MR. BEVERIDGE—In the course of that order, and I hope it will not be necessary to suggest to the senator from Oklahoma that the introduction of a resolution utterly out of place according to the standing rules which form the law of this body is hardly appropriate. The senator, I take it, is aware—and if he is not, I will inform him—that a minority report is to be filed by a member of the committee having this case in charge. The senator had noticed that such action might be taken when the majority of the committee in its meeting reported with the evidence. Aside from the law which governs us, it puts the senator's proposed resolution at a definite and distinct place in the order of business. The senator, I think, on reflection, will see the impropriety of making any suggestion in the matter out of the regular order of the senate; out of the law which governs this body and before the report from the minority of committee is presented. That report I shall present, as is suggested, at the regular and appropriate time fixed in the standing orders of this body. I call for the regular order, Mr. President.

Owen Presents His Resolution.

After another colloquy with Mr. Beveridge, Mr. Owen presented the following resolution:

Resolved, That the so-called election of William Lorimer on May 26, 1909, by the legislature of the state of Illinois was illegal and void, and that he is not entitled to a seat in the senate.

The resolution was read by the secretary. Beveridge asked for the floor and Owen refused to yield. Mr. Gallinger of New Hampshire moved that the resolution go over for a day. The chair ruled it could not. Senator Beveridge appealed and the decision of the chair was overruled by the vote of the senate. The resolution went over. Despite this, Senator Owen insisted on his right to speak, but was overruled on a point of order.

The vice president ruled reports of committees were in order.

MR. BEVERIDGE—Mr. President, from the committee on privileges and elections, I submit a minority report in the nature of a substitute and move its adoption, the motion, of course, going over for the present. I ask that the report may be read by the secretary for the information of the senate.

Bailey in Technical Protest.

Mr. Bailey protested against the use of the word "report," insisting Mr. Beveridge should have said "minority views" under the senate rules.

MR. BEVERIDGE—Mr. President, the senator is in error, as he himself will admit, as to the universal practice of this body in the submission of minority reports. It is upon minority reports to majority reports that the discussion of given and important questions occur. But this technical question is not material. Whether it be called a "minority report" or "the views of the minority," it is accompanied by conclusions of the minority, and a resolution based thereon. I ask that the report be read.

The chair called the attention of Mr. Beveridge to the fact the report was not signed. Mr. Beveridge corrected this and the secretary was ordered to read the report, which was done.

Bailey Insists Upon Point.

MR. BAILEY—Mr. President, I shall not press the point of order which I barely suggested a while ago, but I want it understood that this is not to become a precedent under which any senator may assert the right without permission of the senate to file a minority report. I repeat what I said a moment ago, that there is no such thing under the rules of the senate as a minority report. The senator from Indiana submits this matter under the rule which calls for reports from committees, but obviously this is not a report from a committee. I had supposed until I hurriedly examined the record that the senator from Indiana obtained the permission of the senate to submit this matter, but on examining the record I find that he did not obtain the permission of the senate. He simply said to the senate that he reserved the right to do these things. But he had no right to reserve. Merely for the sake of avoiding a precedent that might come back to plague us some time, I make this statement, but I think it desirable that the senate shall have the benefit of everything that can be said or that can be written on this subject, and consequently I offer no objection to the presentation of this document.

REPORT MADE BY BEVERIDGE.

The minority report presented by Senator Beveridge follows:

"I cannot concur with the report of the majority of the committee.

"To my mind the testimony is conclusive that far more than enough bribery was practiced in this election to invalidate the same even under the senate precedents upon which the majority rely.

"The facts:

"The majority report itself declares that 'four members of the general assembly testified to receiving money as a consideration for their votes.' Each of these men did so testify repeatedly.

"Senator Holstlaw testified that he received his money from his fellow senator Broderick at two different times, the first installment being $2,500 and the second amount being $700.

"Representatives Beckemeyer, White, and Link testified to having received their money from their fellow representative and factional leader, Lee O'Neil Browne, and from Browne's lieutenant, their fellow representative Wilson. Like Senator Holstlaw, these three representatives received their money in two installments, the first being $1,000 and the second $900.

Shows Similarity in Dates.

"It is of corroborative importance that the dates when Senator Holstlaw received his two installments from his fellow senator, Broderick, are practically the same dates on which the house members received their two installments from their fellow representatives, Browne and Wilson.

"Now comes an undisputed fact of conclusive force, although the majority report ignores it. These confessed bribe takers were shown to have had in their possession, in bills of large denominations, unusually large sums of money soon after the dates when they swore to having received the same.

"This fact is proved by the uncontradicted testimony of impartial and disinterested witnesses.

"For example, on the very day that confessing bribe taking Senator Holstlaw received his first installment of $2,500 in currency of large denominations from his fellow senator, Broderick, in Chicago, he personally deposited that very amount in the State Bank of Chicago in currency of large denominations. This is proved by Mr. Newton, the cashier of the State Bank of Chicago, who personally received this $2,500 from Holstlaw in currency of large denominations. It is proved by their bank's regular deposit slip formally showing this transaction.

White Also Showed Money.

"Again, Representative White, under the same circumstances, was seen in possession of unusual sums of money, in bills of large denominations. This is proved by the uncontradicted testimony of Miss Vandeveer, White's bookkeeper; Mr. Dennis, a business associate, and Mr. Kirkpatrick, an employé of the store where White deposited several hundred dollars. These three impartial witnesses saw the money and swear that it was in bills of large denominations.

"Representative Beckemeyer, under the same circumstances, deposited $500 in a bank at Belle Isle, Ill., although he did not live at Belle Isle and had to be identified at the bank. This is proved by the uncontradicted testimony of James Gray, a business man of Belle Isle, who identified Representative Beckemeyer at the bank at the latter's request. Mr. Gray saw the money and swears that it was in bills of large denominations, twice mentioning a $100 bill. The size of the bill and, indeed, the whole transaction, seems to have impressed Mr. Gray, for he asked Representative Beckemeyer where he got it.

Testimony Is Turned Down.

"The subcommittee refused to permit Mr. Gray to tell Mr. Beckemeyer's answer. It appears that two other gentlemen, Mr. Ford and Mr. Murray, would have testified to the same facts to which the committee would not permit Mr. Gray to testify. But under this ruling of the committee, both Mr. Ford and Mr. Murray were abandoned as witnesses.

"Of the four men who repeatedly testified to having received this bribe money, only Link was not shown to have been seen with the cash. But Link repeatedly testified under oath that he did receive the same amounts of money under the same circumstances and the same time and places where his fellow members received theirs. And this repeated testimony of Link's is corroborated as to circumstances by the testimony of the others.

"The majority report attacks the confession under oath of these bribe takers upon various grounds. For example, the majority report says, or at least strongly implies, that three of them were 'compelled' or 'driven' to make these confessions because of their treatment by the officers of justice of Cook county and Sangamon county, Ill., who were investigating this and other transactions before the grand juries of these counties. The majority lays great stress upon the testimony of Bribetaker Link as to his treatment by State's Attorney Wayman and his assistants, Attorneys Arnold and Marshall, and the officers in charge of Link in connection with the grand jury proceedings in Cook county, before which grand jury Link finally made his full confession under oath. The language of the majority suggests sympathy for Bribetaker Link under this treatment and condemnation by the officers of justice who, Link says, subjected him to it.

Action Explained by Wayman.

"But Link's theatrical account of what he calls the 'third degree,' to which he was subjected is explained by the testimony of State's Attorney Wayman. For example, in the matter of being placed in the custody of an officer in Chicago and to and from his home afterwards, it actually appears that Link was glad to have the officer with him for protection if, indeed, Link himself did not ask that an officer be sent with him.

"The men of whom Link most bitterly complains are Assistant State's Attorneys Arnold and Marshall, particularly the former. Yet the committee did not subpœna these officers of justice to give their account of Link's story, although they were residents of Chicago, in which the hearing was held.

"The majority seem to think that the remarkable so-called 'third degree' story told by Link actually 'compelled' him to testify to a falsehood in confessing his bribery both before the grand jury and before the subcommittee. If so, it was important that Arnold and Marshall should give their account. Yet they were not called. If not—if Link testified to the truth when he swore before the subcommittee, as well as before the grand jury, that he received this bribe money—why is the majority so concerned about Link's 'third degree' melodrama?

Ignores Link's "Friends'" Plea.

"The majority report ignores one resolution that Link repeatedly gave for denying that he met Browne and Wilson and got the bribe money from them. Link swears that he made this denial because he did not wish to get his 'friends in trouble.' Who were these friends whom Link was so afraid of getting in trouble, that to protect them as well as himself he at first committed perjury by denying having met Browne and Wilson and getting money from them.

"But after all, this phase of the case upon which the majority lays such emphatic emphasis is not material unless the senate believes these confessed bribe takers did not tell the truth in their repeated statements under oath that they actually did receive this bribe money, but, on the contrary, that they were 'compelled' or 'driven,' as the majority say, to this repeated perjury by the conduct of the state's attorney and his assistants.

"What the senate must determine is whether it believes as a matter of fact that these men actually did receive the money which they testified to having received and large amounts of which were found in their possession in bills of large denominations about the time they testified to having received it. This is the question before us—not the conduct of the officers of justice.

Convinced Money Was Paid.

"Upon this point the testimony convinces me that 'four members of the general assembly which elected Mr. Lorimer,' who 'testified to receiving money as a consideration for their votes' actually did receive such money.

"If they actually did receive such money from whom did they receive it? They testify that they received it from their fellow representative and factional leader Browne and his lieutenant, their fellow representative Wilson and from Broderick, the fellow senator of Holstlaw.

"If they did receive it from these men these three bribe givers are as guilty as the four bribe takers. In law, bribery includes the giving as well as the receiving of bribes, and the bribers are equally culpable with the bribed. In morals, these bribe givers are even more culpable than the bribe takers, because they were men of greater influence, intelligence, and force of character.

"The majority report exonerates these three accused bribe givers upon the ground, chiefly, that they denied the accusation. What else did the majority expect these accused bribe givers to do except to deny that they gave the bribe? What also could they have done unless they, too, confessed?

Need Not Force Confessions.

"Did the majority expect everybody concerned with these corrupt proceedings to confess?

"Is bribe giving to be proved only by the sworn confession of the bribe givers? Is not the law settled, clear, and conclusive that bribery may be and often must be proved by circumstantial evidence?

"It would be a rare case where any culprit could be convicted before a jury of bribery or conspiracy to bribe if the courts should take the view of the law taken by the majority of the committee.

"Why did Browne take the long journey to St. Louis to meet his fellow members who testified that they received the bribe money from Browne at St. Louis? Browne lived at the other end of the state. His excuse that he went to St. Louis to talk politics to these men is absurd. It had been hardly three weeks since he had seen them at the legislature in Springfield, where he had been in constant communication with them for months. The campaign about which he says he went to see them did not occur for more than a year in the future. And having taken this long and disagreeable journey to meet these men in St. Louis about the campaign a year in the future, he remained there only between trains, arriving about 8 or 9 in the morning and leaving at noon.

Broderick Made No Explanation.

"The explanations of Wilson are fully as bad or worse. And Broderick had no explanation at all as to why Holstlaw, who never before had visited Broderick's saloon at Chicago, should come from his home in the country town of Iuka and go a mile and a half from the railroad station in Chicago to Broderick's saloon, which is across the bridge on the west side.

"According to bribe giver Broderick, bribe taker Hostlaw merely came to Broderick's saloon in Chicago just to visit and went away without any reason whatever. Yet he had never done such a thing before. He never frequented saloons. On important points Broderick refused to testify on the ground that he might incriminate himself.

"And note this: Both times that Holstlaw made these visits to the saloon of his fellow senator, Broderick, in Chicago, were about the same times that his fellow bribe takers were receiving bribe money from their fellow representatives Browne and Wilson in St. Louis.

Failures to Appear Significant.

"The failure of these three witnesses—Browne, Wilson, and Broderick—to appear before the subcommittee at the time they were subpœnaed; the successful efforts made by his counsel to delay the testimony of Broderick; the explanation of Wilson and Browne as to their nonappearance are significant.

"They are almost as unreasonable as are Browne and Wilson's grotesque excuses for their meeting the three bribe taking representatives in St. Louis or as Broderick's novel account of the bribe taking Senator Holsthaw coming from his village home out in the state and unexpectedly visiting his saloon on the west side without any reason whatever.

"In short, the testimony is overwhelming and conclusive not only that four members of the general assembly who participated in this election were bribed, but that three of their fellow members of the general assembly paid them their money.

"I am not able to follow the mental processes which can concede that these four bribe takers got their bribe money and yet they did not receive it from their three fellow members whom the four bribe takers testified had paid it to them and who it is conceded that the four bribe takers met under circumstances not reasonably explained.

"If the confessed bribe takers did receive this bribe money, from whom did they receive it if not from their fellow members who admit having met the bribe takers when and where the latter testify that they did receive money from these accused bribe givers?

"So the evidence convinces me that at least several tainted votes were cast in this election.

Three More Votes Tainted.

"But these seven votes, which, under the statute and the precedents are enough to invalidate this election, were not all of the tainted votes cast in this putrid transaction. The testimony shows that at least three additional corrupt votes were cast—those of Clark, Shephard, and Luke.

While Shephard and Clark did not confess, and Luke, who is dead, could not confess, the evidence convicts them of having shared the plunder at the same times and places in the same hands and for the same consideration as their fellow members who repeatedly testified to having received it and who were afterwards shown to be in possession of it.

"It is conceded that these three members—Clark, Shephard, and Luke—belonged to the faction and were the followers of their fellow representative and factional leader Browne. It is conceded that all of them met Browne and his lieutenant, Wilson, by appointment in St. Louis at the same hotel and at the same time that the confessed bribetakers are conceded to have met Browne and Wilson.

"Luke's wife testified that 'along about this time Luke came home and showed her $950 in bills of large denominations, without saying where he got it.

Sees Conflict with Precedent.

"The committee declined to permit testimony as to Luke's statement concerning this money and his visit to St. Louis. I think this ruling was in direct conflict with the ruling on the same point in the Clark case. Still without this excluded testimony the evidence, taken all together, shows that Luke got the money in the same amounts and from the same sources and in the same places at the same time that the confessed bribe takers got theirs.

"Representative Shephard met his fellow representative and factional leader Browne and his fellow representative, Browne's lieutenant, Wilson, at St. Louis at the same time in the same room in the same hotel where his three fellow representatives have repeatedly confessed to having received this money from Browne and Wilson.

"The testimony shows that Wilson paid at least some of this bribe money to the bribe takers in the bathroom of this hotel room. White swears that he himself was called into the bathroom by Wilson and was there paid his second installment of $900. White swears that he heard Wilson call Shephard into the same bathroom, from which they shortly emerged.

Admissions Made by Shephard.

"Shephard himself admits he was there and that Wilson called him into the bathroom, but said it was only to ask him the name of a woman with whom Shephard dined in Springfield almost two months before. Shephard admits having visited a safety deposit box which he had rented in St. Louis the very same afternoon that he met Wilson at the hotel, and was called by Wilson into the bathroom.

"Shephard's excuse for visiting St. Louis on this interesting occasion was that he made the journey to get some packing for his automobile. This was a remarkable excursion for a banker and business man. We are asked to believe that Shephard's meeting with Fellow Representative Wilson at St. Louis at this lucrative conference was a pure accident, a mere coincidence.

"Apparently the majority of the committee do so believe.

"If we credit Shephard's testimony, our indignant sympathy is aroused for this victim of one of these malign tangles of circumstances and events which sometimes entrap the most virtuous of men.

"But regardless of whether or not Shephard got any money for his vote, he was bribed to vote for Lorimer by the promise of influence concerning an office. This legal bribery was arranged and consummated between Shephard and Lorimer himself. Shephard himself declares that, 'rock ribbed Democrat' as he was, the promise of Lorimer's influence concerning a postoffice was 'the consideration' for his vote.

"Of course in law this is quite as much bribery as if Lorimer had paid him cash in hand. On this the authorities are unanimous.

Admissions Made by Clark.

"Representative Clark also met his fellow representatives and factional leader Browne and his fellow representative, Wilson, Browne's lieutenant, at St. Louis in the same room of the same hotel, at the same times that his fellow members who confessed to taking bribes at those times and places met Browne and Wilson. Also like the others Clark met Browne and Wilson in St. Louis at the latter's request.

"But Mr. Clark says he did not receive any money on either of those occasions. He sticks to the story that Browne did nothing but just talk on the first occasion. Browne says that this talk was about 'politics.' Clark says that this interview with Wilson on the second occasion was more or less miscellaneous. Yet Browne and Wilson made long and uncomfortable trips for a brief period of such conversation with Clark.

"It must be remembered that Clark was a police magistrate in a fair sized country town. As such he was better schooled than his fellow members in the effectiveness of stout denial and persistent avoidance of damaging admissions. Indeed, we find Clark the firmest and cleverest of the conspirators who were resolving and arranging to stand pat in their denials.

Convinced Clark Was Guilty.

"Yet Clark, police magistrate of a country town, purchased diamonds during the session of the legislature for which he paid after the legislature adjourned. Taken in connection with all the testimony in this case, the testimony of Clark himself convinces me that he was as guilty as the others.

"If the senate conclude that these three men, Luke, Shephard, and Clark, also received this bribe money, we have ten tainted votes cast in this election, or four more than enough to invalidate the same even under the precedents which the majority cite.

"With these ten putrid votes, I shall stop, although the evidence also entangles one other. So, if there were ten votes, or even if only seven votes were corrupt, what is their legal effect on the election involved?

"To elect, the statute in terms requires a majority of all the votes of the joint assembly, a majority of all the members elected to both houses being present and voting.' The number of votes that constituted the joint assembly that elected Mr. Lorimer was 202. 'A majority of all' these votes was 102. Mr. Lorimer received 108, or six more than 'a majority of all votes of said joint assembly.'

"But at least seven of these were tainted. This leaves 101 votes for Mr. Lorimer, or one less than 'a majority of all the votes of said joint assembly,' as required by the specific words of the statute.

"If to these seven corrupt votes the senate concludes that the three votes of Representatives Luke, Clark, and Shephard should be added, there were ten tainted votes that went to make up the entire 108 that Mr. Lorimer received.

"Deducting these ten from this 108 leaves ninety-eight untainted votes for Mr. Lorimer, or four less than 'a majority of all the votes of said joint assembly.'

"All this is true, even admitting the soundness of the senate precedents cited by the committee. These precedents are that, no matter how many votes were bribed, yet if there was a majority of unbribed votes the election is valid.

Election Never Legally Occurred.

"In the present case there was not an unbribed 'majority of all the votes of said joint assembly.' There was at least one vote less than an untainted majority. Including Clark, Shephard, and Luke as corrupt, there were four votes less than an untainted majority. So the election was invalid—it never legally occurred.

"If it is said that these untainted votes must be expunged and considered as never having been cast, the answer is in the words of the statute itself, that they were 'present and voting.'

"The only reasonable and legal position is that these tainted votes actually were 'present and voting,' a part of the joint assembly, but because their votes were tainted they are not to be counted for the candidate for whom they corruptly voted. They were a part of the joint assembly present, and voting because this was the case; but they are not to be counted for Mr. Lorimer because they were bribed to vote for him.

"This is the most restricted meaning that reasonably can be put on the statute and precedents. But I think the sound view is much broader. Not only should these votes be considered as 'present and voting,' which was the actual fact; not only must they be deducted from the vote cast for Mr. Lorimer because of their corruption; but also they must be added to the vote against Mr. Lorimer.

Tainted Votes from Opponents.

"As I have shown above, it is not necessary to take this view in order to invalidate this election. I take it merely on principle as a matter of law when applied to this or any similar case.

"All of these tainted votes were stanch partisans of the opposite party to Mr. Lorimer. For more than three months all of them steadily had voted either for the candidate of their party nominated at their party's primaries by popular vote, or at least against any Republican. None of them voted for any Republican until the notable 26th of May, when all of them cast their votes suddenly for Mr. Lorimer upon the occasion of his election.

"If they actually were not bought to cast their votes for Mr. Lorimer, it follows that they would have continued to vote as they hitherto had done, either for the primary nominee of their own party or at least for some other member of their own party. Was it not for the very purpose of preventing their so voting and inducing them to vote for Mr. Lorimer that they were bought? If not, for what purpose were they bought?

Corrupted Votes Were Needed.

"And were they bought if the buyers did not think their votes were necessary? Is it possible that large sums of money were spent to purchase votes that were not needed? Were thousands of dollars thrown away and the risk of the penitentiary incurred for nothing at all?

"While, as I have shown, it is not necessary to a decision of this case, yet I challenge the senate precedents cited by the majority that even if it be proven that any number of votes were bribed, yet if there were a majority of untainted votes the election cannot be questioned.

"If only one case of bribery be clearly established in the election of a senator, I hold that this invalidates the entire election. In my opinion, one act of bribery makes the whole election foul.

"In the language of my illustrious predecessor in this body, Senator Morton, 'bribery is to an election what fraud is to a contract.'

Sees Hardship on People.

"It is said in defense of these precedents that it would be hard on a personally guiltless and successful candidate who had an honest majority if his election should be invalidated by votes corrupted in his behalf which were not enough in number to destroy his honest majority.

"The clear answer is that it is harder on the people whose representative this candidate is, to have any corrupt influences employed in his behalf.

"We cannot consider the personal fortunes or even feelings of a candidate in determining the law of election cases. The candidate is not on trial. The election is on trial. Was the election pure and free, or influenced and venal? The candidate is nothing, the people are everything. Or, rather, the candidate is nothing except as the representative of the people.

"Our business is to guard the purity of elections. Our concern is to permit no chances to be taken. Yet chances always are taken under these ill considered precedents—dangerous chances. For if a number of corrupt votes are plainly proven to be such, it is reasonable to suppose that others were cast equally corrupt which could not be proven to be such. The law recognizes no more difficult task than that of proving bribery or conspiracy to bribe.

Unfair to Honest Legislation.

"And would this untainted majority be cast if the uncorrupt voters positively knew of the bribery being practiced for the candidate for whom they voted? If honest members of a legislature innocently vote for a candidate for senator for whom corrupt members of the legislature were bribed to vote, would these honest members have so voted had they known of this bribery? This simple illustration will prove convincingly the unsoundness of the precedents which I am assailing.

"So I propose that we overthrow such unsound precedents and establish what to us is a new but what to the world is an old precedent, that one act of bribery makes an election foul.

"The public welfare, the theory of free and fair elections which it is our sole business to safeguard and which is the reason and origin of the power we are now exercising requires the establishment of this new senate precedent.

"We should in this case establish the law of the senate in conformity with the ancient common law. We should declare that one act of bribery makes a whole election foul. This pronouncement by the senate of the United States would prevent an ambitious and wealthy candidate from perpetrating bribery to make his election sure and doing it in such a way as to cover up his tracks. It would give a needed pause to corrupt interests that undertake to make the election of their favorites certain by corrupt practices. It would prevent overzealous friends, inspired by nothing but the heat of battle and devotion to their favorite, from undertaking to secure his success by infamous methods.

"If we make a new senate precedent that one act of bribery makes a whole election foul, we shall have an end of the amazing and overworked argument of the improper activities of too enthusiastic friends bringing voters for their favorite without any other authority than their fanatical and money sacrificing devotion to him.

"The time has arrived when we had better take to heart the people's unsullied and uninfluenced representation than that we should continue to bemoan the possible fate of a virtuous candidate in whose behalf the heinous crime of bribery has been practiced, whether by venal interests or by well intentioned but overzealous and financially affluent friends.

"But waive this point. The evidence shows it is not necessary to a decision of this case. I advance it only because this body ought to establish now that one act of bribery invalidates an election.

Expulsion Is Not Necessary.

"And this suggests another untenable view heretofore suggested in election cases, and which, we should say, now is decisively negative. This view is that a single act of bribery perpetrated or countenanced by a person elected to the senate of the United States does not void the election, but as only taints such a person that he must be expelled. That is, if the sitting senator personally perpetrated or countenance bribery to secure his election, his seat cannot be vacated by a majority vote, but he must be expelled by a two-thirds vote.

"I think it clear that this view is wrong. The argument for it is that the bribing senator is guilty only of a moral defect which renders him unfit to be a member of this body.

"It is as if such a senator had a contagious disease, such as smallpox, or that he was dangerously insane, or that he had committed treason, and yet insisted upon sitting among us. In any of these cases, as others that may suggest themselves, such a member may be expelled—but only by a two-thirds vote.

"The reason a two-thirds vote was provided in the constitution to expel a member was that the mental, moral, or physical defect should be so unquestionable that two-thirds of this body would be impelled to vote for expulsion.

Policy Dangerous to Public.

"And yet it is upon these grounds, and these only, that the argument is made that a senator guilty of knowing of bribery in his election must be expelled by a two-thirds vote, rather than his election invalidated by a majority vote.

"This position is so dangerous to the public welfare, so contrary to public policy, so abhorrent to reason and repugnant to justice that I repudiate and challenge it. For, conceding that an elected senator had a majority of perfectly honest votes, would they have so cast their votes if they had known that the candidate was bribing other votes?

"Let me put an illustration personally to each senator here. Suppose that we are electing some man to some office within our gift. Suppose that all but one of us were honest and earnest in our intended votes for this man, but suppose that just before our vote we discovered that he had bribed or countenanced the bribery of one of our number. Would a single one of us with such knowledge vote for the man for whom until that moment we had intended to vote? Of course not.

"So it is that one act of bribery perpetrated or countenanced by any senator to secure his election vitiates the same. It does not necessitate an act of expulsion requiring a two-thirds vote, but a resolution requiring a majority vote invalidating the election.

Talks of Lorimer Knowledge.

"Was Mr. Lorimer informed of what was going on in his behalf? While not necessary to a decision of this case, the evidence and circumstances require the senate to consider this point. From his speech on this issue in this body it appears that Mr. Lorimer is a seasoned politician of nearly thirty years' experience in practical politics in one of the greatest cities of the country and of the world, a superb organizer who gives attention to the very smallest details of any election.

"Mr. Lorimer was on the ground during practically the whole session of this legislature. He was there principally for the purpose of defeating the will of the voters of his party as declared in the primary. He was the 'intimate' friend of the leader of the opposite party, Mr. Browne, and had been such for years.

"It appears that Mr. Lorimer himself finally developed as a solution of the deadlock which he had precipitated to defeat the decree of the primaries of his own party. To secure his election he absolutely required the votes of large numbers of members of the general assembly from the opposite party. His 'intimate' friend for years, Mr. Browne, was the leader of the minority and the captain of a faction, became his needed assistant.

Browne and Lorimer Confer.

"But even Browne, the chief of a minority faction, declined to permit the votes of his faction to go to Mr. Lorimer unless Browne, it is believed, was assured that with the votes Browne might get, Mr. Lorimer could get enough others to elect him.

"With this understanding and for this purpose the two 'intimate' friends, Browne and Lorimer, worked together for at least ten days or two weeks. During this time they were in repeated and almost continuous conference, night as well as day, and both were seasoned, practical politicians.

"If we believe that anybody at all was bribed, the testimony shows that it was during these fateful ten days or two weeks that the bribery was arranged. If we believe that anybody at all was bribed, the evidence shows that Browne was the chief instrument of bribery.

"Taking these things altogether, did anything occur that the evidence shows to have occurred without Mr. Lorimer's knowledge? Even if the corruption fund came from sources higher up, did those exalted sources of iniquity pass by Mr. Lorimer, whom they were trying to elect with this putrid money, without his knowing a thing about it?

Must Admit Lorimer Knowledge.

"In law, Mr. Lorimer must be held to have knowledge of these transactions in his behalf.

"If so, I contend that his election is invalid upon this ground. If senators believe he knew and countenanced a single act of bribery, we need not conclude that we must expel him by a two-thirds vote. We need only conclude that his election was invalid and so declare by a majority vote.

"But for the purpose of this particular case it is not necessary to raise the question of Mr. Lorimer's knowledge of any bribery in his behalf. I raise it only because personally I want to go on record against the proposition hitherto advanced that an act of bribery of a successful candidate does not invalidate his election, but only taints the successful candidate himself.

"I conclude that this election was invalid under any possible view of the law. If the senate so concludes, it is our duty to so declare.

"Therefore, I submit the following resolution:

"Resolved, That William Lorimer was not duly and legally elected to a seat in the senate of the United States by the legislature of the state of Illinois."

TEXT OF OWEN ADDRESS.

Senator Owen in his address to the senate after the Beveridge report had been made said:

"Mr. President—On May 21, 1908, I introduced senate resolution No. 91 for the sub-

(Continued on following page.)

Nomination Ballot—Good for 1,000 Votes

The Chicago Tribune.

I hereby nominate as a candidate in The Tribune's Living Contest:

Mr., Mrs., or Miss .....

Address .....

Occupation .....

Downtown address, if any .....

Phone number ..... Nominated by .....

Address .....

Only the first nomination ballot received for each candidate will count for 1,000 votes. Fill out all the lines of this ballot very carefully and mail AT ONCE to the Contest Editor, Room 510, Tribune Building. CANDIDATE'S FULL NAME MUST BE WRITTEN ON THIS BALLOT.

The Chicago Tribune.

Series B—Voting Coupon—Good for 1 Vote

For any regularly nominated candidate in The Tribune's Living Contest.

Name of Candidate .....

Street Address .....

City or Town .....

These voting coupons must be tied up in separate packages of 100 votes each, plainly marked with candidate's name and address on each package, and mailed to Contest Editor, Room 510, Tribune Building. Be sure the votes are counted correctly. CANDIDATE'S FULL NAME NEED ONLY BE WRITTEN ON ONE COUPON.

NOT GOOD AFTER JANUARY 10, 1911.

BEVERIDGE OP
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BRIBERY SEEN BY

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TEXT OF OWEN ADDRESS.

Senator Owen in his address to the senate
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"Mr. President—On May 21, 1906, I intro-
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(Continued on following page.)

BEVERIDGE OPENS FIGHT ON LORIMER

Owen Also Asks Senate to Vacate Seat of the Member from Illinois.

BRIBERY SEEN BY BOTH.

Indiana Man Says Testimony Showed That Eleven Votes Were Tainted.

(Continued from page two.)

mission of a constitutional amendment providing for the election of senators by a direct vote of the people.

"On May 23, 1908, I urged the senate to act, showing that twenty-seven states had at that time sought relief in this matter. Senate resolution 91 was never reported by the committee on privileges and elections.

"After the convening of the Sixty-first congress I introduced another senate resolution, No. 41, for the submission to the states of the union of a constitutional amendment providing for the election of senators by direct vote of the people.

"On May 31, 1910, I again urged this reform on the attention of the senate, and was prevented the privilege of a vote.

"I pointed out that the house of representatives on four different occasions had passed a bill providing for this reform—July 4, 1894; May 11, 1898; April 13, 1900, and Feb. 13, 1902, the last vote unanimously or no one opposing.

Many States Favored Plan.

"On May 31, 1910, I pointed out to the senate that every state in the union had acted favorably in this matter, except the New England states, New York, Delaware, and West Virginia, by passing resolutions asking congress for this reform, or by actually nominating senators by a popular primary vote.

"And that even in the states excepted there were many evidences that the people favored the election of senators by direct vote. The Democratic party in Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New York, and Rhode Island expressly declared for it in 1910.

"I pointed out that the national Democratic party, the national Prohibition party, the national People's party had all declared in favor of it; that the American Federation of Labor, the National Grange, the Society of Equity, the Farmers' Educational Coöperation union, and other great organizations of the country had declared in favor of it.

Reasons for Demanding Reform.

"And I pointed out, Mr. President, that this reform was demanded for the following reasons, among others:

"First—That it would prevent deadlocks in state legislatures.

"Second—It would compel candidates to be subjected to the severe scrutiny of a campaign before the people and promote the selection of the best qualified men.

"Third—That it would prevent interference with state legislation by violent contests over the senatorship.

"Fourth—That it would prevent improper use of money and the corruption of legislatures.

"These reasons I now refer to in the light of the report of the committee on privileges and elections, No. 942, on senate resolution No. 264, directing an investigation in certain charges made against William Lorimer, a senator from the state of Illinois, where it is obvious these evils have occurred.

Report Does Not Convince Him.

"On June 20, 1910, the committee on privileges and elections was directed by senate resolution 264 to report to the senate whether in the election of Mr. William Lorimer as a senator of the United States from the state of Illinois there were used or employed corrupt methods or practices.

"On Dec. 21, 1910, the report of the committee was submitted to the senate and will be found in the record of that date.

"I cannot acquiesce in the conclusions of the committee.

"In the first place it is laid down as a principle of law, upon the precedents of cases heretofore before the senate, that in order to invalidate the election of a senator on account of bribery it must be made to appear:

"First—That the person elected participated in one or more acts of bribery, or attempted bribery, or sanctioned or encouraged the same.

"Second—That by bribery or corrupt practices enough votes were obtained for him to change the result of the election.

Wants Senate Kept Pure.

"In my judgment the better ethical rule upon which the senate should properly stand is that no election of a senator clearly shown to have been based in any substantial degree upon bribery or corrupt practices should be allowed to stand. I think that the election of United States senators should be made and kept above suspicion.

"In the second place, I think the evidence, even on the theory of the committee that it must be shown that enough votes were obtained by bribery to change the result, would justify the invalidation of the election of Mr. Lorimer. Mr. Lorimer was compelled to have 102 votes as a constitutional majority. He received 108, and of these ten do not deserve to be counted, on account of corrupt practices.

(1) D. W. HOLSTLAW AND (2) JOHN BRODERICK.

"D. W. Holstlaw was a senator from the Forty-second district in the legislature of Illinois. He appeared before the senate committee and on his oath declared that Senator John Broderick, another senator (of the Twenty-seventh district) in the general assembly of Illinois, promised him money if he would vote for Mr. Lorimer, and the next morning after his promise, on May 26, 1909, he voted for Mr. Lorimer, and that thereafter, on the 16th day of June, 1909, in Chicago, Ill., John Broderick paid him $2,500 in currency, and he deposited the same with the State bank of Chicago, Ill., to the credit of the Holstlaw bank of Iuka, Ill. He is confirmed by the bank officer who received the money, Mr. Jarvis O. Newton, and by the deposit slip of the State bank of Chicago, Ill., June 16, 1909, showing that this amount was deposited in currency.

Saw Untruths in Broderick Trial.

"John Broderick was twice called before the committee and withdrawn without testifying, and finally was summoned at the instances of Alfred S. Austrian, counsel for THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE, who assumed the burden of presenting evidence.

"Broderick refused to answer questions on the avowed ground that he might incriminate himself.

"His testimony was obviously insincere and untrue.

"D. W. Holstlaw further testified that he received $700 additional from John Broderick, who told him that there was that much coming to him. In my judgment, if it were merely a question of counting votes, neither the vote of (1) D. W. Holstlaw nor of (2) John Broderick should be counted, but in my opinion it is not a question of counting votes; it is a question of invalidating the election of a United States senator where gross corruption and bribery are established in one or more instances.

(3) H. J. C. BECKEMEYER.

"H. J. C. Beckemeyer, member of the Forty-sixth general assembly of Illinois and a member of the Lee O'Neill Browne faction, who voted for Mr. Lorimer, appeared before the senate committee and made oath that on or about May 25 or 26, 1909, he entered into a corrupt arrangement with Lee O'Neil Browne, the leader of the Browne faction of thirty-seven members of the Democratic party in the lower house; that he voted for Mr. Lorimer on May 26, 1909; and that he received on June 21, 1909, in St. Louis, Mo., at the Southern hotel, $1,000 from Lee O'Neil Browne for his vote for Mr. Lorimer, and that on July 15, 1909, at the Southern hotel, St. Louis, Mo., he received $900 from Robert E. Wilson, the intimate friend and representative of Lee O'Neil Browne, on the same account.

(4) MICHAEL S. LINK.

"Michael S. Link, a member of the Forty-sixth general assembly of Illinois, a member of the Browne faction, under oath, stated in like manner before the senate committee that he met Lee O'Neil Browne in St. Louis at the Southern hotel on June 21, 1909, and received $1,000 from him; that he met Robert E. Wilson, the intimate friend and representative of Browne, in St. Louis, Mo., on July 15, 1909, and got $900 from Wilson at the same time and place as Beckemeyer.

(5) WHITE. (6) BROWNE. (7) WILSON.

"Charles A. White, a member of the house, Forty-sixth general assembly of the state of Illinois, and a member of the Browne faction, on his oath, appeared before the senate committee. He stated that he had made an agreement with Lee O'Neil Browne on May 25, 1909, to vote for Mr. Lorimer, for $1,000, and was to have as much more from other sources, repeatedly referred to as the 'jack pot'; that he was taken in on the money derived from other sources, the 'jack pot,' as a part of the consideration for voting for Mr. Lorimer; that Browne paid him $1,000—first, $100 at Springfield, Ill.; $50 in Chicago, Ill.; and $850 in Chicago, Ill., on June 16, 1909, and that he received in like manner $900 from Robert E. Wilson, a member of the Browne faction, the intimate friend and representative of Lee O'Neil Browne, at the Southern hotel, St. Louis, Mo., on July 15, 1909, in accordance with Browne's previous promise.

"White's testimony is corroborated by Thomas P. Kirkpatrick, who said that White deposited for safe keeping a package of money marked 'Eight hundred ($800) dollars' with Mr. Hollender, cashier of the Grand Leader store in St. Louis, Mo., in the latter part of June, 1909, and White is otherwise corroborated by accounting for the time, place, and amount of his various expenditures of this money received by him from Browne and Wilson. For these reasons, I believe, that if it were merely a matter of counting votes, which, in my judgment, it is not, that the votes of Charles A. White, H. J. C. Beckemeyer, Michael S. Link, Robert E. Wilson, and Lee O'Neil Browne should not be counted in favor of the election of Mr. Lorimer.

Browne Juries Are Considered.

"It is shown in the evidence that Robert E. Wilson wrote letters falsely dated back a year so as to appear to have been written to Beckemeyer on June 26, 1909, and to Link on June 26, 1909, arranging the St. Louis meeting for the purpose of a banquet for Browne, when, as a matter of fact, these letters were falsely dated and falsely conceived and agreed upon between them, having been written in 1910, after the disclosure of this corruption was threatened.

"Lee O'Neil Browne was indicted for bribery in the Lorimer case—the first jury was a hung jury, and by the second jury he was acquitted, but it should be remembered also that out of the second trial at which he was acquitted arose prosecutions for perjury, and, moreover, that the venue of the case above cited in which Browne had corruptly paid money to Beckemeyer and Link et al were laid in the state of Missouri, and that Wilson's payments were likewise in the state of Missouri, the crafty purpose of which seems obvious.

(8) CHARLES B. LUKE.

"Charles E. Luke, a member of the Browne faction of the Forty-sixth general assembly of Illinois, is now dead. He voted for Mr. Lorimer May 26, 1909. He met Lee O'Neil Browne in St. Louis, Mo., at the Southern hotel on June 21, 1909, at the same time Browne paid Beckemeyer and Link. It is shown that he exhibited $900 in his wife's presence immediately afterward without explaining its source.

"It is shown that he met Robert E. Wilson, Browne's intimate friend and representative, at the Southern hotel on July 15, 1909, when other bribe takers were paid.

"Charles E. White, in his original statement of this case, declares that Charles S. Luke was angry at getting only $800 at St. Louis and stated to him that he could have gotten $1,500 at the beginning of the session and was sorry that he did not take it; that he intimated to Luke that he, White, had not received anything, but that Luke answered by saying:

"'Yes; you did. You got $1,000, just what we all got except the leaders, and it is to be expected they got more than we.'

"Under these circumstances, if it were merely a matter of counting votes, I do not think the vote of Charles E. Luke should be counted for Mr. Lorimer.

(9) JOSEPH S. CLARK.

"Joseph S. Clark was also a member of Browne's faction who voted for Mr. Lorimer May 26, 1909.

"The evidence shows that Joseph S. Clark was in St. Louis at the Southern hotel on June 21, 1909, although he denies it, and that also he was present and met Robert E. Wilson in St. Louis on July 15, 1909. He was present when Robert E. Wilson paid Beckemeyer $900; he it was who by agreement received Robert E. Wilson's manufactured false letter of 1910 antedated about a year, and which was prepared with the intention of establishing a false excuse for the meeting held in St. Louis on July 15, 1909.

"Beckemeyer testified that Clark agreed with him that it might be all right for Beckemeyer to deny having been in St. Louis on July 15, 1909, knowing that Clark agreed to false evidence in regard to the St. Louis meeting.

"D. W. Holtslaw states that Clark had told him that they could get something out of the furniture deal. Under all the circumstances, I believe that Joseph S. Clark, as a member of the Brown faction, which Beckemeyer called his 'gang,' was also a bribe taker, and that his vote ought not to be counted.

(10) HENRY A. SHEPHARD.

"Henry A. Shephard, member of the Forty-sixth general assembly of Illinois, was a member of the Browne faction, who voted for Mr. Lorimer, May 26, 1909. He also met Lee O'Neil Browne at the Southern hotel, St. Louis, on June 21, 1909, precisely the same place, and at the same time that the payments were made to those who have confessed, or who have been proved to be bribe takers and bribe givers. Immediately after Beckemeyer had received his $1,000 from Browne, and as he was going out of Browne's room, Henry A. Shephard went into Browne's room.

"He was at the meeting with Robert E. Wilson with the bribe takers at the Southern hotel, St. Louis, Mo., on July 15, 1909, and went into the famous bathroom with Wilson just before Charles A. White went into the same bathroom and got $900, but Shephard attempts the silly explanation that his visit to the bathroom related exclusively to a question by R. E. Wilson as to the name of a woman who had taken dinner with Henry A. Shephard months before at Springfield, Ill.

Sure Shephard Got Bribe.

"All of the evidence will justify the belief that Henry A. Shephard, as a member of the 'gang,' was paid the same amount as the other members of the 'gang.' His absurd explanation of his going to St. Louis to meet with this party of men, of his going into the bathroom to tell the name of a lady with whom he had taken dinner at a public hotel months before, is unworthy of belief.

"Henry A. Shephard, however, explains his vote for Mr. Lorimer on the ground that Mr. Lorimer made him a personal promise that he would do all in his power to prevent Mr. Richards the postmaster of Jerseyville, Ill., or his deputy, Mr. Becker, from being appointed as postmaster of that town. Shephard testified that he told Browne that he could not and would not vote for Lorimer; that Browne appealed to him, stating that 'we have not got enough without you'; and that Mr. Lorimer would make the promise he wanted.

"That he, Henry A. Shephard, said to Mr. Lorimer: 'If you will promise me that neither Mr. Richards nor Mr. Becker shall be made postmaster I will vote for you.'

"And that he, Mr. Lorimer, said, 'I will promise you to do all in my power to prevent them from being appointed.'

"I am advised that the statutes of Illinois provide that—

whoever corruptly * * * gives any money or other bribe, present, reward, PROMISE, contract, obligation, or security * * * to any legislative, executive, or other officer, * * * with intent to influence his act, vote, * * * or judgment * * * on any matter * * * which may be then pending, or may by law come or be brought before him, * * * shall be deemed guilty of bribery. (Section 31, chapter 38).

"If it were merely a matter of counting votes, I think that Henry A. Shephard's vote should not be counted.

Surprised Jackpot Was Ignored.

"Beside these cases, it is my judgment that in view of the testimony of White that his right to participate in the 'jackpot' was a consideration moving him to vote for Mr. Lorimer, the committee would have been justified in inquiring into the extent of the 'jackpot' and its relation, as an agency, in bringing about the election of Mr. Lorimer.

"There were thirty of the Browne faction who followed Browne's leadership and supported Mr. Lorimer.

"Albert J. Hopkins had received 165,305 votes at the Republican primary; George E. Foss, 121,110 votes; William E. Mason, 86,596 votes; William G. Webster, 17,704 votes.

"Lawrence B. Stringer was the only Democratic candidate, and received the vote of his party at the primary.

"Mr. Lorimer was not before the primary as a candidate. He received the vote of only one member in the legislature on May 13, 18, 19, 20, 25, but on May 26 he suddenly received 108 votes, five or six in excess of the constitutional majority required.

"The above record of bribery and corruption cannot be broken down, in my opinion, on the theory that the men who received the bribes were unworthy of belief on their confession, and that their testimony against the bribe givers is unworthy of credit, because the witnesses are infamous for the reason that there is such a tissue of substantial and circumstantial evidence surrounding the case that it is impossible to resist the belief that these confessions are substantially true. It does not suffice to say that a bribe taker is unworthy of credit. With the exception of White, all the testimony from the bribe givers and bribe takers came with extreme reluctance and was obtained only by the exercise of the powers of the government.

Thinks Confessions Held Firm.

"In my judgment the attempt to rebut and break down the force of these confessions failed. It is extremely difficult to expose conspiracy where every man concerned has a powerful interest and conceals his own wrongdoing.

"Lee O'Neil Browne and his friend and representative, R. E. Wilson, deny making the payments to White, Beckemeyer, Link, and Luke, but they are overwhelmed by both the direct and circumstantial evidence and in my opinion are unworthy of credit.

"It has been suggested that Lee O'Neil Browne has been vindicated, having been re-elected to the legislature.

"In my judgment this is no proof of vindication, in the presence of the evident bipartisan system of corruption in Illinois, where votes can be as easily bought as in Adams county, Ohio, where nearly a thousand men have been indicted for selling their votes, especially if a man has behind him large capital interested in his vindication.

"Particularly is this true in Illinois, where under the plumping system or cumulative voting one-third of the votes in Mr. Browne's district would suffice to elect and where under the bipartisan system he had both a Republican and Democratic following. In his evidence he stated that he probably got nearly as many Republican votes as he did Democratic.

ATTEMPTS TO BRIBE.

"(11) George W. Meyers was one of the seven members of the Browne faction who refused to vote for Mr. Lorimer. He made oath before the senate committee that Lee O'Neil Browne urged him to vote for Mr. Lorimer and suggested that there would be some good state jobs to give away and plenty of the 'ready necessary,' meaning money; that he refused, however, to vote for Mr. Lorimer.

JACOB GROVES.

"(12) Jacob Groves, a Democratic member of the house who did not vote for Mr. Lorimer, testified that Douglass Patterson, an ex-member of the house, came to him after he had retired on May 25, 1909, the night before Mr. Lorimer's election, and requested an interview, stating that he wanted him to keep quiet about the money he wanted to know if Groves was an Odd Fellow or a Mason, and, referring to the Lorimer matter, said: 'It may be a good thing for both of us' if he, Groves, were to vote for Lorimer. To this proposal Groves replied that there was not money enough in Springfield to hire him to vote for Lorimer.' The proposal excited Groves and he talked loud, and Patterson urged him to 'put down the transom,' and immediately denied that he intended any bribery.

HENRY TERRILL.

"Henry Terrill, who was a Republican member of the house, testified that [13] John Griffin, Democratic member of the Browne faction who voted for Lorimer, asked him [Terrill] to vote for Mr. Lorimer. Terrill testified that he asked him 'what there would be in it,' and he said '$1,000, anyway.' Terrill says this occurrence took place one or two nights before Mr. Lorimer's election.

"Mr. President, under the circumstances I believe it my duty to the state of Oklahoma, to the senate of the United States, and to the American people to move the senate to declare the so-called election of Mr. Lorimer void, on account of the corrupt practices above set forth.

"It is painful to me to perform this duty. I should be glad to know positively that Mr. Lorimer was simply the victim of superserviceable friends; that their use of money and corrupt practices was not known to him and not approved by him.

Glad Lorimer Is Nearly Pure.

"In submitting the motion to the senate I do so upon the record of the proceedings before the senate committee, and I am glad to record the fact that no evidence appeared, except in the Shephard case, directly involving Mr. Lorimer, which, however, he has not denied, and if the Shephard direct charge against Mr. Lorimer were the only record of wrongdoing, Shephard being otherwise unworthy of belief, I should remain silent; but I believe there was wholesale corruption and bribery used in procuring the election of Mr. Lorimer and that it has been abundantly proved.

"I believe if Mr. Lorimer should retain his seat under these painful circumstances it would lower the United States senate in the esteem of the American people. I believe the time has come when the American people demand that stern measures shall be used in dealing with bribery and with corrupt conduct in public affairs, and I think it better for all the people that there should be an end made to the election of senators by the sinister forces of the republic.

Again Urges Direct Vote.

"Mr. President, I submit to the senate that the time has come for the election of senators by the direct vote of the people, under the safeguard of an honest and thoroughgoing corrupt practices act and publicity pamphlet such as Oregon has adopted, which gives an equal chance to the rich man and the poor man, and strictly limits the use of money in the election of senators.

"In view of the fact that many seats in the United States senate are about to be determined in various legislatures it is of the highest importance that the senate of the United States should give the country to understand that the election of senators shall be absolutely free from bribery or corrupt practice.

"I submit the following resolution for the consideration of the senate:

Resolved, That the election of William Lorimer on May 26, 1909, by the legislature of the state of Illinois was invalid.

MONEY OPPOSED TO LORIMER.

Mississippi Senator Says He Is Against Admitting Illinoisan to Membership.

Memphis, Tenn., Jan. 10, 3 a. m.—[Special.]—The Commercial Appeal publishes this morning the following, under a Washington date:

"Senator Money, minority leader of the senate, emphatically denied that he was making an effort to line up the Democrats against voting to seat Senator William Lorimer, but the Mississippi senator added that personally he was opposed to admitting Senator Lorimer to membership of the senate and expects to vote accordingly.

"He said that on a question involving the right of a senator to a seat in the senate he would not think of trying to use his influence either pro or con, as a question of that nature appealed to the conscience of each individual senator.

Senator Money said also that in his judgment sufficient reasons had been urged against Senator Lorimer to justify him in voting against allowing him to take his seat."

ROOT WILL OPPOSE LORIMER

New Yorker Will Make Address Upon Floor of Senate.

INFLUENCE TO BE GREAT.

Other Members Will Follow Because of His Legal Ability.

New York, Jan. 10, 3 a. m.—[Special.]—The New York Tribune today prints the following under a Washington date:

"Senator Root has determined to take the floor and speak in opposition to the retention by William Lorimer of his seat in the senate. Mr. Root has made a thorough examination of the evidence, and while he has not completed his labors he has gone far enough to warrant his assuring the president that he will speak in opposition to the acceptance of the committee report exonerating the junior senator from Illinois.

"This is doubtless the most important development of the day, as the attitude of Mr. Root will go far to effect the unseating of the Illinois senator.

Colleagues Value Root's Opinion.

"Both the legal ability and conservative character of the senator from New York are appreciated by his colleagues and, while the more conservative members of the senate might be disposed to take with several grains of allowance the charges and arguments of some of the insurgent senators, they will receive Mr. Root's judgment with attention and his views will have great weight with all.

"In taking this step, Mr. Root is acting in entire accordance with the president, who has been for some time convinced that the finding of the committee on elections and privileges was not in accordance with the facts as disclosed by the investigation.

Cannot Overlook Corruption.

"After a thorough review of the testimony a number of the more conservative senators have concluded that the corruption of the Illinois legislature to which Senator Lorimer owed his election was such that it cannot be overlooked, despite the fact that it is not the business of the senate to enter into the question of corruption in state affairs.

"The opinion that the extent of the bribery shown in the testimony is sufficient ground for declaring the election invalid has become a conviction with many and the pronouncement of Senator Root, in view of his qualifications as a lawyer, upon the legality of such action by the senate will be the determining factor in the senate's decision."

MUST PRESERVE INTEGRITY.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 10, 8 a. m.—[Special.]—The Washington Herald this morning prints the following editorial:

"The integrity, prestige, and honor of the United States senate have been mighty well preserved and maintained all these years. Unworthy men have occupied seats in that august body, but they were few in number, quickly passed off the scene, and their memory today only serves to emphasize that rule of worthiness. The United States senate traditionally has ever been respectable.

"To keep itself so, to preserve and maintain its integrity, prestige, and honor, and, above all, to inspire anew the confidence of the people, it may well look askance at the credentials of any member secured as the result of such a compact as enters into the case now under consideration. All this irrespective of the man involved.

"The good name of the senate is at stake. Incidentally, a great state and a great political party are to be served, and well served, by the performance of a duty which, however hard and seemingly harsh, is still no less a duty—an obvious and unescapable duty."

COMMITTEE IS IN FAVOR OF DIRECT VOTE FOR SENATORS.

Report of Senate Body Means a Hard Fight in Upper House, Where There Is Strong Opposition to Change.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 9.—At a meeting of the senate committee on judiciary held today a decision was reached to report favorably the subcommittee resolution authorizing an amendment to the constitution providing for the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people.

The controversy in the committee turned upon the question as to whether the state or the federal government should supervise the elections. The subcommittee's provision directs "that the time, place, and manner of holding elections shall be prescribed in each state by the legislature thereof."

Senator Borah, who favored the subcommittee's recommendation, was authorized to present the committee's report to the senate and he will submit it as soon as he can prepare a written report in its support.

While encouraged over the progress made, the advocates of the change, which would take the election of senators from the state legislatures and place it in the hands of the people, are by no means sanguine of immediate success.

There is strong opposition in the senate to the provision, and there will be little difficulty in preventing action during the present session. The measure will die with this congress, so that it seems probable that it will be necessary to travel the road again next session. Never before has a favorable report on a similar measure been received from the judiciary committee.

BECKEMEYER NOW A MAGNATE: BUYS A TELEPHONE SYSTEM.

Former Legislator Who Confessed He Took Cash for Voting for Lorimer, Invests Large Sum in Clinton County

Carlyle, Ill., Jan. 9.—[Special.]—H. J. C. Beckemeyer, former Democratic member of the legislature from this district, who gained a vast amount of notoriety as a result of the exposure of corruption in connection with the election of Senator Lorimer, has blossomed out as the telephone magnate of Clinton county.

He is sole owner of the system of the Citizens' Telephone and Telegraph company. The deal has just been ratified at a general meeting of the stockholders of the company. The consideration is $34,000, which represents the total bonded indebtedness of the company. The first mortgage bonds are held by various persons, while the second mortgage is accepted by the owners of the common stock in place of the shares formerly held by them.

Beckemeyer owns all the common stock, which has a face valuation of $35,000. He agrees to pay a specified sum into the hands of a trustee every thirty days, but reserves the right to pay off all the bonds at any time. A new board of directors, controlled by him, has been elected.

Several months ago Beckemeyer took charge of the telephone system as manager and has since devoted all of his time to the affairs of the company. He finally determined to purchase the system, since he had been permanently retired from the political game. He expects to make numerous improvements in the system in many ways.

Swift & Company's sales of fresh beef in Chicago for the week ending Saturday, Jan. 7, averaged 8.35c per pound.—Adv.

Senators Who Introduced Resolutions Declaring Lorimer's Election Invalid.

SENATOR ROBERT L. OWEN

SENATOR ALBERT J. BEVERIDGE

BLOND BOSS BLAND IN FACE OF STORM

Accused Statesman Enveloped in Peace and Serenity During Denunciation.

TOLERANT OF BRETHREN.

Illinoisan Betrays Only Nonchalant Interest in Proceedings in U. S. Senate.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Washington, D. C., Jan. 9.—[Special.]—William Lorimer never looked more childlike and bland than he did in the senate today while his colleagues were discussing the bribery in the Illinois legislature which gave him his office.

Not even Senator Beveridge's expressed conviction that Lorimer must be regarded as cognizant of the bribery in his behalf caused the senator to betray more than a tolerant and nonchalant interest in the proceedings.

It was from a calm and lofty mental height that Mr. Lorimer looked down on the floor of the senate, where distinguished statesmen were worrying themselves over the question of "whether his senatorial seat was purchased or was just hung on the Christmas tree by old Santa."

But Mr. Lorimer was not impatient with such brethren as felt disturbed by a little matter of corruption affecting the senate. He was not disturbed, and for the most part the only indication of his interest in the matter was the fact that he was actually present in the chamber, where during the last session he was chiefly conspicuous for his absence.

Enveloped in Peace and Calm.

Enveloped in this atmosphere of peace and serenity, Mr. Lorimer appeared on the floor of the senate shortly before it was called to order by the vice president. The senator came in alone from one of the cloakrooms and strolled jauntily over to his seat on the Democratic side of the chamber, in the section known as the "Cherokee strip." A few moments he stood at his desk calmly taking in the scene and then seated himself.

Before the session opened, however, Mr. Lorimer strolled around in front of the rostrum and engaged in pleasant, smiling conversation with Senator Owen of Oklahoma, who was scheduled to make the first speech denouncing the Illinois senator.

Mr. Lorimer finally took a seat in the front row and chatted with Mr. Owen until the chaplain began his prayer.

He was arranging with the Oklahoma man for an opportunity to make a brief statement. A few moments later he arose and intercepted Senator Beveridge, who carried in his hand his minority report. Senator Lorimer whispered a few words to the Indiana man and strolled back to his seat. Then he made a trip to the rostrum to confer with Vice President Sherman.

Makes Statement in Even Tones.

When Mr. Owen obtained recognition and yielded the floor temporarily Senator Lorimer arose in his place and made the brief statement in which he announced his intention to remain on the floor throughout the debate and to make a final speech in his own defense. This utterance was delivered in even tones, in spite of the fact that it contained a veiled threat which astonished his colleagues.

At the conclusion of his remarks Mr. Lorimer resumed his seat and relinquished the floor to those who proceeded to condemn his election as purchased and invalid.

As on last Thursday, it was noticeable that Mr. Lorimer was shunned by his Republican colleagues. Throughout the session the only senators who sought him out to extend the hand of fellowship were two Democrats, Senator Thornton, a seat neighbor, and Senator Johnston, a member of the subcommittee which applied the senatorial whitewash.

But Mr. Lorimer was not without his friends. In the gallery opposite the senator's seat sat Edward Hines, the Chicago millionaire, who represents the deep interest of the lumber trust in Mr. Lorimer as a member of the United States senate.

Mr. Hines Appears Nervous.

Compared with his friend the senator, Mr. Hines appeared nervous.

Just before Mr. Lorimer arose to speak Congressman Howard O. Snapp of Joliet, Ill., came in, drew up a chair, and engaged him in earnest conversation. Whether Mr. Lorimer derived any solace from Mr. Snapp is a matter of speculation.

Then came Congressman McKinley of Illinois, chairman of the Republican congressional committee. Mr. McKinley talked for some time with Mr. Lorimer, and then had a conversation with Senator Scott of West Virginia and other Republican members.

Probably the most appropriate of these incidents was the call upon the central figure of the bribery scandal by Congressman William J. Mozley of Chicago, who has won a national reputation as the great authority on oleomargarine. Curiously enough, the particular kind of palm oil employed by the Illinois legislature in the manufacture of a United States senator was at that moment under discussion on the floor of the senate.

Another Lieutenant on the Job.

While these events were happening in the chamber it was evident from scenes outside that something of interest to Illinois politicians was going on in that neighborhood. Not far away one observed David Frank of Chicago, a Lorimer lieutenant, who managed the last state campaign. Mr. Frank was scouting around the precincts of the office of the clerk of the senate. On the other side of the chamber there suddenly appeared the figure of Frank D. Ayers, formerly attorney for the Chicago election commission. Mr. Ayers said he just happened to be in Washington on private business of an unimportant nature.

Also present was former Judge Elbridge Hanecy, legal counsel for Mr. Lorimer.

Saint Louis Shoe Market

December 31st Report

The Brown Shoe Company

The St. Louis shoe manufacturers report an increased business for the year 1910.

The Brown Shoe Company's shipments show the large gain of $613,980.83 over the year 1909, and from reports received from salesmen in their various territories, this company confidently expects similar large gains for the year 1911 over 1910, and takes this opportunity to thank its friends and customers for their liberal patronage on White House Shoes for men, for women, Buster Brown Blue Ribbon Shoes for boys, for girls, and other

"BROWN'S ★5★ SHOES"

and extends best wishes to all for a Happy and Prosperous New Year.—*St. Louis Globe-Democrat, January 1, 1911.*

LOBBY THREATENS IN LORIMER'S AID

Desperate Trust Lieutenant Adopts Truculent Tone in Demand for Support.

LUMBER COMBINE ACTIVE.

Much Curiosity as to Why Such Value Is Put on One Man.

New York, Jan. 10.—3 a. m.—(Special.)—The New York Times prints the following under a Washington date:

"While the formal proceedings in the Lorimer case were taking their normal course on the floor of the senate today there was a renewal in the marble room of the extraordinary tactics pursued by the friends of the Illinois boss almost without interruption since the question of the retention of his seat in the senate became at all acute.

"In the recess of the senate for the holidays the lobby that had been working for Lorimer before the Christmas adjournment was not especially in evidence. So many senators had gone home for the holidays that there was not much opportunity for lobby work in Washington.

"But today the lobbyists were on the ground bright and early and evidently out prepared to do business from their standpoint as effectually as possible.

New Lieutenant Truculent.

"The chief lobbyist, who took such an active part in the pro-Lorimer proceedings at the last session and in the first days of this session, and who is credited with having had a large hand in the collection of the Springfield bribery fund and in the direction of its distribution, was reinforced today.

"And his new lieutenant assumed a more truculent tone in his attempts to discuss the case with senators than has been adopted before, even in these desperate endeavors to influence the action of senators. It seems that the pro-Lorimer lobbyists recognize now that their case is in grave danger of being lost, for today, in addition to the argument and pleading in which they have indulged heretofore, they had the audacity to indulge in threats, and were not in the least careful to mask their meaning.

"They not only ventured to assail the motives of senators who are insisting that there should be no action on the case by the senate without a full examination; they declared with specific emphasis that such senators might find that Lorimer's was not the only election in which money had been used, and that investigation was a game which could be played in more cases than one.

Lumber Trust Is Active.

"It is a fact which has occasioned some surprise in Washington where the points of Lorimer's service in the house have been rather widely known, that the chief activity in his behalf now is evidenced by men connected with the lumber trust. The man who has made the most strenuous efforts in behalf of Lorimer heretofore is the same man who made himself conspicuous about the capitol during the tariff fight, especially when the president was endeavoring to have lumber put on the free list.

"One of the most active of his associates in the Lorimer lobby today is another lumber man—from the south, this time—who is not a stranger to tariff lobbying. It is among the Democratic senators who showed by their action in the tariff session that they are especially interested in retaining the duty on lumber that the pro Lorimer men are hoping to secure assistance in retaining the Illinois boss in the senate.

Southern Lobbyist Cut Short.

"This southern lobbyist today demonstrated the quality of his assurance by accosting a distinguished Democrat and endeavoring to enlist his sympathy for Lorimer with the argument that it is only the interest that was for free lumber that is now against Lorimer. It should be said, of course, that in the discussion of the case here the point already has been reached where every man who declares himself in favor of a full and exhaustive examination of the matter before a vote is taken is at once set down by Lorimer's friends as against Lorimer.

"This southern lobbyist today was attempting to carry his argument farther when he was cut short by the senator to whom he was talking and told without ceremony to get out. Thereupon he flared up angrily and declared that there would be a great deal heard of the matter yet, and that senators who voted against Lorimer could expect to have their own elections investigated, and to be called upon to explain any use of money that might be found.

"As has been intimated in these dispatches before, the line upon which the friends of Lorimer are proceeding just now ignores entirely the question of whether the election which gave him his seat was honest or corrupt.

Situation Causes Much Curiosity.

"They are making it plain that with them the question is whether it is for the benefit of the interests with which they are allied to keep Lorimer in the senate. The exertions they are making demonstrate that in their opinion, or in the opinion of the interests they represent, the retention of Lorimer in the senate is of the utmost value to them.

"Much curiosity has been aroused here by this situation, for it is not easy to see on the surface—just where the value of one man comes in, especially when that man is Lorimer. It is true, of course, that when he was in the house his influence was worth more than his mere personal vote. But if he had ever had a higher value in the senate than that of his personal vote that value has been destroyed by the scandal over his election, and now he counts only one, and no more, on any roll call.

FISH STOP FAST TRAIN AT GARY.

Engineer Finds Several Packed in Condenser—Picked Up by Scoop from Track Water Supply.

The engineer of the Wolverine Flyer, puzzled because his locomotive suddenly stopped yesterday at Gary, found several fish in the piston head of the condenser. They had been picked up by the scoop in the track water supply while the train was running at

NOTES FROM NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Senator Gallinger introduced a revised mail subsidy bill which eliminates from present consideration all transpacific lines and applies only to the establishment of ocean mail services on routes to South America, south of the equator—that is, to Brazil, Uruguay, Argentina, Chile, and Peru.

Information was asked for by Representative Calder of New York from the secretary of the navy as to whether a combination or agreement of any kind exists among the shipbuilding firms of the United States that is operative to the disadvantage of the government. He calls upon the secretary of the navy to furnish the house with any information he may upon the subject.

Representative Lowden of Illinois introduced a bill for the purchase or erection of buildings for the American embassies, legations, and consulates in foreign cities.

CANNON WINS RULES CLASH

House Reverses Its Decision Which Humbled Speaker.

DEMOCRATS MAKE SHIFT.

On Eve of Return to Power, They Vote with Regulars.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 9.—Speaker Cannon had his hour of triumph in the house today. Badly battered in the three days' storm that swept the house last March and tore from him much of the power that had been his, the speaker "came back" in a way that brought a grim smile of satisfaction to his rugged countenance and left his ancient enemies, the "insurgents," decidedly discomfited.

Today the speaker was sustained by an overwhelming majority on a ruling which was identical with the one he made last March, when the house angrily overruled his decision through a combination of insurgent Republicans and Democrats. Today, on the eve of their return to power, the Democrats voted almost solidly to sustain the ruling of the chair. The insurgents—twenty-seven of them—stood by their guns and fought the speaker bravely. But, robbed of Democratic support, their battle was a losing one from the start.

Regulars in Chaffing Mood.

It was the first big political maneuver of the present session of congress and the regular Republicans were elated over the results. They baited the Democrats unceasingly for their change of front. The house was in its gayest mood and during the three hours that the fight lasted there was an almost continuous gale of laughter.

Taunted for his inconsistency, Representative Fitzgerald of New York, one of the Democratic leaders in the rules fight, retorted that for the sake of consistency he didn't propose to be foolish.

When Champ Clark of Missouri, slated to succeed Speaker Cannon, voted to sustain the chair today on the same point of order which furnished the basis for the successful insurgent campaign of last March, the Republicans broke into storms of applause.

Representative Underwood of Alabama joined Mr. Fitzgerald in admitting frankly that he thought the speaker was right in his ruling last March and that he ruled in line with the precedents of the house.

No Revolution at Present.

"But," said Mr. Underwood, "we voted to overrule the speaker because we thought the time had come for a revolution, and for the majority of the house to express its will. At that time there was reason to believe the rules committee was attempting to obstruct legislation. No such condition exists today, and consequently there will be no revolution."

"Then when you voted to overrule the speaker you admit you engaged in an unlawful enterprise," snapped Representative Mann of Illinois.

"It was not unlawful; it was necessary," interjected Mr. Fitzgerald.

The insurgents refused to be downcast by their defeat. Twenty-six Democrats voted with them against the speaker, and they claim that these "insurgent Democrats" will be their allies in all future fights.

"Poppycock," said Champ Clark, when told of this. "Every man voted as he pleased. That was my advice to them. The vote had no significance whatever as a party proposition."

Tenneseean Is Surprised.

Representative Sims of Tennessee, a Democrat, contributed some real excitement to the debate by declaring that he was amazed at the statements of some of the leaders on his own side that they knew the speaker was right last March but had voted against him.

"I am one of the ignorant who believed that the speaker was wrong then and that he is wrong now. And I would rather be ignorantly honest than knowingly dishonest," he declared.

Representative Hardy of Texas took Mr. Sims to task for employing such harsh language. He said the whole truth was that Mr. Sims didn't believe in false pretenses and neither, did he.

It was on the point as to whether or not a proposed amendment to the rules, offered from the floor, constituted a question of high constitutional privilege, that the storm broke.

Same Question, Different Rule.

It was precisely this question that called out the "revolution" of last March, when Representative Norris of Nebraska offered an amendment to the rules providing for a rules committee of fifteen members, to be elected by the house, instead of three members appointed by the speaker.

Speaker Cannon ruled the Norris resolution out of order. Today Representative Fuller of Illinois offered a resolution amending the rule relating to the discharge of committees from the consideration of bills. It was purely technical. A point of order was raised against it, and the speaker, declaring he would ignore the precedent set by the house last March, when it overruled his ruling in the Norris case, held that the Fuller resolution was not privileged.

An appeal from the chair was immediately taken. It was taken by a regular Republican, Mr. Gaines of West Virginia, who demanded a yea and nay vote. The speaker was sustained by 235 to 58.

MORE MONEY TO RAISE MAINE.

Appropriation of $300,000 Made by Congress at Last Session Not Sufficient for Purpose.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 9.—The $300,000 appropriation made by congress at the last session for removing the wreck of the battleship Maine in Havana harbor will be insufficient for the purpose and within a few days an estimate will be transmitted to congress suggesting an additional appropriation.

THE DAY IN CONGRESS.

HOUSE.

With all his old time fire Speaker Cannon defied the house today and was sustained by it in his action in ruling adversely on a resolution offered by Representative Fuller of Illinois seeking to amend the rules. The speaker's decision was exactly similar to one made by him last spring which precipitated the rules fight that greatly curtailed the authority of the chair. He declared that the action of the house on that occasion was "not a precedent but a revolution." An appeal from his decision today was promptly taken, but the house sustained the speaker by a vote of 235 to 58, the Democrats refusing to support the Republican insurgents, who voted solidly against Mr. Cannon.

SENATE.

In the senate Mr. Beveridge introduced a minority report from the committee on privileges and elections, declaring the election of Senator William Lorimer to have been accomplished by fraud and declaring the seat vacant. He was followed by Senator Owen in a set speech also attacking the Illinois senator's right to his seat. Davis Elkins, son of the late Senator Stephen B. Elkins and grandson of former Senator Henry Gassaway Davis, was sworn in as a senator from West Virginia to succeed his father.

Money by Telephone

may be made if you are going East and a comfortable journey assured by telephoning Wabash 3274.

The ticket agent of the Erie Railroad, whose office is at 234 South Clark street, will answer when you ring and explain all about the trip. He will send tickets and baggage checks to you—nothing to do but listen.—Adv.

HOSPITAL CHARGE CREATES A STORM

Civil Service Body Will Investigate County Institutions Today.

NURSES MAKE PROTEST.

Say They Are Crowded Instead of Wasting Space, as Claimed by Glennon.

Two storms broke yesterday, following the publication of the charges voiced by County Commissioner Charles Glennon as the result of his personal investigation on Sunday of conditions at the county hospital.

The county civil service commission prepared to make immediate investigation of the hospital to learn why 127 patients had been allowed to remain in the institution for indefinite periods as "guests" of the county and why 250 other "hangers on" are given homes and hospital ward beds while patients, seriously ill, are lying in pallets on the floors or suffering on makeshift beds in out of the way corners. At an informal meeting of the commission in the evening it was determined to start the inquiry with a meeting at 4 o'clock this afternoon and to begin the hearing of evidence at the hospital tomorrow morning.

Philanthropic women, who support and maintain the Illinois Training School for Nurses, formed the second storm center, and they asserted that the school had been most unjustly criticised by Mr. Glennon's informant, who said that the county was not getting value received for money paid for nurses.

Citizens' Association Busy.

Disclosure of an independent investigation of the hospital by the Citizens' association came after the meeting with the announcement that the evidence gathered by the organization was desired by the commission. Secretary Shelby M. Singleton told of the inquiry started by the association.

"We have had two investigations of the institution," he said. "An inquiry begun some time ago was resumed about two weeks ago. We have collected some data concerning conditions and will be glad to turn it over to the commission and aid in the new campaign in any way possible.

"I cannot say now just what we have found as it might interfere with the success of the impending inquiry. I had not learned of the plans of the commission and have had no conference with the commissioners."

Promises General Cleanup.

The cleanup campaign, which President John P. McGoorty and Secretary Ballard Dunn of the civil service commission promised would be started in a day or two, will include all county institutions and offices where civil service lists are found and "two weeks or more" will be given over to the inquiry. "Rampaging" Peter Bartzen, at night, placed his approval on the commission's investigation and said further he would take immediate steps to try to have temporary quarters provided in three recently acquired flat buildings for the county hospital help.

"These buildings which the county has just bought are near the hospital," the president of the county board said, "and they can be fixed up for the use of attendants and more room provided in the hospital for the patients who are being crowded out of the hospital beds."

"The intolerable conditions at the county hospital found by Commissioner Glennon must be changed," Mr. McGoorty said.

Points Out Need of Change.

Mr. Dunn said there was no doubt conditions both at the county hospital and at Dunning were in sad need of improvement.

"There surely should be a change in the county hospital," he said. "It is of the utmost importance that Cook county should take proper care of patients sent there. There should be plenty of nurses provided and the county should not be compelled to pay the expenses of a lot of men who are allowed to lie around the place.

"At Dunning we understand that there is only one physician to each 600 patients. This is not enough. Every insane person is ill and should have medical attention. Again, there seems to be a lack of attendants there. During some periods of the day single attendants have from 100 to 150 patients to look after. There are many other matters like this that have come to our attention—all will be looked into and efforts made to improve things."

Hears Nurses' Champions.

Dr. George Sultan, the county commissioner at the head of the hospital committee, heard the remonstrance of representatives of the Illinois Training School for Nurses, when Mrs. Ira Couch Wood, president of the board, and Mrs. Orson Smith, treasurer, appeared to present suggestions for the new annual contract for nurses for 1911.

"Not only is it absolutely untrue to say that the training school has not lived up to its contract with the county," Mrs. Smith said, "but we have done much more than we have been required to do simply because we have been humane enough to take care of the patients. While our contract provided for the furnishing of 214 nurses, we have had 221 there all the time, and now have 241. We have not received one cent for the extra nurses.

"In addition to nursing patients the nurses have done and still are doing all sorts of menial work at the hospital."

Nurses' Quarters Crowded.

Mrs. Wood corroborated Mrs. Smith, and said:

"The charge that the nurses in the contagious hospital have a whole floor to themselves, and that they eat and sleep there, in violation of our contract, is altogether unfair. Instead of having commodious quarters there as many as five nurses are crowded into a single room. They do stay in the hospital, but not in violation of the county rules. It would be dangerous to the health of the community for the nurses to go among either the nurses of the county hospital or in the streets daily. That is the reason they are compelled to remain in the contagious institution night and day.

"Our school is not organized for any one's profit, and is a purely philanthropical institution, from which the county is a great beneficiary, and has been ever since it was founded by Mrs. Smith, thirty years ago. We furnished the county with nurses for $1.17 a day the last year—the exact cost—not counting the extra nurses it got for nothing.

"This year we will have to raise the rate because of a deficit we now have."

Happel Yields Position.

It became known during the day that Charles J. Happel, the county hospital warden whom the county board ordered to retain his place after President Bartzen had ousted him, gave up his position last Tuesday and that Warden Harry L. Bailey, Bartzen's appointee, is in full charge of the hospital.

Warden Bailey was ordered to take full cognizance of the charges of Commissioner Glennon by Mr. Bartzen and make such improvements as he could.

Two Champions of Nurses Who Make Protest Against County Hospital Investigator's Charge.

PHOTO. BY J. KOENNE

MRS. ORSON SMITH — MRS. IRA COUCH WOOD

GET NEW ERBSTEIN EVIDENCE

Wayman's Men Name Three Additional Witnesses.

ONE OF TRIO IS A WOMAN.

Two Jurors Agreed On; Others May Be Chosen Today.

State's Attorney Wayman's office yesterday threw a new bomb into the camp of Attorney Charles E. Erbstein, accused of jury bribing, when the names of three new witnesses were handed to the defense by Assistant State's Attorneys Day and Crowe.

Except to say that the newly discovered trio will aid materially in proving the state's charge that Erbstein corrupted Juror Grant McCutchen in the second Lee O'Neil Browne trial, the prosecutors refused to answer any questions concerning the three. Their names are William Kiesco, Minnie Tucker, and Charles Lougbridge.

Confers with Woman Witness.

Mr. Day held a long conference with the woman witness in the afternoon following an adjournment of the trial in Judge Brentano's court, where the jury is being selected, because the veniremen were exhausted. Later, State's Attorney Wayman, who was ill at home during the day, made a hurried trip to his office and held a conference with his assistants who are handling the Erbstein case.

During the morning session two additional jurors were agreed upon by the state and defense, bringing the total number in the jury box to ten. Erbstein was compelled to use two peremptory challenges to get rid of veniremen accepted by the state.

It is expected that the remaining couple of the panel will be chosen this morning and the opening statement of the prosecution presented this afternoon. Erbstein told friends during the day that he would continue to conduct his case throughout the trial without the aid of other counsel.

Ten of the Jurors.

The ten jurors now selected to try the accused attorney are Henry Kleker, 6450 Loomis boulevard; Glen W. McCament, 5618 West Madison street; Ivan R. Garretson, 136 West Sixty-ninth street; Alfred Geseen, 11906 South State street; Aubrey Lindsay, 2123 South Homan avenue; Charles L. Merritt, 440 Sullivan street; Alfred Hebdon, 6818 Wayne avenue; Edward A. Silbeck, 2926 North Washtenaw avenue; Warren Roane, 1165 North State street; and August G. Sutter, 2707 North Humboldt street.

The ten men are being kept continuously under the eyes of court bailiffs by order of the court, and are forbidden to discuss the case they are about to try among themselves or to read about it in the newspapers.

TAFT NOTE TO SAILOR SIMS A PARADOXICAL REPRIMAND.

Letter Rebukes Commander for Pro-British Talk, but Contains Compliments for Officer's Work in the Navy.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 9.—[Special.]—President Taft has completed his draft of the letter of reprimand to be sent to Commander W. S. Sims, commanding the battleship Minnesota, who at the banquet in London made a speech in which he pledged "the last dollar and the last man" to aid Great Britain if she should have war with any other country.

This letter within a few hours later will be speeding on its way to chill the cockles of Commander Sims' heart and persuade him to keep in mind the eternal principles of Washington's farewell address and hereafter eschew the remarks that will lead to entangling alliances.

It is understood the president's letter, while it administers a rebuke for Sims' rash utterances, deals out to him certain oblique compliments for what he has accomplished in perfecting the marksmanship of the sailor man behind the gun. Those who know the navy officer feel convinced the letter will be neatly framed and hung in the wardrobe of the Minnesota within a few days after that ship drops anchor at Guantanamo.

Burglars Rob Cloak Firm.

Burglars gained entrance to Harris & Rosenzweig's cloak factory on the third floor of 189 Fifth avenue and stole furs and cloaks valued at $1,200, according to a report made to the police yesterday. The robbery took place Saturday night.

FAVORS BRITISH VOTE PLAN

James Would Chose Congressman Regardless of Residence.

NO LAW AGAINST SCHEME.

University Head Writes Views in Letter to Tawney.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 9.—[Special.]—Edmund J. James, president of the University of Illinois, is in favor of having congressmen chosen in the United States along the lines of the British plan, by which a legislator may be elected from a district whether or not he lives in it.

The views of President James are indicated in a letter he wrote recently to James Tawney of Minnesota, who was defeated for renomination for congress at the primaries last summer.

"The defeat of a man like yourself in a single district and the practical retirement from public life, unless conditions are otherwise favorable, which is a resultant of our political system in the United States," said Mr. James in his letter to Mr. Tawney, "makes some of us wish we Americans could overcome our local prejudices to such an extent as to adopt the English scheme in practice, if not in law, of electing men whether they are residents of the district from which they are chosen or not."

There is no constitutional requirement at present that a member of congress shall reside in the district he is elected to represent.

ST. LOUIS IS NOW THE SCENE OF GOODWIN DIVORCE SUIT.

Depositions in Action Filed by Edna Goodrich Against Comedian to Be Taken There Today.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 9.—[Special.]—Depositions in the divorce suit filed by Mrs. Nat C. Goodwin No. 4 (Edna Goodwin) against the comedian will be taken tomorrow in the office of a St. Louis attorney.

Herman Roth, attorney for Miss Goodrich, who has been in St. Louis since yesterday gathering evidence in the case, said tonight a St. Louis society beauty and a celebrated American actress, formerly of this city, would be named as co-respondents in the divorce suit.

Miss Goodrich will base her suit upon the actions of Goodwin while playing at Delmar Garden during the summer of 1909. Miss Goodrich, accompanied by her mother, is expected to arrive in St. Louis tomorrow from Chicago for a consultation with Mr. Roth.

Divorce proceedings were instituted several weeks ago by Miss Goodrich in the Supreme court of New York. All records of the action were guarded from the public. The first acknowledgment that such an action had been taken by Miss Goodrich was made last night by Mr. Roth.

PLAN MEMORIAL TO LINCOLN.

Senator Cullom Introduces Bill Providing for Expenditure of $2,000,000 Upon the Project.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 9.—A fitting memorial to the memory of Abraham Lincoln is contemplated in a senate bill passed today by the senate at the instance of Senator Cullom. The bill provides that the monument shall be located in the District of Columbia and limits the cost to $2,000,000. President Taft and Senators Wetmore and Money and Representatives McCall and Champ Clark are designated as a commission to procure plans.

HOW ARE THE MIGHTY FALLEN!

Bidders Chary of Bryan's "The First Battle"—Auctioneer Buys Book Himself for 15 Cents.

Montgomery, Mo., Jan. 9.—[Special.]—At a public sale of books today William Jennings Bryan's "The First Battle" fared badly. It took considerable persuasion on the part of the auctioneer to get a bid for the book and he offered to throw in for good measure three other books. Finally he bid 15 cents himself and got the book.

NO HOODOO STARS ON DEPUTY

Henry Carroll Takes Nos. 13, 23, and 139 Back to Sheriff.

PERIL TO HIS POLITICAL JOB.

Former Bridgetender Finds in Hinky Dink Penetrating Mind.

There may be luck in odd numbers, as Rory O'More said, but Henry Carroll, who was appointed deputy sheriff yesterday, has a different notion about it. He first was given star No. 13, which he returned when Ald. Kenna called his attention to the unlucky numbers. Sheriff Zimmer laughed at Carroll's superstition, but gave him another star, the number of which was 23.

An hour later Carroll again presented himself at the sheriff's office and pleaded that the star be changed.

No 23 on His Political Job.

"Hink told me," he said, "that this would mean my last political job if I wore star No. 23. Can't you give me some other number?"

A star bearing the figures 139 was handed him and he went away smiling.

When Ald. Kenna saw it he began adding the numerals which make a total of 13.

"Henry," said the alderman, "you're a prize hoodoo. Take it back and make the sheriff give you a star that won't get you into trouble. Do you want to get killed the first day you're on the job?"

Leaves Star with Watchman.

Carroll made a fourth trip to the county building, but found the sheriff's office closed. Fearing to wear the "unlucky star," he left it with the watchman of the building.

Carroll has been the bridgetender at Jackson boulevard for several years.

DAMAGE SUIT FOR $60,000 ECHO OF THE GUNNESS CASE.

New York Central Road Made Defendant by Two Women Because of Search for Accused on Sleeping Car.

New York, Jan. 9.—The New York Central Railroad company is defendant in a $60,000 damage suit filed by two Brooklyn women today because the search for Mrs. Belle Gunness of Laporte, Ind., wanted concerning the "murder farm" cases in 1908, resulted in the disturbance of the complainants' slumbers on one of the company's sleeping cars in central New York state.

Mrs. Cora B. Heron and her daughter, Mrs. Lucinda Burton, allege that they were ordered out of their berths by two men, who said they were police officers; were compelled to leave the train on which they had intended to travel to New York, and were looked up over night.

The following day, they say, they were released and only a vague explanation was given them. In view of the fact that they were patrons of the railroad at the time, the complainants hold that they should have been protected by its employés.

BISHOP AND WIFE GRAVELY ILL.

Venerable Head of Episcopal Diocese of Maryland Is Suffering from Pneumonia.

Baltimore, Md., Jan. 9.—[Special.]—Bishop Paret of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Maryland, and his wife are both near death. The bishop, who is 84, is suffering from pneumonia at the Episcopal home. Mrs. Paret is afflicted with a serious malady of the stomach at Johns Hopkins hospital. Neither knows how seriously ill the other is. Yesterday was the twenty-sixth anniversary of the bishop's appointment as head of the diocese.

BIG VESSEL REPORTED ASHORE.

Life Saving Crew at Atlantic City Goes to Rescue of Ship Believed Steamer.

Atlantic City, N. J., Jan. 9.—The keeper of the Barnegat Life Saving station reports a big vessel, believed to be a steamer, ashore off that station. The life saving crew left at midnight for the vessel.

Red Raven cures constipation. A medical water that will cure you. Get relief! Act today! Everywhere 15c. "Ask the Man."—Adv.

ADKINS SORTING ASSEMBLY PLUMS

Speaker Goes to Work on New Slate of Committee Chairmanships.

OLD GUARD TO FARE WELL

Shurtleff-Shanahan Combine Expected to Hold Power as in Other Days.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 9.—[Special.]—Speaker Adkins came to Springfield tonight from Chicago and is working over his committee appointments. There is a story, coming from reliable sources, that he is prepared to say that the representatives in the last general assembly who held important committee chairmanships will be retained in their old places.

This is taken to mean that by the election of Speaker Adkins, the house organization has been turned over to the Shurtleff-Shanahan-Chiperfield crowd, which represented the Republican end of the bipartisan control of the last session, and that the chief sufferers will be the Democrats in that deal, who picked off chairmanship plums. There will be no Democratic chairmen this time.

Shanahan Deal an Indicator.

The selection of Representative Shanahan as chairman of the appropriations committee is accepted as a forerunner of this course, and most people around Springfield anticipate nothing short of reincarnation of the Shurtleff organization in a somewhat more respectable guise.

Only twenty-one Republicans, out of a total of sixty-two chairmen of house committees, are back in the house. The full force of the big wind which blew over Illinois in the late primary and general campaigns is not realized until it is considered that forty-one of the committee chairmen under the Shurtleff-Lee O'Neil Browne régime have lost their places of power in the house machinery.

Among the forty-one are counted the nine Democrats back in the house who shared in the fruits of the bipartisan deal. In the twenty-one are counted the three or four minor committee chairmanships which were thrown as sops to the band of hops by Mr. Shurtleff, and which amounted to nothing.

How Other Plums May Fall.

Here are the twenty-one committee chairmanships held last session by Republicans who are back in the house, and which are likely to go the same way under the precedent established by the selection of Shanahan for appropriations:

- **Appropriations**—Shanahan.
- **Banks and banking**—Pierson.
- **Deep waterway**—Smejkal.
- **Contingent expenses**—Lewis.
- **Elections**—Flannigan.
- **Farm drainage**—Hollenbeck.
- **Fees and salaries**—ApMadoc.
- **Insurance**—Kleaman.
- **Judiciary**—Chiperfield.
- **Labor**—Curran.
- **Mines and mining**—Terrill.
- **Municipal courts**—Church.
- **Penal and reformatory**—Dudgeon.
- **Primary elections**—McNichols.
- **Printing**—Abbey.
- **Public charities**—Ireland.
- **State geological survey**—Hamilton.
- **Statutory revision**—King.
- **Rules**—Speaker Shurtleff.
- **Visit charitables**—Adkins.

Smejkal may be switched from the deep waterway committee, but it appears to be certain that he will pick up one of the juicy morsels which is loose by reason of the slaughter of last fall.

There are some fat chairmanships on the counter, as may be realized by looking over this list of committees held by Democrats who are back in the house, but who are left high and dry by their failure to elect George Alschuler to the speakership.

- **Building and loan**—Kruby.
- **Corporations**—McLaughlin.
- **Fish and game**—Foster.
- **Judicial department and practice**—Brown.
- **License**—Wordell.
- **Retrenchment**—Wilson, R. E.
- **Rights of minority**—Browne.
- **Sanitary affairs**—English.
- **State and municipal indebtedness**—Hines.

In the "open" list are some of the most important committeeships.

THE HUB
Henry C. Lytton & Sons

January Clearance

A BIG, forceful event, characterized by remarkable reductions, extensively patronized and continuing with unabated volume.

Suits at $18
Were $35, $32.50, $30, $27.50, $25 and $22.50. Made by New York's master clothiers.

O'coats at $25
Were $50, $45, $40 and $35. SILK lined, vicunas and kerseys; many models—at $25.

Shirts at $1.15
Were $1.50, $2 and $2.50. All varieties; coat styles; separate or attached cuffs.

Shoes at $2.85
Were $4 and $5. Storm boots and shoes included in the lot. Amazing values at $2.85.

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Perrin's samples. Worth $1.50, $2 and $2.50. Selling extensively at, pair, $1.15.

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STOPS BEACH BILL; ASKS PARK UNITY

Ald. Snow Says He Will Start Move for Consolidation of Systems Next Monday.

URGES CITY AUTHORITY.

Council Calls for a Redistricting Ordinance and Receives Report on Outer Harbor.

Without knowing it the city council last evening witnessed what was said to be the first step of a new effort toward the long sought consolidation of the local governing bodies of Chicago.

Ald. B. W. Snow asked the postponement of all action on the joint report of the special committee on bathing beaches and recreation piers and the lake shore reclamation commission. The postponement was granted, and after adjournment Ald. Snow announced that at the next meeting he will present an argument that the city should take no action toward the establishment of bathing beaches so long as the park boards are in existence.

"Further than that," he declared, "I will ask that the council proceed in an effort to bring about the consolidation of these park boards with the municipal government. Since the charter plan for uniting all the local bodies failed, the effort should be taken up again with determination, and the park boards should be the first to be united with the city."

Dunn Presents Ordinance.

The bathing beach report recommending bond issues aggregating $640,000, the proceeds of which were to be used for the development of the lake shore was presented by Ald. Winfield P. Dunn, chairman of the special committee. He asked that it be referred to the finance committee.

"I would like to ask the consent of the alderman," said Snow, "to allow the matter to be deferred one week before reference to a committee. This is an important subject, involving an important issue. Some of us may desire to discuss the propriety of referring it to the finance committee or to any committee after more mature study of the entire subject it presents."

Ald. Dunn gave his consent to the postponement, but the words of Ald. Snow had excited interest that led several of his hearers to question him later.

Snow Explains Attitude.

"I am opposed to the reference of this report to the finance committee, because it has no place there," the chairman of the finance committee explained. "It has no place there unless we admit that the committee should consider that the committee should take up the bond issues recommended. I am strongly of the opinion that it should not, that the city government should not create bathing beaches or any other places for park purposes so long as the park boards are created for that purpose. If bathing beaches are to be established they should be established by the park boards.

"The municipality now is not receiving its adequate, its proper share of the taxes. A large portion of them goes to the park boards and there are some Chicagoans who feel that it is not too wisely expended by those bodies. Nevertheless, so long as they are in existence, they should take care of all branches of governmental activity involving park purposes.

City in the Park Business.

"A few years ago the council found it necessary to create the special parks commission for the establishment and maintenance of a few small parks and playgrounds. Their first appearance in the budget was with an appropriation of a few thousand dollars. Now we are expending $250,000 a year for this purpose. The city is in the park business sufficiently without making another opening for bathing beaches. The city should not be compelled to devote one penny of its funds for corporate purposes to the purposes for which the park boards were created, nor to use its bonding power for such purposes.

"I shall urge that legislation for the merging of the park boards be prepared at once, and that all the weight of the city council be put behind an effort to bring about its passage."

Start on Ward Revision.

A start on revision of the ward lines according to the census of 1910 was made at the council meeting when Ald. Cermak of the Twelfth ward introduced an order for the elections committee to draft an ordinance redistricting the city into thirty-five wards, in accordance with the federal census of 1910.

No objection was raised to the passage of this order, although when it was read by the clerk it caused a stir in the council, and several of the aldermen, who had not been listening attentively to the proceedings, caught the word "redistrict," and immediately raised a cry for it to be reread. Apparently some of them entertained a fear that the proverbial Senegambian might be concealed in the woodpile of verbiage in which the order was couched.

"I want to get this redistricting matter started, and that is all there is to the order," said Ald. Cermak. "I don't propose to interfere with the coming election at all, for the nomination papers must be filed by the last of this month, and the election will have to proceed according to the old ward lines, no matter what ordinance is introduced or passed."

Memorials to Firemen.

Several communications were sent to the council by Mayor Busse from various organizations and committees of citizens, commemoratory of the stockyards fire, at which Chief Horan and twenty-two of his fire fighters lost their lives. One of these was signed by forty-six persons, mostly firemen, asking the city council to appropriate money to erect a memorial bust of Chief Horan in the rotunda of the new city hall, together with busts of those who lost their lives with the fire marshal. This resolution, as well as all others of a similar nature, were referred to the special committee appointed immediately after the catastrophe.

Introduces Harbor Report.

Ald. Hey, in the absence of Ald. Littler, chairman of the committee on harbors, wharves, and bridges, introduced the report of that committee and a committee of the sanitary district containing a copy of the bill which will be introduced in the legislature, to give the city the right to condemn property and take other necessary steps for the building of an outer harbor. This report was ordered published and filed, and will come up again at the next meeting of the council, when a resolution will be introduced endorsing the bill, and asking the legislature to pass it.

The 200 foot limit for buildings, 70-cent gas, the abolition of the loop, and the immediate building of a subway were all advocated in a communication sent to the council by the South Ward Taxpayers' association. These matters were referred to the various committees.

The report of the building committee advocating the 200 foot limit on buildings was presented, but was not acted on, and discussion of the subject was postponed one week.

Types of City Employes Besieging Finance Committee.

DEMAND $2,000,000 IN PAY ADVANCES

[Continued from first page.]

"that it has been. We are now serving notice on the committee that it will go into effect April 1. The city has only been paying $3 a day."

"If we have been paying less than other employers, how have we been able to keep any men?" queried Ald. Snow.

"If they left they would forfeit their civil service standing," was the reply.

"But that doesn't make up for the monetary loss," said Snow.

Defends Civil Service.

Ald. Snow also had an encounter with Business Agent McAndrews of the Elevator Conductors' and Starters' unionu. who asserted the city should pay more for the services of its members because of the lack of opportunity for advancement under civil service.

"They are held to the one job of civil service," he said.

"I should think that was their protection," declared the alderman.

William Shupe, business agent for the structural iron workers, in urging an increase for such employés in the bridge division, announced that an increase of 1 cent an hour is to be made in the union scale on May 1.

Jengenbeck's announcement of an increase in the pay of cement workers' scale in the spring was that finishers' helpers are to be raised from 37½ cents and 42½ cents an hour to 45 and 50 cents, respectively.

Asks a Flat Increase.

William McPherson, representing the carriage workers, a classification that includes painters, trimmers, blacksmiths, woodworkers, harnessmakers, and wheelwrights, asked that a flat 10 per cent increase be made in the appropriation for the services of these men. A. C. Anderson, for the painters' union, asked that such foremen of employés on the police, fire, and bridge payrolls be raised from $1,560 to $2,000 a year.

When the petitions of individual employés were reached several humorous occurrences enlivened the meeting.

"Do you know," asked Ald. Snow of J. W. Bush, a draftsman asking an increase from $1,200 to $1,500, "that that would mean a new civil service examination and you might be boosted out of the service? One thousand three hundred and twenty dollars is the maximum for your grade."

"Well, then, I won't ask for more than the $1,320," was the reply.

John Dunn, representing the dog catchers, began reading a formal communication emphasizing their "hazardous occupation" and reciting the number of mad dogs exterminated during recent years, but was requested to leave the document with the committee.

Physicians Also in the Lists.

Several employés of the health department, whose claims were supported by Charles R. Ball, chief sanitary inspector, appeared before the committee at its morning session. They included sanitary inspectors, medical inspectors, chemists, and laboratory workers.

"We are not getting a scrubwoman's pay," protested Dr. W. S. Harpole, who asked that the pay of medical inspectors be increased from $68.66 a month to $125.

Representatives of the forty-six sanitary inspectors asked an increase from $1,200 to $1,300 a year, and spokesmen for twenty-three plumbing inspectors asked increases from $4.50 to $5.50 a day.

"The arguments presented here," said Mr. Ball, in closing the presentation, demonstrate that the city is endeavoring to maintain its old efficiency. The demands you have heard are well founded and I hope what these men ask will be granted."

Bad Housing Conditions.

Mr. Ball voiced his appeal again with emphasis when he saw the report of sanitary conditions in the stockyards district tenements by Miss Edith Abbott and Miss S. P. Breckinridge, working under the auspices of the Russell Sage Foundation. The report was published yesterday in the American Journal of Sociology and shows that the tenement conditions of Chicago are practically the same as in 1901, when the Chicago Homes' association took a census of tenements in the city.

"We can do but little to remedy these conditions with the limited force and small appropriation which we have in Chicago," said Mr. Ball, when he was told the result of the investigation conducted by Miss Abbott and Miss Breckinridge. "We have only forty-four inspectors and they have to look after restaurants, bakeries, citizens' complaints, workshops—there are 7,000 of them—natatoriums, and general nuisances.

"We have work enough for fifty men to look after the new tenement houses and canvass the old ones, and we need a big increase in our budget. We need men and money."

ROBS TO EAT AS IN OLD DAYS

Once Big Canal Contractor Steals Book from Library.

LOSES $32,000 ON SHOVEL JOB

Treatment of Heart Disease Leaves 52 Year Old Penniless.

Reduced to the level of a common thief through a business mistake, which virtually swept away his fortune, Charles Langard, 52 years old, once a contractor who aided in building the drainage canal, wept before Municipal Judge Newcomer in the Harrison street court yesterday as he told of his misfortune.

Langard had entered the John Crerar library and stole a valuable book on engineering.

Let Go on Own Bond.

Both judge and officials of the library pitied the aged contractor, and his case finally was continued until Feb. 9, he being permitted to sign his own bond.

"Judge, I am penniless, and hungry, too," said the old man, tears starting down his cheeks. "I didn't want the book to read; I wanted it to sell."

Quit Steel Foreman Job.

Langard said that until nine weeks ago he had been a foreman of construction at the Illinois Steel company. He also said that he had been troubled with heart failure and had spent much money for this ailment.

"I once was wealthy, judge," he said. "In 1904-1905 I had the steam shovel contract for the drainage canal at Willow Springs. I lost $32,000 in that contract and soon my business."

WRITER TESTIFIES IN SUIT.

Dr. Marie Michel Flack-Bochotay Claims Express Company Failed to Deliver Autobiography.

Dr. Marie Michel Flack-Bochotay took the witness stand yesterday afternoon in her second suit against Wells-Fargo & Co. for the alleged nondelivery of her life's work and autobiography, on hearing before Judge Fitch in the Superior court.

The attorneys for the express company claim the title page of the manuscript, which they assert they have been ineffectually attempting to return for many years, is "Absolutely True in Spite of the Devil."

"I never received the manuscript," testified Mrs. Bochotay, "or saw it after it disappeared until employés of the express company showed it to me."

BILLIARD SHOT STOPS BURGLAR

Policeman Uses Right English on Bank and Youth Drops with Bullet in Leg.

DIDN'T WANT TO KILL HIM

Injured Lad One of Trio Found Emerging from Grocery After Robbing It.

In his younger days Policeman Peter Kelly of the Chicago avenue police station used to play billiards in his hours of leisure. He never became much of a world beater, but he was good on bank shots.

Kelly never suspected his billiard training would become of any practical use to him till last night, when he was engaged in a race with a young man whom he had observed with two other companions emerge from a hole in the window of a grocery store owned by Emil Johnson at 980 North Franklin street.

Tries a Billiard Shot.

He had chased the youngster a couple of blocks, had caught him once, then lost him again, and the young burglar was gaining on him, when Policeman Kelly happened to think of his revolver. He did not want to shoot to kill the boy nor did he want to lose him. Then he remembered his billiard training.

Policeman Kelly stopped, took a careful aim at the sidewalk in the rear of the fleeing offender, carefully gauged the right english, then shot.

The young burglar dropped. The bullet had deflected from the sidewalk and had struck him in the right leg.

Arrest Is Easy Afterward.

Kelly then caught up with the burglar, arrested him, and put him in an ambulance, which took him to the Passavant hospital. The young man gave his name as Joseph Sheridan, aged 18. He refused to reveal the identity of his two companions who escaped. He was recognized by the police as having been convicted of stealing some copper wire a year ago, for which he served six months in the bridewell. Sheridan and his companions had secured several hams and some other articles of grocery in the store when detected.

BUILDS $9,000 "SPITEHOUSE" IN FIGHT WITH NEIGHBOR.

Garfield Boulevard Man Erects "Hideous Structure"—His Foe Will Now Rent to Negro Families.

Now comes the "spitehouse." Samuel Inlander, 1457 Garfield boulevard, is the inventor. Brick masons and carpenters were busy yesterday piling up a $9,000 structure, which neighbors declare resembles a prison wall, and has been made to appear hideous to spite James Reid, 1458 West Garfield boulevard.

Last June Reid tore down a board fence that separated his property from Inlander's. Then a "darkening" wall was put up. This Inlander was ordered to take down by the building department. Now the "spitehouse."

Reid declares he will advertise his place for rent to negro families only, those with many children preferred.

STRAIN ON COW TAINTS MILK

Health Chief Ascribes Tuberculosis to Overworked Herds.

ONCE 8 QUARTS, NOW 30.

Fed on Rich Foods, Forced to Stand in Barns for Months.

Pity the poor dairy cow.

Stuffed with bran, oats, clover, and all the delicacies which tickle the bovine palate, she nevertheless has cause to envy her brother, the ox, laboring in his yoke and burning up his muscular force pulling heavy burdens.

The casual observer may think the life of the dairy cow a sinecure. Let him listen to Health Commissioner Evans and be disenchanted. Dr. Evans ascribes the prevalence of tuberculosis in cows—just proved by government tests in the Chicago dairy district—to the hard labor imposed on cows.

Forced to Make Milk.

This hard labor is producing milk in maximum quantities under unnatural and artificial conditions, according to Dr. Evans.

"It is the most natural thing under the sun that cows should succumb to tuberculosis when we consider their environments and their excessive labor," said Dr. Evans. "Dairy cows work too hard and rest too little. Manufacturing milk is the hardest work in the world.

"The ox has plenty of fresh air, working in the open, while the cow is imprisoned month after month at her stanchion in a poorly ventilated barn full of bad odors and disease breeding germs.

Wornout in Five Years.

"Dairy cows in the Chicago district are overfed and overworked. They go to pieces in five years, but they are kept at the grind of producing milk much longer than that. Nature has intended that a cow only should feed her offspring. Now a calf is well fed on eight quarts of milk a day. A good Holstein cow produces thirty quarts a day under the artificial conditions of our dairy districts, enough to feed nearly four calves."

MAN STOPS AND ROBS GIRL.

Makes Good His Escape from Crowd That Answered the Screams of the Victim.

While returning to the residence of Miss Emily Rumsey, 40 East Huron street, Miss Mary Owens, a domestic employed there, was attacked by a robber who snatched her purse containing about $12 and escaped.

The girl had been calling on friends and left a State street car at Huron street about midnight. Just as the girl was opening the door to the servants' entrance the man sprang upon her and wrested the purse from her hands.

A number of the neighbors who heard her screams pursued the robber, who made his escape.

ONE CHARGE REVEALS ANOTHER

Chauffeur Accused of Defrauding Patrons Is Arrested for Alleged Theft from Employers.

Overcharging patrons of his taxicab is said to have led to the downfall of Owen Testen, a chauffeur, arrested yesterday on complaint of the C. A. Coey Auto Livery company, by which he was employed. He is charged with larceny by embezzlement of $4. Investigation of the first complaint is said to have revealed that Testen was not turning in all he was paid.

Vote on Commission in Waukegan.

A special election is to be held in Waukegan on Feb. 14 to vote on adopting a commission form of government, a petition having been presented to County Judge Persons.

(STORE NEWS)
—MOSSLER CO.
50 Jackson Blvd.

It's the way we have of clearing stock each season so as to begin a fresh season with the newest that season affords.

AGAIN TODAY!

SALE!

Discount of 25% Off Regular Prices

Our *"twice yearly" Pre-Inventory Sale* is an event appreciated by the better dressers.

Includes every size to 50. Clothes for business—street—storm—Auto and evening dress wear—ALL AT 25% OFF REGULAR PRICES!

This sale includes *Business Suits, English Walking Frocks, Prince Albert Frocks, Evening Dress and Tuxedos, Chesterfield Overcoats, English Raglans, Storm Ulsters, Cravenettes*—also

Persian Lamb and Fur Trimmed Ulsters. With price range of $50 to $300.

Special—Evening Dress Vests and Wash and Silk Waistcoats and Single Trousers, especially priced at..... $5

Don't miss this sale! Many garments light enough for Early Spring wear.

Mossler Co.
Clothes for Men and Young Men
50 Jackson Blvd.

Funeral Flowers
At Popular Prices

Sprays as low as $3

Fleischman
Railway Exchange Bldg.

The Daily Use of Dr. Graves Unequaled Tooth Powder

Will keep your teeth white and sound, your breath sweet until old age. Removes tartar, will not scratch enamel.
25c—50c
At All Druggists

MAGGI'S ESSENCE
DELIGHTFUL FLAVOR FOR BEAUTY AND RICH
INDISPENSABLE IN THE KITCHEN
FOR GRAVIES, SOUPS, STEWS, BEEF TEA AND ROASTS
Packed in Bottles
The Most Extremely Palatable Essence in the World.
Sold by Grocers and Druggists Everywhere
JAMES P. SMITH & CO.
Sole Agents in the United States
NEW YORK, CHICAGO, PARIS, FRANCE

Treat Yourself To The Best

Among flaked cereal foods—

Post Toasties

A pleasant surprise at first, then a happy, healthful habit.

Serve with cream (or milk hot or cold)—delicious.

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

A MEMORABLE SALE OF DERBY DESKS

SLIGHTLY MARRED IN OUR FIRE

The highest-grade, the most scientific, the most beautiful desks made in America.

The sale includes slightly damaged Derby desks and chairs of all sizes and descriptions, at extraordinary reductions.

The injury in every case is immaterial, just enough to forbid selling as perfect. Materials and construction have the full Derby guarantee.

A very exceptional opportunity to refit offices with furniture of the most impressive and enduring type at small outlay.

Some sample reductions:

	Former price	Sale price
Sanitary Desk, 50 in., mahogany finish, low roll top	$ 80	$ 45
Sanitary, 60 in., mahogany finish, high roll top	88	50
Sanitary, 66 in., mahogany, flat top	128	70
Full pedestal, 60 in. by 48 in., oak, flat top double desk	84	52
Full pedestal, 66 in., oak, roll top	158	75
Sanitary, 66 in., oak, flat top	102	55
Sanitary, 60 in. by 48 in., mahogany, flat top double desk	74	48
Sanitary 66 in., mahogany, roll top	340	135
Full pedestal, 60 in., mahogany, flat top	50	30
Full pedestal, 69 in., oak, low roll top	132	75
Sanitary, 50 in., oak, flat top	34	21
Sanitary Typewriter Desk, 42 in., oak, flat top	36	22

Chairs at corresponding reductions.

DERBY DESK COMPANY

311 WABASH AVENUE

SEEK PUBLICITY IN BUDGET WORK

Bureau of Public Efficiency Urges County Board to Avoid Closed Sessions.

METHODS FOUND FAULTY.

Offers Suggestions and Criticisms at Request of Former President Busse.

After an exhaustive study of the methods of appropriating money in the annual budget by the Cook county board, the bureau of public efficiency, of which Julius Rosenwald is president and Herbert Sands is director, yesterday made public a complete plan of budget making. The report was sent to the county board in the afternoon just as the finance committee started to work upon the 1911 appropriation bill.

Present Plan Found Faulty.

Here are some of the observations of the bureau's experts:

Thousands of dollars have been misapplied. Money appropriated for supplies frequently is spent for other purposes, and requests are made to the board by department heads for large sums of money, without any supporting detail as to why the money is needed.

Citizens are not afforded an opportunity to become informed regarding budget needs, and the hearings of the finance committee at which appropriations practically are fixed, are executive.

The circuit judges do not have enough information to make them competent to fix the number of positions in the offices of the county treasurer, sheriff, coroner, recorder, and clerks of all courts of record, although under the law they are required to designate the number of places which each office shall have.

Budget appropriations frequently have been expended for objects not indicated in the appropriation titles. This has been due largely to the lack of definiteness in the wording of the appropriation bill, and the terminology of the appropriation accounts.

Suggestions Are Offered.

Having found these faults with the present system of budget making employed by the county board, the report of the bureau proceeds to set forth suggestions for a new system. This new system closely conforms with the system installed by the city in making up the 1910 budget, and which is being followed this year. That system was suggested to the city by the Merriam commission. The standardization of the budget is urged upon the county by adopting:

A definite grouping of departments, offices, and institutions according to functions.

A definite and uniform classification of account titles, which will be recognized as standard throughout all branches of the county service.

A definite classification of items to be included under the several standard accounts.

A definite scheme of code numbers and letters for all budget appropriations.

Urges Standard in Estimates.

In order that more complete information may be given to those who have to pass upon the estimates of the department heads and make the budget, the efficiency bureau recommends that a standard form for estimating the coming expenses be employed.

Another suggestion is that the department heads be required to publish in pamphlet form and distribute to civic bodies, and other interested organizations and the newspapers, their estimates for the coming year, sufficiently early to enable them to become informed relative thereto before the public hearings begin. The report also recommends a public hearing on budget matters be given by the whole county board.

First Work of Bureau.

The bureau of public efficiency is a sort of outgrowth of the Merriam commission, and was formed through the influence of prominent members of the City club. A fund of approximately $125,000 for the first year's expenses was raised. It is a permanent body and has for its purpose the close scrutiny of expenditures of public moneys, and the recommendation of methods for economies and means whereby the public will get the "most for its money."

William Busse, then president of the county board, was the first to ask President Rosenwald to have the experts of the bureau go over the system of accounting and purchase of supplies in Cook county.

80 YEARS OLD; DIVORCES MATE.

Aged Woman Secures Decree in Aurora Because 50 Year Old Husband Is a Bigamy Convict.

Oscar Hargis Herrington, 50 years old, an Aurora and Naperville man, now serving a term in the Joliet penitentiary for bigamy, was divorced in proceedings in Judge Mangan's court in Aurora yesterday afternoon by Phoebe M. Woodward Herrington, 80 years old, who also was granted restoration of her maiden name. They married Sept. 15, 1906. Herrington's second wife was a Mrs. Spicer of Naperville.

Plague Reported in Orient.

PEKING, Jan. 9.—Further ravages of the plague at Mukden, Kirin, and Kwanchengtze are reported. The Japanese authorities have adopted thorough measures for its suppression.

You cant find better Whisky than James E. Pepper for there is NONE

"Bottled in Bond"
Established 1780

F. Madiener, Distributor
147-149 Lake Street
CHICAGO, ILL.

LEADERS WAIT FOR BUSSE

Republicans Without Word as to His Intentions.

OTHER BOOMS ON HAND.

John R. Thompson Denies Candidacy for Mayor.

Republican leaders dodged the mayoralty puzzle yesterday when the county executive committee gathered at Fifth avenue headquarters. Mayor Busse was not present nor did he send word indicating whether he would be a candidate for a second term. Pending such a message, the conferees discovered there was nothing to do except to assess themselves for maintaining the party offices.

"If Mayor Busse decides to run, the organization, of course, will be with him," was the consensus of those present from Chairman Charles Andrews through the list to Coroner Peter Hoffman, who doesn't live in the city, but still favors the present executive.

Gov. Deneen also was absent and this was considered notice in advance of the formalities that the hour had not struck when the organization would announce its choice.

Two Possibilities Are Present.

Two mayoralty possibilities that have been much discussed were present—former County Treasurer John R. Thompson and Superior Court Clerk Charles W. Vail. William Hale Thompson's boom was represented by Municipal Court Clerk Homer Galpin, who insisted, however, he was not boosting that individual.

With "first choice" barred in the discussions in advance of Mayor Busse's announcement, promised for early February, the undercurrent of gossip showed a strong sentiment for either John R. Thompson of the Sixth ward or Ald. Merriam of the Seventh ward. Sanitary Trustee George W. Paullin, who lives in Evanston, but is state committeeman in James Pease's place from the Tenth congressional district, which includes Lake View wards, coupled the two names.

"Either Ald. Merriam or Mr. Thompson," he said, "would be a strong candidate and would give Chicago a high class administration."

West Waits on Busse.

State Committee Chairman Roy O. West, who represents the Seventh ward on the county committee, declined to be drawn out on the subject of Merriam's candidacy, although admitting there was a strong Hyde Park sentiment for him. He said no meeting of the ward club had been called, and noted that its constitution would prevent an official indorsement in advance of the primaries. Like his committee associates, Mr. West indicated that he was waiting for the yes-or-no word from the city hall.

"My second choice for mayor at the Republican primaries is John R. Thompson," said Senator Francis T. Brady, committeeman from the First ward.

Congressman Lundin, committeeman from the Thirty-fifth ward, said he would back Municipal Court Bailiff Thomas Hunter and insisted Hunter would be a factor in the race. For alderman from this bailiwick the Republican organization has indorsed Irwin R. Hazen, an attorney.

Thompson Denies His Candidacy.

"I am not a candidate for mayor, now or any other time," said John R. Thompson. "Some of my friends have been kind enough to mention me, but I am not in the running and do not intend to be."

"Does that mean you will not be a candidate under any circumstances and will refuse to allow consideration of yourself?" he was asked.

"I would not insult the office by such a statement," replied Mr. Thompson after a slight pause, "for it is too big a place to warrant such an assertion. However, you may set it down that I am not a candidate."

"If Mayor Busse is not a candidate," said Coroner Hoffman, "I would like to see John F. Smulski nominated. He would poll a heavy vote and I believe he could be elected, although Republican prospects appear none too rosy."

Other members of the committee declined to express their preferences.

HELD BY POLICE AS INSANE.

Former Patient at Dunning Flees from House in Violent Condition.

E. W. Woolever, once an Ohio mill owner, but now salesman for a Chicago rug concern, is being held by the police until his family in St. Paul comes for him. Woolever, who was discharged from Dunning a year ago, is said to have had another attack of insanity. Sunday he fled from his room in the residence of William Bruns, 108 Lake street, Oak Park, in a violent condition. He was overpowered by Bruns and turned over to the police.

Another Oleo Man Arrested.

P. H. Rafferty, 206 South Halsted street, was arrested yesterday and arraigned before United States Commissioner Mark A. Foote on a charge of illegally coloring oleomargarine. One hundred pounds of the product was seized in Rafferty's store.

Boy Confesses Many Burglaries.

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 9.—Raymond Healey, 17 years old, arrested here last night, confessed today that he had helped rob more than thirty homes in Kansas City in the last month. He said he had confederates, but refused to betray them to the police.

PROMINENT MEN READY TO SERVE

Election Board Will Examine Many as to Qualifications to Act as Officers.

FORMER MAYORS CALLED.

General Willingness Is Expressed to Aid in Purifying Chicago's Vote.

Forty-eight of Chicago's most prominent citizens, among whom are three former mayors, were listed yesterday by the election board for appointment as judges or clerks of election during the coming year, with eight days of service for which the pay is $5 a day. Twenty-six of them were notified by Chief Clerk W. H. Steuart to be on hand this morning for examination as to their qualifications or to show cause for exemption from this public duty.

If they fail to appeal they may be fined from $100 to $800 each, as provided by statute. Most of those who were summoned, however, declared their willingness to act if their services were required to insure honest elections and primaries. In all probability, 100 chosen for as many different precincts, will be asked to supplement the list of those who have filed applications.

Hempstead Washburne, George B. Swift, and John P. Hopkins were the former mayors appointed. Bankers, former aldermen and legislators, business men, capitalists, reformers—all are represented among the selections. There is none whose name is not known to thousands of citizens.

Those to Appear Today.

The following are to appear before the election board this morning:

Ward.
9—George B. Swift, 5122 Washington avenue.
3—John P. Hopkins, 3286 Michigan avenue.
2—Chauncey Dewey, 3266 Lake Park avenue.
17—Raymond Robins, 1457 West Ohio street.
26—George Holman, 1049 Thorndale avenue.
2—Noble B. Judah, 3701 Prairie avenue.
6—William J. Davis, 4740 Grand boulevard.
6—Mortimer H. Singer, 4781 Michigan avenue.
6—Adolph Kraus, 4616 Drexel boulevard.
7—Douglas Sutherlan, 6366 Ingleside avenue.
17—Graham Taylor, 965 Grand avenue.
6—Lessing Rosenthal, 4245 Drexel boulevard.
21—James A. Pugh, 1201 Astor street.
6—John G. Shedd, 4616 Drexel boulevard.
21—Henry B. Favill, 78 East Elm street.
21—Harold R. McCormick, 2 W. Delaware place.
26—Andrew McLeish, 925 Dakin street.
26—Henry Fitzgerald, 3550 Pine Grove avenue.
26—Michael Kelly, 4627 Beacon street.
6—M. J. Corboy, 4122 Grand boulevard.
21—Graham Harris, 1486 North State street.
21—Heaton Owsley, 221 East Erie street.
10—William Preston Harrison, 1528 Park street.
26—Oscar F. Mayer, 1459 Addison street.
25—John Vogelsang, 880 Buena avenue.
26—William Mangler, Lessing anex.

Batch Summoned for Tomorrow.

Those who will appear tomorrow are the following:

Ward—
1—Richard W. Clifford, 1729 Michigan avenue.
23—MacKenzie Cleland, 6439 Normal avenue.
21—Julius Goldzier, 220 Schiller street.
6Julius Rosenwald, 4901 Ellis avenue.
21—Eames MacVeagh, 1400 Lake Shore drive.
26—Joseph Haas, 508 West Fullerton avenue.
6Jesse Holdom, 4923 Lake avenue.
22—F. H. Gansbergen, 335 Belden avenue.
22—F. A. Delano, 510 Wellington street.
8—J. T. Harahan, 3858 Michigan avenue.
26—Michael J. Collins, 182 South Waller avenue.
30—Lawrence R. McGann, 815 North Central avenue.
21—Hempstead Washburne, 1446 Astor street.
20—C. R. Chindblom, 1744 Foster avenue.
18—Lewis Mack, 1137 West Monroe street.
3—John R. Marshall, 3630 Calumet avenue.
35—Clayton E. Crafts, 5458 Washington.
2—R. R. McCormick, Union club.
6—Arthur Burrage Farwell, 1464 Hyde Park boulevard.
21—James B. Forgan, 1415 Dearborn avenue.
6—John R. Thompson, 4415 Grand boulevard.
6—George M. Reynolds, 4512 Drexel boulevard.

Many Promise Their Services.

"I'll be there," said former Mayor George B. Swift, "even if it means I must sit up all night counting ballots, but I can't say is's a job I long for."

"Such work won't be new to me," said William Preston Harrison, brother of the mayoralty candidate, "as I have served as a clerk of election for the last ten years."

"I shall consider it my duty to serve," said Graham Harris, former president of the board of sucation. "It is wrong that so many of our citizens shoul evade csuch appointments."

"It's a fine idea," said Dougas Sutherland, secretary of the Civic federation of Chicago. "This plan of recruiting election officials cannot but result in improved conditions at the polls."

26 CONVICTS SEEK PARDONS.

Four from Cook County to Apply Before Board at Joliet This Morning.

The Illinois pardon board, which meets in Joliet this morning, will have a list of twenty-six cases to consider, and in addition possibly the Dougherty case. Of the cases four are from Cook count—Giuseppe Tragna, murder; Andrew Geel, assault; Louis Dorf, larceny; Ben Miller, murder.

POLITICS TIRES ALD. BRENNAN

He Will Not Seek Re-election to the City Council.

"STILL BEST MAN IN WARD."

Kuns Denies Fight, Says He Was Feeling Badly.

John J. Brennan, for many years undisputed overlord of the Eighteenth ward, announced last night that he would not be a candidate for alderman again.

"I have decided to retire," said the alderman. "I have been here long enough and am tired of the game. It isn't that I fear any one, for if I went out for a renomination, no man in the ward could beat me. When I was reelected two years ago I said I would not run again and now I am going to make good."

"Are you going to pick your successor?" he was asked.

"No," he replied. "Let them fight it out for the old man's shoes."

Ald. Brennan had declared for Graham for mayor, although in other years with Harrison, while Barney Grogan, the brother-in-law with whom he long has been at outs, is supporting Harrison.

Kuns Now Denies Fight.

"Officers of the Polish-American league accepted Graham money and then tried to ditch him," said Ald. Stanley Kuns during the day at Andrew J. Graham's Democratic mayoralty headquarters in the La Salle hotel. "The story that I engaged in a fist fight and broke up a meeting of the executive committee was a lie. Anyway, I wasn't feeling well that night."

The alderman said he would be present at another meeting of the league tomorrow night at 81 Clark street, but declared there would be "no row" with Ald. Derpa and the other opponents of Graham, who are divided between Carter H. Harrison and Edward F. Dunne. In corroboration of his assertion that he had not started the reported fight, Kuns referred to Thomas Lasecki, engaged at the Graham headquarters to assist in organizing Polish-American Democrats for the west side banker.

"You had provocation," replied Mr. Lasecki.

Harrison Has Baseball Allies.

Baseball men and followers of other athletics will organize a Harrison club tomorrow night at the Briggs house, where headquarters will be opened. Herman Schaeffer, the Washington National league player; George W. McGurn, president of the Intercity Baseball association, and a dozen others are on the committee in charge.

Candidate Dunne's Palmer house headquarters were crowded with the largest visiting delegation of the campaign, from the Seventh ward. When President Thomas McElligott referred to Mr. Dunne's warning that "55 per cent of the traction companies' net profits to the city ultimately will mean nothing," Mr. Dunne replied:

"That is what the city is coming to. The traction companies are enforcing a system of rebates and subcontracts that sooner or later will swallow all the profits."

NAMES SERVANT IN HER SUIT FOR SEPARATE MAINTENANCE.

Wife Accuses Louis H. Jacob of Kissing Girl and Celebrating New Year's Eve with Her.

Louis A. Jacob, a saloonkeeper, was accused yesterday in a separate maintenance suit in the Circuit court of giving his affections to a servant employed in the house, Mary Riland. His wife alleges that he kissed the girl and sat up New Year's eve drinking with her.

Mother-in-law, father-in-law, and wife repeatedly have attacked him, Frank A. Haumesser, a telegraph operator, alleges in a suit for divorce. When he succeeded in withstanding the beatings of his wife, he says her parents came to her aid.

Municipal Judge Blake will be summoned as a witness in the marital troubles of Max Simons and his wife of 2259 Lewis street to clear up a question of alimony now before Judge Cooper. The order for alimony is alleged to have been vacated. This also is denied.

Robbers Get $4,000 in Cash.

Wheeling, W. Va., Jan. 9.—When officials of the First National bank of Elm Grove, a suburb, opened the institution for business today they discovered that robbers had taken every dollar in cash in the bank, said to be between $3,000 and $4,000.

FIRE FUND SHOW ACTS COMPLETE

Stars of All the Theaters and Opera Singers on Program at Auditorium Benefit.

TICKETS NOW ON SALE.

San Francisco Firemen Send $1,000; Local Gifts Continue to Come In.

FIREMEN'S RELIEF FUND.

THE TRIBUNE will receive subscriptions to the fund to be raised for the widows and orphans of the firemen killed in the stockyards. The fund will be turned over to the trustees duly appointed to handle the offerings. Donations received yesterday were:

Miss Samuella Crosby	$ 10.00
Mrs. M. E. Lindauer	10.00
Friend	5.00
Paul Jones	5.00
Solomon Sellstetzler	2.00
Mrs. Williams	2.00
Total	$ 34.00
Previously announced	12,073.85
Total	$12,107.85

Plans were completed yesterday for the firemen's benefit at the Auditorium theater Friday afternoon and evening. The official program was issued during the day and contains the following for the afternoon performance:

Overture, members of all Chicago theater orchestras, conductor, Attilio Parelli; Peter Barlow's ponies and dogs from "Polly of the Circus," McVicker's theater; James J. Morton; first act "The Little Damosel" from the Whitney opera house; Stella Mayhew and Billie Taylor from "The Jolly Bachelors," Lyric theater; Albert Chevalier, "Daddy Dufard" company, Princess theater; second act, "The Country Boy," Powers theater; Clifton Crawford, "Three Twins" company, Chicago opera house; Victor Moore and company, "The Happiest Night of His Life," Colonial theater; Gertrude Elliott, "The Dawn of a Tomorrow," Grand opera house; third act of "The Great Name," the Colt theater; Frank Moulan, Ethel Cadman, "The Arcadians," Illinois theater; Jess Dandy, "The Prince of Pilsen" company, Garrick theater; second act "Get-Rich-Quick Wallingford," the Olympic theater; Trixie Friganza, "The Sweetest Girl in Paris," La Salle theater; Florens-Harris troupe, American music hall.

Program for the Evening.

Following is the programe for the evening: Overture, Bison City quartet, Ross and Fenton, Clarice Mayne, James J. Morton, Johnny Ford, Florenz-Harris troupe, acrobats.

Theodore Thomas orchestra, Frederick Stock, conductor, and Jeanne Korolewicz, Eleanora de Cisneros, Nicola Zerola, Alfredo Costa, Vittorio Arimondi of the Chicago Grand Opera company, under the direction of Attilio Parelli; overture, "Der Improvisator," orchestra; prologue from "Pagliacci," Alfredo Costa; largo from "New World" symphony, orchestra; aria from "Don Carlos," Eleanora de Cisneros; Hungarian rhapsody No. 2, orchestra; Mattinatti, "The Happy Morning Waltz," Nicola Zerola; dance of Nymphs and Satyrs, orchestra; invocazions venere from the opera "Hermes," Jeanne Korolewicz; aria from "The Magic Flute," Vittorio Arimondi; The Ride of the Valkyries, orchestra.

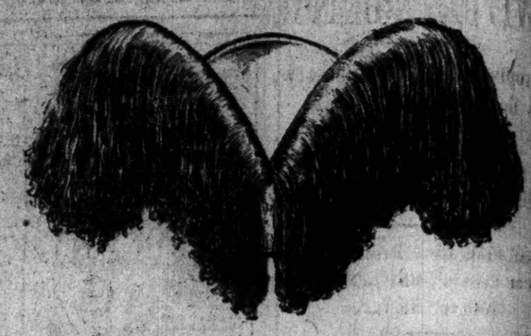
Tickets at All Theaters.

Tickets for both performances now are on sale at the box offices of all the theaters. Miss Mildred Kusel, 4515 Michigan avenue, 18 years old, made the record of the amateurs in securing advertising for the programs. She brought in $350 worth.

New contributions to the relief fund brought the total collected by the citizens' committee up to $140,018.81 in the campaign for $250,000.

The largest single contribution was $250 from the Chicago Railway Equipment company. Hundred dollar donations were made by the Railway Steel Spring company and the Drake Hotel company. Dozens of $5 contributions were made.

Word was received from San Francisco that the fire department there had raised $1,000 for the Chicago fund.



"Tyde-Tite" Plumes

Sold in Chicago Exclusively by

MARSHALL FIELD & COMPANY

¶ Our "*TYDE-TITE*" Willow Plumes are made only of the finest grade of South African ostrich stock. The gracefully drooping lines and luxurious fullness for which Willow Plumes are everywhere admired are a very notable feature of our "*TYDE-TITE*" Willow Plumes.

¶ Our "*TYDE-TITE*" Willow Plumes have the additional advantage—*worthy of consideration*—of being so securely tied as to prevent the delicate flues from breaking or coming loose at the knots. This is due to the unique process discovered and controlled by one manufacturer who supplies our lines.

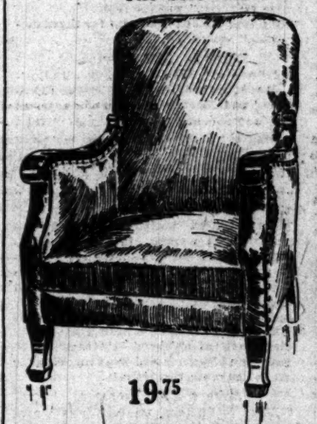
¶ Notwithstanding this advantage, which does away with the often mentioned objection that Willow Plumes do not give good service, we are able to offer these "*TYDE-TITE*" Willow Plumes at prices scarcely any higher than are usually charged for ordinary willow plumes.

Length of Stem	Total Length	Width Extended	Special Price
11 inches	17 inches	14 inches	$ 7.50
12 inches	18 inches	15 inches	$ 9.00
13 inches	19 inches	16 inches	$10.75
14 inches	20 inches	17 inches	$13.75
15 inches	22 inches	19 inches	$16.75
16 inches	23 inches	20 inches	$18.75
18 inches	26 inches	22 inches	$22.50
20 inches	28 inches	23 inches	$27.50

REVELL & CO.

Fine Leather Furniture

The best values ever offered in America



19.75

This high grade Leather Easy Chair, extra large and comfortable, with best spring construction, on extra heavy webbing, well made frames, and guaranteed in every way; mahogany finished arms and base. Regular price $34.00.

21.25

This high grade Leather Rocker, extra large and comfortable, with best spring construction, on extra heavy webbing, well made frames, and guaranteed in every way; mahogany finished arms and base. Regular price $34.00. Special price 21.25.

25.00

Over-Stuffed

26.00

OVERSTUFFED LEATHER FURNITURE

This high grade overstuffed Leather Chair, extra large and comfortable, with best spring construction, supported on heavy webbing, mahogany finished base. Regular price $42.00. Special price 25.00. Rocker to match, 26.00.

Wabash Av. Alexander H. Revell & Co. Adams St.

At This Store You Can Always Select From the

Largest Desk Stock in the City

Banks, stores, libraries, business offices, large or small, use Globe-Wernicke office furniture; and will find here an immense variety of

Roll Top Desks Flat Top Desks
Typewriter Desks
Office Tables Chairs Filing Cabinets

Whatever you want—at the right price—delivered on time. Use the telephone and our man will call.

The Globe-Wernicke Co.
224-228 Wabash Avenue Telephone Harrison 1423

O'CONNOR & GOLDBERG

"THE SEASON'S EVENT IN FASHIONABLE FOOTWEAR"

Correct Evening Slippers

20% OFF

THE SEASON'S MOST SELECT STYLES IN ALL THE FINER MATERIALS

ALSO

A fair variety of superb slippers, formerly $5 to $8—still remain—your choice at $2.90

EARLY BUYING RECOMMENDED

O'Connor & Goldberg
46 MADISON STREET
in the Heyworth Building
Also to be had in our store at
205 STATE STREET
2d floor by private elevator

BISHOP'S FUR SALE

Now in Progress
Enormous Reductions

A. BISHOP & CO.

The Old Reliable Fur and Hat House
156 State Street

IN TRIBUNE WANT ADS YOU FIND QUICK ACTION AT LOW COST

Plumes

Exclusively by

D & COMPANY

lumes are made only of the rich stock. The gracefully fullness for which Willow are a very notable feature Plumes.

lumes have the additional ation—of being so securely lues from breaking or com- due to the unique process he manufacturer who sup-

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Width Extended	Special Price
14 inches	$ 7.50
15 inches	$ 9.00
16 inches	$10.75
17 inches	$13.75
19 inches	$16.75
20 inches	$18.75
22 inches	$22.50
23 inches	$27.50

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Furniture

ered in America

21.25

This high grade Leather Rocker, extra ge and comfortable, with best spring nstruction, on extra heavy webbing, well de frames, and guaranteed in every y; mahogany finished arms and base. gular price $34.00. Special price 21.25.

Over-Stuffed

26.00

HER FURNITURE

hair, extra large and comfortable, with y webbing, mahogany finished base. oker to match, 26.00.

Revell & Co. Adams St.

OP'S SALE

rogress eductions

P & CO.

r and Hat House Street

U FIND QUICK ACTION COST

INDIA BEFOGGED WITH IGNORANCE

Schools Make Some Progress, but They Are Wholly Inadequate.

MOST PEOPLE ILLITERATE

Great Provinces Where Only 10 Per Cent of Men and 1 of Women Can Write.

BY GEORGE A. DORSEY, PH. D., LL. D

BOMBAY, India, Nov. 30.—At first the A. B. degree in India had a positive monetary value. Hence it was the goal of the student's ambition. That A. B. for him was money in the pocket; better still, it was an open sesame to a career. He could mount a stool and rub elbows with a sahib. He could become part of government.

Unfortunately the law of supply and demand got busy. A. B.'s declined in value. A failed A. B. (there was a time when a failed A. B. was good for something; he had not got his degree but he had been to the tree to shake it, and that was something) was literally a drug on the market. It came to the point where "the youth who has sweated himself and his family through the whole course of higher education frequently looks in vain for employment at $10 and even at $7 a month." Unskilled laborers often command from 25 to 30 cents a day, but educated men in Calcutta have been forced to work in jute mills at $5 a month "simply to keep them from starvation."

Before considering the legitimate fruits, both sweet and bitter, of the educational system, let us see to what extent the government of India has made good in furnishing education for one-fifth of the population of the globe.

Increase in Outlay on Schools.

Expenditures for education for 1908-'09, $8,411,673. This was an increase of nearly $5,000,000 over 1898. In the same period expenditures on India's army increased more than $21,000,000. Likewise during the same period the expenses of the civil administration of India increased nearly $32,000,000; of this $5,000,000 was for miscellaneous charges, chiefly pensions, etc., paid in England. More than $8,000,000 increase for the police.

In considering the number of schools in India today it should be remembered that there are 728,605 villages in India and of children between the ages of 5 and 15 75,174,000.

There are 131 arts colleges, as against 138 ten years ago, though the number of students has increased from 16,000 to 19,000. Professional schools have remained numerically the same—forty-one; there has been a slight increase in the number of students, now 6,000. There has been an addition of 600 to the number of secondary schools, of which there are now 5,659, with nearly 800,000 pupils. The number of primary schools remains utterly inadequate. There are now 117,000 such schools, with nearly 4,500,000 pupils.

Private Schools Lose Ground.

Private schools during the last decade have increased in number less rapidly. Advanced schools have fallen from 4,800 to 3,089. There has been a corresponding decrease in the number of pupils. Even private elementary schools have diminished in number by more than 2,000, though the number of pupils has increased slightly.

Arts colleges are divided into English and oriental, there being eight oriental and 123 English. This in itself, it seems to me, is a weakness in the system.

The composition of the professional schools throws light on present day tendencies. Law schools have diminished from thirty to nineteen in the last decade, but the number of students has increased slightly. Medical schools remain four in number, with a total attendance less than that of the combined medical schools of Chicago. There are four engineering schools, as there were ten years ago, the number of students having increased from 313 to 1,177.

Colleges for teachers show the greatest gain, increasing from two to twelve, and from 71 to 438 students. But perhaps the most striking feature of this review of ten years is that agricultural colleges, beginning at one, increased to three and fell back to two; total number of students, only 255. And this in a land where more than 200,000,000 people derive their living from agriculture.

Increase in Primary Schools.

There has been a healthy growth in the number of primary schools and in the number of pupils, especially in schools for girls. But at the present rate it will be many, many generations before there will be school facilities for all the children of India.

In addition to professional colleges, there are certain special schools of about high school grade. Of these three are agricultural, with only twenty pupils, whereas seven years ago there were seven such schools, with 320 pupils. Engineering and survey schools have decreased from thirty to twenty.

Recent educators have felt the need of providing better and more instruction of a technical nature. There are now 182 technical and industrial schools, with more than 6,000 students. In the distribution of university graduates between the five chief schools of art, medicine, engineering, and oriental languages we have additional light on the direction higher education seeks. In ten years graduates in arts changed from 1,380 to 2,257; law, from 342 to 696; medicine, from 18 to 14; engineering, from 15 to 20; oriental languages, from 4 to 6. Undergraduates in the same period in all the universities combined increased from 7,044 to 10,018. The greatest proportionate increase being in law.

Southern Provinces Lead.

With enlightened Aryans in the north and backward Dravidians in the south, you would expect the northern provinces to lead in literacy and amount of provision for public instruction. This is not the case; the great presidency of Madras, with millions of Tamils and Telegus, etc., takes the lead. More than that, there are more girls in the schools of the Madras presidency than in any other province of the empire. The two provinces of Bengal stand next and then the presidency of Bombay. But this is true only of British India proper. If we consider all of India, Burma stands highest in literacy. The native states of Travancore and Baroda come next; then Madras, Bombay, and Bengal.

Ignorance still hangs like a pall over India. There are great provinces numbering millions, where over 90 per cent of the men and 99 per cent of the women are illiterate; provinces where illiteracy among women is practically 100 per cent. Nor is this all. Brahmans, who make up 5 per cent of the population, constitute 17 per cent of the literate class. It follows that education has hardly been heard of by the common people.

PLAGUE KILLS BOKHARA EMIR.

Ruler of Russian Vassal State in Central Asia Succumbs to Bubonic Scourge.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 9.—Advices from Bokhara say that the death of Sayid Abdul Ahad, the emir of Bokhara, a Russian vassal state in Central Asia, was due to bubonic plague. The emir died Jan. 5 and his body was hurriedly interred the same day without ceremonies.

Coming Generation of the Indian Empire.

School Boys and Girls in India.

WOMAN TELLS OF RAIDERS

More Testimony Is Submitted as to London Tragedy.

BODY IDENTIFIED AT MORGUE

Ashes of Sydney Street House Yield Up Little Evidence to Aid Police.

LONDON, Jan. 9.—The inquest into the death of the desperadoes who were killed when the police and soldiers raided their lodgings in Sidney street was resumed today, but developed no evidence positively identifying the two victims as those who murdered three police officers at the time of the Houndsditch burglary.

Bessie Gorshon, in whose rooms the outlaws had taken refuge and who was arrested and subsequently released, told of the occurrences in the tenement on the evening preceding the raid. She said the men came to her house a little before midnight. In one of them she recognized a friend named Joseph. She did not know his surname. His companion was a stranger to her.

Visitors Terrorize Woman.

At midnight she told them that they must leave. They refused, saying they could not go into the street again that night. She urged and finally threatened to arouse the other families in the building.

At this her visitors terrorized her. To make sure that she would not leave the house they made her remove her skirts, shoes, and stockings and then drove her into a back room, where she was told to remain quietly.

The body of the "Joseph" mentioned by the witness, and who was known in this country as Joseph Fogel, was identified at the morgue today as that of Joseph Rudzewica, who came from Kovno, Russia.

Little Evidence in Ashes.

The ashes of the Sidney street house have yielded little to help the police in their effort to run down the supposed band.

A Russian known as Stinie Morrison was remanded in police court today charged with the willful murder of Leon Beron, whose mutilated body was found on Clapham common.

LIBERIA WILL SIGN TREATY

Ready to Indorse the Boundary Agreement with France.

PAVES THE WAY FOR LOAN.

Authority Is Given to Minister of Republic at London.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Jan. 9.—The government of Liberia has authorized its minister at London to sign the boundary treaty with France as agreed upon by a mixed commission. This, it is announced, clears the way for loan negotiations which have been held in abeyance. France has all along insisted that she would not consent to the proposed American financial project till the treaty was signed.

REBELS TAKE HONDURAN PORT.

Tela, Located on Gulf Coast, Is Reported Captured by Navy and Land Forces.

PUERTO CORTEZ, Honduras, Jan. 9.—A report has reached here that the revolutionary forces of Gen. Manuel Bonilla have captured Tela, a port on the gulf coast of Honduras, and are marching on Ceiba. Details are lacking, but it is presumed that the revolutionary gunboat Hornet attacked Tela and that the Hornet will work in conjunction with a land force in the attack upon Ceiba.

CROATIAN AVIATOR IS KILLED.

Screw Drops from Machine Into River and Flyer Is Thrown Into Building.

BELGRADE, Servia, Jan. 9.—Roussijan, a Croatian aeroplanist, was killed today after making a flight across the River Save. Owing to the derangement of a screw, which dropped into the river, the machine fell, striking a building. Roussijan was thrown from his seat and badly crushed.

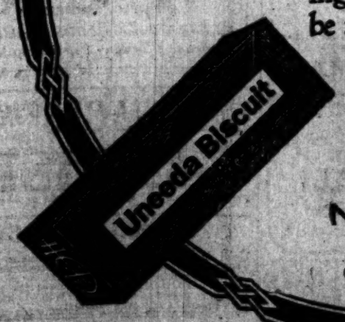
The Revolution

in baking methods which gave the world Uneeda Biscuit also resulted in a

Revelation

in soda cracker quality. You realize this the moment you open the royal purple package and find soda crackers so tempting and good that they cannot be resisted.

5¢ a Package (Never sold in bulk)



Uneeda Biscuit

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

CANADIAN SCORNS TREATY WITH U. S.

Head of Dominion Conservation Forces Says Nations Should Remain Aloof.

LEADERS CHEER SPEECH.

Declares Only Trouble Can Follow Attempt to Reach Closer Relations.

Montreal, Jan. 9.—"The present is not the time to take down the bars of trade and turn Canada's natural resources over to the United States. The best way of continuing good relations between Canada and the United States is for each to do its own business independently and have no entanglements, nothing in the world to quarrel about."

Such was the opinion expressed today at the weekly luncheon of the Canadian club by Clifford Sifton, chairman of the Dominion Conservation commission, and a former member of the Laurier government. His audience was composed of the leading bankers and business men of Montreal, senators, and members of parliament. They cheered the sentiment to the echo.

Says Views Are Only His Own.

Mr. Sifton was careful to state that his views on reciprocity were his own, quite apart from political affiliations and possibly out of harmony with the views of many members of both great parties.

"It would be altogether apart from my duty to discuss the political or national aspects of this question," he said, "but perhaps you will pardon me if I express my own conviction. It is this: If we enter upon trade relations of an extensive character with the United States, and if the most favorable anticipations which can be entertained turn out to be well founded, and if our friends south of the line use us well and give us nearly everything we ask for, what is the inevitable conclusion? Must not our trade and business and life become mixed with theirs, so that we shall become increasingly dependent upon them, with the ultimate end of political union?

Alternative Is Unpleasant.

"And if the favorable anticipations are not realized and they will not treat us well and want to grab and quibble on the interpretation of any reciprocity treaty, what will that mean? It will simply mean that ten or fifteen years from now we shall have to begin all over again just where we are now and start once again to put ourselves right.

"I do not hold with those who say that all opposed to a trade treaty between Canada and the United States are opposed to good relations between the two countries. On the contrary, my view is that the best way of continuing good relations between Canada and the United States is that each should do its own business independently and have no entanglements—nothing in the world to quarrel about."

ICE CREAM SODA HITS ENGLAND.

American Drink Is Gaining Favor with Residents of London — Five O'Clock Tea Threatened.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 9.—Ice cream soda has invaded England and is popular over there, according to Vice Consul George B. Stephenson at Liverpool. Up to a year ago little was known of this drink in England. The country had only one soda fountain, and this was in a department store. This season, however, has witnessed the establishment of a number of soda fountains, and they have met with gratifying results.

Lemon is the popular flavor. It is said 75 per cent of the patrons call for this flavor.

The old habit of taking afternoon tea is rapidly being supplanted by iced drinks of all kinds.

NOTES FROM FOREIGN LANDS.

GUAYAQUIL, Ecuador.—The first day of the elections for the presidency to succeed Gen. Eloy Alfaro resulted in fights in various towns and many are reported wounded.

NEW ORLEANS, La.—Religious freedom, for ten years denied the people of Nicaragua, has been restored by an edict issued by President Juan José Estrada. Under orders of President Estrada the mission schools of German Protestant denominations along the east coast have been permitted to reopen.

Steamship Man Undergoes Operation.

HAMBURG, Germany, Jan. 9.—Albert Ballin, director general of the Hamburg-American Steamship line, today underwent an operation for appendicitis. His condition is satisfactory.

CRETE ASKS TAFT TO FREE IT

Island Seeks to Escape Galling Turkish Sovereignty.

WOULD GO BACK TO GREECE.

Committee Begs President to Intercede with Powers.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 9.—Desiring to rid itself of Turkish sovereignty and to become as it once was, a part of Greece, the island of Crete today appealed to President Taft, through a committee which called upon him, to take up with the protecting powers of Great Britain, France, Russia, and Italy the question of terminating Turkish rule in the island.

John Marron, Michael Theodorepoulos, and Aristides Souriax, who composed the committee, presented to the president a resolution recently adopted by the United Greek societies in this country asking that Crete be allowed to become a part of Greece.

After leaving the White House they went to the state department to discuss the matter with Secretary Knox.

CAVALIERI RETURNS TO PARIS.

Diva Has Been in Italy for a Rest—Announced That She Has Abandoned Trip to America.

PARIS, Jan. 9.—Lina Cavalieri, who was reported to have disappeared, has returned to Paris. She has been in Italy for a rest. It was announced that she had abandoned her intention of visiting the United States.

ESTATE OF SENATOR ELKINS TO BE HELD INTACT 5 YEARS.

After That Property Valued at $20,000,000 Is to Be Divided Equally Among Seven Children.

Elkins, W. Va., Jan. 9.—Under the will of Senator Stephen B. Elkins, the estate, valued at about $20,000,000, is to be held intact for five years. Davis Elkins, Stephen B. Elkins Jr., and the Davis Trust company of Elkins are designated executors.

The estate after five years is to be divided equally between the seven children. The widow is bequeathed the residence in Washington, D. C., as well as "Halliehurst," the residence here.

In the event of the death of Mrs. Elkins, "Halliehurst" goes to Davis Elkins, the eldest son, and upon his death to the next eldest son. An income of $25,000 a year is provided for Mrs. Elkins.

Here's the Shoe Sale Men Wait For

EDITORIAL

WE'RE after your shoe business and shall expect to see you here—to be frank, if your interests are considered, there's no time we know of when you could get acquainted with us, our shoes or our methods to better advantage than right now—during this sale. HASSEL'S.

THE fact that it's Hassel's shoes we're offering at less than regular prices should be sufficient reason to you to lay in a supply for the future. But when we add the prestige of Cort, Banister, Heywood, Johnston & Murphy (the best men's shoemakers in the world) to our own reputation, and tell you that we have an enormous stock from which you can make your selections; all sizes, all widths, all leathers, *and guarantee that you'll be satisfied with any purchase you make*, we don't see how you are going to keep away from here.

Here's how we've priced them

$3.85 for values to $5.00
$4.85 for values to $7.00
$5.85 for values to $10.00

Then, there's 30,000 pairs at $2.85 and $2.45 that are actually worth up to $4 and $5, including a great stock of boys' shoes.

House slippers for comfort, especially priced, $1.65, $1.95 & $2.40.

CHARGE ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

HASSEL'S

Northwest Corner
Van Buren & Dearborn Sts.
Monadnock Block

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

are invaluable to sufferers from chronic lung trouble, Bronchitis and Asthma. They are in convenient form and afford immediate and grateful relief. Warranted free from opiates or anything harmful.

Price, 25c, 50c and $1.00. Sample free

John I. Brown & Son Boston, Mass.

J. M. Matthews Co.
Outfitters to Women
48 Madison Street
Between State and Wabash

JANUARY CLEARANCE
—OF—
Women's Apparel

We are making hosts of friends these days if we are not making money.

Come and see the enthusiastic buying these ridiculously low prices inspire.

Our Dresses
IN TWO LOTS
$15 and $25

Dresses for Home, Street and Dancing Frocks—values up to $60.00.

All Suits and Coats Reduced Thus:

ALL $30.00 VALUES sell for..... $17.75
$37.50 values.....sell for $22.75
$42.50 values.....sell for $27.75
$52.50 values.....sell for $32.75
$57.50 values.....sell for $37.75
$67.50 values.....sell for $42.75
$75.00 values.....sell for $47.75
$80, $85, $95, $100 sell for $57.75

1 cup makes a breakfast for 6

That shows how economical "Ralston" is. A 15c package, when cooked, makes fifty good sized saucers—less than ¼¢ per dish. You'll not find a purer, more nourishing or more tempting food than

Ralston Breakfast Food

For children it provides the strength so necessary for their growing bodies. For "grown-ups" it gives the energy needed for the day's work. "Ralston" is a good, solid, *common sense* health food—the *natural wheat color*. Just the finest, hard winter wheat, with all the nutriment left in.

RALSTON PURINA MILLS, St. Louis, Mo. "Where purity is paramount"

PURINA WHOLE WHEAT FLOUR contains all the nutriment of whole wheat. Makes delicious whole wheat bread, muffins, rolls, etc. Fine for growing children. Easily digested, mighty nutritious. Ask for the checkerboard sack

Ralston Health BREAKFAST FOOD

The Cowan Reduction Sale is in progress. Everything in the store is reduced (except Cowan Furniture and Cross Gloves), many items below original cost to us.

W. K. Cowan & Company

Furniture — Silver — Rugs
Art Wares—Leather Goods

203-207 Michigan Avenue
The Fine Arts Building

OPEN TO ALL CHICAGO—THE TRIBUNE'S RESORT BUREAU, THE HIGHEST AUTHORITY ON RESORT INFORMATION.

BILL TO MAKE NEW CIVIL SERVICE LAW

Reform Association Submits Measure to Illinois House and Senate.

OBEY PEOPLE'S MANDATE.

Proposed Amendments All Demanded by Little Ballot at Last Election.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 9.—[Special.]—A proposed bill to amend the existing state civil service law so as to provide for the comprehensive and adequate civil service legislation demanded by the people in the little ballot vote last November has been prepared by the executive committee of the Illinois Civil Service Reform association and approved by the Peoria conference committee of seven. Copies of this bill and a statement regarding the same were brought here this evening for distribution among the legislators tomorrow morning. The bill is included in a pamphlet containing an introductory statement signed by Charles L. Capen, president, and Herbert E. Fleming, secretary of the Illinois Civil Service Reform association.

Walter S. Rogers, chairman of the committee of seven of the Peoria conference, says:

"The comprehensive civil service bill prepared by the executive committee of the Illinois Civil service Reform association represents a tremendous amount of detail work. This committee and its subcommittees have held altogether about thirty meetings for consideration of this bill. They have studied the civil service laws of all the various states and the way those laws work. The committee of seven indorses this bill as one thoroughly well calculated to bring about compliance with the popular will expressed on the public policy vote last November for statewide civil service legislation. We hope that the legislators will give it favorable consideration and believe that they will."

Statement by Executive Committee.

The bill is presented with the accompanying statement by the committee:

Bloomington, Ill., Jan. 7, 1911.

To the Hon. Charles Adkins, Speaker, and the Members of the House of Representatives, Forty-seventh General Assembly, of the State of Illinois.

To the Hon. John G. Oglesby, Lieutenant Governor, and the Members of the Senate, Forty-seventh General Assembly, of the State of Illinois:

In compliance with the public demand, with declarations in the Republican and Democratic state platforms, and in conformity with the pledges of a large majority of the members of the Forty-seventh general assembly, now sitting at Springfield, the Illinois Civil Service Reform association, with the approval of the committee of seven of the Peoria conference of June 27 and 28, 1910, has drafted amendments to the existing laws for the extension of the merit and efficiency system to include all departments of the service of the state of Illinois.

We respectfully solicit your early and favorable consideration of the amendments submitted and respectfully sign ourselves,

CHARLES L. CAPEN, president.
HERBERT E. FLEMING, Secretary.

Leading Features of the Bill.

The main provisions of the accompanying measure are as follows:

All positions in the state service, except officers elected by the people; officers, boards, and commissions appointed by the governor; officers appointed by judges of any court, clerks of any court, notaries public, persons employed in the military service, presidents, deans, principals, professors, instructors, scientific staff and other teachers of the state university or normal schools, and servants in the executive mansion, are included.

All persons in the state employ on Feb. 1, 1911, shall come under the provisions of the law without examination. (Section 3b.)

The present civil service commissioners are retained. Their successors are to be employment experts selected by civil service methods by a special board of examiners appointed by the governor. (Section 1a.)

Civil service commissioners may be removed for constitutional reasons duly established before the same board which examines them for appointment. (Section 2.)

Standardization of employment in all included positions and efficiency records of individual employés and employés in groups are provided for. It provides for recommendations to be made by the civil service commission to the governor for increasing efficiency and economy throughout the service, these recommendations to be based on the findings of expert efficiency examiners, under the commission. (Section 3a.)

How Employes May Be Removed.

Employés falling below the minimum standard of efficiency are subject to removal upon hearing. (Sec. 14.)

Standards for uniformity of pay and title for positions having similar duties. (Sec. 3a.)

Only the person at the head of the eligible list is to be certified both in case of original appointment and in case of promotion.

Provision is made for a probationary service of three months, during which an employé may be removed by his superior. (Sec. 10.)

An employé occupying a position that tends to fit him for service in a higher position may be promoted thereto. Efficiency and seniority are to count in promotion examinations. (Sec. 9.)

The safeguard of publicity is provided against the abuse of the necessary power to make temporary appointments. (Sec. 10.)

Every employé is given the right to be heard by the commission on discharge or reduction of grade or pay. He is to be reinstated in both grade and pay in case of wrongful discharge or reduction. (Sec. 12.)

Preparation of the Bill.

State wide civil service regulations are provided for in this bill drafted by the Illinois Civil Service Reform association. It is indorsed by the committee of seven of the Peoria conference as being in conformity with the wishes of the people of Illinois, expressed in a vote of 411,000 for to 321,000 against merit extension, and with the declarations of the Peoria conference.

These proposed amendments are the result of a study of civil service laws in force in this and other states, and of the practical operation of such laws. The committee which drafted the amendments held public hearings, where representatives of employés in the civil service in this state, Cook county, and Chicago presented practical views. The committee has had the aid of men with years of experience as civil service commissioners, department heads, lawyers conversant with the decisions of the courts, and persons familiar with conditions of employment in private business, and in trades unions, both as employers and employés. This committee availed itself of the general experience of the community acquired from fifteen years of operation of the Chicago and Cook county acts, five years' experience in the state, and of several years in Springfield and Evanston.

Throughout its deliberations the committee has kept in mind constantly the true object of the civil service system—efficiency and economy in the public service.

MRS. JANE R. WARNER IS DEAD

Widow of Late Ezra J. Warner Victim of Heart Disease.

PLAN TO BURY BODY HERE.

Remains of Early Chicago Resident Coming from California.

Mrs. Jane R. Warner, widow of the late Ezra J. Warner of Sprague, Warner & Co., died late Sunday night at her winter residence in Pasadena, Cal. Death was due to heart disease, and she had been ill only since Wednesday.

Telegrams announcing her death were received by relatives in Chicago yesterday, and Ezra J. Warner Jr. left immediately for California.

Son and Daughter with Her.

With her at the time of her death were her son, Frank W. Warner, and her daughter, Mrs. J. Leland Mothershead.

Definite funeral arrangements have not been made yet, but the remains will be brought to Chicago and will be buried in the family lot in Lake Forest. Mrs. Warner was a resident of Lake Forest for many years.

Came to Chicago in 1861.

She was born in New York Aug. 10, 1840, and came to Chicago Nov. 25, 1861. Soon after the death of Mr. Warner in September Mrs. Warner went to her winter residence in Pasadena. She was in good health until a week ago.

Five children survive Mrs. Warner. They are Ezra J. Warner Jr., Frank W. Warner, Harold R. Warner, Mrs. Alexander A. McCormick, and Mrs. J. Leland Mothershead.

NEW JERSEY LEADER IS DEAD.

Democrat Who Championed Cause of Smith for U. S. Senate Succumbs—Was Married a Week Ago.

Jersey City, N. J., Jan. 9.—Robert Davis, Democratic leader of Hudson county and a power in Democratic councils in the state, died this afternoon at his home here. Mr. Davis was married a week ago.

Mr. Davis' death will complicate further the senatorial situation in New Jersey.

He had pledged the vote of the Hudson county delegation to former Senator James Smith Jr. Mr. Davis' influence, it was expected, would swing reluctant members into line with the Smith forces.

OBITUARY.

MRS. ANNA AUGUSTA CHENEY died Sunday at her residence, 3017 Washington boulevard, after an illness of nine years. She was the widow of the late William Wallace Cheney. Mrs. Cheney was 87 years old. Her father, Philo Carpenter, was one of the pioneers of Chicago and was one of the best known business men of the west side. Surviving Mrs. Cheney are two daughters, Mrs. Charles H. Solomon and Mrs. J. G. Harlow, and one son, William Wallace Cheney Jr. Funeral services will be held tomorrow at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Solomon, 3012 Washington boulevard, at 1:30 p. m.

MRS. ELENORE MABEL KELLOGG, wife of Allison G. Kellogg, will be buried today from Lincoln Center. She died suddenly Saturday morning after suffering a stroke of apoplexy Friday night while attending a social at Lincoln Center. Mrs. Kellogg has been connected with the social work of Lincoln Center for many years. She was born in Chicago in 1865. She received her musical education in Stutgart, Germany, where she studied for six years. Her husband and one daughter, Elenore Virginia Kellogg, 9 years old, survive. Burial will be at Oakwoods.

POLICEMAN NEIL P. FRIEL of the Warren avenue station died on Saturday at his home, 4021 Jackson boulevard, of pneumonia. He was 42 years old. He had been on the police force eighteen years. Twelve years ago Policeman Friel shot and killed an ex-convict in a revolver battle on the west side. He saw his victim and a companion robbing a man, and when he approached the robbers fired five shots at him. He returned the fire, killing one of the holdup men and capturing the other.

MRS. KATE GROVE FULLER, 51 years old, wife of Lucius E. Fuller, president of the Lumber World, died yesterday of pneumonia at her late residence, 1446 East Fifty-fourth street. She was born in Mystic, Conn. She belonged to the Daughters of the American Revolution, and was prominent in the work of Trinity Episcopal church. The funeral will be held today from the late residence.

MRS. SARAH A. HART, wife of Henry W. Hart, first vice president and general manager of the Chicago Cold Storage Warehouse company, died yesterday at her residence after an illness of a week. She was 53 years old. One son, William B. Hart, beside her husband, survives Mrs. Hart. The funeral will be held Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the late residence.

ISAAC SAMUELS, a resident of Chicago for thirty-five years, and a retired business man, passed away Saturday, Jan. 7, at his residence, 349 East Fifty-eighth street, at the age of 85. He is survived by five children, Mrs. H. Adams, Mrs. H. Mendelsohn, Mrs. S. Samuels, L. I. Samuels, and S. E. Samuels of New York.

JOSEPH P. BEACH, oldest son of Moses Y. Beach, who was owner of The New York Sun from 1838 to 1867, died Sunday night of paralysis at Cheshire, Conn. He was in his eighty-third year. He was a stockholder in the New York Tribune.

MELVIN B. PIERCE, 65 years old, died Sunday at the residence of his son, George M. Pierce, 214 West Erie street. He was a member of U. S. Grant post, G. A. R., and had been a resident of Chicago for many years.

ANDREW CRAIG, 4040 North Forty-third avenue, died yesterday at his residence. Mr. Craig was 42 years of age and had been in the employ of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad for many years.

JOHN PINZGER, 62 years old, a former member of the Kenosha board of education and a contractor, is dead at his residence in this city.

WILLIAM WHITING, president of the Whiting Paper company and a former congressman, is dead at his home in Holyoke, Mass., of chronic kidney trouble.

BRIG. GEN. EDGAR S. DUDLEY, United States army, retired, died in Johnstown, N. Y., yesterday.

PROF. C. A. HUTCHINS, 83 years old, one of the most prominent educators of Wisconsin, is dead at Beloit, Wis.

MRS. JOSEPHINE BONTECOU STEFFENS, wife of J. Lincoln Steffens, the writer, is dead at her home in Riverside, Conn.

IF YOU HAD A NECK AS LONG AS THIS FELLOW AND HAD SORE THROAT ALL THE WAY DOWN TONSILINE WOULD QUICKLY CURE IT. 25c. and 50c. Hospital Size $1. ALL DRUGGISTS.

STUBBS ASSAILS GRIP OF TRUSTS

Says Illegal Industrial System Has Been Established in America.

PEOPLE PAY TRIBUTE.

Kansan Begins Second Term as Governor; Other Officials Inaugurated.

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 9.—Gov. W. R. Stubbs and the other Republican state officers of Kansas were inaugurated in Representative hall today. The oath was administered to each official by Chief Justice Johnston of the State Supreme court.

Three of the state officers began serving third terms today. The officials are Mark Tulley, state treasurer; E. T. Fairchild, state superintendent of public instruction, and Frank Ryan, railroad commissioner.

Assails Iron Grip of Trusts.

Gov. Stubbs, who began his second term, delivered an inaugural address. He said:

"There is a universal sentiment among our people demanding the enactment of rigid, plainly written laws that will loosen the iron grip which has been fastened on the commerce of the nation by monopolies and trusts.

"A false and illegal industrial system has been established in America which robs the people of the benefits of competition and compels every man, woman and child to pay tribute in excessive, extortionate profits, which aggregate many hundreds of millions annually, to trusts, combinations and monopolies.

Competition Crushed Out.

"By crushing out competition the steel trust has been able to maintain extortionate prices for steel rails, steel, and its products, iron and its products, while the cost of production of these goods has constantly been reduced.

"In the face of the enormous reduction in the cost of the moving of freight the railroads are actually clamoring for higher rates."

The Republican house caucus selected G. H. Buckman of Winfield as the nominee for speaker. As the Republicans control the house, his election when the legislature convenes tomorrow is assured. The senate Republican caucus postponed the election of a president pro tem. until tomorrow.

WORK OF THE LEGISLATURES.

SALEM, Ore.—The Oregon legislature convened, organization of the senate being effected with Benjamin Selling of Portland as president. This makes Selling acting governor of Oregon, until Oswald West, Democrat, is inaugurated tomorrow.

DENVER, Colo.—In his message to the Colorado legislature Gov. Shafroth commented on the growth of the state in population and estimated its total wealth at $1,500,000,000. He recommended the disfranchisement of illiterates to prevent election frauds.

NASHVILLE, Tenn.—Thirty-four regular Democrats who had refused to be seated in the Tennessee legislature were sworn in and soon after a resolution was adopted by the house withdrawing all contests. Harmony prevails.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla.—This city witnessed for the first time the installation within its borders of state officers when Lee Cruce as governor and the other Democratic state officers were inaugurated.

DOVER, Del.—The deadlock among the Republican members of the legislature was broken, so far as the house was concerned. It still remains as firm in the senate.

LOST—BY COLLEGE MEN—AWE

Dartmouth President Says 'Profs' Are Feared No Longer.

GUEST OF LOCAL ALUMNI.

Dean of Hanover School Also Given a Hearty Reception.

Awe has gone the way of the dodo. It has become extinct.

Ernest F. Nichols, president of Dartmouth college, admitted this to the Cook county alumni, who gave their annual dinner last night at the University club.

"A few years ago the students stood in awe of their instructors and emulated them," he said. "But now we are without this influence. Awe has disappeared with the present generation."

Not Rich Man's School.

"Dartmouth is not a rich man's college," asserted the head of the Hanover, N. H., institution. "Some of the alumni, usually far away from the college, have tried to tell me that it is. I investigated and found that more than half the students are earning all or part of their way.

"I am glad to say that it is still an atmosphere where snobs cannot live. The last one who tried it lasted only a month."

Dean Charles F. Emerson of Dartmouth, beloved by all of the 175 graduates at the gathering, was greeted with song in which he was referred to as "Chuck," the nickname the students know him by. Dean W. T. Sumner of the Cathedral SS. Peter and Paul played the accompaniment to the college ditty.

Officers for 1911 Chosen.

These officers were chosen by the Dartmouth alumni to serve during 1911: President, W. T. Abbott, '03; vice president, Henry A. Hanger, '08; second vice president, Walter T. Sumner, '09; secretary-treasurer, George E. Liscomb, '07; executive committee, Robert L. Burnap, '94; Mortimer Crowell, '01; R. S. Southgate, '07; Harry I. Holton, '04, and H. C. Rumery, '05.

President Nichols will address the University club at Evanston tonight on "Problems of the Modern College."

A FAT WOMAN HATES SOCIETY

Fat people have to get into clothes that are designed for people of normal physique. The men wear dress suits and look like comic pictures. The women wear low necked dresses to their evident humiliation. This is why it is often said that a fat woman hates society. Fat is as much the mistake of poor health as anything else. The things that make fat should be making good blood, bone and nerves. The secret is that the digestive machinery is out of gear. The juices make fat in too large quantities. This fat impedes circulation, cramps the heart, suppresses the liver, crowds the lungs and interferes with the stomach. Marmola Tablets are harmless. They are taken after each meal. They help digest that meal as nature intended it should be digested. They remove the fat already made at the rate of from 12 to 15 ounces a day and they leave no flabby skin or wrinkles. They are sold wherever drugs are sold, or in the same category with harmful patent fat reducers. They contain Marmola, Cascara Aromatic and Peppermint water. If you do not care to call upon your druggist, send 75 cts. to The Marmola Co., 189 Farmer Bldg., Detroit, Mich., and they will send you a large, full size case by return mail in plain package postage paid.

IF YOU'VE bought boys' clothes here in the past, you don't need to be told that Maurice L Rothschild quality is just as marked a feature in that department as in the others.

That's what makes our special clearance of boys' clothes a unique event—something worth noticing.

Big Boys—8 to 18 years; combination collar overcoats—Presto and tourist styles; Norfolk suits, double breasted suits; $15, $12, $10, $8 values; Russian reefers, kerseys, chinchillas, tweeds, $12, $10, $8 values.

Any of these now at $6.50.

Little Boys—3 to 10 years; Russian overcoats, tweeds and chinchillas; Russian suits, plain and fancy weaves, $12, $10, $8 values; Russian reefers, $15, $12, $10, $8 values; sailor suits of blue serge and fancy weaves, $10, $9, $8 values.

Any of these now at $6.50.

For men and young men

Fine suits and overcoats clearing at $18. These are from our 1910 stock of fine goods; the smart styles the young men like; the sober styles for dignity; they're our $35, $32, $30, $28, $25, $22, $20 values; beautiful goods; all sizes, styles and fabrics. **Now clearing at $18.**

Maurice L Rothschild

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Money cheerfully refunded — Southwest corner Jackson and State — Chicago Minneapolis St. Paul

The home of Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes — Stetson hats — Manhattan shirts — Johnston & Murphy shoes

AN IMPORTANT SALE

To women who would lighten the work of their home sewing

50 Standard Sewing Machines

With cabinets of fancy woods that are to be discontinued—and for this reason alone we offer them

AT THESE TWO DECIDEDLY LOW PRICES

$30.00 **$35.00**

They are of the latest improved standard rotary construction in the style automatic grand. Each Machine is equipped with a full set of attachments and accessories. A selection may be made from the following woods:

SYCAMORE MAHOGANY WALNUT
HUNGARIAN ASH WEATHERED OAK
NATURAL OAK BIRD'S-EYE MAPLE

MARSHALL FIELD & COMPANY.

The One Complete Writing-Adding Machine is the New Model 11

REMINGTON TYPEWRITER

with Wahl Adding and Subtracting Attachment

It writes the headings; it writes the items; it writes the amounts; it adds the amounts; it makes subtractions from the amounts; it gives the totals; it writes the totals; it proves the correct writing of the totals; it writes as many copies as you want; *it does everything.*

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IN HAIRDRESSING and BEAUTY CULTURE

Also in Manufacturing Hair Goods

We are now ready with the New Coiffures. EVENING HAIRDRESSING will be given SINGLE LESSONS at a moderate cost.

Our instructors in Beauty Culture are experts and teach the work scientifically.

The instructors in Hair Dressing are artists and our styles are correct. We give the students the advantage of practice on living models who are paid for posing.

—WE TEACH—

Beauty Culture in all its branches—everything pertaining to the beauty of the face and complexion.

ELECTROLYSIS—multiple or single needle scientifically taught.

MANICURING and HAND MOLDING, and all about beautiful hands.

CHIROPODY—Everything pertaining to foot beauty and comfort.

HAIR DRESSING—Everything pertaining to beautiful coiffures. Hair Dyeing, Hair Tinting, Hair Bleaching and the NEW subject, HAIR WAVING, which is an art with us.

SCALP TREATMENTS—Everything pertaining to beauty and growth of the hair.

HAIR WAVING—Everything on this subject that is correct.

MANUFACTURING OF FINE HAIR GOODS, which includes all the new ideas in switches, chignons, postiches, etc.

REMEMBER

We issue fashion plates QUARTERLY, giving authentic fashions in Hair Dressing.

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Call or write for information. We also teach by CORRESPONDENCE where prospective students cannot come to Chicago. These courses are made very plain, thorough and scientific. All information on request.

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Forty trained instructors.
Individual instruction.
Eight buildings.
A square mile of farm, forest, garden and playground. Maintains a tent village all winter in connection with the regular school.
All types of manual and industrial work.
School has been filled—120 boys—since September.
Now hall to open January 3d allowing for entrance of ten more boys.
For detailed information ask at Tribune School Bureau for Frank B. Spencer, school representative.

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Mid-Year Class Opens Feb. 6, 1911
For circulars address,
Mrs. Alice H. Putnam, Principal, or Miss Hooker
328 Wabash Avenue, Ohio Building.

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Prepares for college or business. Certificate admits to leading colleges. The best of discipline and individual attention for the boy. Gymnasium, Gymnasium training and athletics for all. Separate School for younger boys of 6 to 10 years of age. The Rector lives constantly with the boys and personally directs their sports. Address the Rector,
Rev. C. W. LEFFINGWELL, D.D., Rector.
LUCIEN F. BENNETT, M.A., Head Master.

Metropolitan Business College — Winter term opens Tuesday, Jan. 3d, 1911. Day or evening classes. Nine schools throughout the city, all well equipped. Write or call for full information. Metropolitan Business College, Wabash av & Monroe st.

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FIVE LOCATIONS
See Telephone Book

GARY MAYOR WINS IN COUNCIL CLASH

Three Strong Voiced Backers and Gavel Wielding Down Six Opponents.

FIGHT TO KEEP PLACE.

Adjournment Stops for Time Being the Threatened Impeachment Proceedings.

Mayor Thomas E. Knotts of Gary, Ind., lost a preliminary skirmish last night with his insurgent council, but with the help of three stentorian voiced aldermanic adherents, and a swiftly wielded gavel, saved himself and office when it seemed the enemy was on the point of passing an impeachment ordinance.

The mayor heard during the day that an impeachment measure which would unseat him had been prepared by the opposing aldermen, and was to be brought up at the council meeting in the evening. He also heard that the ordinance to create an opposition police force was on the tapis.

Early arrivals at the council chamber saw almost the full Gary police force in the council chamber in plain clothes. The policemen were distributed in all parts of the room and at the entrance, while the members of the committee of public safety were stationed at the door leading from the council chamber to the mayor's office.

Opposing Members All Present.

The mayor looked nervous when he saw that all of the opposing councilmen were in attendance when he rapped for order, and that their six votes would be enough to pass an impeaching ordinance over the heads of his three supporters.

Desultory firing started when the antis scourged the mayor's department heads for needless expenses in their reports to the council. Then Ald. M. N. Castleman arose and made a motion to abolish the office of street commissioner, held by Patrick C. Finnerty, a former Chicago politician in the Eighth ward, and one of Mayor Knotts' champions.

Mayor Knotts put the motion and it was passed by a vote of six to three. There was an uneasy movement among the 150 auditors who filled the council room, and several anti-administration councilmen held a whispered conversation, which was interrupted by a loud voice from the Knotts side, which said:

"I move that we adjourn."

Much Noise Marks Roll Call.

Mayor Knotts was on his feet in an instant.

"All in favor of the motion say I," he shouted.

Three voices answered with yells.

"Opposed?"

The six insurgents made all the noise they could shouting "No," but the mayor declared the meeting adjourned, and in answer to loud appeals for a roll call, disappeared behind his committee of public safety and sought seclusion in his office.

Turmoil ensued in the council chamber and the plain clothes policemen began to clear the room. The insurgents argued for a minute the advisability of sending one of their own number to the chair, but decided to go home.

"There'll be another council meeting," they said.

Court Fight Could Be Made.

The impeachment proceedings is the latest plan of the insurgent council to oust the mayor from office. An ordinance may be passed by a two thirds vote of the council. The mayor may retain his seat, should it be passed, only by an appeal to the Circuit court within three days of the passage of the measure. This court is the tribunal of last resort under the Indiana law, and it must review an impeachment case within ten days of an appeal.

SEEK MAN WHO JILTED GIRL; STORY IS TOLD AT INQUEST.

Police Hunt Man Engaged to Wed Miss Viva Olin, Who Ended Life—She Was Told He Left Former Wives.

Following an inquest held yesterday over the body of Miss Viva Olin, who committed suicide late Saturday night, by leaping from a fourth floor window in the Ravenswood hospital, the police of the North Robey street station have begun a search for a man giving the name of Charles Nelson, to whom Miss Olin was engaged to be married.

According to information given to the police at the inquest, which was held at 2325 East Ravenswood park, Nelson and Miss Olin were to have been married Nov. 28, but on Thanksgiving day the latter learned that Nelson had been married several times before and in each instance had disappeared simultaneously with the savings of his wives.

When Nelson appeared at the girl's home on Thanksgiving night she asked him about the matter, and without giving an explanation, he left the house and failed to return.

Miss Olin became ill with nervous prostration and was taken to the hospital last Friday.

PLAN SUNDAY LID PETITION.

Presbyterian Ministers Seek a List of Eighty Thousand Names in New Saloon Crusade.

Presbyterian ministers of Chicago in session yesterday planned the immediate formation of a petition to be signed by at least 80,000 persons asking city officials to keep saloons closed on Sunday.

Resolutions were adopted which arrange for the appointment of a committee of five in each church to verify names as soon as they are attached to the petition, so there will be no fraudulent names on the document.

The Rev. W. S. Plumer Bryan, pastor of the Church of the Covenant, introduced the resolution and spoke in regard to the petition to have local option placed on the ballot last spring, on which so many fraudulent names were found. He said the fraudulent names on the petition were there, through no fault of those who secured the signatures.

ORGANIZE NEW THEATER CO.

"City Hall Square" Is Name of Concern to Operate Playhouse in the Heyworth Building.

The City Hall Square company took out articles of incorporation at Springfield yesterday for the purpose of "doing a theatrical business." The company has $1,000,000 capital stock and has for its incorporators Hal C. Banks, Carey W. Rhodes, and Frances E. Matthews.

The company, it was reported, is to operate a theater in the New Heyworth building to be erected at Randolph and Clark streets.

James O. Heyworth is one of the stockholders in the new enterprise.

Will Entertain to Aid Students.

Mrs. Herbert Morris

For the purpose of providing for those who are struggling without adequate means to obtain musical and dramatic educations the Players' club will entertain tomorrow evening in Music hall in the Fine Arts building. A dramatic playlet by H. Sophus Sheldon and a soprano solo by Mrs. Isa Swabacker will be features of the evening. Mrs. Herbert Morris, 3672 Michigan avenue, and a number of other prominent women have worked hard to insure success for the affair.

FELS HAS PASSAGE AT ARMS WITH B'NAI B'RITH PRESIDENT

Says He Wants No Thanks for Charity When Adolph Kraus Introduces Resolution to That Effect.

Joseph Fels, the millionaire who says that his wealth, in common with that of everybody else, is stolen, had a passage at arms with Adolph Kraus, grand president of B'nai B'rith, at a meeting of a lodge of that order at Drexel hall, Cottage Grove avenue and Fortieth street, last night.

After Mr. Fels had expounded the virtues of the single tax and made an appeal to the members of the order to subscribe to the fund which he is collecting for his propaganda, Mr. Kraus arose and addressed the meeting.

Mr. Kraus said by way of answer to Mr. Fels' complaint of the injustice done in the world by present methods of taxation that the Jews of Chicago contributed more than half a million dollars a year to charity, and concluded by asking a vote of thanks of the members present for Mr. Fels.

"I protest," Mr. Fels cried, getting to his feet. "If I have not convinced your hearts I want no thanks. If this were not a sacred place I should say, D—n your charity. I want none of it. I am pleading for justice, not charity. I ask you to help me make charity unnecessary."

Mr. Kraus then withdrew his motion.

ITALY SENDS CHURCH DELEGATE

Professor Will Represent Waldensian Congregations Before Protestant Churches of America.

Dr. Alberto Clot, professor of comparative literature in the University of Palermo, Italy, and delegate of the Waldensian church of Italy to the Protestant church of the United States will reach Chicago today for a visit to the Chicago churches.

PEACE IN STRIKE CAST ASIDE AGAIN

Garment Firm Refuses to Confer with State Board as to an Agreement.

RENEW PLANS THIS WEEK

Council Committee to Meet on Thursday; One Concern Takes 400 Workers Back.

Another effort to bring about a settlement of the garment workers' strike, this time at the hands of the Illinois state board of arbitration, failed yesterday.

The members of the board—Ben F. Shadwell, J. H. Doyle, and Charles Pies—met in an all day session at the Brevoort hotel, and between times sought conferences with union officials and the employers. The main work of the day consisted in an effort to arrange for a conference between representatives of the strikers and Hart, Schaffner & Marx.

Any chance of instituting successful peace negotiations, however, went glimmering late in the afternoon, after Mr. Pies had held a lengthy conference with Mr. Hart and Mr. Schaffner. The meeting was held at a downtown club, and Mr. Pies telephoned the result to Chairman Shadley.

Plan Other Peace Moves.

"The effort to bring about a conference between the strikers and Hart, Schaffner & Marx has proved unsuccessful," asserted Mr. Shadley. "We will be in session again tomorrow, and we will call on other firms and try to arrange for compromises or conferences looking to compromises between them and their employés. But the situation does not look particularly hopeful."

Another effort to effect a settlement may be made by the committee of the city council at a meeting on Thursday. An agreement between striking garment workers and A. Sitron & Co., 192 Van Buren street, returned 400 employés to work.

The first hearings of riot cases growing out of the strike came up during the day before Judge Walker in the Municipal court. Fifteen cases were on call, and at the close of the day only one fine of $2 had been levied.

New Riots Threatened.

Local disturbances among the strikers led Chief of Police Steward to order in twenty-five policemen from outlying stations to the Maxwell street station. The men will form a reserve force to prevent trouble between the rioters and nonunion workmen in the tailoring factories in that district.

FLAG DAY OFFICERS ELECTED.

American Association Chooses Mrs. Julia L. Wood as State President.

At a meeting of the Illinois branch of the American Flag Day association, held last night in the Great Northern hotel, the state officers were elected for the ensuing year.

Those chosen were: President, Mrs. Julia L. Wood; first vice president, Silas H. Bascomb; second vice president, Miss Alcia C. Freer; third vice president, Mrs. Marion Vanderburg; fourth vice president, Mrs. Mary J. Reynolds; fifth vice president, Mrs. Nellie Colemond; secretary, Miss Nellie Carr; treasurer, M. O. Lawrence; patriotic instructor, Mrs. Katherine Swigert; trustees, Mrs. Bernard J. Cigrand, J. O. Anderson, Henry Barnard, John A. Pierce, Miss M. Sexton.

The officers were installed by Dr. Bernard J. Cigrand, national president. The association will give a midwinter entertainment in honor of Washington at Grace Methodist Episcopal church on Feb. 19.

ROAD MAKES CONTEMPT CHARGE

Chicago and Milwaukee Electric, Fined by Waukegan, Seeks Federal Court's Protection.

The packers are not alone in their contention that, having been brought into Judge Grosscup's court, they are immune from criminal prosecution. City officials of Waukegan have been summoned into the judge's court today to answer to the charge of having fined the Chicago and Milwaukee Electric railroad for speeding its cars while that company is in a receivership in the federal court. It is charged City Attorney N. V. Orvis, Mayor Fred Buck, and Justice J. V. Belz are guilty of contempt of court for having been concerned in the prosecution and fining of General Manager Doons.

CALLS POLICE TO AID SHOW

Press Agent at North Side Theater Turns in Alarm.

"WHOOPEE! GIRL IN GREEN!"

"Audience Got Twenty Encores: Wanted More! Great Stuff!"

The press agent of the Wilson Avenue theater, 1050 Wilson avenue, called out a wagon load of policemen from the town hall station last night.

The police arrived in response to a riot call, took in a part of the show, and left. Their arrival delayed the performance at the theater. No arrests were made.

When the call was turned in the theater was telephoned.

"Whoopee! Wild riot here tonight! Audience wanted more of our sextet. It encored twenty times. Now wants some more. She's an amateur, too. Dresses in green. Only taken into the act yesterday morning. Clumsy as a washtub. Always out of step in the rehearsal, and the laughing stock of the crowd in the production. Audience simply would not let the next act go on. Riot! Great stuff, hey? Want some more of it?

"Mace Murry—he leads the act, you know—well known in this neighborhood, and there were a lot of pluggers in the house for him. Well, we couldn't stop 'em. Had to call the police so we could show."

HIGHER TAXES ARE DEMANDED IN NOTICES SENT TO 83,000.

Rate Increased About Twenty Per Cent—Lake View Only Town Where Personalty Tariff Is Not Raised.

Higher taxes because of an increased rate were demanded yesterday in 83,000 notices mailed by the county treasurer to persons assessed for personal property holdings. Lake View is the only town where the rate is not raised, and there the decrease is only 1 cent on each $100 of assessed valuation—to $5.01 from $5.02 last year.

In West town the rate is $4.95, which compares with $4.91 a year ago. The South town's rate of $4.47 in 1910 has been raised to $4.64, while the North town's $4.86 is 4 cents more than a year ago. The town of Jefferson's figure is $4.16, increased from $4.08.

The assessed valuation is one-third of the estimated full valuation. The $5.01 rate in Lake View means that the owner of bonds or other personalty whose assessed valuation is $2,000 must pay taxes of $100.20, which also is the tax on real estate of the value of $6,000, with a one-third assessed valuation of $2,000. Comparison shows the actual tax rate has increased about 20 per cent.

SEEK TO REVIVE BAR LICENSES.

Attempt to Restore 1,200 Lapsed Permits Turned Down by Council Committee.

The mysterious effort to restore to existence 1,200 "dead" saloon licenses, the only visible agent of which was an attorney, was "squelched" yesterday in the city council committee on license.

The plan was to restore to their owners the 1,200 permits that lapsed just before the passage in 1908 of the Harkin ordinance that limited the number of saloons in the city to those then in existence. It was presented to the council by Attorney Carroll A. Teller, who did not disclose the identity of his clients.

MEANT TO BE KIND; ATTACKED.

Unknown Man Gets Girl to Take Key to Flat and Leaves Her in a Pitiful Condition.

Isabella Brooks, 13 years old, 2016 Ogden avenue, is in a critical condition at the county hospital as the result of an attack upon her Saturday afternoon by an unidentified man. While on her way to a store for her mother the stranger asked her to take a key to the second floor of a flat building at 2004 Ogden avenue. Several hours later the girl was found creeping down the stairs in a pitiful condition. The police seek the stranger.

Missing Constable Sought.

The Evanston police are searching for Constable Charles Ahrens, who has not been seen at his residence in the north shore suburb since Friday, and who is wanted on a warrant charging him with obtaining money under a false pretense.

SUBURBS PREPARE FOR CAR BATTLE

Attorney S. S. Gregory Acts for Oak Park, River Forest, and Maywood.

FORCE FRANCHISE PLEDGE

Other Towns Stand Pat and Will Not Enter in Peace Pact Court Suggests.

Answer was made to Judge Grosscup's peace overtures in the traction war yesterday by the appointment of S. S. Gregory to act as attorney for Oak Park, River Forest, and Maywood in prosecuting their fight to a finish for the enforcement of franchise pledges.

Mr. Gregory stated at night that he had considered the matter only enough to enable him to make up his mind to accept the commission, but that the exact plan of attack had not been decided on.

Grants Franchise to "L" Line.

In furtherance of a plan to relieve the present situation the Chicago and Oak Park elevated road was granted a temporary franchise by the Oak Park village board, enabling it to operate an extension surface line along Cuyler avenue south to Harrison street, a concession long requested by the elevated road.

The trustees stipulated that this franchise may be revoked on five days' notice. Operation of this branch line was begun in the morning, when three trains were run. A like number was operated in the evening to care for the homegoing crowds.

The expressions of opinion from the other suburbs made it evident that none of them will take advantage of the contract entered into by the two companies with Judge Grosscup and made by him a part of the confirmation decree.

Other Towns Stand Pat.

The chief objection is that to pass any ordinance would be to impliedly admit that the former franchises are null or to nullify them, and every village clings tenaciously to the contention that the old franchises are in full force and effect, particularly as regards the obligations of the companies.

FIGHT TO RUN WESTERN LIFE.

Insurgent Forces Plan to Gain Control Today from Gen. George M. Moulton.

An attempt to wrest the control of the Western Life Indemnity company from the hands of the present president, Gen. George M. Moulton, is to be made at the meeting of policyholders this morning.

Alfred Clover, superintendent of the Chicago agency for three years, is the leader of the insurgent forces.

Clover made a similar attempt last year, and although beaten, secured possession of the office for 24 hours by means of a temporary injunction.

Hurt in Car Collision.

One man was injured and others were shaken up last night when a West Pullman street car crashed into a Sixty-ninth street car at Keefe and South Chicago avenues. The Sixty-ninth street car was knocked off the tracks.

Mandel Brothers call the attention of the men of Chicago to the remarkable bargains offered in the January and rebuilding sales now in progress.

Men's suits & overcoats at $17

Our regular $25 & $30 grades

Preparations for removing the clothing section to smaller space on the second floor involve a speedy clearance of winter garments, and prices are radically reduced on our best selling lines. First floor, Wabash avenue.

$25 & $30 suits at $17

Choice includes a great variety of styles in fine tweeds and cheviots, in medium and dark grays and browns; products of the best makers in the country, at $17.

$25 to $30 overcoats

In one immense lot we show hundreds of d. k. kersey overcoats and full-length convertible collar overcoats in fancy dark mixed fabrics; now priced at $17.

Mandel Brothers

FIND THE HUNTER AND WIN A PRIZE FREE

The following presents to be given away absolutely free to the 12 neatest correct answers received. This contest is only open to persons living in, and within 50 miles of Chicago:

1st—Ladies' Genuine Diamond Ring
2nd—Gents' Genuine Diamond Ring
3d—Ladies' Gold Watch
4th—Gents' Gold Watch
5th—Chest Rogers' Silverware
6th—Ladies' Gold Bracelet
7th—Gents' Gold Locket
8th—Ladies' Gold Locket
9th to 12th, inclusive—Boys' or Girls' Ice Skates

A Beautiful Prize Free to All Who Answer.

The Hunter is concealed in this picture; can you find him?

CONDITIONS: Trace the outlines of the man's face concealed in the above picture on this or a separate sheet of paper. Write your name and address plainly and send it with your solution of the puzzle to the **Liberty Piano Co., 1327 Milwaukee Avenue,** not later than Thursday, Jan. 12, 1911. The above Prizes will be awarded according to the neatness of correct answers received.

LIBERTY PIANO COMPANY
1327 Milwaukee Av., Chicago

LAST CHANCE
To Buy Reliable
FURS
55% BELOW RETAIL
We Will Dispose of Every Fur Set and Garment in Our
$75,000 STOCK
Extraordinary Bargains
Doors Open at 8 A. M. Today

Here are a few of our many bargains. Compare these prices with others you have seen, then come in and see for yourself.

Pony Coats—Genuine Russian, French dye, 52 inches long, brocade lining, very choice, nicely marked, retail price, $90 to $175; our price, $75 to $35

Pony Coats, three-quarter length, retail price, $65 to $100; our price, $40 to $25

Hudson Seal Coats—30 to 32 inches long, retail price, $150 to $325; our price, $140 to $75

Complete line of Coats—River Mink, Russian Mink, Natural Otter, Near Seal, Astrakhan, retail price, $50 to $200; our price, $75 to $20

Complete Assortment of Genuine American Northern and Eastern Mink Shawls, Neck Pieces and Muffs, retail price, $50 to $200; our price, $90 to $20

Black Marten Shawls and Muffs, retail price, $75 to $100; our price, $45 to $30

Black Fox Shawls and Muffs, retail price, $50 to $75; our price, $30 to..... $15

Cap and River Mink (Collars and Muffs) to retail from $10 to $50; our price, $20 to..... $5

Blue or Black Wolf and Black Raccoon Sets, retail from $35 to $60; our price, $25 to..... $12

Also great assortment of Hudson Bay Sable, Chinese Sable, Ermine, Black Lynx, made to retail from $40 to $300; our price, $100 to... $20

We will also make to order fur garments, guaranteed to satisfy, at 40% less than you pay elsewhere.

Established Over 20 Years

Jacob Laskin & Co.
Wholesale Manufacturers of Furs
10th Floor, Republic Bldg.
209 State Street.

5¢ a Package
(Never sold in bulk)

Fresh in every climate: Hot or cold, wet or dry.

Adapted to every condition: Rich or poor, sick or well.

Suited to every color: White, black, red, yellow.

Used by every age: Childhood, youth, manhood, old age.

Good at all times: Breakfast, lunch, dinner, supper.

And in all places: At work or play, by day or night.

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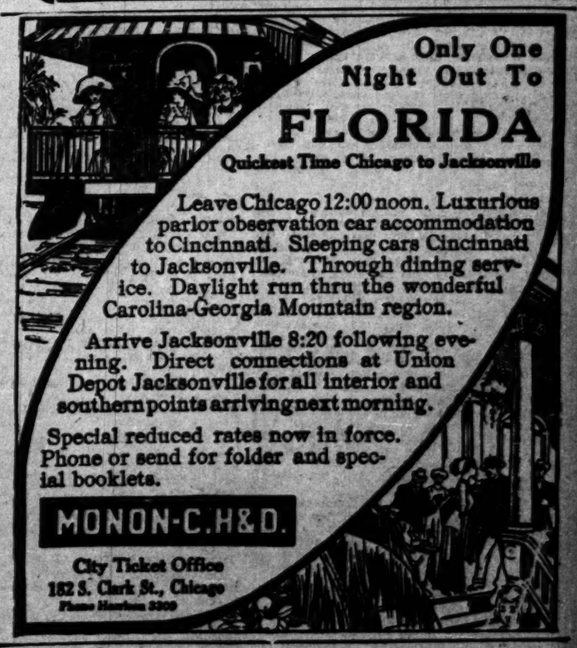

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Quickest Time Chicago to Jacksonville

Leave Chicago 12:00 noon. Luxurious parlor observation car accommodation to Cincinnati. Sleeping cars Cincinnati to Jacksonville. Through dining service. Daylight run thru the wonderful Carolina-Georgia Mountain region.

Arrive Jacksonville 8:20 following evening. Direct connections at Union Depot Jacksonville for all interior and southern points arriving next morning.

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City Ticket Office
182 S. Clark St., Chicago
Phone Harrison 2300

AUTOMOBILES? Practically every one in Chicago who will buy one this year IS A TRIBUNE READER

Society and Entertainments.

LENT begins on March 1, a bit of news always welcome at this time of year, when the season is drawing near a close. As yet plans for Lenten sewing classes and other works of charity or of Lenten penance have not been completed, but yearly many of Chicago's women—at least many of those who remain at home, turn their attention to the church and hospital organizations and give their forty days to thoughts of making garments for the needy. This practice is more general than is believed in the outer circles and is a work in which large numbers of the women find great delight.

Next Friday brings the eighth annual Bachelors' and Benedicks' cotillion, to be given in the ballroom of the La Salle hotel. Preceding the dance a number of dinners will be given, among the hosts and hostesses to be Mr. and Mrs. John Borden, Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Felton, Mr. and Mrs. Francis Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. Morris Johnston, Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Smith, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Martin, Mr. and Mrs. John Stevenson, Mr. and Mrs. Sol Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Dewey, Miss Katherine Winterbotham, Miss Cornelia Conger, and Frank Hibbard.

Mrs. Florence Everett will give a reading of "A Mine of Faults," a tale from the Sanskrit, at the Woman's Athletic club tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock. A group of luncheons will follow the reading.

Mrs. Stuart Logan (Gladys Goodrich) will hold her first post-nuptial reception this afternoon at her residence, 3249 Michigan avenue. The second of the receptions will be held on next Tuesday, and at the two affairs she will have the assistance in receiving and entertaining of Mrs. Charles A. Munroe (Rhea Logan), Miss Lina Owsley, Mrs. Sterling Morton, Miss Louise Waller, Miss Jean Whiting, Miss Margaret Keep, Miss Margaret Billings, Miss Marjorie Wilson, Miss Isabel Chandler, Miss Stella Webber, Miss Marjorie and Miss Dorothy Edwards, and Mrs. Alden Swift.

Mrs. Le Grand Burton, 1254 Lake Shore drive, has issued invitations for Saturday, Jan. 21, from 4 to 7 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Bartlett, 2730 Prairie avenue, will throw open their residence on Thursday evening, Jan. 19, at 8 o'clock for a meeting of the members of the central district of the United Charities. At this meeting President Charles H. Wacker and Supt. Eherman C. Kingsley will talk on the works and methods of the United Charities, illustrated with stereopticon views. The district covers the area from the city to Thirty-ninth street.

Mrs. B. F. Ayer, 20 East Goethe street, will give a bridge party on Saturday afternoon, Jan. 21, at 2 o'clock.

Mrs. L. B. Doud and Mrs. Henry A. Rumsey (Marion Deud) of Lake Forest gave a luncheon yesterday at the Blackstone hotel for Miss Marjorie and Miss Dorothy Edwards.

Mrs. Samuel O. Dauchy, 712 Lincoln Park boulevard, will give a musical this afternoon in honor of Miss Marion Drummer. Sig. Tramonti will give the program.

Mrs. Paul P. Bird, 1365 East Forty-eighth street, will give a tea this afternoon from 3 to 5 o'clock.

Mrs. Fenton B. Turck, 37 East Cedar street, will give a luncheon for a small company tomorrow complimentary to Mme. Campanini and Mme. Bassi.

Mrs. William H. Beebe and Miss Bettibel Beebe, 1358 North State street, have issued cards for Tuesday, Jan. 17, from 3 to 6 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. John N. Reynolds and Mrs. M. R. Doud, 1226 Chase avenue, will give a card party tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock.

Warren K. Wood sailed from New York last Thursday expecting to spend the next two months in European travel.

Mr. and Mrs. Montague Ferry have taken an apartment in the Park Mansions, 146 Eugenie street. Mr. and Mrs. Ferry were married late in June.

Mrs. James A. Burman (Mildred Kent) of Cleveland is spending a few weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Kent, 3015 Washington boulevard.

Mr. and Mrs. John W. Kendrick and their daughter, Miss Helen Kendrick, 1312 North State street, left last week for a trip around the world.

The next Tuesday Causerie Française will be held today at the residence of Mrs. S. Schlesinger, 2605 Michigan avenue. "L' Etude à la Mode" will be Dr. Alice Brugnot's lecture topic.

Mrs. Charles H. Re Qua, 3629 Grand boulevard, leaves Thursday for New Haven, where she will chaperon her daughter, Miss Catharine Re Qua, at the Yale "prom."

* *

Raise $1,500 for K. A. M. Charities.

The Lyric theater was crowded last night, when the ladies' auxiliary of the K. A. M. temple, Thirty-third street and Indiana avenue, held its annual "midwinter social benefit" for its charities. The performance was "The Jolly Bachelors," and netted the organization something like $1,500.

The patronesses and box holders of the affair were Mrs. Henry C. Schwab, Mrs. Herbert B. Morris, Mrs. Joseph Harris, Mrs. Joseph Fish, Mrs. Edwin Romberg, Mrs. Jacob W. Gimbel, Mrs. Jacob Frank Mrs. William B. Frollchstein, Edward Hyman, and Maurice C. Rothschild.

The young women who sold programs and candy in the theater were Miss Irma Kemper, Miss Florence Foreman, Miss Helen Mayer, Miss Amy Wessel, Miss Helen Schnadig, Miss Irma Goldsmith, Miss Olga Baumgarth, Miss Florence Greenebaum, Miss Rose Lowenstein, Miss Florence Keim, Miss Adele Friend, Miss Elsie Mahler, Miss Irene Glick, Miss Estelle Glick, Miss Lillian Fogler, Miss Ruth Polachek, and Miss Grace Block. Miss Kemper and Miss Foreman were awarded prizes for selling the largest number of tickets.

* *

Among the Clubs.

Obedience and love will work hand in hand in rearing children, according to Mrs. T. P. Stanwood of Evanston. Teach your child to love you instead of fear you, and you have won the right to be the parents of the future generation, she said. Mrs. Stanwood spoke before the members of the home and education department of the Morgan Park Woman's club yesterday afternoon.

"Obedience is the first law of nature," said Mrs. Stanwood. "Demand obedience of your child in all things, and its small faults will not develop into crimes as they might if allowed to run under any but the strictest surveillance."

"Democracy in the Nineteenth Century Novel," was the subject discussed by Dr. James Weber Linn at the Ravenswood Woman's club.

"Novelists of today take more liberties than the old time writers did," said Dr. Linn. "They write in a more democratic vein, having in mind the fact that in all probability the novel will be dramatized, and their thoughts are more upon the sale of the book for dramatization purposes than on the idea of establishing history. For this reason there are few present day historical novels. Long ago the writers confined themselves to facts, and usually chose some man or woman characteristic of the age and built the story around them."

Chicago Culture club held its annual ball at West Side Masonic temple last evening. This is the only affair given during the year when the members are permitted to invite masculine members of their families. Mrs. Edward Cox Thomas, chairman of the reception committee, was assisted in receiving by Mr. Thomas, Mr. and Mrs. Leon L. Loehr, Mr. and Mrs. Orville H. Travis, and Mr. and Mrs. Walter J. Warder. Among the officers in charge of arrangements were Mrs. Thomas Starr Harper, Miss Lena Ciarke, Mrs. George G. Greenberg, Mrs. Merrick Wilson, Mrs. Herbert G. Bowles, Mrs. Claude B. Davis, Mrs. Clarence B. King, Mrs. John C. Curtis, Mrs. Owen Leslie Rea, Mrs. W. H. McCarthy, and Mrs. W. H. Sloan.

Englewood Woman's club gave an art day program in the morning at the clubrooms, 6752 Wentworth avenue. Miss Emma M. Church, director of the School of Applied and Normal Art, gave the first of a series of art talks on "The General Principles of Design and Composition."

Jens Jensen spoke before the members of the home department study class of the Chicago Woman's club yesterday morning on "Arrangement." Mr. Jensen believes in having one's dooryard as perfect as the interior, and that as much care should be taken in laying out the garden as in selecting the furniture.

"The arrangement is everything," said Mr. Jensen. "Care should be taken in selecting the kind of shrubs that mass well and they should be planted in groups, not scattered helter skelter, here and there about the grounds. An organized plan of action is essential to success along landscape gardening."

K. A. M. auxiliary gave their midwinter social at the Lyric theater last evening. The proceeds will go to the philanthropic fund.

Miss Hazel Hewes

The marriage of Miss Hazel Hewes, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis J. Hewes, and Arthur William Jones, son of Mr. and Mrs. Griffith Jones, is to be a service of Wednesday evening, Jan. 25. Miss Marjorie Hewes, sister of the bride, and Reese Jones, brother of the bridegroom, will be the attendants.

Large Theater Party Is Aid to Day Nursery.

MISS GERTRUDE ELLIOTT as Glad, the cheerful heroine of Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett's sermon-play "The Dawn of a Tomorrow," and the other members of the company opened their Chicago engagement at the Grand Opera house last night by a performance which will pour into the treasury of the Ogontz Alumnæ association more than $4,000. With this fund the association will enlarge the buildings for and scope of its work out at the Ogontz Day Nursery.

Where is the Ogontz Day Nursery? Out at 1314 West Nineteenth street, in the heart of the congested Bohemian district, and it was started some half dozen years ago by a band of maids and matrons grouped together because the seeking for an education had sent them to the same school—Ogontz, near Philadelphia.

Originally the young women had organized because of school memories and the sentiment of keeping together, but later it had come to them that there was work of the kind Glad might have recommended to be performed in the city and they chose to found a day nursery over in the community where the "little mother" flourishes and the widow and her children cry for friends.

The benefit was planned because the work, in this half dozen years, has outgrown quarters and finances, but the performance makes possible the adding of the facilities which have been needed.

Long before the evening came the women in charge of the benefit—Mrs. Harry Hamlin, Mrs. Wallace Wakem, Mrs. George R. Nichols, Miss Maude Towle, Mrs. William C. Jackson, Miss Elizabeth Waller, the officers of the association and the Ogontz girls of the city—had disposed of every seat in the house. When the guests arrived they found a "feminine avenue" of program and flower venders through which it was necessary to walk and this "avenue" added many more dollars to the fund. The young women were Mrs. Royal Bell, Mrs. J. B. Terbell, Miss Ethel Tatham, Miss Mignon Johnson, Miss Martha Simpson, Miss Frances Goldy, Miss Dorothy White, Miss Esther Yott, Miss Elsie and Miss Edna Dixon, Miss Ruth Ripley, and Miss Florence Heath, all members of the association.

Of the guests who came perhaps the most interested was the Rev. Dr. John R. Paxton, well known divide of New York, who was the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Harry Hamlin, the president of the organization. Other guests included Mr. and Mrs. Josiah McRoberts, Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Eckhart, Mrs. J. H. Gilbert, Miss Helen Gilbert, Miss Dorothy Crane, Mrs. Jessie Crane, Miss Adelaide Maxwell, Mr. and Mrs. George Maroy, Dr. and Mrs. Henry Hooper, Mrs. Shirley High, Mrs. E. C. Dudley, Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Borland, Miss Mildred Blair, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Norcross, Miss Ethel Wrenn, John H. Wrenn, Miss Marjorie and Miss Dorothy Robbins, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Russell, Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Galt, Mr. and Mrs. Dudley Rutter, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Bryson, Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Sheriff, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Farnum, Mr. and Mrs. William N. Pelouse, Miss Grace Dixon, Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Sampsell, Miss Margaret Herrick, Mrs. Burdette Barnes, Mr. and Clifford Leonard, Miss Josephine Duback, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Harvey, Mrs. John B. Drake, Mrs. J. J. Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hinde, Mrs. Chauncey Keep, Miss Margaret Keep, Mrs. H. K. Gilbert, Mrs. R. T. Crane, Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Plamondon, Mrs. William Rodiger, Mrs. Harry Howard, Mrs. O. B. Phelps, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Thorne, and Mr. and Mrs. Alden Swift.

* *

Meetings and Entertainments.

LAKE VIEW WOMAN'S club will hold a reception in Fullerton hall, Art institute, today at 3:30 p. m. Miss Ellen Terry, Carl Linden, and Mr. and Mrs. George Hitchcock will be special guests of honor.

TUESDAY ART AND TRAVEL club will meet today at 2 p. m. at 87 Ashland boulevard. Carl D. Hubbell will give a stereopticon lecture on Switzerland.

MEMORIAL CHURCH OF CHRIST will be the scene of a stereopticon lecture on the Passion Play by Mrs. O. W. Richardson Friday evening, under the auspices of the Olympic club, a young men's class of the Sunday school.

TUESDAY club will meet today at 2:30 p. m. with Mrs. William Towne, 3254 Walnut street.

LEAGUE OF RELIGIOUS FELLOWSHIP will meet at Hull House theater, 800 South Halsted street, Monday, at 11 a. m. Miss Jane Addams and Clifford W. Barnes will speak.

CHICAGO'S BOOK REVIEW club will meet Thursday at 2 p. m. at 3445 Fulton street.

SEWARD PARK ASSEMBLY hall will be the scene of a free illustrated lecture on "Old Chicago" by Frank W. Smith this evening.

GERMANISTIC SOCIETY OF CHICAGO will give a series of lectures during the month at Fullerton hall, Art institute. Last evening Julius Goebel, professor of German literature at the University of Chicago, spoke on "Goethe."

ALTERNATE club will meet with Mrs. E. H. Haines, 1360 Astor street, at 2:30 p. m. today. Mrs. John Worthy will speak on "Development of Methodism."

MARTHA WASHINGTON club of Washington Park hospital will meet tomorrow at 2 p. m. in the parlors of the Vendome hotel, Sixty-second street and Monroe avenue.

OAK PARK club will have an evening with William H. Shuey, who recently returned from a trip around the world with his camera.

PARK RIDGE WOMAN'S club members will be guests of the Illinois Industrial School for Girls at Park Ridge this afternoon.

DOMESTIC SCIENCE class of the Rogers Park Woman's club will meet today at 2 p. m. in the club rooms in Masonic temple, Clark street and Lunt avenue. Lionel Robinson will speak on "The Modern American Home."

COLONIAL CLUB OF CHICAGO will give a vaudeville entertainment Friday evening.

BIRCHWOOD COUNTRY club has postponed the annual children's dance to Jan. 28. On Wednesday, Jan. 18, the annual luncheon will be given, followed by a literary program.

Music and the Drama.

Chevalier's Vain Struggle Against "Daddy Dufard."

"DADDY DUFARD."
A comedy by Lechmore Worrall and Albert Chevalier, presented in Chicago at the Princess theater, Jan. 8, 1911,
BY
ALBERT CHEVALIER,
and his company. The cast:

Achille Talma Dufard, an old French actor ..... Albert Chevalier
Rose Dufard, his daughter...Miss Violet Heming
Paul Hammond, a young playwright ..... A. Hylton Allen
Celia Fitzjames, a "musical comedy" favorite.....Miss Frankie Raymond
Grover Tott, of Tott's Theatrical enterprises ..... Leslie Kenyon
Bert Cott, proprietor of the Alsatians' club .....Claude H. Cooper
Mme. Poulard, Dufard's "landlady" in Soho.....Miss Mary E. Barker
Joseph Fontaine, manager of the Alsatians' club .....Arthur Brankston
"The Great Jolly," a popular comic singer ..... Harry Brett
Otto Myenberg, Kryptologist.....Louis Hendricks
Cesare Golitti, poet.....Horace Mitchell

BY PERCY HAMMOND.

ORDINARILY it would be a beneficence indeed to observe Mr. Chevalier engaged in a sustained characterization, for his gifts as an actor and imitator are abundant, and they have been demonstrated here by frequent appearances in his music hall aspect. But when he burdens himself with two hours of ceaseless and uninteresting babble with no mitigating elements of situation or of character, as he does in his comedy "Daddy Dufard," he becomes a good deal of a bore. No doubt "Daddy Dufard" would be much worse were it not for the opportunity it affords to examine Mr. Chevalier's delicate and ingratiating art; it is a pity, however, that this ability should be wasted on such a barren, inartistic, incoherent, irritating mess of stupidity as the composition—Mr. Chevalier's own—now on view at the Princess.

Notwithstanding the disadvantages of the play, the entertainment itself is not altogether an annoyance. Well along in the evening Mr. Chevalier reverts to his old time repertory of character songs and studies and sings such favorites as "Mrs. Enery 'Awkins" and "The Workhouse Man" with his unfailing and familiar skill. It is a leavening contribution, and atones in a measure for what has gone before. And it is in the accompanying scene that Mr. Chevalier's acting is most enjoyable. He appears as Albert Chevalier in the wings after his "turn" in the music hall, talking with the stage officials, offering his good wishes to a debutante, and otherwise engaged in the entertaining minutiæ behind the scenes. It is a fascinatingly authentic bit of acting, and proved, to one auditor at least, how much more interesting Albert Chevalier is than is Daddy Dufard.

This Daddy Dufard is an old French actor, full of histrionic amiability and sentiment, beloved by all who know him, and thoroughly engrossed in the aspirations of his daughter, who is taking her first faltering steps in the theater. He is considerably given to gab, however, and from the time he enters until he exits he converses excessively and to no great end. Points which an artist of Mr. Chevalier's caliber should make without the aid of a word are hidden and lost in verbosity and repetition. Of course the rôle is that of an old school actor, and such verbal accompaniment is not an alien characteristic. But the fact remains that Daddy Dufard's incessant habit of speech is wearing, and so there is engendered for him no considerable amount of sympathy.

The other characters are similarly tame and similarly voluble, with one or two exceptions. Dufard's daughter, in the lovely person of Miss Viola Heming, is a pleasant surcease, and the story book romance between her and the timid author of her play is quite enjoyably acted. It seems that the imperious leading woman of the sketch recalls the resignation which is to give Miss Dufard her chance, and she is grievously disappointed at the downfall of her plans. But at the last moment the impresario dismisses the star and permits the heroine and understudy to play the rôle, for which she has been tediously rehearsed by her father. The play is a great hit, as indicated by flowers and applause off stage, and so matrimony and a happy future for all involved is indicated at the fall of the curtain. Before this conclusion is reached there is a scene in the lobby of a music hall, in which Daddy Dufard expresses his contempt for Albert Chevalier, who is one of the performers on the bills, and a minor character consumes a full five minutes in his comic attempt to be comic in the purchase of a ticket without money.

Slipshod stage direction is evident occasionally as when the assembled friends of Dufard hear with no indication of surprise the announcement of his daughter's permanent retirement from the stage; and again when they learn imperturbably through an irate invasion of his Mayfair mansion that it is a gambling club—an incident strangely forgotten in the further course of the play. Mr. Leslie Kenyon appears naturally in the rôle of a music manager and Miss Frankie Raymond is lively and handsome and real as one of those trackworn leading women with a grouch.

Excusing Repetitions of Puccini's Latest Opera.

BY GLENN DILLARD GUNN.

SEVERAL excuses might be advanced by the management of the Chicago opera for the many repetitions of "The Girl of the Golden West" which are replacing other and worthier works. The most convincing argument in favor of this policy is summed up in the art and the personality of Caroline White, who is able to make the title rôle almost grateful vocally and exceedingly sympathetic in its dramatic aspects. To her is due the public's continued interest in the work rather than in such questionable qualities of novelty as it may possess.

While we are seeking to justify its retention in the repertory the vocal art of Mr. Sammarco and Mr. Basal must not be forgotten, nor must one lose sight of the splendid dramatic and musical possibilities which Mr. Dufranne is able to discover in the small part of Sonora, nor of the simple charm that Mr. Crabbe is able to impart to the song of the minstrel in the first act. Here such excuses of an artistic nature as may be advanced for the latest work of the reputed leader of modern Italian music would seem to be exhausted. There remain to be considered only the demands which the house of Ricordi may have imposed in disposing of the rights of performance, as to the number of representations to be given the work. For its last performance the management will add one more excuse in the person of Mr. Caruso, who will appear as Johnson in the concluding event of our season.

Frequent hearings of the work are serving a purpose, however. This effort of an Italian musician to picture the life of a primitive Anglo-Saxon community proves how utterly opposed are the mental processes and emotional expressions of the two races. Our more analytical mind may observe the Italian accurately. We may imitate him, or caricature him, but we never can understand him, and a study of his efforts at imitating us as they are exhibited in the Chicago Opera company's performances of "The Girl" will serve to convince the most casual observer that it is quite impossible for the Italian to sympathize with our typical repression in the matter of all outward display of feeling.

Under the stern guidance of Mr. Ricordi the first performance of "The Girl" was accomplished with less display of what appears to us as weak and womanish sentimentality than now is permitted to make its scenes ridiculous to the Anglo-Saxon. Now that he no longer is here to enforce discipline, the Italian members of the cast have returned to their multitudinous and meaningless gestures and to other mannerisms even more absurd. The homesick miner insists on embracing and kissing his benefactors in the first act, quite unconscious of the fact that in real life such displays of affection between men would be impossible to the American and, if attempted, would invite painful consequences.

One might enumerate the absurdities of the performance indefinitely, but these will suffice to show how completely beyond the comprehension of the Latin mind is the American of this or of previous generations. This being the case, how can Puccini have devised musical symbolism for an American drama that shall seem adequate to us? He has not. There is not one moment when the music seems to bear any relationship to the action. The oftener one hears the work the less is one able to justify it on artistic grounds. Its music is typical of the worst tendencies in Italian opera; of the artificiality; the lack of earnest self-criticism; the easy satisfaction with any idea, usually one may believe the first, that may occur to the composer. It is typical also of an Italian talent, even more convincingly demonstrated by Leoncavallo, to borrow indiscriminately from the music of the times.

* *

New York Scores "The Deep Purple."

New York, Jan. 10, 3 a. m.—[Special.]—Commenting on "The Deep Purple," which had its first presentation here at the Lyric theater last night, the Sun this morning says:

"The crude vulgarity of 'The Deep Purple' is another attempt to profit by the taste for realism that 'The Easiest Way' created. Managers ever since that time have sought a drama that might make the same appeal to the public. None of them remembers, of course, that David Belasco made from Eugene Walter's play a real drama of life in this day. All its futile successors, such as 'The Deep Purple,' have relied solely on raw vulgarity and have possessed no element, first, of Mr. Walter's skill, and, second, of his natural view of the situation he presented. Yet in crass vulgarity and theatrical ineptness 'The Deep Purple' remains the worst specimen of its kind. It is stupid. That is the unpardonable sin of the theater."

* *

Schumann-Heink Is Ill.

Mme. Schumann-Heink was taken suddenly ill after her concert Sunday afternoon in Orchestra hall and was confined to her apartments in the Auditorium hotel yesterday. She had to cancel two engagements on her tour, one at Fort Wayne, Ind., where she was to have appeared last night, and the other at Rochester, N. Y.

* *

Mascagni Blames Bessie Abbott.

ROME, Jan. 9.—Pietro Mascagni, the composer, declares that the reason for the abandonment of the opera "Ysobel" was the failure of Bessie Abbott to qualify as a star.

Vaudeville Gossip.

Little Arthur Bowen as a Baritone Artist.

BY RICHARD HENRY LITTLE.

LITTLE ARTHUR BOWEN, now the pampered idol of the Two-a-Day, is the crowning triumph of the Majestic bill this week. Little Arthur is so-called because he is not more than six feet and a half high, with shoulders like a burglarproof safe. He draws pretty pictures right before the audience's very hands and face, but he is no ordinary chalk artist. Not Arthur.

The ordinary music hall artist lets the audience gaze at his back most of the time, while he busily makes his pictures. After the audience gets tired of looking at the fine back of the artist and finishes counting the people in the boxes and the number of baldheaded men in the house, and reads all the advertisements in the program, and yawns, and wonders how long that man is going to take on that picture, the artist whirls around, makes a profound obeisance, and behold, there on the easel is a pale orange moon smiling down on a lavender cow which is eating chocolate roses off the top of a lighthouse, while a maiden with green hair is wondering what is a good cure for freckles.

There is nothing like that in Little Arthur's performance. Every time he draws a line he sings one. The eye and the ear are thus placated at one and the same time. Little Arthur makes a dab at his paper with the chalk and then whirls around and, looking the audience straight in the eye, carols in his rich young baritone voice:

"The sweetest, prettiest girl, so true,"

and then he whirls around and draws another line. Then, without muffing a note, Arthur sings again:

"Is my own darling, dainty Sue."

And by the time Arthur gets through telling what a sweet young thing this Suze person is, and what kind of eyes and little shell ears and rosebud mouth she has, dinged if there isn't Sue herself smiling right down from the big white paper.

Arthur is different from most chalk talkists not only because he can sing but because he can really draw. Not many moons ago and little Arthur was one of our most eminent cartoonists. A great many of our most eminent local statesmen are still earnestly hoping Arthur will fall and break a leg or two. They do not think the pictures he made of them flattered them at all. There grew up such a large number of these persons, all of them so anxious to see Arthur, that the idea came to him to go into vaudeville. If all the persons desirous of seeing him bought tickets at 75 cents apiece Arthur figured that he would be a great prize to any wide awake manager.

Previous to going into vaudeville and in order to awaken public interest in his premiere Mr. Bowen permitted the Chicago Newspaper club to put him up as the grand prize in a raffle. The press agent of a theatrical company thought it would stimulate the sale of tickets and arouse great interest in his production if he proclaimed that with every ticket sold at the box office there went a coupon entitling the holder to a chance to win a husband in the grand drawing which would take place on an appointed day.

The press agent offered the Newspaper club a per cent of the receipts if they would put up a man who would take a solemn oath to marry the woman who drew the winning number. The club considered the proposition and little Arthur Bowen was unanimously named as the human sacrifice. The press agent's plans worked nicely, although he did not get as much publicity out of the affair as he had fondly hoped. He tried to interest the government secret service in the matter and pointed out to them that A. Bowen ought to be arrested for promoting a lottery. But the government authorities only laughed and told the press agent to quit kidding and run along and sell his papers.

The lottery scheme ran along to its final and dramatic conclusion. The drawing was held and a beautiful waitress in a Dearborn street beanery drew the grand or capital prize. Then A. Bowen became worried. Being already engaged he shuddered to think what would happen if the waitress lady claimed her prize. Some friends called on the waitress lady and she was finally induced to say that she might be induced to part with the winning ticket for $10 and four pounds of chocolates. Mr. Bowen went over in person to make the final settlement. He introduced himself and tendered the $10 and the four pounds of chocolates. The waitress lady stared him straight in the face and then said:

"Are you what I grabbed in th' lottery."

"The same," said Mr. A. Bowen pleasantly.

With a hollow shriek the lady waitress fled from the restaurant and never has returned. Now, then, this question remains: Why did the lady flee? Was it because of anguish over the great prize she had ruthlessly traded away for $10 and four pounds of chocolate? That is Mr. A. Bowen's solution. Katie, who has the night watch in the beanery, dissents.

"She was afraid," said Katie, "that if she stuck around she'd have to marry him."

One of these answers is correct, but which? Solutions may be addressed to Mr. A. Bowen direct.

George McKay and John Cantwell present a pleasant little act in addition to that of Mr. Bowen. Mr. McKay is Honest Bill, the policeman, and Mr. Cantwell is Swipsey, a pickpocket. Honest Bill observes Swipsey picking a pocketbook and reports the case to the sergeant through the police patrol telephone.

"The sarge says that the woman that made the squeal says you got $55," reports Honest Bill; "you'll have to divide that three ways."

"Fifty-five is right," admits the pickpocket, but cuttin' it three ways hain't goin' to leave much for us two guys."

"Hello, sarge," says Honest Bill over the telephone; "that woman is crazy in the head. Swipsey only got $15. Your share is $5. See? I'll bring it around tonight. All right."

The pickpocket breaks down and weeps and says that Honest Bill can have the whole $55 on condition he returns it to the woman from whom it was stolen. Honest Bill promises and pockets the $55, and the pickpocket steals it back again. The scene is laid in New York, and represents a shocking condition of affairs in the New York police department, if true.

Woman and Her Interests.

Thinking of Her as Another's Wife.

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY.

[Copyright: 1911: By Laura Jean Libbey.]

Sweet longings hinted at and guessed,
Tender spiritual unrest—
We cannot near each other live,
Unless we something take and give,
You and I.

Playing with old regrets we wait,
Half happy, half accusing fate.
A broken hope is like a ghost;
We both seek something we have lost.
The world is cold, the world is vain;
Apart we both shall wear the chain.
You and I.

THERE is no sorrow that can bring the heart deeper distress than the knowledge to a man that the woman he loves has become another's wife.

As lovers, a trifle light as air may have parted them and each gone their separate way, he believing when love had conquered pride and anger she would call him back again.

Believing that absence from her would fill her heart with longing to see him, he has eagerly accepted a position in a distant city, intending to make regular visits home.

But fate rules with an iron hand; affairs over which he has no control keep him away against his will. A thousand times he has been on the point of writing the sweetheart so dear to him still, eagerly suing for a reconciliation. Then the resolve would come to him to wait until he could see her in person.

The thoughts that a moment ago were so clear
Grew muddled as pen touch the ink;
Confound it, he murmurs, so easy a theme,
But my brain refuses to think.

It never occurs to him to doubt but that she will be waiting for him, waiting with outstretched hands, with welcome on her lips, and the old love shining in her eyes. Some one from home sends him a copy of a late paper. The same mail brings him a large square envelope. He knows it is an invitation, but caring nothing for gatherings where she is not, he opens the paper first. There is a marked paragraph; his eyes rest casually on it for an instant, and then all in an instant life changes for him. It is a marriage notice and the names he reads are those of his sweetheart and his dearest friend—the friend whom he had sent regularly to her to keep speaking a good word for him, reminding her that though far away his heart was still hers.

It has been said that only women's hearts break over a broken love dream cruelly shattered, but I hold that men suffer just as keenly, though they make no moan to show how deeply the iron has entered their souls. Women give the remainder of their lives up to grieving and lamenting; men take the wiser course, throw themselves, heart and soul, into absorbing business cares that they may seek oblivion from grief which is even keener than the sorrow women weep over.

It is in their moments of quiet that memory ofttimes bursts all bounds and overflows the heart's citadel like a devastating cloudburst. It is death in life to a man to picture the woman he loves receiving a husband's caresses and kisses in place of his own as her liege lord. The home picture, as he looks into the future and sees her with little children gamboling about her knee, maddens him.

Strong is the man who can crush down his emotion with an iron hand and reason calmly: "It was not to be; she was his heartmate, not mine." He calls it a woman's treachery and distrusts all womankind thereafter until the wound of his heart has healed, though it takes long years.

He does not consider that nature's plan has been worked out as was intended by a higher power than man's, and that he was destined to love not once and once only, but a second time. That his heart had to pass through the crucible of woe to possess the refining quality which would render it fit to mate with the second heart, waiting anxiously but patiently for his love.

In affairs of the heart man is stronger than woman. He sets himself the task of forgetting and nine times out of ten he accomplishes it. He is strong of purpose, saying with the poet:

Am I mad that I should cherish
That which bears such bitter fruit?
I will pluck it from my bosom,
Though my heart be at the root.

It takes all a man's composure to meet his old sweetheart, whom he has never ceased loving, as another man's wife. Wise is he who holds aloof from her, lest the old wound show signs of troubling again. If he cannot resist the overwhelming desire to be near her, ever hovering about her, he has as little wisdom as the moth who flutters over the scorching flame to his undoing.

The man is as great a general who commands his own heart, winning in love's battle, as he who commands an army on the field and gains the day.

* *

"Whom a Woman Loveth She Fighteth."

Dear Miss Libbey: Is it true "Whom a woman loveth she fighteth"? A young woman and myself seem to be always having some misunderstandings. Is this a sign she likes or loves me; or is it just the reverse? DISTRESSED.

It depends upon the woman. You are probably too lenient with her. Give her to understand you do not like such foolishness and do not propose to stand it. Most women like to be bossed by those they love.

* *

No! No!!

Dear Miss Libbey: Do you think it is proper for a girl to just up and ask a boy to take her to some place of amusement or a show? And why are the girls so popular that do that way? GERALDINE.

The right kind of girls don't find it necessary to ask young men to take them about. Only ordinary, common girls would be guilty of such ill breeding.

* *

Religious Query.

Dear Miss Libbey: Have known a young lady of Catholic faith for several years, while I am a Protestant. Lately I have begun to feel that I care for her a great deal; in fact, dream of her and think of her most of the time. You, of course, realize that we both have pessimistic views regarding the religion of the other. She told me that she won't give up her religion for anything, but I would do anything rather than give her up. Do you think that if I married her and joined her church I would get over my pessimistic views? I feel that I could, but my church friends advise me not to—say that it always turns out bad. PERPLEXED.

Your church friends are ill advised. I know of a number of most happy marriages where men have adopted the religion of the girl they married.

* *

He Wanted to Commence a Friendship.

Dear Miss Libbey: I have been a reader of your columns for the last four months and have come to the conclusion that they have done a deal of good. I met a young girl when I went to grammar school whom I admire much. We went to school together until I graduated, then I went to high school in a distant city. We used to write to each other a great deal, until about a year ago, when she didn't answer my letter. I sent her a postal card, but got no reply. Then I sent another letter asking her to commence a friendship. She did not answer. Then I made a personal call, but she wasn't at home. I told her folks all about my misfortune, and they said they would tell her the circumstances. In a few days I got a letter from her. She did not say she would commence a friendship, but she asked me if I remembered the good times we used to have together. What does she mean by this? Would you advise me to call on her? I haven't seen her for two years. Did I do right by telling her folks all about the circumstances. BOB.

She simply means it gives her pleasure to remember the happy times of years gone by. Yes, there would be no harm in calling on her. There is no reason why you should not have told her parents if you wished to do so.

* *

He Is Suspicious.

"Dear Miss Libbey: Although my eyes are so full of tears that I cannot see the keyboard, I feel that I must write to you a few words tonight to ask you for your sympathy and advice. If ever you had occasion to furnish first aid to a wounded heart now is the time. Until 1 o'clock today I was as happy as Helen of Troy. But a cloud has come into the sky and my whole life and future seems blackened and sad. At this hour my lover, whom we will call Dr. C., rang me up on the phone and accused me of having an affinity. I was shocked beyond words, for, of course, the green eyed monster jealousy has seized him and he is making false accusations. Dear Miss Libbey, do tell me what to do. The injustice of this wrung my heart and brought many tears to my eyes. Under the circumstances what would you advise me to do. Do you consider this kind of a man a good life companion, one who is so suspicious.

"BUNNY."

Suspicious people aren't worth bothering with. They always spell out misery for those they come in contact with. Make no explanations, ask for none, and let the fellow go. It is the best thing to do.

* *

She Is Cool.

"Dear Miss Libbey: I have been keeping company with a young lady whom I love dearly. The last time I called on her she treated me coolly, and when I asked her when I could call again she said she would let me know. She promised to call me up, but she has not done so. Please tell me what to do. BOB O'C.

Bob, there isn't anything you can do. The girl has evidently got tired of you.

* *

Schoolteachers as Wives.

"Dear Miss Libbey: I have read your columns for a long time, and the time comes when I must seek your advice. I am engaged to a young lady school teacher, who I think loves me dearly, and I love her. Now, Miss Libbey, would you advise me to marry her, as she does not know a thing about housekeeping? What is your opinion of a school teacher as a wife? W. E. K.

Yes, if you love her. They are apt to be a bit dictatorial, but they usually make pretty good wives.

* *

Try Staying Away.

"Dear Miss Libbey: I have been keeping company with a young lady, calling on her once a week. I know she has several gentlemen callers, but still she tells me I am the only one. Please tell me what to do in order to win her for myself. Please advise me. "J. H."

You might try the plan of staying away for awhile and see how it affects her.

* *

He Spent Money on Kitty.

"Dear Miss Libbey: What would you advise under the following conditions: A friend, a certain Mr. George ——, met another friend, a certain Miss Kitty, for the first time at my house or table. He spent quite a sum of money entertaining her, dinners, etc. Now that she has "thrown him down," he asks me to reimburse him. I cannot see that I am in any way responsible for his expenditures on Kitty. I admit that they first met through me. Do you think I am really responsible for his ignorance? E. R. K.

Absolutely no!

* *

Genevieve Wants to Propose!

Dear Miss Libbey: Our office boy, who has brown eyes, gives me candy and chewing gum, and always calls me to the telephone when I get a call. He seems considerate, and I am sure from the way he looks at me that he loves me. Now, I think the world and all of him, but he only earns $6 a week. Do you think it advisable for me to suggest marriage to him, or do you think he himself will propose soon? Dear Miss Libbey, won't you please let me know soon, for I'd like to be married in June. GENEVIEVE.

You can't tell much by looks, Genevieve, words are needed, besides this isn't leap year. The office boy is only trying to be polite to you.

* *

He's So Bashful.

Dear Miss Libbey: I am 18 years old and I go with a young man of 23, and am deeply in love with him. He is nice, but awfully bashful. He passes up and down our house, but he is too bashful to come up. Is it my duty to pay his attention, or what shall I do? SARAH.

I don't know what you mean by "paying his attention," Sarah. Don't give up hope. He will probably overcome his shyness if he loves you.

* *

Economical Housekeeping.

BY JANE EDDINGTON.

Hash.

THE thrifty housewife of fifty or even twenty-five years ago knew a half dozen tasty hashes. These were made from leftovers which she often planned to have. She browned these in her spider or frying pan, folding them over like an omelet, so that they could be served daintily, and they were always welcomed on the table and made piquant by a homemade catchup, chili sauce, or chow chow. These latter were often made with the winter hashes distinctly in mind.

Hashes were then commercialized and fell into great disrepute under various facetious names. Some of the so-called hashes of today are made of uncooked materials instead of cold cooked ones and we call some of the daintier ones of the leftover réchauffés.

Interests.

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or four boiled potatoes, one egg, a
Chop corn beef and potatoes sep-
moving first all gristle from meat.
er and chop very fine and season to
d one beaten egg and enough milk
Put in a buttered baking dish,
ith cracker crumbs and dots of but-
in moderate oven, covered for one-
then uncovered to brown.—Mary E.
50 Surf street.
Hash.—Two cups of cold boiled rice,
tomato stock, two cups of chopped
os of onion if desired. Mix rice and
ion, fill baking dish with layers of
rice, cover with crumbs of bread
ne-half hour.—Rose W. Bingel, 4201
ua.
Vegetable Hash.—Cut all of the
boiled in soup into dice and serve
cream sauce with chopped parsley.
be plenty for four or five people.
ables will be finely flavored by the
.—Mrs. C. B. Rix, Milwaukee, Wis.

Hash.—Take one pound of lean beef
small pieces. Cook in two cups
about one and a half hours, salt
hen partly done and allow to brown
ke out the meat and chop fine. Re-
ew pan and put on it about three-
a cup of water. Stir in a little
hicken slightly. Have ready four
potatoes, put them through a ricer
meat with a little butter on top.
he oven about twenty minutes to
o not stir the potatoes after ricing,
them light and flaky. Serve this
which it is baked.—Mrs. W. B. Hop-
nette, Ill.
Hash.—Pick off the meat from beef
ch was used for soup and free of
d fat. Put through meat grinder
green pepper, adding also one-half
ead crumbs and one cup of sweet
on highly, mix thoroughly, and add
ell beaten. The mixture should be
t. Bake about half an hour in a
ish covered for a few minutes.—
Smith, 6448 Woodlawn avenue.
Hash.—Fry 10 cents' worth of
k a nice brown and grind—save all
t in the skillet with water to cover
simmer. Cut three medium pota-
all dice and slice one onion, add to
salt, pepper, and butter to taste.
ly done put in mold and brown in
Mrs. T. H. Fawcett, 6025 Ellis ave-

d of Beef.—Cut in small pieces one
over beef from a chuck potroast or
eak. Cook up in two cups of water
alf onion till tender. Add one-half
o pulp and one-half minced green
our into greased pudding pan after
to taste with salt and pepper. Cover
es of fresh bread cut into inch
ke twenty minutes.—Mrs. L. G. Rose,
emac avenue.
Calf Lungs.—Boil two calf lungs
and herbs. Chop lungs fine. Fry
butter one onion chopped fine and
ngs, one teaspoon of beef extract,
little marjoram, and salt. Heat a
er and flour together and add to
a Johnson, 2229 Calumet avenue.

GIRL'S QUESTION PUZZLES POLICE

Plan to Block Intimidation of Witnesses Against New Cult's "Revealer."

HEARING IS ON TODAY.

See to Be Called for Trial Before Judge Scully in Municipal Court.

Police Capt. Max Danner last night said he had discovered that attempts had been made to intimidate his principal witnesses against Evelyn Arthur See, "revealer of the absolute life," who is to be tried on statutory charges before Judge Scully at the Sheffield avenue Municipal court this afternoon. The captain ordered an investigation and said others may become involved in the proceedings.

Miss Mildred Bridges, youngest and most important witness against See, was the first to tell of alleged instruction, and later Miss Mona Rees, the other girl who resided at 2541 Racine avenue, told the police she had been instructed how to testify.

Several hours after the girls made these revelations to the police they and their mothers held a long conference with Attorneys Callahan & Callahan, who were retained by See earlier in the day.

Girl's Question Gives Clew.

Detectives McLoughlin and Essig had gone to the Racine avenue address in the company of George Lange, a Juvenile court officer, when Miss Bridges, according to the police report made to Capt. Danner, approached the detectives with this question:

"Say, do I have to testify according to the instructions of my father just because I am a minor?"

"No, certainly not; you must testify to the truth?" replied Essig.

"Well, papa said I must look out for my own reputation. And must I repeat the confession I made at the police station when the case comes up in court? Can papa take all my things away from me if I say something which is disagreeable to him?"

Will Stick to First Story.

These and other questions which the girl asked the officers convinced Capt. Danner that the girls had been instructed to repudiate their confessions. Miss Rees then was sent for.

"Has your mother instructed you how to testify?" asked the captain.

"Yes, she told me to tell the truth according to the way I understood it in the absolute life—that we didn't sin," replied the girl.

Miss Rees extended the conversation over various phases of the case and left the captain under the impression she would stick to the story she told the police Friday night. This interview took place after Miss Rees had visited See at the jail and given him a dollar to buy little things he might desire.

Used Letter to Hold Girl.

Capt. Danner during the day uncovered additional details concerning the methods of See. His investigators found in the Racine avenue house in the room occupied by Mildred a large pasteboard placard. The police were informed the girl was compelled to sleep on this placard when See was in the house, and that it was tacked on the wall before the girl's eyes whenever See was called out of the city over night.

The board bears this inscription apparently in the handwriting of See:

"Dear Mildred: I hope you will sleep well tonight. This is a hard bed, but I had to leave you some word after the many notes I found everywhere.

"I was glad to have so many good words from you both. I am sure that we are winning a great deal. I love you more and more. You and Mona are proving so true. Yours, EVELYN."

HEARS OF WIRELESS COOKING.

Mrs. Potter Palmer Is One of the Spectators at Demonstration Given at the Electrical Show.

Mrs. Potter Palmer, with Mr. and Mrs. Potter Palmer Jr. witnessed the first public demonstration of wireless cooking at the electrical show yesterday. They happened to be on the spot when C. H. Thordason explained how he could cook by heating frying pans and platters on top of a slab of marble without any direct electrical contact.

The day and night crowds aggregated more than 10,000.

At noon today the Chicago Electric club will hold its regular monthly meeting at the Coliseum, the feature of which will be an electrically cooked luncheon.

CHURCH RULE FOR SUNDAY BEAU

Applicable to Young Men Who Call on Girl Students at Wellesley.

Wellesley, Mass., Jan. 9.—[Special.]—Young men who call on the girl students at Wellesley college Sunday nights must attend worship in Memorial chapel under a new rule just put into effect by the faculty. The young men must go to the services whether they would or not. The rule specifies that no girl shall have a beau Sunday night unless he is willing to escort her to the chapel and sit through the service. As a result upwards of sixty male callers received surprises last night when they went to see their friends at the college. All of them were game, however, and went to church.

WOMEN FORM AN ASSOCIATION.

Gad's Hill Center Organization Supported by Representatives of Many City Clubs.

At an afternoon tea yesterday at the Chicago Woman's club the Gads Hill Center association formally was organized. Representatives of many women's clubs of Chicago were present, and will take an active part in several branches of the new organization. Mrs. C. M. Kimball was chosen temporary chairman and Mrs. Helen Sunny appointed temporary secretary. A regular meeting was set for Jan. 20 at Gads Hill Center to elect officers.

CHUMS MUST NOT CONVERSE.

Court Puts Boys on Probation and Forbids Them to Speak to Each Other.

Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 9.—Municipal Judge C. L. Smith today ordered William Coddington and John Walsh, aged 16 and 17 years respectively, not to speak to each other for one year. That was only one of a number of rigid terms pronounced by the court before putting the boys on probation. They had been arrested for disorderly conduct. A policeman was appointed to act as guardian.

Shot as He Leaves House.

The police are searching for an unidentified man who shot and wounded Pasquale Portino, 608 Shelby street, last night as he was leaving his house. Portino was wounded in the left shoulder and head. He was taken to the County hospital.

Ellen Terry Enacts Favorite Roles in a Talk on Shakspeare's Heroines.

SUFFRAGET? EGAD, 'TIS NOTHING NEW

Mistress Ellen Terry in Lecture Finds Them Among Heroines of Shakspeare.

AGAIN ENACTS PORTIA.

And Is Given Token of Chicagoans' Love for Her as Artist and Woman.

The suffrage movement is old as the hills, says Ellen Terry.

"Women think 'tis of this age original; forsooth 'tis anything save that. Shakspeare himself had need to contend with it," she exclaimed, prefacing a lecture delivered at Orchestra hall last night.

Miss Terry is in Chicago to deliver two illustrated talks about the heroines of the bard of Avon; for her first she selected Beatrice, Rosalind, and Portia to *typify* "heroines triumphant." This afternoon her lecture will be of "Heroines Pathetic."

"Don't you recall how many of Shakspeare's heroines sought to wear trousers?" she said. "Just think how *many* of them wished to get into the garb of their brothers and play the gallant! O there were many of them.

Men Frown as of Yore.

"The same spirit animated the hearts of women then that does now. Perhaps they didn't understand it so well. But in the Elizabethan age as now they wished to do the things that men do. And then as now they were frowned upon by the men when they tried. Then as now they demonstrated they could do as well many of the things generally done by men alone."

Miss Terry talked for over an hour of the heroic spirit animating certain of Shakspeare's characters. She said the world must thank the greatest of dramatists for the greatest and most beautiful conceptions of womankind.

As the lecturer took up the theme of Portia, the Shakspearean critic and scholar was forgotten and there appeared again the Portia which thousands of Chicagoans remember as their only conceptions of the role. Scene after scene was read. At length she took up the lines of Portia's arguments and when she had finished the applause continued for several minutes.

Given Token of Friendship.

The proceeds derived from these lectures are to be given to the Gertrude house fund. The appearances of Miss Terry here have been under the direction of Mrs. Russell R. Dorr. A memorial was presented to Miss Terry during the evening in which were the autographs of several hundred Chicago friends, and the following greeting written by Maude Radford Warren:

"We of Chicago would welcome you back except that you have never really been away from us. Art, even great art, is often impersonal, but your art has left the personal impression. The remembrance of your acting is keen and fresh, so that when you are away from us we think of you as of some friend in a neighboring house who has done for us something beautiful. But there is this difference between you and our friends: Our friends cannot withstand time, but your personality is enshrined in art and is imperishable.

Parting Never to Be Known.

"As long as heather bells swing and skies are blue, so long as the faces of children are innocent and their hands clinging, so long as brave men and women laugh at themselves and with others, so long as mellow old men and women sit kindly with their old memories, so long shall we keep you with us, so that there shall be no question of returning or parting between us."

WRONGED WOMAN ASKS $50,000

Sues St. Louis Millionaire Bigamist for Bogus Marriage.

REAL WIFE SEEKS DIVORCE.

And in the Meantime Sheriff Seeks Drummond with a Warrant.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 9.—[Special.]—This was the busiest day in the matrimonial adventures of Charles R. Drummond, member of the millionaire tobacco family, four times an eloper, and a confessed bigamist, who is supposed to be in New York dodging the police. In the day's developments Miss Agnes McClanahan, the latest of the young women lured by Drummond's money and his diamonds, figured less prominently than two of her predecessors.

At 9:45 a. m. Charlotte Helen Vincent, the third Mrs. Drummond, filed suit against the bigamist in the St. Louis Circuit court for $50,000 damages for their alleged marriage in Clayton Dec. 8 last.

At almost the same moment Judge Wurdeman of the Clayton Circuit court revoked the parole on which he released Drummond after sentencing him to six months' imprisonment for bigamy last Tuesday. He ordered the issuance of a capias for Drummond's arrest, and the sheriff was instructed to bring the wealthy young man back whenever he could and to put him in jail.

Lawful Wife Seeks Divorce.

At 8 p. m., his second and present lawful wife, Mrs. Charlotte Bente Drummond, filed suit against him for divorce in the St. Louis Circuit court.

The second Mrs. Drummond, in her suit, declared that Drummond was worth $500,000, and asked for an alimony order on that basis, and for the restoration of her maiden name.

She alleged that she separated from her husband Feb. 9, 1910, fifteen days after their marriage, and that he had since been convicted of a felony—namely, bigamy. The fact that he pleaded guilty to a bigamy charge and paid a $500 fine was recited in the petition.

The wedding of Drummond and Charlotte Bente was a midnight affair in Clayton, four weeks after Drummond's first wife, Mrs. Maude Ringen Drummond, had obtained a divorce decree there.

Cannot Remember Wedding.

Drummond afterward declared that he had no recollection of the ceremony. He testified in a proceedings against his former wife, relating to his visits to their children, that his "subconscious self" was in control of him at the time. The second wife also said she was under some strange psychic influence and did not know what she was doing.

John McClanahan, Agnes McClanahan's father, departed Sunday night for his home in Eureka Springs, Ark., after two interviews with her, in which he tried unsuccessfully to persuade her to accompany him to Arkansas.

Miss McClanahan says she went to New York on a lark.

"It's nobody's business," she said. "I traveled in a compartment all to myself."

WARM NEW MEXICO DAYS LURE CONSUMPTIVES OUT OF DOORS

Chicago Founders of Valmora Industrial Sanatorium Issue Circular Letter Telling of Work Being Done.

Founders of the Valmora Industrial sanatorium, of which Dr. E. Fletcher Ingals is president, have just issued a circular letter regarding the progress of their work. The sanatorium is backed by a number of Chicago physicians and business men and is not for profit. Its purpose is the care and treatment of the tuberculous cases of patients of moderate means. The report follows:

"At the Valmora Industrial sanatorium at Watrous, N. M., the record shows that during December the sun shone on twenty-nine days. The average daily temperature at noon was 60 in the shade and 80 in the sun—bright, warm days and clear, crisps nights. This is a stimulating and agreeable climate that coaxes one out of doors, and that makes the outdoor life a pleasure and not a hardship.

"The sanatorium places the advantages of this delightful climate within the reach of persons of moderate means. It was established by a number of business and professional men of Chicago whose liberal donations make it possible to take splendid care of patients at $10 per week. There is no endowment for free cases. In order to make it of value to the greatest possible number the directors decided that the institution should be self-supporting, but never to be run for profit. Only those cases are received that have a fair chance for recovery."

NEGRESSES MORTGAGE SOULS.

Also Include Hearts and Bodies in Document Filed to Secure Payment of Twenty Dollar Account.

Gadsden, Ala., Jan. 9.—Roxie Parker and Annie Warden, negro women, today mortgaged "heart, body, and soul" to W. L. Lampkin, a negro merchant, for $20 worth of dry goods purchased by them. The mortgage was filed in the clerk's office of the Probate court here. No other security is mentioned in the paper. Although such a mortgage is not legally binding, all parties to the contract appeared perfectly satisfied.

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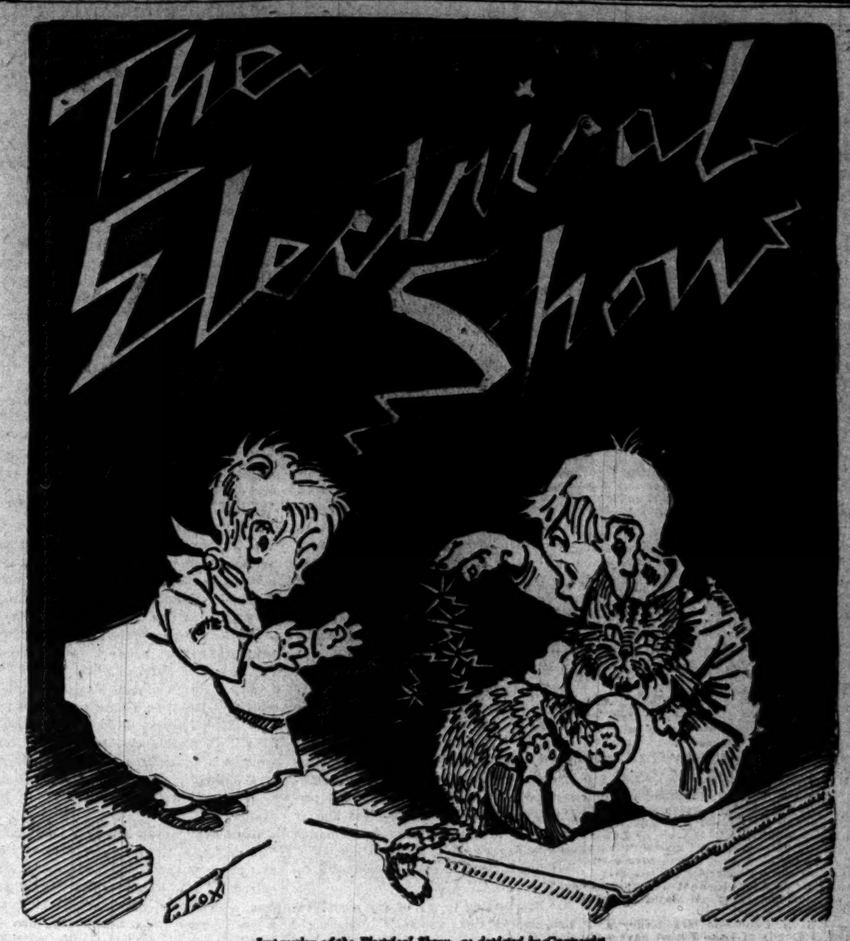

Impressions of the Electrical Show, as depicted by Carmeatin Fox, of the Chicago Evening Post

Practically every adaptation of Electricity to the needs, comfort, health and happiness of humanity is elaborately exhibited and demonstrated at this year's Electrical Show. Parents whose children are now, or soon to be, studying the subject of Electricity in school should take them to see the wonders at the Coliseum. Nothing else would be so effective in creating a lively interest in the subject. The exhibits are quite as instructive and entertaining to grown-ups. Merchants especially will be interested in the exhibit of the Commonwealth Edison Company.

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TUESDAY, JANUARY 10, 1911.

THE HONOR OF THE SENATE.

In which spirit shall the question of the purity of an election of United States senator be dealt with by the "most dignified legislative body in the world"?

In the spirit of Senator Beveridge's declaration that if only one case of bribery be clearly established it "*makes the whole election foul.*"

Or in the spirit of the majority report of the senate committee on privileges and elections—namely: that unless enough votes can be legally proved tainted to change the result, an election is pure?

This is one of the two great quesetions which confront the United States senate in what is now realized throughout the nation to be a crisis in the history of that august body.

The other question is this: Shall it be held in the senate, as in the nation, not only that one case of bribery makes a whole election foul but also that one tainted senatorial seat makes the whole senate foul?

In this spirit the great mother of parliaments holds her honor high.

What says the conscience of the United States senate? Senator Beveridge and Senator Owen have challenged this conscience—the people of the United States challenge it.

What is to be the answer?

The judgment of the whole senate in the case of William Lorimer will be that answer, and the bases of its judgment are now broadly laid by that remarkable document, the majority report of the committee on privileges and elections, and the report of Senator Beveridge given to the senate yesterday, supplemented by the address of Senator Owen, in support of his motion to declare the Lorimer election invalid, and the earlier statement of Senator Frazier.

Senator Beveridge's report is the fruit of an exhaustive examination of the evidence presented to the committee. As a result of that study—although he challenges the senate to set up a higher standard of honor than that proposed by the majority report—he is enabled to show that even this majority standard has been met.

Senator Beveridge's discussion is in luminous contrast to the astonishing reasoning, omissions, evasions, and conclusions of the majority report. The judgments of the majority report may be summarized as follows:

(1) That the four confessed bribetakers were unworthy of credence or that their testimony was of "doubtful value."

(2) That "in each case in which it was claimed that some member of the Illinois general assembly had been bribed to vote for Mr. Lorimer, the accusation was positively denied by the person accused of committing the alleged act of bribery."

(3) That Mike Link "was compelled by means fully set forth in his testimony to retract his former statement" (that he had not been paid to vote for Lorimer) "and testify to having received money for Mr. Lorimer."

That as to H. J. C. Beckemeyer, "his experience before the grand jury was similar to that of the witness Michael Link, and as against his declaration last made before the grand jury and repeated to the subcommittee, we have his statement to Michael Link denying the use of money in the senatorial election, and also to Robert E. Wilson that he did not get any money for voting for Mr. Lorimer, and if any one said so he was a liar."

That as to D. W. Holstlaw, "this witness also was driven to making this statement by certain proceedings taken before a grand jury of Sangamon county, Ill., and in many respects the story told by his witness seemed to the subcommittee to be a highly improbable one."

(4) That "after a careful examination and consideration of all the evidence," even if it were conceded that these four votes were bought, "there are no facts or circumstances from which it could be found or legally inferred that any other member or members were bribed to vote for Mr. Lorimer," and that "the committee can find no warrant for believing that either one of said legislators (Browne, Broderick, Wilson) was moved by any corrupt influence."

(5) That evidence of jackpot corruption had no bearing on the question of the Lorimer election, that Luke, Clark, and Shephard are innocent; and, finally,

(6) That there was no evidence offered during the hearings "which would tend in the remotest degree to implicate Senator Lorimer in any personal act of bribery or corrupt practices of any nature."

As to these judgments, Senator Beveridge comes to an opposite conclusion and presents the grounds for his conclusions.

(1) As to whether the confessions of the four bribetakers are to be discredited, he declares that "it is an undisputed fact of conclusive force, although the majority ignores it, that the confessed bribetakers were shown to have had in their possession, in bills of large denominations, unusually large sums of money soon after the dates when they swore to having received the alleged bribes."

The absolute silence of the majority report upon the corroborative evidence is the most eloquent fact about that egregious document. There was no breakdown of this evidence as to the sudden growth of wealth among the legislators charged. But the majority report ignores it. It has nothing to say of the evidence of the cashier of the State Bank of Chicago, who swore that Holstlaw had personally deposited the $2,500 given him by Broderick in bills of large denomination on the day sworn to by Holstlaw.

It has nothing to say of Holstlaw's deposit slip.

It has nothing to say of any corroboration, Myers' or Browne's promise of "the ready necessary," Terrill's plain talk from Griffin, "$1,000 anyway"; Groves' and Pattison's colloquy, nor even Lee O'Neil Browne's public epigram, "You can't cash dreams."

Is there any wonder that Senator Beveridge and Senator Owen do not find themselves in accord with a majority report that turns a blind eye on evidence of this kind?

(2) As to the majority report's notion of the weight to be given denials by men charged with a crime, Senator Beveridge remarks:

> What else did the majority expect these accused bribe givers to do, except to deny that they gave the bribes; what else could they have done, unless they, too, confessed? Did the majority expect everybody connected with these corrupt proceedings to confess?

Indeed, the majority members seem to have been profoundly impressed with every word of Browne, of Broderick, who "refused to answer" lest he incriminate himself, and of Wilson, who kept away from the committee in Canada until virtually all the evidence was in. Why was it that they were so "creditable" and every word of testimony against Lorimer "of slight value" or "unworthy of credence"?

As to the "third degree" melodrama, Senator Beveridge says:

> The majority lay great stress upon the testimony of bribe taker Link as to his treatment by State's Attorney Wayman and his assistant state's attorneys, Arnold and Marshall. The language of the majority report suggests sympathy for bribe taker Link under this treatment and condemnation by the officers of justice who, Link says, subjected him to it.
>
> But Link's theatrical account of what he calls the "third degree," to which he says he was subjected, is explained by the testimony of State's Attorney Wayman. For example, in the matter of being placed in the custody of an officer in Chicago and to and from his home, it actually appears that Link was glad to have an officer with him for protection, if, indeed, Link himself did not ask that an officer be sent with him.
>
> The men of whom Link most bitterly complains are Assistant State's Attorneys Arnold and Marshall. Yet the committee did not subpoena these officers of justice to give their account of Link's story although they were residents of Chicago, in which the hearing was held. The majority seem to think that the remarkable third degree story told by Link actually "compelled" him to testify to a falsehood in confessing his bribery both before the grand jury and before the subcommittee. If so, it was important that Arnold and Marshall should give their account. Yet they were not called. If not—if Link testified to the truth when he swore that he received this bribe money—why is the majority so concerned about Link's third degree melodrama?
>
> The majority report ignores one reason that Link repeatedly gave for denying that he met Browne and Wilson and got the bribe money from them. Link swears that he made this denial because he did not wish to get his "friends." Who were these friends whom Link was so afraid of getting into trouble that, to protect them as well as himself, he at first committed perjury by denying having met Browne and Wilson and getting money from them?

As to the majority report's position that "there are no facts or circumstances from which it could be found that any other member or members were bribed," Senator Beveridge holds:

> The question before the senate is whether it believes these four men received bribes. If so, then it must believe somebody gave the bribes, and if they are to be believed when they say they were bribed they must be believed when they name other members of the assembly as the bribers. The testimony is overwhelming that four members were bribed, and that three members bribed them. I am not able to follow the mental processes that concede that the four bribe takers got their money but did not get it from the three bribe givers whom it is conceded they met in suspicious circumstances.

Nor does Senator Beveridge scorn the corroborative value of the jackpot testimony implicating Shephard, Clark, and Luke, declaring the evidence "convicts them of having shared the plunder at the same time and place, from the same hands and for the same consideration as their fellow members, who repeatedly testified to having received it and were afterwards shown to be in possession of it."

And, finally, as to Lorimer's personal relation to or responsibility for the corrupt practices involved in his election, Senator Beveridge makes the following pointed suggestions—namely:

That Lorimer is "a seasoned politician"; that he was "on the ground practically the whole session"; that "he was there principally for the purpose of defeating the will of the voters of his party as declared in the primary"; that he was the "intimate" friend of Browne; that to secure his own election he absolutely required the votes of large numbers of the opposite party; that he and Browne worked together for at least ten days or two weeks, "during which they were in repeated and almost continuous conference," and that the testimony shows that it was during "these fateful ten days" that bribery was arranged.

Therefore Senator Beveridge inquires:

> Even if the corruption fund came from sources higher up, did these exalted sources of iniquity pass by Mr. Lorimer, whom they were trying to elect with this putrid money, without his knowing a thing about it?

In law Mr. Lorimer must be held to have knowledge of these transactions in his behalf.

Wherefore Senator Beveridge submits his resolution in terms similar to that offered by Senator Owen—namely: that William Lorimer was not duly and legally elected to a seat in the senate of the United States by the legislature of the state of Illinois.

"It is no longer William Lorimer on trial," said Senator Owen at the close of his vigorous address, "but the senate itself is on trial before the bar of the American people."

THE CENTRAL BANK CONTROVERSY

In October, 1909, Raymond Patterson, THE TRIBUNE'S long time Washington correspondent, wrote a number of letters in which he discussed in his thorough and impartial fashion the currency and banking systems of this country and the plans which had been proposed for their betterment. A central bank is one of them, and to it Mr. Patterson paid special attention. Its pros and cons never had been considered more judiciously than by him. In the course of his investigations he visited many cities and learned the sentiments of many men. He familiarized himself with popular sentiment as well as with the views of the men of finance.

There has been no monetary legislation. The national monetary commission has not reported yet. The questions discussed by Mr. Patterson still await action. Therefore the letters which he wrote a year and a quarter ago are as interesting and valuable now as they were then. This has led to a request for their republication, a request to which THE TRIBUNE gladly acceded. They have just been printed by Chapple & Co., Ltd., of Boston.

The national monetary commission has had printed and has distributed widely thousands of pages of literature about banks and banking in this and other countries. But Mr. Patterson's letters embrace in the small compass of a hundred pages a mass of condensed, practical information and timely explanation which one would search for in vain elsewhere. Every man called on to legislate on the subjects they treat of should read them.

"Not legally elected."

THAT'S the report of the gentleman from Indiana.

"THE so-called election of William Lorimer . . . was illegal and void."

THESE highly disrespectful words appear in the resolution offered by the gentleman from Oklahoma.

FROM which it doth clearly appear that all reports to the effect that "the Lorimer case is closed" are premature, if not worse.

MEANWHILE good citizens everywhere will sympathize with any local Hercules who will undertake to clean out the political Augean stables in the First ward.

SENATOR LA FOLLETTE spent $4,000 and got a renomination. His opponent spent $114,000 and got left.

COMMISSIONER GLENNON, who gives all those interesting items concerning the management of the county hospital, should brace himself for a shock. He will be called a muckraker.

"THE newspapers and reform organizations of Illinois," says Speaker Adkins, "have not always spoken well of Mr. Shanahan." The statement might be made a great deal stronger than that, Mr. Adkins, without imposing any strain on the facts.

MISS TERRY thinks there is too much steam heat in Chicago. The United Order of Apartment House Janitors should send Miss Terry the handsomest bouquet the floral markets of the city afford.

WELL informed householders will use no milk unless it can give a certificate of good moral character.

IN A MINOR KEY.

Any Old State.

Reporter—You expelled him, as I understand the case, because he had been bribed.

Indignant Statesman—Sir, you have been grossly misinformed! We expelled him because he confessed that he had been bribed!

The Hon. M. Hat's Climate.

"Medicine Hat,
Up where you're at,
What does your mercury show?"
"O, we lead the game,
And still hold our fame
As the city of Forty Below."

Q. S. A.

Where He Drew the Line.

Inquirer—How about those "edible birds' nests"? Are they really good to eat?

Information Editor—O, that's all a matter of taste. I prefer the edible birds.

Color Scheme.

"Going to have music, a procession, and a public meeting at your wedding, are you, Rastus?"

"Yes, suh."

"Isn't that a good deal of red tape?"

"No, suh; yo' cain't call a cullud band red tape."

First Words of Famous Men.

John D. Rockefeller—Ah, goo.
J. Pierpont Morgan—Ba, ba.
Andrew Carnegie—Google, google.
W. J. Bryan—Me, me, me.
John W. Gates—Ow, wow.
Chauncey M. Depew—Ha, ha, ha.

No Excuse for This.

There was a young man in Emporia,
Who wedded a girl named Honoria;
But she ran off one day
With a fellow named Clay,
And he merely said, "Sic transit gloria."

G. Z.

Trimming Him Down a Little.

Elderly Swell—What has become of the—aw—the other pretty manicure lady I used to see at this hotel?

Comely Damsel—I presume you mean my mother. She's looking after a husband and a houseful of children. What can I do for you, sir?

C. W. T.

MARQUISE DE FONTENOY.

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ENGLAND'S Jockey club is about to become the subject of some difference between the governments of the United States and Great Britain. For, yielding to strong pressure on the part of the sporting world in the United Kingdom, and vigorously supported by the sporting press and by a number of the great daily newspapers that accord much attention to racing matters, the Jockey club is about to impose a fee of from $250 to $500 on every American yearling imported into England for sale, the purpose being to protect the English breeders. Of course the Jockey club has no means of forcing the payment of this fee at the time of the importation of the American horse. But it can bar it from all the tracks which it controls, and thus render it virtually valueless for turf or even for breeding purposes.

It is said that if the Jockey club inaugurates this measure, the cause of the American racing men and owners of breeding establishments will be taken up by the United States government, and that a protest will be addressed to the foreign office. Should this take place or should the matter be brought up in parliament, where the majority is overwhelmingly opposed to any sort of protection of the home industries and committed to free trade, the Jockey club would probably have to back down in a manner calculated to injuriously affect the great prestige and reputation for power and authority which it enjoys not only in England but abroad. It may therefore be hoped that the three stewards or triumvirate constituting the executive committee of the Jockey club, and the supreme tribunal of racing in all matters pertaining to the English turf, and also in questions of honor, will think twice before committing the club to a decision from which it would subsequently be obliged to recede. It must be borne in mind that King George is the president of the Jockey club, to which members of the past and present cabinets belong.

Capt. Sir Henry Dundas, who has just succeeded to his brother's baronetcy and estates in Midlothian, and who now becomes tenth Laird of Arniston, has received, along with his other possessions, an interesting heirloom, given to the first Laird of Arniston, Sir James Dundas, in 1580, and the preservation of which from all injury is indispensable to the welfare and fortunes of the Dundases of Arniston. In fact, the mascot of Arniston, which is a beautiful glass goblet of apparently old Venetian manufacture, is just as highly prized by the Dundases as is the "Luck of Eden Hall," by the Musgraves of Eden hall, and the famous glass goblet of Lord Muncaster at Muncaster castle; the "Lee Penny," etc. Sir Henry is married to the daughter of the Earl of Home, one of whose other daughters, Lady Margaret, is the wife of the Hon. Reginald Walsh, who has just resigned the post of British consul in New York.

The Dundas family is one of the most ancient and historic in Scotland, and is represented today in the peerage by the Marquis of Zetland, formerly viceroy of Ireland, and by Lord Melville, who belongs to the Arniston branch; in the baronetage by Sir Henry Dundas of Arniston and by Sir Charles Dundas of Beechwood, while the chief of the entire house is Capt. Charles Hope Dundas of the royal navy, who makes his home at Inchgarvie house, South Queens Ferry, and at Amberley road, Sydenham, London, and who is the thirty-third chief of the Clan of Dundas, in a direct line from Serle de Dundas, a contemporary of King William the Lion.

The Arniston branch, now represented by Sir Thomas Dundas, was founded when George, sixteenth chief of Dundas, purchased the Arniston property for the purpose of providing an estate for his eldest son by his second marriage, with Catherine daughter of the third Lord Oliphant. James Dundas, the first Laird of Arniston, was knighted by King James VI. of Scotland as governor of Berwick. His son and namesake, James, was knighted by Charles II., and for many years occupied a seat on the bench of the Supreme court of Scotland as lord of session under the title of Lord Arniston. His eldest son also became a lord of session, as Lord Arniston, and his son in turn occupied a seat on the bench of the Supreme court, taking the same title as that of his father and grandfather.

Indeed, for five generations the Lairds of Arniston were judges of the Supreme court of Scotland, with the title of Lord Arniston, a record without parallel, the last one to hold this office being Robert Dundas, who died in 1819. His son was called to the bar and was on the high road to similar judicial eminence when the reform bill by depriving his family of control of the parliamentary representation for Midlothian which it had held for over a hundred years caused him to retire from public life, and to spend the remainder of his existence on his estates as a Scottish chieftain and landed proprietor at Arniston.

Arniston was originally part of the lands on the South Esk, granted in the twelfth century to the Knights Templar by King David I., and was the first settlement of that once mighty order in Scotland. It extends to upwards of 12,000 acres, of which some 3,000 are under timber or woodlands. The property lies at a considerable altitude on the northern slope of the Moorfoots.

Sir Walter Scott was a frequent visitor at Arniston, and the following entry is to be found in his diary: "I am always happy in finding myself in the old oak room at Arniston where I have drunk many a merry bottle, and in the field where I have seen many a hare killed."

Perhaps the most famous of all the Dundases of Arniston was Henry Dundas, a younger son of one of the Lords Arniston, who were lords of session, and who was the right hand man of Prime Minister Pitt, and his treasurer of the navy. Raised to the peerage through Pitt as Baron Dunsira and Viscount Melville, he was impeached by the house of commons for malversation while treasurer of the navy, and being duly acquitted after a trial by the house of lords, which returned a verdict of "not guilty," he died, leaving a large fortune.

The present Viscount Melville was for many years consul general of Great Britain at Christiania, and makes his home at Melville castle, in Midlothian.

England's new house of commons offers some interesting features in its representation of various callings. Of the 660 odd members, 160 consist of bankers, merchants, manufacturers, and men engaged in industrial and mercantile pursuits generally. Then there are 145 lawyers, 53 authors, newspaper proprietors, and journalists, and between 80 and 90 officers of the army and navy, the latter preponderating. There are also 2 Nonconformist ministers, 2 Irish peers, 45 sons of peers, 25 engineers, architects, and surveyors, and about 40 farmers, or men directly interested in agriculture.

The Labor party consists of 42 members, of whom nearly all began life as pit boys, factory hands, in the blacksmith's shop, or the iron foundry. The oldest member of the house is 88. R. Cameron, one of the representatives for Durham, is also over 80, while there are nearly a dozen septuagenarians; the youngest members being Viscount Wolmer, son and heir of the Earl of Selborne, and the Hon. C. T. Mills, son and heir of Lord Hillingdon, both of them being a little over 23.

JUST OUT.

"How is it that the quail on your bill of fare is always struck off?"

"That's just a fancy touch," explained the beanery waiter. "We never had a quail in the joint."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

A LINE-O'TYPE OR TWO.

BY the rude greens that dot our links,
Their flags to April's breeze unfurled—
American golfers bearing sledgehammers, croquet mallets, rakes, soup ladles, coal shovels, and sundry other implements upon which they have bestowed fondly the name "putter," will fire another shot that will be heard around the world.

NOT since the Boston tea party has such a crisis confronted us. Draw up the new Declaration of Independence! T'ell with St. Andrews! Hoots! toots!

Considerable Postulate.

[From the Sat. Eve. Post.]

"Given—some one who has spent her life among the many colored folks of culture."

THE New York Sun has no objection to opera in English, but it wishes it understood that there is nothing new in the notion. Rossini's setting of "The Barber of Seville" was sung in New York in English six years before it was done in Italian, and "The Marriage of Figaro" was popular in the English version long before it was sung in any other tongue. There has rarely been a time in which the music loving public of America was not more or less supplied with opera in English.

"A NOTED American singer," says the Sun, "has yielded to the supposed demand for opera in the vernacular and has sung in concert some scenes from one of the works believed to be best suited to the use of an English text. The general opinion seems to be that the experiment had little artistic value."

VERY likely the trouble is chiefly with the translation. Chicago is assured of opera in English next season, but there has been no assurance of an artistic translation. Such a translation will cost considerable money. Will we get it? Probably not.

Precocity.

You'd scarce expect one of my age
To be on this important page.
But day and night I try to mint
Some phrase to get myself in print.

JULIET.

IF Signor Puccini, who discovered the possibilities of the American revolver as a musical instrument, desires a libretto even more explosively true to American life, we can put him contiguous to the ultimate dress-goods. Prof. Lomax of the University of Texas has made a collection of cowboy songs and other frontier ballads, and one of these, entitled "Jesse James," would, if expanded into a libretto, back "The Girl" off the boards. We append a few stanzas:

JESSE JAMES.

Jesse James was a lad that killed a many a man;
He robbed the Danville train.
But that dirty little coward that shot Mr. Howard
Has laid poor Jesse in his grave.

Poor Jesse had a wife to mourn for his life.
Three children, they were brave.
But that dirty little coward that shot Mr. Howard
Has laid poor Jesse in his grave.

It was Robert Ford, that dirty little coward,
I wonder how he does feel,
For he ate Jesse's bread and he slept in Jesse's bed,
Then laid poor Jesse in his grave.

Jesse was a man, a friend to the poor,
He never would see a man suffer pain,
And with his brother Frank he robbed the Chicago bank,
And stopped the Glendale train.

It was his brother Frank that robbed the Gallatin bank,
And carried the money from the town;
It was in this very place that they had a little race,
For they shot Capt. Sheets to the ground.

AS the male voters in Adams county, Ohio, have been disfranchised for five years, why not turn the county over to the Suffragettes for that period? Anything they might do would be an improvement.

MR. LORIMER'S goat is beginning to suspect that all is not well.

PRONUNCIATION is vexation, writes a cor. "Did you call it Recamier, or did you say Recamier?" Our recollection is that we said Recamier.

Just for Variety—

Mr. Goldstein sells clothing on Market street. Pietro Cetro retails bananas on Adams street. A man named Casey runs a saloon on Halsted street. A colored bootblack in the Palmer house is named Henry Jackson. And the College Inn has a waiter named George.

GREAT Gunns and Happy Hacketts!—as Miss Gay Votte exclaimed—are there no German conductors of Wagner left? Last year we were raving about Toscanini. This year it is Campanini who is "surpassing German interpreters" of the great Richard. Who's the next 'Nini?

DO YOU GIVE IT UP?

At the Baptist church every Sunday evening in January there shall be special topics. Program will be as follows: Jan. 8, "Where Did the Devil Come From?" Jan. 15, "Should Every Home Have a Refrigerator?" Jan. 22, "Should Any One Have a Banking Account?" Jan. 29, "Should All the Banks in Atlantic Be Trusted?"—Atlantic (Ia.) Telegraph.

"So do we.

DURING his memorable administration T-R took five minutes to instruct the government to bring suit against the New York World; it was one item in a busy day. The World is still printing long, double-leaded editorials about it.

BEFORE the report was filed Mr. Lorimer protested the innocence of himself and his friends. You may classify this as nerve, or—

Assurance,	Brass,
Effrontery,	Audacity,
Courage,	Daring,
Impudence,	Front,
Shamelessness,	Crust,
Hardihood,	Gall.

FOR ONCE, WE DON'T KNOW.

Memphis, Jan. 8.—In the café this morning he had one of those tinfoiled cigars with a band outside the tinfoil. He removed the band, then the tinfoil, and then slipped the band back on the cigar. Now, why didn't he leave on the tinfoil and remove it bit by bit as the cigar smoked up? B. K. J.

"I AM getting tired of these stories about Jeffries being doped," says Mr. Johnson. Then why read them, Mr. Johnson? We don't.

A Wee White Violet.

For little me to foot the Line,
How easy that would be,
Were only my school teacher judge,
Instead of B. L. T.

ELIZA.

MR. LORIMER must have been a trifle pained when two of his colleagues "clashed" in their eagerness to get at him.

PARISIANS are supposed to be wonderfully polite. Yet you never heard of one offering his seat to a lady—in the Academy.

THERE are, it appears, two persons that read Shakspeare—Mr. Mantell and Miss Terry.

MUST we boil the milk, too? B. L. T.

"THE FRIEND OF THE PEOPLE."

All communications to this deparment should be addressed to The Friend of the People, THE TRIBUNE office, Chicago, and must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer.

RIGHTS OF RAILROAD TRAVELERS

Chicago, Jan. 4.—Please tell me something of the rights of travelers. Is the holder of a first class ticket entitled to a seat, even if the company has to put on another coach, or give him a seat in a Pullman, or parlor car? I was once compelled to change coaches during the night on account of an accident to the one I was in and in the transfer lost my ticket receipt. I was compelled to pay cash fare for the rest of the journey and was just a year getting it refunded. I was told the conductor had my original ticket. Would I have been justified in refusing to pay this?

Can a traveler demand a seat when the round trip ticket is called "excursion ticket," but is the regular, all the year round form and is only a few cents less than the 2 cents a mile rate?

TRAVELER.

There have been conflicting decisions as to whether a railroad ticket is a contract merely for transportation or whether it is also a contract for a seat. Courts have held both ways. The prevailing decisions, however, seem to indicate that a ticket covers the transportation and that the carrier is required to furnish "reasonable" facilities and to furnish a seat "if practicable." The passenger therefore has the right to refuse to give up his ticket and wait for another train if he cannot get a seat, but, according to the decisions, if he elects to remain on the train must accept such facilities as are available and is entitled to no refund.

It is the practice of many railroads to instruct their conductors in the printed rules to give a passenger a seat in a Pullman car or dining car if none is available in the coaches until a point is reached where another coach can be added to the train.

In the case of the accident it would seem that the conductor should have taken cognizance of the unusual conditions and not required the purchase of another ticket. This is indicated by the fact that the amount was refunded, although, of course, a delay of a year was unwarranted. Court decisions indicate that an excursion ticket makes no difference in the obligations of the railroad. A passenger may refuse to use his ticket, but cannot ride free even if given no seat.

THE GAP TO BE COMPLETED.

Chicago, Jan. 5.—The through route which was to be established on Kedsie avenue from Sixty-third street on the south to Belmont avenue on the north has after much delay been almost completed. But on the north side of Twenty-second street there is a space of about twenty feet where the rails have not, as yet, been laid, making it necessary for the people to walk about a block in slushy and rainy weather and wait for a car at the other end, thereby causing great inconvenience for those traveling over this line. P. C. B.

The Kedsie avenue through route is now under consideration by the board of supervising engineers and will be placed in operation just as soon as an equitable division of fares between the Chicago Railways company and the Chicago City Railway company can be arranged.

NORTHWESTERN L AND WILMETTE

Wilmette, Ill., Jan. 5.—Does the Northwestern Elevated expect to place its terminal now situated at Central street, Evanston, at Laurel street, Wilmette, or in Llewellyn Park? E. N. K.

To which President Starring makes this answer:

We will thank you to say to your correspondent that the Northwestern has no definite expectation or plan on the subject. What it will do in this respect neither its officers nor its board of directors now know. It has no intention of extending its service into Wilmette unless it receives an additional fare for the service rendered in Wilmette. Yours truly, M. B. STARRING, President.

TEMPERATURE IN STREET CARS.

Chicago, Jan. 2.—I came downtown this morning on North State street car No. 685, passing Chicago avenue, south bound, at 10:48. The car was very cold and damp, the thermometer registered at 44 degrees. The passengers were coughing and uncomfortable. I complained to the conductor, who seemed to regret the low temperature, but said he had done all in his power. The condition was almost as bad as in former days, when they piled straw into the street cars and tried to heat them with small stoves.

It certainly is possible to warm street cars with electricity. Is there not an ordinance on this subject and is there not some way in which the street car companies can properly be induced to warm their cars?

J. W. LOWE.

The Chicago Railways company makes this answer:

The franchise ordinances of Feb. 11, 1907, require all surface cars to be kept heated at a temperature of 50 degrees "as nearly as practicable." In zero weather, however, it is sometimes difficult to maintain this temperature in a car where the doors are frequently opened to allow the entrance and exit of passengers. The surface lines are doing everything possible at all times to keep the cars heated, and there is not much complaint about cold cars, even in extremely cold weather.

The fact must not be lost sight of, either, that many passengers who are warmly bundled up for winter weather object to cars being over heated, and insist upon the transom ventilators being open.

75 CENT GAS LEGISLATION.

Chicago, Jan. 4.—Some eight or ten years ago, if I remember accurately, the rates for gas, both illuminating and cooking (at that time of a different grade), were lowered by city ordinance. The gas company through injunction proceedings, I think, restrained the enforcement of the new rates and continued collecting the old rates, of course creating a possible liability under its injunction bond on the possible failure of the litigation. Through the press, I think, the public was informed that the excess charge, thus forcibly collected, would be returned if the gas company lost in the upper courts and accordingly the public was advised to retain its receipted bills. I have a stack of such. The present rate, I think, is the rate fixed by ordinance at that time, so that the gas company was forced to accept the reduced tariff. But why is not the gas company liable for a return of the excess collected? Has it ever returned this excess or will it on presentation of bills receipted for the excess charges return the excess. I shall be glad for accurate information as to the exact status of this matter. J. R. M.

The reply of the corporation counsel follows:

In reply to your request of Jan. 5 relative to information concerning the 75 cent gas ordinance and litigation relative thereto, I beg to advise you that this litigation arises out of the suit of Mills vs. city of Chicago. Two decisions of Judge Grosscup are reported, one in 125th Federal Reporter at page 731, the other in 146th Federal Reporter at page 430. The result of the proceedings in this case before Judge Grosscup was that he entered a decree enjoining the city from enforcing this ordinance. This case was appealed to the Supreme court of the United States (203 U. S. 331), and Judge Grosscup's rulings were there affirmed in an opinion filed on the 4th of February, 1907.

You will, therefore, note that there can be no rebates coming to any gas consumer, inasmuch as Judge Grosscup enjoined the enforcement of the ordinance on the ground that it was void.

Since the passage of the 75 cent gas ordinance it has been superseded by the present 85 cent gas ordinance, which is now in force.

EDWARD J. BRUNDAGE, Corporation Counsel.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

CAR SITUATION IN BERWYN.

Berwyn, Ill., Jan. 8.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—In Sunday's issue THE TRIBUNE says concerning the traction muddle in the western suburb: "The business of Forest Park, because of the amusement park and cemetery traffic, might also be found compensatory at the 5 cent rate, but the case of the other suburbs, Berwyn, Lyons, River Forest, and Maywood, is said to be more uncertain, and the solution offered probably would be the zone system."

I wonder where the eyes of the public are when they do not see the traffic that is going on in Lyons all through the summer. Just as soon as the warm days come until the frost comes again the people flock to Lyons like a swarm of bees. World's fair was nothing worse for crowds. Saturday afternoon and evening they are going by the trainloads (street cars running every two minutes apart) and staying all Saturday night in the woods of Lyons and some of them returning at 5 or 6 in the morning, some staying until the last street car at night. On Sunday we Berwynites have street cars run only to Harlem avenue, because we never would be able to get on a street car on account of the large crowds. On Sunday street cars are run every minute or two apart and every car is crowded even to standing on the back or sitting on top. This is kept up all day Sunday until the last car at night. During the week we Berwyn people who are at the mercy of street cars are compelled to wait anywhere from ten to twenty minutes for street cars.

MRS. L. M. MCBURNEY.

MUSEUM ON AN ISLAND.

Chicago, Jan. 6.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—About one year ago I designed and named an island to be built in Lake Michigan between Forty-sixth and Forty-ninth streets, for the committee on bathing beaches and recreation piers. This island is to built on Morgan shoal, so I called it Morgan Shoal park. Morgan shoal is solid rock, the surface of which is only 4 to 14 feet below the surface of the water. No better foundation can be secured anywhere in the city for such a massive building as the museum will be, and the facilities for rapid construction are excellent, as materials can be delivered both by lake and rail. The concrete foundations for the museum can be laid in the water and the island constructed around them.

The Illinois Central track elevation should be extended to Forty-seventh street, so that the Forty-seventh street car line may be extended due east on a trestle to the site of the island. This would make the dumping of refuse and street sweepings a simple proposition.

LEROY L. HUNTER.

BANKERS IN FEDERAL PRISONS.

Santa Barbara, Cal., Dec. 31.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—Many people would like to know by whose authority Warden McClaughry of the Leavenworth penitentiary violates the usual prison rules in favor of John R. Walsh, the convicted bank wrecker. Walsh, though an ordinary felon in the eye of the law, is allowed to transact his private business and to receive mail and visitors practically as if he were living at an hotel.

HERBERT EARLCLIFFE.

THE CUTOFF AS A MOTOR SIGNAL.

New York, Jan. 7.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—When Justice Gorham of the District court at Providence, R. I., rendered a decision a few days ago holding the cutoff a sufficient automobile warning signal, he raised a question of the most vital interest to motorists everywhere.

It is true that the cutoff makes as much of a warning sound as some automobile horns, but it does not possess the principle of the warning signal that is of value. The motorist favors a signal that will impel man and beast to get out of the way instantly without stopping to look or to inquire into the cause of the noise until a point of safety is reached.

This variety of signal serves a double purpose. It saves life and prevents damage suits. Therefore it is what is needed.

As a motorist who visits many sections of the United States and is a reader of your paper, I offer the suggestion that you ask the motorists among your readers to give their views of this question, whose importance can hardly be overestimated.

CHARLES JOHNSON.

RELIGION AND THE PRESIDENCY.

St. Charles, Ill., Jan. 5.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—To settle a controversy, will you please answer the following questions: Is an American born Roman Catholic, or an atheist, or one who does not believe in a Supreme Being, eligible for the presidency of the United States? MRS. E. A. B.

[There is no law which prevents any native born American entitled to suffrage from becoming president. Religious belief or the lack of it is not a bar to eligibility.—Editor Tribune.]

NOW THEY ARE "FIVE."

Madison, Wis., Jan. 6.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—It is an inspiration to women who have been working for the ballot for years to read the fine editorial in your paper this morning. Such good words help our cause far more than any woman lecturer can advance it by the strongest address she is able to give. When you say there are already "four states where women have full suffrage," you should have said five, as last fall the men of Washington honored themselves and the women of the state by voting two to one for woman suffrage. And in California both men and women say they think that state will be the next to enfranchise.

MRS. HENRIETTA C. LYMAN,
President Wisconsin Collegiate Alumnæ Suffrage league.

WHY THERE ARE NO TOBOGGANS.

Chicago, Jan. 7.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—Is it a fact that there are no toboggans in any of the parks this winter, and can you say why not? W. F. C.

[Toboggans were abandoned in the south park system because there was not enough demand for the sport. In the west park system they proved too expensive and were not used enough. Two years ago they cost $5,000 and were only used six days. The additional reason is given that they spoil the lawns.—Ed. Tribune.]

PACKERS MA
FOR INJUN
Would "Tie Hands
Following Failure
Prosecution.
JUDGE REJECTS
Carpenter's Decision
by Lawyers as "Dar
ceed with Mo
Beaten for a third time in th
fight to escape criminal pro
United States District court b
A. Carpenter's decisive ruling
big packers are now expect
a measure even more extraord
yet attempted: An appeal to
Grosscup for an injunction sto
final prosecution.
In the arguments before J
last week, Attorney Levy Ma
the packers told the judge t
refused the motion then be
would tie his hands by just a
The answer of the judge a
mal legal language from the
day is forceful enough to be
a dare. The position of Judge
it is the duty of the Distric
grand jury, and of the distr
proceed along

THE PEOPLE."

...l be addressed to The Friend of the ...t be accompanied by the name and ...

...PERATURE IN STREET CARS.

...icago, Jan. 2.—I came downtown this ...ing on North State street car No. ...passing Chicago avenue, south bound, ...10:48. The car was very cold ...damp, the thermometer registered ...4 degrees. The passengers were ...ing and uncomfortable. I com... ...ed to the conductor, who seemed to ...t the low temperature, but said he ...done all in his power. The condi... ...was almost as bad as in former ... when they piled straw into the ...cars and tried to heat them with ... stoves.

...certainly is possible to warm street ... with electricity. Is there not an ...ance on this subject and is there ...some way in which the street car ...anies can properly be induced to ...n their cars?

J. W. Lowa.

...s Chicago Railways company makes ...nswer:

...franchise ordinances of Feb. 11, 1907, ...ire all surface cars to be kept heated ... temperature of 60 degrees "as nearly ...racticable." In zero weather, however, ... sometimes difficult to maintain this ...erature in a car where the doors are ...iently opened to allow the entrance ...exit of passengers. The surface lines ...doing everything possible at all times ...ep the cars heated, and there is not ...h complaint about cold cars, even in ...mely cold weather.

...fact must not be lost sight of, either, ... many passengers who are warmly bun... ... up for winter weather object to cars ... over heated, and insist upon the tran... ...ventilators being open.

...5 CENT GAS LEGISLATION.

...icago, Jan. 4.—Some eight or ten ... ago, if I remember accurately, the ... for gas, both illuminating and cook... (at that time of a different grade), ... lowered by city ordinance. The gas ...any through injunction proceedings, ...ink, restrained the enforcement of ...new rates and continued collecting ...old rates, of course creating a pos... ...liability under its injunction bond ...he possible failure of the litigation. ...ough the press, I think, the public ...informed that the excess charge, thus ...bly collected, would be returned if ...as company lost in the upper courts ... accordingly the public was advised ...etain its receipted bills. I have a ... of such. The present rate, I think, ...he rate fixed by ordinance at that ..., so that the gas company was forced ...cept the reduced tariff. But why is ...the gas company liable for a return ...he excess collected? Has it ever re... ...d this excess or will it on presenta... ... of bills receipted for the excess ...ges return the excess. I shall be glad ...accurate information as to the exact ...s of this matter. J. R. M.

...e reply of the corporation counsel fol...:

...eply to your request of Jan. 5 relative to in... ...ation concerning the 75 cent gas ordinance ...litigation relative thereto, I beg to advise ...that this litigation arises out of the suit of ... vs. city of Chicago. Two decisions of ... Grosscup are reported, one in 127th Federal ...rter at page 731, the other in 143d Federal ...ter at page 430. The result of the proceed... ...in this case before Judge Grosscup was that ...tered a decree enjoining the city from en... ...g this ordinance. This case was appealed to ...upreme court of the United States (206 U. S., ... and Judge Grosscup's rulings were there ...ed in an opinion filed on the 4th of February, ...

... will, therefore, note that there can be no ...e coming to any gas consumer, inasmuch ...dge Grosscup enjoined the enforcement of ...rdinance on the ground that it was void. ...e the passage of the 75 cent gas ordinance ... been superseded by the present 85 cent gas ...nce, which is now in force.

...WARD J. BRUNDAGE, Corporation Counsel.

...PEOPLE.

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PACKERS MAY ASK FOR INJUNCTION

Would "Tie Hands of Court" Following Failure to Check Prosecution.

JUDGE REJECTS PLEA.

Carpenter's Decision Interpreted by Lawyers as "Dare" to Proceed with Move.

Beaten for a third time in their spectacular fight to escape criminal prosecution in the United States District court by Judge George A. Carpenter's decisive ruling yesterday, the big packers are now expected to resort to a measure even more extraordinary than any yet attempted: An appeal to Judge Peter S. Grosscup for an injunction stopping the criminal prosecution.

In the arguments before Judge Carpenter last week, Attorney Levy Mayer in behalf of the packers told the judge that in case he refused the motion then being made they would tie his hands by just such a course.

The answer of the judge as made in formal legal language from the bench yesterday is forceful enough to be considered as a dare. The position of Judge Carpenter that it is the duty of the District court, of the grand jury, and of the district attorney, to proceed along exactly the lines on which the government is proceeding, was emphatically stated.

Would Tie Hands of Court?

Mr. Mayer admitted that the injunction to be sought from Judge Grosscup could not run against the court directly, but he insisted that it would in effect "tie the hands of the court."

This was believed by government attorneys to mean that the injunction would be asked against the attorney general, the district attorney, and the several special assistants headed by Special Assistant District Attorney James H. Wilkerson, in whose hands is the actual work of prosecution.

Lawyers said that the court's move could be the appointment of fresh special assistant district attorneys to carry on the work.

The attorneys for the packers refused to comment on their future course, but the words in which Attorney Mayer outlined it in court last week in answer to Judge Carpenter's questions, were as clear as the words of the judge's answer which ended with these denials of the contentions of the eminent counsel:

"The rights of the defendants are separate and distinct in the two cases; the methods of procedure are separate and distinct; the power of the court to act is separate and distinct. The parties are not the same; the rights are not the same, and the remedies are not the same. The motion will be denied."

Says It Is Only Preliminary.

In answer to a question from Judge Carpenter as to why the defendants did not go into the equity court if they believed their rights lay there Attorney Mayer said that they had "anticipated that question," but had decided to "go to the Criminal court first" because they considered it the more "orderly procedure" and a "recognition of courtesy due the tribunal," but stated that such action was a mere preliminary to a resort to the equity court.

He then said:

"Although the Equity court does not and cannot enjoin this court and can only enjoin parties indirectly, in effect it is practically an injunction which ties the hands of the court, although the court is not a party to it. Therefore in order to avoid what may be an unseemly conflict the practice is to go first into the Criminal court and ask for a stay just as we have done here."

The "stay," however, has been denied, and in no uncertain terms, and attorneys say it is "up to" the packers to carry out their injunction threat.

The matter is so seriously considered by the government that the case is regarded as at a crisis, and all the local staff will leave this morning for Washington to confer with the attorney general personally on the case.

Third Move by Packers.

The attempt which was defeated yesterday was the third one made by the packers to throw the case from the District or "Criminal" court, in which Judges Landis and Carpenter are sitting, to the Circuit or "Civil" court, presided over by Judges Grosscup, Kohlsaat, Baker, and Seaman.

Motorcycle Skids; Kills Rider.

Logansport, Ind., Jan. 9.—[Special.]—D. C. Mathews, a motorcycle agent, was killed today by a fall from his motorcycle. The machine skidded when he was running at high speed.

Oysters
That Are Fit to Eat

If you like delicious oysters and wish to be sure they are fresh, clean and wholesome, and not half or two-thirds lake or ice water, you will insist that your dealer supply you with Ribbon Sea brand packed in glass by THE UNITED OYSTER GROWERS. BE SURE THIS NAME IS ON THE LABEL.

Our oysters are grown in sea beds where NO STAGNATION or possibility of impurities to endanger the health of either the oyster or consumer exists.

We never water or freeze our oysters, but as demand requires they are dredged, taken alive from the shell and packed in porcelain lined vacuum carriers which maintain a 40 degree temperature and arrive in Chicago daily by fast express (carriers always sterilized before and after using), then are repacked, as ordered, in new glass packages and by automobile delivered to your dealer and you get SWEET, FAT, DELICIOUS, CLEAN, HEALTHY oysters and you DON'T BUY LAKE or ICE WATER when ordering RIBBON SEAL brand.

We give the public the finest oysters in the world; if you have already eaten them, you know we do; if you haven't you are missing a treat. Telephone your dealer and ask him to supply you and insist upon getting the oysters packed by THE UNITED OYSTER GROWERS in glass.

The price is 10c, 20c and 35c.

Each package holds one-third to twice as many Real Oysters as you get when buying ordinary oysters in bulk with LAKE WATER.

Why not eat OYSTERS that ARE FIT TO EAT?

Ask your dealer to telephone or write us. We will do the rest.

The United Oyster Growers, Inc.
19 Michigan Ave. Tel. Randolph 949

POINTS OF LAW STIR COURT

Line Between Legal and Illegal Restraint Debated.

JUSTICES QUIZ COUNSEL.

Tobacco Case Furnishes Rapid Questioning in Supreme Tribunal.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 9.—Where to draw the line between legal and illegal restraint of interstate commerce was the burden of rapid fire questions today in the reargument before the Supreme court of the United States of the dissolution suit against the American Tobacco corporations.

Before they could be answered another set of questions concerning what the Sherman antitrust law meant by the "monopolising" of trade had opened.

"Generalities are good," said Justice Day to J. C. McReynolds, one of the attorneys for the United States, "but it seems to me the government ought to have an explanation now of what the law means by 'monopolising.'"

Mr. McReynolds had just resumed his argument when Justice Holmes asked:

"Do you think that to buy out a man and make a covenant with him that he will not engage in the same business in a certain time is unlawful?"

Court and Justices Debate.

Mr. McReynolds said the Supreme court had decided that control of a major part of business was sufficient for the courts to act, and that the business of the tobacco corporations came within the line of decisions laying down the rule.

Justice McKenna suggested that the court in arriving at a decision must have a basis on which to work. He wanted to know what basis the government would have it advance.

The attorney repeated that the decisions of the court announced were sufficient to decide the present case.

"If I may say so, I believe," continued Mr. McReynolds, "that the court will make a great mistake if it attempts to decide in this case all that the Sherman antitrust law means. There is a borderland out yonder into which it is not necessary to go."

Chief Justice White suggested that where there was a borderland there was a border.

"Where is it?" inquired the chief justice. "What is your theory of the law, I ask you, and you respond that your theory is that we have decided this case in your favor."

Counsel Gives His Theory.

Mr. McReynolds said if the court wanted his theory notwithstanding the theory of the court he would give it. It was that the law intended to prevent interference with the free flow of competition in commerce between the states and that any combination that was sufficient to interfere with the free flow was within the Sherman anti-trust law. He explained that he had in mind a material and direct obstruction of commerce.

SISTER OF BANKER IN JAIL WITH HIM

Dr. Rabinovitch Remanded to the Tombs in New York Case.

CHARGED WITH PERJURY.

Repudiation of Aged Couple as Parents Leads to Indictment.

New York, Jan. 9.—Aside from progressive work or reorganization and reconstruction in affected institutions which will necessarily extend over the week, New York's banking situation is normal tonight. Timid depositors are reassured, the stock market is optimistic, and Joseph G. Robin, whose operations caused the flurry, is still in the Tombs.

Another member of the Robin family entered the Tombs today, Dr. Louise Rabinovitch, sister of Robin, was indicted on a charge of perjury, and remanded in default of $5,000 bail. She had sworn in an effort to have Robin committed to an asylum and his estate taken over by a committee that she and her brother, Edward, were his only heirs at law. But investigation disclosed an aged couple the prosecution contends are the parents. On this discovery the indictment is based.

Once Thought They Were Parents.

Both old persons had been witnesses before the jury, as had the alleged son, Edward Robinson. When they met face to face in the courtroom the elderly woman attempted to throw her arms around Robinson's neck, but he drew back and repulsed her.

"Is that your father and mother?" Robinson was asked.

"I am not sure," replied Robinson. "I know these people and have known them for a number of years. We came to this country with them, and as a youngster I always thought they were my parents. But of late something has happened which leads my brother and myself to believe they are not our parents. We have the evidence which proves it."

Enters Plea of Not Guilty.

After Dr. Rabinovitch had been indicted she was arraigned in the court of general sessions, where she entered a plea of not guilty.

During the day Andrew Carnegie issued a statement denying any connection with the Carnegie Trust company, and reissuing a letter published in 1906, objecting to the use of his name by the institution.

WIDOW WINS FIGHT FOR SON

Ten Year Old Boy, Held in Michigan, Brought to Chicago.

SEPARATED FOR 3 YEARS.

State Deaf to Mother's Claim, but Bowed to German Emperor.

Erik Meichels, the 10 year old prize for whom his widowed mother has been fighting in the courts for two years, came yesterday to his new Chicago home.

Mrs. Hedwig Meichels, in tears, welcomed her son at 207 East Thirty-seventh street. He was taken to her by the Legal Aid Society of Chicago. She had not seen her son for three years.

Mrs. Meichels, widow of a former Battle Creek merchant in Michigan, left her son with Amos Krug, a contractor, when she came to Chicago. She had arranged, she says, to pay $1 a week to the Krugs as board for the boy until she could establish a residence in Chicago.

When she sent for him, she says, she received only a mailed notice of court proceedings to declare her son a dependent under the Juvenile court law of Michigan.

When she hurried to Battle Creek she found a court order already entered committing the child to the state school at Coldwater.

Returning to Chicago, Mrs. Meichels appealed to the Legal Aid society, and an attack on the Michigan law was begun. The case went through the Probate, Circuit, and Supreme courts of Michigan to no avail. Nothing could be found on which the state authorities were willing to undo the red tape of the Juvenile court law of Michigan.

It was found that the boy's father never had taken out naturalization papers and had been a citizen of the German nation when he died. Finally the German consular agents in Michigan demanded, in the name of the German emperor, the restoration of the child to its mother.

CALLS ADAM STORY A PARABLE.

Bishop Lawrence of Massachusetts Says It Was Invented to Satisfy Child Mind of Early Man.

Boston, Mass., Jan. 9.—In answer to a request from the audience that he explain his statements regarding man's descent from the ape, Bishop Lawrence in Ford hall declared:

"The story of Adam and Eve was a parable invented to satisfy the child mind of early man.

"It is just as we give it to the child today that God made us, then explain later on, as his mind develops, and he will understand the theory of evolution."

239,608 TELEPHONES IN CHICAGO TODAY

How many will there be on Saturday, January 14th?

Each visitor to the Electrical Show is handed a card entitling the bearer to estimate the number of telephones in operation January 14th. The person who first makes an estimate nearest to the correct number will be furnished a single line telephone in his residence for one year without charge. What is your estimate?

CHICAGO TELEPHONE COMPANY

Winter Resort Hotels in sunny California

Reverse the calendar. Enjoy summer and its pleasures this winter.

A perfect climate for all outdoor sports makes California the ideal vacation land. From San Diego to San Francisco, superb hotels provide all the luxuries of metropolitan life; balls, receptions, bridge parties and musicales fill out the enchanting semi-tropic evenings.

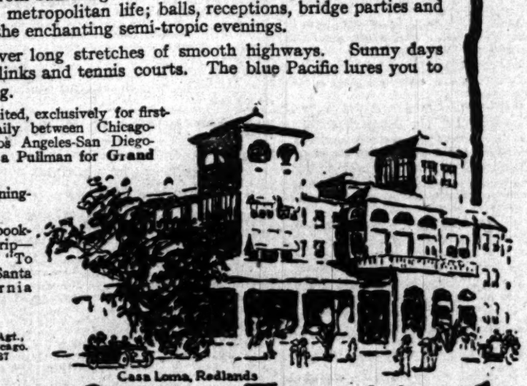
You can auto over long stretches of smooth highways. Sunny days invite you to golf links and tennis courts. The blue Pacific lures you to try deep-sea fishing.

The California Limited, exclusively for first-class travel, runs daily between Chicago-Kansas City and Los Angeles-San Diego-San Francisco. Has a Pullman for **Grand Canyon** of Arizona.

Fred Harvey dining-car meals.

Ask me for illustrated booklets of train and trip—"Titan of Chasms," "To California Over the Santa Fe Trail," "California Limited."

G. T. Gunnip, Gen. Agt., 108 Adams Street, Chicago. Phone, Central 2087



The California Limited

AMUSEMENTS.

JOY
LYRIC | IS ON TAP | JACKSON BLVD., near State | Phone Randolph 3831
LEW FIELDS' TEN STRIKE SHOW
THE Jolly Bachelors
With STELLA MAYHEW
Lucy Weston, Al Leech and a Ned Wayburn Chorus
"Spirited, delightful. Thoroughly good performance."—TRIBUNE.
$1 MATINEE TOMORROW

THE NEW BLACKSTONE THEATER | Michigan at 1st. Mich. & Wab. ave. Phone Har. 6460
MATINEE TOMORROW. Prices 25c to $1.00
CHARLES FROHMAN Presents
Wm. H. Crane IN GEORGE ADE'S NEW COMEDY
"U. S. MINISTER BEDLOE"
Firemen's Benefit, Auditorium, Jan. 13, Mat. & Night

AMUSEMENTS.

AUDITORIUM THEATER
GRAND OPERA
LAST FIVE PERFORMANCES.
Tonight at 8—Last performance of THAIS. Garden, Giaconia, Dalmores, Dufrasne, Huberdeau. Gen. Mus. Dir., Campanini.
Tomorrow at 8—OTELLO. Korolewics, Zeroia, Sammarco. Musical Director, Persoko.
Monday at 8—L and II. Acts TALES OF HOFFMAN. Sylva, Zeppilli, Di Angelo, Dalmores, Beck, Daddi, Nicolay, followed by PAGLIACCI with ENRICO CARUSO. Main Floor $7.
Mason & Hamlin the Official Piano.

HAYMARKET | MATS. TUES., THURS., SAT. 25c.
HARRY CLAY BLANEY Next—"The Soul Kiss."
Firemen's Benefit, Auditorium, Jan. 13.

IMPERIAL | Madison and Western Ave. Phone West 221.
A LITTLE BROTHER OF THE RICH
25c—MATS. TUES., THURS., SAT.—25c.
Next Sunday—THE SQUAW MAN.

AMUSEMENTS.

POWERS' MAT. TOMORROW | BEST SEATS $1.00.
HENRY B. HARRIS Presents
THE COUNTRY BOY
ORIGINAL NEW YORK COMPANY.
Prices—Eves. & Sat. Mat., 50c, 75c, $1 & $1.50.
Firemen's Benefit, Auditorium, Jan. 13. Mat. and Night.

3 Twins | CHICAGO OPERA HOUSE | LAST WEEK | Mat. Wed. 50c-$1
WITH
CLIFTON CRAWFORD
Firemen's Benefit, Auditorium, Jan. 13, Mat. & Night

LA SALLE | 200 TIMES | FRIDAY
The Sweetest Girl in Paris
62D MATINEE TODAY
GOOD SEATS, MAIN FLOOR 75c

AMUSEMENTS.

CHICAGO OPERA HOUSE | Beginning Sun. Eve. Jan. 15 | Mats. WED. SAT.
ZELDA SEARS IN "THE NEST EGG"
BY ANNE CALDWELL
THE PLAY OF 100 LAUGHS AND 1 TEAR
"When some poor, unfortunate folks die either place they go to it'll be so far ahead of what they've experienced here they'll be more than pleased with the change."—HETTY GANDY'S SAYINGS.
SPECIAL NO. 2.
"ALL THE WORLD OVER THERE ARE HETTY GANDYS LIKE THE WOMAN IN THIS PLAY. IT WAS NEVER INTENDED THAT THEY SHOULD LEAD THEIR LONELY, LOVELESS LIVES. FOR EVERY HETTY GANDY THERE IS A WILEY BASSETT—SOMEWERE. THE PITY IS THEY SOMETIMES NEVER MEET, BUT GO THEIR WAYS ALONE, STARVING FOR LOVE AND COMPANIONSHIP AND DYING UNSATISFIED. OFTEN A STRANGE CAPRICE OF FATE MAY BRING TWO HEARTS TOGETHER. IN THE CASE OF THIS PARTICULAR HETTY GANDY AND WILEY BASSETT IT WAS AN EGG THAT CAUSED THE DESIRED HAPPINESS—JUST A COLD-STORAGE EGG, AND THREE YEARS OLD AT THAT.
WATCH THE EGG TO-MORROW!

Colonial Mats. Tomorrow and Saturday
"OH, YOU CHICAGO! OH, YOU NEW YORK"
VICTOR MOORE
In the Great Musical Success
"THE HAPPIEST NIGHT OF HIS LIFE"
Prices 50 Cents to $1.50.
Firemen's Benefit—Auditorium, Jan. 13th.

ILLINOIS | EVERY NIGHT at 8 | Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2
CHARLES FROHMAN Presents
THE FANTASTICAL MUSICAL COMEDY
The Arcadians
Firemen's Benefit, Auditorium, Jan. 13. Mat. & Night

OLYMPIC | POPULAR MAT. Tomorrow 2:15
TONITE, 8:15
GEO. M. COHAN'S GREATEST SUCCESS
"GET-RICH-QUICK" WALLINGFORD
Firemen's Benefit, Auditorium, Jan. 13 Mat. & Night

STUDEBAKER Closed This Week
Preparatory to Opening, MON. EVE., JAN. 16
Charles Dillingham will present
HOMEWARD BOUND
With ARNOLD DALY
Seats Thurs., 50c to $1.50. Wed. Mat., 25c to $1.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
MISS GERTRUDE
ELLIOTT
in the Play of Cheerfulness,
THE DAWN OF A TOMORROW
$1 POPULAR MATINEE TOMORROW
Firemen's Benefit, Auditorium, Jan. 13, Mat. & Night

ELLEN TERRY
THIS AFTERNOON
ORCHESTRA HALL
Heroines Pathetic
Seats—75c to $2.00—at Box Office.
BENEFIT GERTRUDE HOUSE FUND.

GARRICK RANDOLPH STREET | Phone 3831 Randolph
Henry W. Savage's New Production of
The Prince of Pilsen
GREATER THAN EVER
Night Prices 50 to 1.50; Spec. Mat. Tomor'w 50c to $1

PRINCESS | Jackson and Clark | Phone Randolph 3831
MR. ALBERT CHEVALIER in "DADDY DUFARD"
FIRST $1 MATINEE TOMORROW

Bush Temple | Phone North 560 | Mats. Wed., Sat. & Sun.
WENNINGER BROS. Own Company
In "KEPPLER'S FORTUNES"
Coming Next Week—THE GAME.

AMUSEMENTS.

ELECTRICAL SHOW
COLISEUM | 10 A.M. to 10:30 P.M. UNTIL JANUARY 21
ADMISSION 50c—CHILDREN 25c
SOUVENIRS TODAY—TONIGHT
WHO GETS THE $2,650
WOODS ELECTRIC AUTO?
TEL-ELECTRIC PIANO PLAYER, THOR LAUNDRY OUTFIT
CUTLER-HAMMER WATER HEATER, ARC LAMP, WESTINGHOUSE FAN; CADILLAC STOVE AND TOASTER, or the SIMPLEX TOASTER.
Every Adult Admission is given one estimate on the length of a column of wire.
WEBER'S BAND
AFTERNOONS and EVENINGS
Miss BLANCH MEHAFFEY, Soloist

MAJESTIC—
REFINED NOVELTY VAUDEVILLE.
Clarice Mayne Famous English Comedienne.
CHIP & MARBLE | RAMESES
McKAY & CANTWELL | HIGH LIFE IN JAIL
ART BOWEN | SWOR & MACK
BISON CITY FOUR | THE KRAGS TRIO
BEDINI & GUICE | MARY ANN BROWN
PRICES—15-25-50-75. TEL. 6480 CENT.

NIGHTS AT 8:20 WHITNEY MATS. AT 2:30
Bargain Mat. Thurs.—Best Seats, $1.
HENRY W. SAVAGE Offers
THE LITTLE DAMOZEL | Best acted play in Chicago
Firemen's Benefit, Auditorium Friday.

GLOBE—Wabash and Hubbard Court
Nights Choice Seats 25c and 50c | Elinor Glyn's Play "THREE WEEKS" Next Week McFADDEN'S FLATS | Mats. Sun., Tues., Thurs., Sat., 25c
Firemen's Benefit at Auditorium Jan. 13th, Matinee and Night.

AUDITORIUM Theater THIS Thurs. at 8:15
Wolf-Ferrari's *NEW LIFE* and *THE MAGNIFICAT IN D* by the Apollo Musical Club (300 SINGERS) Harrison M. Wild, Cond.
Tickets 50c to $2. Lyon & Healy's and Auditorium.

McVICKER'S POP. MAT. TOMORROW
FREDERIC THOMPSON'S PRODUCTION
POLLY OF THE CIRCUS
"A REAL CIRCUS IN A REAL DRAMA"
Firemen's Benefit, Auditorium, Jan. 13, Mat. & Night

CROWN THEATER | Brew$ter's Million$ | 25c Bargain Mats. Tues., Thurs., Sat.
Ashland & Div. Haymarket 223
NEXT WEEK—"THE LIGHT ETERNAL"

The Sincere Man Will Try as Hard at 2 to 5 as He Will at 100 to 1.

LEADING ROLLERS FEEL LESS WORRY

Hang to Places Through Another Bombardment in City Pin Tourney.

LASTS FIVE MORE DAYS.

McGlone and Schoening Gather Big Total of 1,141 in the Doubles Event.

Leaders in Pin Tourney.

FIVE MEN.

Harper Eyes	2,890	Tom Palmers	2,755
W. J. Moxleys	2,855	Crescents	2,744
Breen & Kennedys	2,820	Blouins No. 1	2,742
L. A. C. No. 2	2,791	Colonna club	2,725
Centurys	2,780	Lyons	2,716
Goodfriends	2,764	Ruehls	2,714

TWO MEN.

Carmich'l-McCoy	1,274	Krieg-Behrendt	1,197
Stevens-Rosendal	1,252	Mackay-McGuire	1,194
Kloterman-Behn	1,239	Penfold-Swanson	1,190
F. and H. Rogman	1,224	Mayer-Goldsmith	1,186
Toemmel-Alfeld	1,218	Richter-Reinlie	1,185
Reich-Redpath	1,209	Kroelman-Morb'h	1,180

INDIVIDUALS.

H. Rogman	668	A. J. Nicolet	642
C. Labahn	660	O. Wickboldt	642
F. Dinse	652	L. Jubb	638
S. McRoy	649	E. Meyer	636
A. Toemmel	645	H. Rood	636
C. Johnson	643	W. Meister	635

ALL EVENTS.

A. Toemmel	1,902	H. Saunders	1,843
H. Rogman	1,850	E. D. Pelfer	1,828

BY J. G. DAVIS.

Bowlers in the minor events of the city championships were unable to raise much of a breeze yesterday and with only five days more of rolling the holders of the leading positions are beginning to feel more secure.

Tony McGlone, the South Chicago veteran, and Ed Schoening of the Edison club were the best performers in the doubles gathering a total of 1,141. This was one pin more than was made by their teammates R. Frankel and H. Munk.

McGlone, who counted 624 pins in the team event last Sunday night, followed with 689 in the doubles and a total of 636 in the singles, which enabled him to join the ranks of the double centurions in the all events, his total for the nine games being 1,817. He rolled an uphill game in his first trial in the doubles, drawing railroads in the first and fourth frames, but he made both at them.

An error in the ninth frame of the second game held him to 195, and in the third game he opened with a split and followed with an error in the ninth frame which stopped him at 178. In the singles he opened with counts of 195 and 226 and had a chance for second or third place in the all events prize list, but a split in the second frame of the last game and a railroad in the tenth brought his total to 168, giving him a grand total of 636.

H. Munk of the Edisons, who topped the day's play in the singles with 699, had a bit of hard luck in his first game, fouling in the third frame. He followed this mistake with seven strikes, notching 251.

Score in the team event will swell the Desplaines squad, leading with 2,687, the feature of their scoring being a fine contribution of 679 by Jos. Thoma Jr. thereon:

FIVE MEN.

Desplaines.	1.	2.	3.	Bohemian T.	1.	2.	3.
J. Thoma Jr.	207	216	256	Doorak	168	196	179
Driebel	157	196	186	Kucera	153	160	199
Selp	191	176	142	Konvicka	150	199	157
Koebler	196	157	151	Chalupsky	157	171	183
Schram	185	168	188	Masek	145	162	156
Totals	816	900	921	Totals	779	917	897
Grand total			2,637	Grand total			2,587

West Sides.	1.	2.	3.	Zajicek	1.	2.	3.
C. Stein'ber	134	171	142	Soukup	221	196	147
W. Stein'er	176	202	168	A. Kral	142	165	168
Skilo	172	149	147	Zajicek	168	149	166
Goldstein	128	206	159	Kalhous	182	164	180
Steelman	139	167	183	Bilek	112	116	164
Totals	753	895	816	Totals	825	799	815
Grand total			2,464	Grand total			2,439

Oriental Pts.	1.	2.	3.	Bowler's R.	1.	2.	3.
Rostalman	157	146	216	Houser	180	160	173
Schilmek	142	196	190	Dorsa	166	149	149
A. Jirneka	133	109	171	Bartmek	211	169	156
Fudewa	155	177	182	McClorey	149	191	195
Koerner	167	170	157	Jirek	166	134	173
Totals	754	798	916	Totals	876	803	846
Grand total			2,468	Grand total			2,525

Douglas Pectas	775	752	705—2,250
Coemounds	682	778	839—2,299
Olympians	743	788	753—2,284
Ehrich's Spts	650	658	604—1,912

INDIVIDUALS.

H. Munk	241	161	227—629
C. McGlone	195	226	183—604
F. Robinson	194	150	224—568
F. Bieber	178	189	196—563
Doyle	171	161	197—529
Johnson	184	132	242—558
F. Kautenberg	206	162	181—548
H. Shoening	212	182	151—545
A. Thilmany	170	202	169—541
Oscher	181	194	162—537
A. Taylor	168	198	185—536
H. Smith	161	176	178—531
A. Anderson	183	169	168—520
R. Frankel	157	187	176—520
H. Schneider	198	158	160—516
A. Long	210	160	141—511
H. Linder	194	179	137—510
C. Thormoehlen	160	159	181—510
H. Kohnke	165	159	184—508
F. Meisenbach	149	188	171—507
C. Grady	149	202	156—506
C. Ramler	188	160	157—505
H. McCabe	168	165	169—502
C. Patton	187	144	168—499
F. Schultz	166	162	171—499
C. Sharp	142	155	179—496
H. Hansen	197	153	146—496
C. May	154	169	165—488
H. Schneidewind	169	175	143—487
C. Murphy	159	173	152—484
H. Burke	129	158	199—484
C. Theofel	149	148	167—432
H. Lang	139	150	130—479
H. Schubert	149	160	160—469
H. Stenberg	140	170	136—446
H. Sullivan	149	151	141—441
F. Kosseck	171	109	156—436
H. Koepke	125	168	138—431
H. Swanson	126	106	102—334

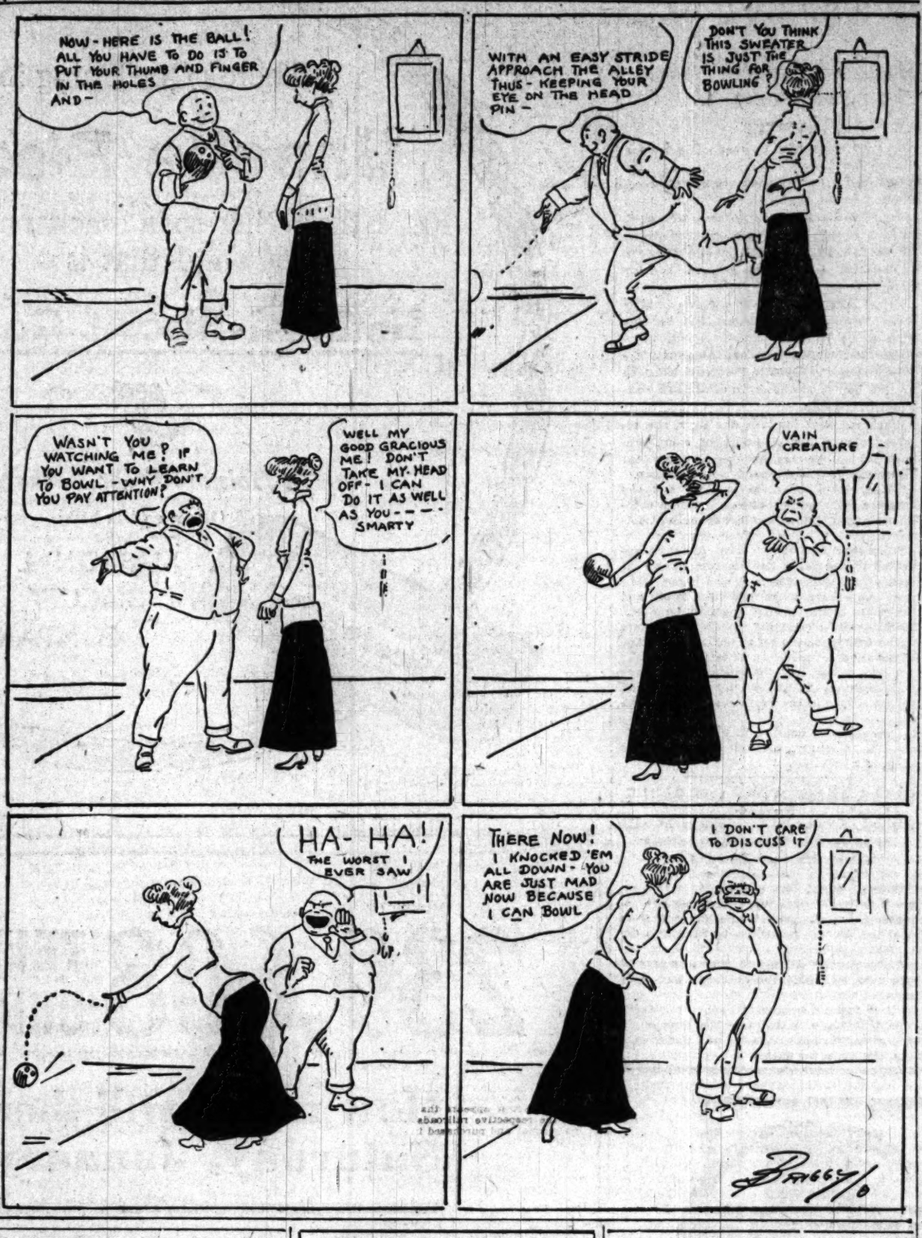
TWO MAN EVENT.

McGlone	216	195	178
Schoening	176	167	219—1,141
Frankel	214	212	179
Munk	168	220	190—1,140
Smith	191	176	219
Schubert	159	174	194—1,118
McCabe	168	178	192
Thilmany	194	167	192—1,101
Stenberg	146	228	168
Patton	149	169	174—1,098
Murphy	176	160	189
Schultz	161	178	212—1,065
Taylor	179	178	151
Koepke	163	180	104—1,052
Sharp	186	172	167
Robinson	203	110	183—1,030
Anderson	189	200	155
Thormoehlen	136	187	187—1,020
Johnson	127	209	165
Ramler	157	180	183—1,025
Long	194	162	168
Long	158	167	171—1,025
Schneider	136	163	190
Grady	167	146	171—991
Hansen	145	146	179
Doyle	169	173	174—986
Meisenbach	149	173	176
Schneidewind	193	140	140—993
Kautenberg	166	157	158
May	172	163	163—972
Bieber	166	184	179
Oscher	147	150	134—962
Theofel	142	167	156
Sullivan	147	170	128—954
Lindner	116	139	139
Burke	151	164	139—847
Kosseck	160	150	127
Swanson	129	151	167—807

Cincy Bowlers Favor Chicago.

Cincinnati, O., Jan. 9.—William F. Magerson, secretary of the Cincinnati Bowling association, said today that the local bowlers will go to St. Louis to attend the congress with the idea of supporting Chicago for the next congress if the Chicago bowlers do. There is little thought here that either Chicago or Dayton really want the big meeting so he says that if the Chicago men want it they have Cincinnati's delegates in a minute.

WINTER SPORT—TEACHING HER TO BOWL.



RECORD LIST FOR A. B. C. MEET

Five Men Entry Breaks Former Mark, Count Being 411.

CHICAGO SHOWS SIXTY-FIVE.

Representation at St. Louis to Be the Heaviest of Visiting Cities.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 9.—[Special.]—Bowlers are to have another record breaking tournament this year, Secretary Abe Langtry of the American Bowling congress turning in a final count of 411 five men teams tonight with the doubles and singles in proportion.

Chicago turned the tide this morning when a batch of ten entries from the Windy City league, along with a belated entry from the Chicago Athletic association, arrived by registered mail with three Fort Wayne teams and swelled the list from under 400 to the new record.

Detroit, the town that held the last meet, and Pittsburg, the meeting place of the year before, fell down miserably, two clubs coming from Detroit, while Smoketown entered only the Hartmans.

Chicago again made good with sixty-five entries, by far the heaviest out of town delegation ever sent from one city to another on a bowling jaunt. St. Louis itself rolled up 145 teams for the list, but without Chicago's strong support would have been left far in the rear.

Tourney Starts on Saturday.

The coming tournament, which starts a week from Saturday, has drawn from a wider section of country than any of the ten meets that have been held, Vancouver, B. C., Denver, and Wichita being far western points drawn on by the A. B. C., while New York City and Washington, D. C., are the far eastern points, Danville shining in from the south, and St. Paul sending no less than seven clubs from the farthest north.

The full list of Chicago teams entered in the tournament is as follows:

Lipmans, Colonnas, Stenwoods, Brunswick Minerallites, Brucks No. 1 and 2, Blouins, Chalmers-Detroits, Sir Cliftons, José Gomez, Bull Frogs, Rogers Parks, Dombrowskys, Seng's Springs, Petersons, South Chicagos, Edco Ryes, Learys, Senators, Boyt Blue Ribbons, Rubinis, Crescents, Bensingers, Leonards, Hazel Aths, Desplaines, Geroux, Diesel's Boomerangs, Brill's Stars, Tropics, Raatz Colts, Lyons, Websters, Fiengers, Concordias, Southwests, First Regiment, Eagle Teas, Cosmos, W. J. Moxleys, Commonwealth Edisons, Pocahontas, Brands, Benningers, Centurys, Hank's Colts, Breen & Kennedys, Millionaires No. 1, 2, and 3, Pasdeloups, Garry Herrmanns, Krugers, Stars, Columbian Knights, Good Friend Shirts, Rossows, Keilys, Jilavs, Krizeks, Stehnos, Zajiceks, Jirusko's, Windy Citys, Jirusko's All Stars, Hovorkas, Ryans, and Chicago Athletic Association.

Chicago Second in List.

Leading cities in point of representation are as follows:

St. Louis, 145; Chicago, 65; Cincinnati, 19; Louisville, 15; Milwaukee, 13; Cleveland, 8; Columbus, 8; St. Paul, 7; Indianapolis, 7; Dayton, 7; Kansas City, 6; Peoria, 5; Toledo, 5; Springfield, Ill., 4; Buffalo, 4.

St. Louis bowlers held a jollification last night in celebration of their feat in passing Detroit's entry in spite of the most adverse circumstances. Langtry figures that at least fifty more clubs would have entered the meet if the railroads had consented to grant the usual reduction in fares while other handicaps were the earliness of the tournament coming so soon after the holidays. Buffalo, where the National Bowling association tourney will be held, is within reach of a majority of the players in the St. Louis tournament at nearly half the railroad rate charged to get here, and only the hardest kind of work on the part of national committeemen of the A. B. C. held some of the card-entry teams from jumping into the Buffalo meet to the detriment of this city.

Work on the alleys started this morning, while Langtry expects to have the schedules ready for mailing by Sunday or Monday. With sixteen days to roll it and sixteen alleys for the meet, there will not have to be any too great a crowding of the schedule this time. Every out of town request for a special date has been met so far.

Rinaker Is Re-elected.

Former Judge Lewis Rinaker was reelected president of the Underclife Sportsmen's association at the annual meeting in the Palmer house last night, and several amendments were made to the by-laws, the chief being that any kind of a gun can be used on its grounds near La Salle, Ill., in trap shooting and that the hours of shooting shall be from 7:30 o'clock in the morning until 4 o'clock in the afternoon during the spring season. Other officers elected were: Vice president, William McFarland; secretary and treasurer, C. P. Zacher; directors, A. H. Winkler and C. W. Gurley.

SPORTING CALENDAR.

TUESDAY, Jan. 10—Fight: Jim Barry vs. George Cotton, Pittsburg; Tommy McFarland vs. Jake Barada, St. Joseph, Mo.; Leach Cross vs. Cy Smith, New York; Eddie McGoorty vs. Jack Dillon, Winnipeg. Shoot: Chicago Gun club meeting, Palmer house. Billiards: New York at Chicago. Bowling: City championships, Fienner's.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 11—Bowling: City championships, Fienner's. Billiards: New York at Chicago. Ice: Northwest outdoor championships, St. Paul.

THURSDAY, Jan. 12—Baseball: A. A. meeting, Auditorium. Swim: Milwaukee A. C. at I. A. C. Bowling: City championships, Fienner's. Billiards: New York at St. Louis; Kansas City at Boston. Basketball: Lewis Institute at Muscatine, Ia. Ice: Northwest outdoor championships, St. Paul.

FRIDAY, Jan. 13—Fight: Frankie Conley vs. Freddie McAndrews, Milwaukee; Abe Attel vs. Patsy Kline, New York. Basketball: Wisconsin at Purdue. Ice: Western indoor championships, ice palace. Bowling: City championships, Fienner's. Billiards: New York at St. Louis; Kansas City at Boston.

SATURDAY, Jan. 14—Track: I. A. A. C. handicap meet, Seventh Regiment armory. Basketball: Chicago at Illinois; Wisconsin at Northwestern; Indiana at De Pauw; high school semi-finals. Fencing: Illinois division novice foils and sabers. Central Y. M. C. A. Golf: U. S. G. A. meeting, Blackstone hotel. Ice: Western indoor championships, ice palace. Shoot: Title match, Chicago Gun club. Bowling: City championships, Fienner's.

SUNDAY, Jan. 15—Ice: Western outdoor championships, Lincoln park. Golf: Open meet, Norge club, Cary, Ill. Baseball: Wisconsin-Illinois meeting, Milwaukee.

MONDAY, Jan. 16—Ice: International indoor championships, ice palace. Fight: Con O'Kelly vs. Al Kubiak, Syracuse, N. Y. Baseball: Central association meeting, Keokuk. Wrestling: C. A. A. carnival for firemen's benefit, Dexter park pavilion. Billiards: Kansas City at New York.

EASTERN GOLFERS ENGAGE CAR TO MAKE TRIP TO THIS CITY.

Party Headed by President Jaques to Storm Chicago and Stand By St. Andrews Club Ruling.

Word was received from New York yesterday that a party of eastern golfers has chartered a special car to make the trip to Chicago to attend the annual meeting of the United States Golf association at the Blackstone hotel Saturday night. Among the party will be President Herbert Jaques of Boston, Secretary Robert C. Watson, Treasurer W. F. Morgan, Charles B. Macdonald, Walter J. Travis of New York, and a number of others prominent in golfing politics.

Latest reports from the east are that while Macdonald and his friends are making a strong fight to have the U. S. G. A. follow the lead of the Royal and Ancient club of St. Andrews, Travis is opposed to their views. The veteran Garden City player since he won the British championship has not had any great affection for things British. While he is opposed to the ruling of St. Andrews, his club has voted to support the Scotch club's action, so he will have to cast his club's vote in a contrary manner to which he would like.

Mr. Macdonald is preparing another statement in support of his stand and this will be awaited with interest. It is possible the western golfers have remained quiet and will go to the U. S. G. A. meeting uninstructed.

OAKLAND RACE RESULTS.

First race, Futurity course—Beatrice Soule [Taplin], 4 to 1, won; St. Helier [Thomas], 8 to 1, second; Hegstic [Kederis], 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:12 3-5. Academist, Frank Kederis, Rosey Posey, Clara Hampton, Dolly V. B., Sneezer, and Lascar ran.

Second race, ¾ mile, 2 year olds—La Camdor [McIntyre], 7 to 5, won; Zimri [Glass], 3 to 1, second; Florence S. [Pickens], 3 to 1, third. Time, :35 2-5. Auto Girl, Evelina, Helen N., Change of Air, and Hawness ran.

Third race, 1 mile—Praxton [Taplin], 4 to 1, won; Star Actor [Callahan], 7 to 5, second; Alame [Rudtke], 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:43 2-5. Buckthorn, Featherduster, and John E. McMillan ran.

Fourth race, ¾ mile—Thistle Belle [J. McIntyre], 14 to 5, won; Fountain Square [Taplin], 9 to 5, second; Arasee [Glass], 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:14 1-5. Roy Junior and Marchmont ran.

Fifth race, 1¼ miles—Captain Burnett [Riddle], 13 to 5, won; Belleview [Kirschbaum], 4 to 1, second; Aso [Scoville], 15 to 1, third. Time, 2:06. Anna May, Springhaze, Kaiserhof, Green Bridge, Dave Weber, and Henry O. ran.

Sixth race, 13-16 mile—Early Tide [Riddle], 6 to 5, won; Everan [Scoville], 7 to 1, second; Native Son [Garner], 7 to 1, third. Time 1:22. Chief Desmond, Marburg, Faneuil Hall, Little Jane, and Juna W. ran.

Ice Races Postponed.

The western indoor ice championships scheduled for Jan. 13 and 14 at the Ice Palace have been postponed until the first week in February.

HARRIS VICTOR IN CUE GAME

Chicagoan Beats Blair of New York by 50 to 37 Score.

LOCAL MAN AVERAGES .694.

Makes Run of Seven Near End, Tying Second Best Mark of Tourney.

Standing of the Teams.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Brooklyn	9	6	.600	Pittsburg	11	10	.524
Chicago	11	8	.579	New York	10	12	.455
Kansas City	10	8	.556	St. Louis	8	10	.444
Philadelphia	10	8	.556	Boston	7	14	.333

A. J. Harris of Chicago defeated James Blair of New York in the first game of the series here in the three cushion championship of the National Amateur Billiard league at Mussey's last night, 50 to 37. The victory broke the triple tie for second place in which Chicago, Kansas City, and Philadelphia were involved, the local men now being in second place, one game behind Brooklyn, which has played only fifteen games.

Harris played fast billiards, running out his string in 72 innings and averaging .694, one of the best performances of the tournament. In his fifty-ninth inning he ran seven, tying the second best run of the tournament, made by Julius Krulewich of Chicago at Kansas City. Blair made his 87 points in 71 innings, averaging .534, with high run of 5.

Harris opened with a three count, and followed with a single, but Blair soon caught him, and at the end of the tenth inning led, 8 to 5. Following the fortieth inning Blair drew a row of nine ciphers, but on his fiftieth essay he gathered a run of five, putting him within one point of the local "paperweight."

Harris in his next ten innings counted fourteen points, and steamed away from the Gothamite. He had five singles, a two, and a seven. His eighth shot in the big count was a twice around the table effort, and a kiss robbed him of the eighth count just when the cue ball was close to its intended destination. Harris in his next ten innings made eight points, or twenty-two points in twenty innings. Blair played gamely, but could not hold the pace. Scores:

HARRIS—3, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 3, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 2, 0, 1, 2, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 7, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 2, 7, 0, 2, 0, 2, 1, 2, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 2—Total 50; high run, 7; average, .694.

BLAIR—0, 1, 3, 0, 1, 0, 2, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 7, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 2, 1, 0, 0, 3—Total, 37; high run, 5; average, .524.

JACKSONVILLE RACE RESULTS.

First race, maiden 2 year olds, ¼ mile straightaway—Tommie Thompson, 116 [Butwell], 6 to 1, won; Silas Grumpy, 119 [Clouse], 9 to 1, second; Efficiency, 112 [Adams], 6 to 1, third. Time, :22 4-5. Lord Leighton, Naught Rose, Excaliber, Lillian, Little Marian, Lucky Wish, Mary Lee Johnson, Charlie O'Brien, Frances Dean, Kitty K., Star Jessamine, Moralight, Monsieur ran.

Second race, 11-16 mile—Spat, 110 [McCauley], 11 to 10, won; Emma Stuart, 110 [Goose], 15 to 1, second; Song of Rocks, 105 [White], 50 to 1, third. Time, 1:00 1-5. Busy Miss, Royal Lodge, Ruby Knight, Myrtle Marion, Lyda Lee, Gavotte, Waltz, Bliss Triumph ran.

Third race, 1 mile and 70 yards—Heart Pang 104 [M. Rose], 2 to 1, won; Louie Reil, 98 [Hopkins], 12 to 1, second; Rio Grande, 111 [Goose], 7 to 2, third. Time, 1:47. Lady Esther, Sigo, County Clerk, Billy Pullman, Woolspun ran.

Fourth race, 1 mile—Ragman, 108 [Loftus], 11 to 10, won; Friend Harry, 105 [Musgrave], 6 to 2, second; Console, 122 [Goose], 7 to 2, third. Time, 1:41. Dr. Holsberg, Font ran.

Fifth race, 1 mile and 70 yards—Critic, 113 [Davis], 5 to 1, won; Brevite, 109 [Bauer], 5 to 1, second; Canopian, 110 [Peak], 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:47 2-5. Allonby, Fabershaus, Mystifier, Peepover ran.

Sixth race, 1 1-16 miles—Third Rail, 106 [Butwell], 9 to 5, won; Ed Kock, 100 [Ross], 10 to 1, second; Faloads, 103 [McCahey], 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:48 2-5. Rebel Queen, Judge Walker, Rake, Rosebury II., Lampet, Hibernica, Americaneer ran.

Skip Watson's Rink Wins.

Two matches were played in the trophy contest at the Washington park rink yesterday. Skip Watson defeating Skip Roberson, 16 to 14, after playing an extra head, and Skip Sam Nelson defeating Skip A. Mosing, 18 to 10.

M'CARTHY VICTIM OF PACKEY'S SKILL

Chicagoan Badly Punishes Coast Boy in Ten Rounds at Kansas City.

LEAVES RING UNMARKED.

McFarland, Fighting Near Lightweight Limit, Shows as Much Cleverness as Ever.

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 9.—Packey McFarland of Chicago won the decision over Johny McCarthy of San Francisco in a ten round bout here tonight.

The Chicago boy, after leading by a wide margin in every round, left the ring unmarked. McCarthy's face was bruised badly. His nose bled freely from the third round until the end of the battle. Both fighters and Emmett Mollody, the referee, bore bloody evidence of McFarland's stinging blows to his opponent's face.

McCarthy fought a game fight, but his blows were ineffectual. He played for Packey's wind and kidneys in every round. McFarland's dazzling footwork caused the San Francisco pugilist to miss at least a third of the blows he started. When McCarthy did land his punches did not seem to carry force.

Near Lightweight Limit.

McFarland had agreed to make 135 pounds this afternoon at 3 o'clock. To convince the fight followers that he was capable of reaching the lightweight limit of 133 pounds he weighed in at a few ounces over this mark.

The much mooted question whether the Chicago boy is possessed of the knockout blow was not settled tonight, but few of the spectators were willing to say after this battle that he is not strong. With rights and lefts delivered from many angles, he continually rocked the Pacific coast fighter's head. At least three times during the fight, in the third, fourth, and fifth rounds, the gong saved McCarthy.

In the fifth round so superior was McFarland's showing that McCarthy, bleeding badly, was so groggy he was forced to hang on to save himself, and the crowd shouted to the referee to "stop the fight."

No Attention to Body.

McFarland paid little attention to his opponents' body. The majority of his blows were left uppercuts to the jaw and right and left swings to the head.

The tenth round finish was fast, and it appeared as if McCarthy would be knocked out. He swung wildly and ran into such a tattoo of McFarland's head punches that he became groggy. He clinched and was able to go the limit. Referee Molloy was forced several times to caution McCarthy for low fighting.

In a preliminary bout Pierce Matthews of Denver knocked out Eddie Ramsey of Philadelphia in the fifth round.

NEW CLUB PICKS CHOYNSKI TO BE PHYSICAL DIRECTOR.

Pittsburg A. C. Selects Veteran Boxer to Take Charge of Athletic Features —Will Quit the Stage at Once.

Joseph Bartlett Choynski has stifled his stage ambitions and taken on a line of his own kind of endeavor by drawing one of the prizes that sometimes fall to the lot of the retired athlete. He has been appointed physical director of the Pittsburg Athletic club, which has one of the finest clubhouses in America. The building was erected at a cost of $1,500,000 and is the equal of any similar clubhouse in the world.

Choynski returned from the Smoky city yesterday after signing a contract, and at once set about selling his property in La Grange and moving his lares and penates to Pittsburg, where he will report for duty on Feb. 22.

"It was taking a shot at the moon," said Joe. "I was advised by friends to make formal application for the position and did so, almost in so many words, not setting much store by what might come of it. My friends must have got busy, too, for the directors invited me to go to Pittsburg and have myself looked over. I must have made a good impression. My credentials proved satisfactory to Dr. Savage. Anyway, I got the job and I'm tickled to death to get back into athletic work under conditions that promise to be more pleasant.

Jack Johnson, heavyweight champion, will leave for New York today where a suit has been filed, by a theatrical booking agency for alleged breach of contract. The case will come up tomorrow and as soon as it is disposed of, Jack will run up to Boston for a few days' rest. He expected to be back in Chicago on Sunday and to leave shortly afterward on an extended western theatrical tour.

"Knockout" Brown, the local fighter, who is matched to meet Hilliard Lang before the Windsor A. C., put in a strenuous day at O'Connell's with Cleve Hawkins, one of the cleverest fighters working out daily at the local gymnasiums. Brown boxed three rounds with Hawkins and appears to be in fine shape. Mickey Sheridan also put in a hard day working out for matches in the near future.

JOE COSTER BESTS ABE ATTEL.

Brooklyn Boy Makes Wirlwind Finish in Ten Round Battle—Champion Waits Too Long.

New York, Jan. 9.—[Special.]—Joe Coster, the clever Brooklyn featherweight, after a whirlwind finish in the ninth and tenth rounds of the ten round bout at the Vanderbilt A. C. in Brooklyn tonight, which went the limit, earned the decision over Abe Attel, the featherweight champion of the world. In the early part of the contest Attel did some clever blocking and sidestepping and managed to avoid many of the Brooklyn boy's heavy swings. Attel waited too long, however, and in the ninth and tenth rounds Coster went at the champion and showered him with left and right swings which made Attel look like a second rater.

BIG MAT MATCH IS IN SIGHT.

Gotch to Meet Hackenschmidt Soon to Discuss Terms for Championship Bout.

Frank Gotch, world's wrestling champion, and George Hackenschmidt, the "Russian Lion" and challenger, may be matched in Chicago before the end of the week, according to Harry Frazee, local theatrical man, who has signed Gotch for a twenty weeks' tour of the world. The champion will be married in Humboldt, Ia., tomorrow and immediately after the wedding he will bring his bride to Chicago, where Hackenschmidt will be met. Frazee said that Gotch is sincere in his purpose to meet Hack in a finish bout, and if the match is made it will be decided in a month or five weeks. Gotch will receive $2,500 a week for the tour, which is about as much money as any grappler ever received for exhibition purposes.

OAK PARK STICKS TO TITLE.

"National Prep Champions" Is Label Given Players Despite Reports from the Far West.

Despite reports from Seattle that the Washington High school eleven of Portland and the Natatchee team of Washington were not of national championship caliber, members of the Oak Park team and Coach Zuppke will claim the national preparatory title by victories over these teams.

When Oak Park won out in the Cook County league it issued a challenge to meet any and all schools for the national title. Only Wenatchee and Portland replied and accordingly contests were arranged with these elevens.

Oak Parkers do not believe Morgan Park academy, although a "prep" school, can claim the title. They claim an unwritten agreement was made before Oak Park beat the contest, 9 to 6, that the game would not be listed as a scheduled, or calendar, game unless the Morgan Park team lived up to the high school rules, one of which required all players to be under 21 years of age.

Yesterday was a gala day at the Oak Park High school. Two hours were set aside to commemorate the two western victories, which Zuppke modestly accepted a solid gold watch, the gift of the members of the team. The boys in turn were the recipients of a silver cup, coming from President Dwight of the village. The banner awarded by the Cook County High School Athletic association also was presented, while the members of the teams were given monograms and sweaters upon the sleeves of which will be inscribed the words, "National Prep Champions."

IN THE WAKE OF THE NEWS.

BY HEK.

ISN'T IT THE TRUTH?

There never was a thing so good
That there's not sure to be a
Rum blighting pest who thinks he "could
Improve on the idea."

There never was a story told
That some one has not slurred it—
That some prize mucker has not trolled:
"That's not the way I heard it."

Birds of a feather are gregarious even when they are dead birds. It was only a question of time when Barney Oldfield and Jim Jeffries would get together and pool their dead issues. Oldfield is a soused herring at his own game and is fighting desperately against the tide of oblivion that surges around him. His eleventh hour attempt to revive that ridiculous and universally discredited "dope" story is significant of nothing but his own desperation to butt into some kind of notoriety. Even to say that he is as ignorant as an unlettered milestone of all things pugilistic and did not have until now a passing interest in the Johnson-Jeffries match, would be to attach uncalled for importance to his vaporings.

By the way, how do they cook that stuff out there in the region of sunshine, fruits, and flowers?

ENTERTAINING THE OUT-OF-TOWN TRADE.

O, please believe me, for 'tis true,
This tale I now unfold to you.
I asked three buyers in a bunch
To feed with me next day at lunch.
I said: "Be at the club at noon,
If you don't think that is too soon."
They said: "We'll be there on the hour,
If so be 'tis within our power.
But should we get hung up elsewhere
And find that we cannot get there,
Don't ask us, please, to break our necks,
But kindly leave us three rain checks!"
The thing I now would fain get at
Is howinel can you beat that?

D. W. A.

Since he returned to Australia Bill Corbett of the Sidney Referee has been telling the folks that we over 'ere are jolly well a lot of ripping good fellows, gaw's strewth! Good old Bill! We are served so often as tripe a la Covent Garden by those foreign observers that it positively is refreshing to be served as the marmalade with the dish of tea now and then. When we met Bill in San Francisco just after he landed he was bloody well put abaht, as it were, to understand why our people, being vawstly closer to the "mother country," should be less English in our tastes and our manner of speech than the Australians. Quite so. It was quite a shock to him really. He remained long enough, however, to appreciate us for what we are, so to speak. Now he cawn't say anything too sweet abaht us. Lovely of him, to be sure.

DISCHARGED AS CURED.

Hon. (ah!) Hek:
Enclosed find a few lines
To take up your time;
If you say they are rotten
I will deny they are mine.

S. E. C.

Thanks for the lines—
They must be immense.
But if we don't read them,
Perhaps they will keep.

It is like this when you get down to the unvarnished truth: If those variety stage offers of $25 a minute for every minute over a given number of minutes anybody can stay with Tillie Magink or any other star grappler that is given the center of the stage for the week, were on the level, somebody would step out and soak the poor deluded challenging wap on the bean with a stage brace before he had remained $19.75 worth.

We had no misgivings on the score of Mr. A. J. Flanner's being "taken care of all right" by the national commission, but were beset with doubt as to his ultimate title and classification. Now this has been allayed. Mr. Flanner is to be assistant to the chairman of the n. c., salary 2,000 meg and found. Duties? Search!

OAK PARK WRESTS GAME FROM LAKE

Heavyweight Basketball Five Wins in Semi-Finals; Score, 26 to 13.

MERE FROLIC FOR LANE.

Defeats Curtis Team by Wide Margin; Winners in Lightweight Division.

After trailing behind, 6 to 4, in the first half, Oak Park braced suddenly and defeated the heavyweight Lake team, 26 to 13, last night in the first semi-final round of the Cook County High school basketball series at Bartlett gymnasium.

The contest was fiercely fought in the first period and during the greater part of this session the score was 4 to 4. Near the close Tessie of Lake broke the tie by shooting a basket from near the center. In the second half Russell and Riedel broke up Lake's plays and started a series of their own which netted the suburbanites 10 points.

A peculiar feature was a basket made by Reidel. While guarding a Lake man out of bounds he jumped into the air as the ball was thrown, barely touching it, and sending it upward into his own basket. Lineup:

Oak Park [26].		Lake [13].
Russell	R. F.	Williams
Keel	L. F.	Greenspahn
Riedel	C.	O'Connell
Barrett	R. G.	Woods
Randall	L. G.	Beard

Baskets—Russell [4], Keel, Riedel [6], Randall, Woods [3], O'Connell. Free throws—Riedel [3], Williams [5]. Referee—Leonhardt. Umpire—Schmidt.

Lane, 67; Curtis, 14.

Lane's heavyweight team enjoyed a frolic at the expense of the Curtis team, winning as it pleased, 67 to 14. Lane scored at the rate of a point and a half a minute, the first half ending 34 to 4. Jensen shot ten baskets. Lineup:

Lane [67].		Curtis [14].
Clarke	R. F.	Chadwick
Jensen	L. F.	Levitan
Feeney, E. Johnson	C.	Billsbach
Burke	R. G.	Schmidt
B. Johnson	L. G.	Fing

Baskets—Clarke, 5; Jensen, 10; E. Johnson, Feeney, 6; Burke, 6; B. Johnson, 4; Chadwick, 1; Levitan, 3. Free throws—Feeney, 5; Levitan,

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Park [26].		Lake [13].
	R. F.	Williams
	L. F.	Greenawalt
	C.	O'Connell
	R. G.	Woods
	L. G.	Bebel

ts—Russell [4], Keel, Riedel [6], Randall, [3], O'Connell. Free throws—Riedel [3], s [5]. Referee—Leonhardt. Umpire—

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Lane [67].		Curtis [14].
	R. F.	Chadwick
	L. F.	Levitou
E. Johnson	C.	Hillebrand
	R. G.	Schmidt
	L. G.	Jung

ts—Clarke, 5; Jensen 10; E. Johnson, Foo- Burke, 6; B. Johnson, 4; Chadwick, 2; 3. Free throws—Feeney, 5; Leviton, 4. —Jeffers. Umpire—Sexsmeth.

ell Phillips, winner in the western section, ted La Grange from the heavyweight com- by winning, 32 to 18. The south siders led way, finishing the first half 15 to 7. Lineup: ell Phillips [32]. La Grange [18].

	R. F.	Miller
hy	L. F.	Thompson
diens	C.	Ryder
	R. G.	Davis, Cooper
	L. G.	Craigmile

ts—Stern [5], McCarthy [4]. Free Jardines iller, Thompson [2], Davis, Cooper [3], ile. Referee—Schmidt. Umpire — Leon-

Games in Lightweight Class.

e lightweight team, winner of the northern ook another step toward the championship ming its second game of the series, de- Hyde Park, 25 to 14. Lane played a fast n the last half, which ended 18 to 8 in its Hyde Park braced in the second period and north siders even. Lineup:

Lane [25].		Hyde Park [14].
r	R. F.	Potts
	L. F.	B. Parker
ld	C.	Shepard
ker	R. G.	Wagner
	L. G.	Hartshorn, Mitch'll

ts—Wetzel [3], Gardiner, Whitfield [2], A. [4], Potts, B. Parker [2], Hartshorn, Wag- Free throws—Whitfield [5], B. Parker [4]. —Jeffers. Umpire—Sexsmeth.

range Midgets Beat Englewood.

game featured by one man on each side all the scores La Grange's lightweight downed Englewood's midgets, 12 to 10. ood led at the close of the first session, but in the second period Stahmaker played ner offensive game than Thayer and won.

Grange [13].		Englewood [10].
	R. F.	Moore
aker	L. F.	Wightman
Griffith	C.	Thayer
ay	R. G.	Somers
	L. G.	Beecher

ts—Stahlmaker [4], Thayer [2]. Free —Stahlmaker [5], Thayer [6]. Referee— t. Umpire—Leonhardt.

T THE BILLIARD ROOMS.

ber [150] defeated Smith [125], 150 to 84, in raight rail tournament at Sutton's rooms ght.

of the scratch men in Foley's 18-2 Class nament met last night, Allen [175] defeat- erson [175], 175 to 164.

In the three cushion tournament at Flem- rooms will start tonight, Pollock meeting

e three cushion tournament at Hicks' Hanks efeated Phillips [50], 50 to 46. Mack [50] d Knig [48], 50 to 42.

e opening game of the three cushion tour- at Schaefer's Brainard [40] defeated [44], 40 to 29.

White defeated Richard Harrity, 100 to their pool match at Hemmer's last night, high run of 54. White and Fred Dupree ay their match for the Brunswick trophy, atic of the western championship, at Hem- on Jan. 24, 25, 26.

"a Toast"

COOK'S IMPERIAL EXTRA DRY CHAMPAGNE

Served Everywhere

HALLEY

1/4 Sizes

25¢

Silver COLLARS

GEO. P. IDE & CO., Makers
Troy, N. Y.

BUSINESS, COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL SECTION

RIPLEY ARTICLE IS WIDELY READ

President of Santa Fe Discusses Ethical Relations of Roads and Public.

ENGLISH LINES NEED CASH

Authority Says American Holdings Are Far from Overcapitalized.

BY HOLLAND.

New York, Jan. 9.—[Special.]—No article prepared by any one high in authority in the railway systems of the United States, and it is safe to report, no argument made by counsel, or speech delivered in either house of congress, of which the subject was the relation of the railways to the people, of the people to the railways, has commanded such widespread attention or caused such earnest discussion in this city as has an article in the Atlantic Monthly for January, of which Edward Payson Ripley, president of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé company, is the author.

The article discusses, as fully as they can be discussed within the compass of a magazine article, the ethical relations of the railways and the public.

One revelation was made by President Ripley in his article of which he doubtless was unconscious. It is a striking example of a modern tendency developed chiefly since the beginning of the political agitation centering upon the railroads, a tendency illustrated by the departure of James J. Hill, B. F. Yoakum, A. E. Stillwell, and Mr. Ripley himself, as well as others, from the traditions long maintained by railway managers.

Up to 1896 it would have been thought a sign of weakness had a railway president ventured to approach the public by means of address, or by magazine or other publication. All that was to be left to counsel, or to professional experts. President Ripley himself was one of the first—James J. Hill being the leader—to understand that the American public is quickly responsive to fair and sincere statement and appeal.

Article May Induce Harmony.

No doubt President Ripley was unconscious of this new tendency to public appeal when he prepared the article in question. The common opinion in this city is that the article may do much to relieve the strain and to bring the public and the railway companies into good understanding of what their just relation, each to the other, should be.

It has been observed that in some of the quarters where President Ripley's article has been discussed the observant eye was quickly and for some time fixed upon one statement, containing a hint of vital importance.

In writing of the average capitalization of the railway systems of the world President Ripley points out, first, that the capitalization of the railways of the United States averages $59,000 a mile, or almost the lowest capitalization established anywhere in the world. He also says that the capitalization of the railways of Great Britain averages approximately $350,000 a mile, saying further that so great a capitalization as this entails the utmost difficulty on the part of English railway managers and the maintenance of the highest possible rates in order to pay dividends.

English Roads Are Embarrassed.

In fact, President Ripley asserts that the condition is so acute in Great Britain that there is already apprehension that the English railways may be bankrupted before long. Of course, a financial catastrophe of that kind would, in its malign influence, reach far into other lands than Great Britain.

The late James D. Layng, one of the great railway managers of the United tSates from 1849 to 1900, said some ten years ago that if the Big Four railroad, of which he was vice president, had capitalized the earnings which it had put into property, the stockholders would have received something like $16,000,000 dollars in stock. But it was the conviction of the management that it was the better part not to capitalize the money put into railway improvements. The gain to the stockholders would come through greater efficiency and higher economy of service, so that the earnings might be larger.

It is exactly this point of view which President Ripley sets forth in one portion of his article. The enormous capitalization of the railways of Great Britain is due to the fact that all the money put into the properties for improvement has been capitalized, whereas in the United States that method rarely has been followed.

Roads Need Much Money.

In the remarks made by President James McCrea of the Pennsylvania Railroad company to the interstate commerce commission last autumn, he pointed out with great clearness and much emphasis that the railways needed to earn not only a sufficient amount to pay fair dividends to the stockholders, but also to gain a surplus, for it is upon the surplus that the credit of the railroads depends to a great extent, that is, so far as borrowing capacity is concerned. As our railroads must have, within the next five or ten years, perhaps as much as $5,000,000,000 with which to perfect such improvements, to make such extensions, and to provide adequate terminal facilities as to make it possible to handle traffic that is to be offered, the railways are justified not only in earning enough to pay a fair dividend, although charging moderate rates, but also enough to secure a good surplus.

That point President Ripley especially emphasizes, probably making it clearer than any other authority has made it that, as in private business, the railroads should be permitted not only to earn enough to pay fair dividends, but to obtain reasonable surplus. This bears directly upon earning capacity, and the highest earning capacity is secured through improvement in railway equipment, roadbeds, and terminals, supplemented by wise management.

Country Linked with Roads.

There is profound significance in that portion of President Ripley's article in which he, with great clearness, points out that the material prosperity of the country is vitally linked to the material prosperity of the railroads. There is also much significance in his statement that the public, until recently, had just cause for complaint for the manner in which many of the railroads of the United States have been managed.

Chicago Horse Market.

Demand for horses favored small southern chunks and other light and medium weight animals which could be had at low prices and the expensive, heavy draft offerings cleared slowly at weak figures. Auction sales were well attended, but bidding lacked earnestness and the values received seldom left a profit over country costs and shipping expenses. The top sale of the auction was at $285.00, paid for a load of 1 800 lb drafters. Teams weighing 2,900 to 3,000 lbs made $400.00@220.00, while single 1,600 to 1,700 lb chunks sold at $210.00@230.00. Small southern chunks sold at $80.00@135.00, with the better class at $75.00@160.00, while wagon classes cleared at $130.00@165.00. Receipts for the day were about the same as a week ago, or 900 head.

LATE WALL STREET NEWS AND GOSSIP.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—[Special.]—Plans are under way for a combination for the manufacture and sale of products of silk mills in New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and other eastern states, according to James Chittick of the Norfolk Silk company. The combination if carried through will include mills in which more than 15,000 looms are being used, which is about 20 per cent of the total number in use in the United States.

"There is nothing about any plans submitted to suggest the formation of a trust as it is commonly understood," Mr. Chittick says. "All we are after is means whereby our products may be more economically manufactured and sold."

Mayor Gaynor's announcement in his talk to the tax commissioners this morning that an issue of $60,000,000 city bonds will be marketed within the next thirty days came as a surprise. If this issue is made the present margin above the debt limit will be wiped out almost entirely, although the board of estimate voted early last year that the margin then available, which was around $60,000,000 be reserved for subway construction. The last issue of city bonds was put out in the spring of 1910, interest on them being fixed at 4½ per cent. The entire issue of $50,000,000 was subscribed, but bids were not as high as had been anticipated, considering the raise in the interest from 4 per cent. Controller Prendergast has had the present issue in view for more than a month, it is understood, but postponed advertising until after the holidays.

Official announcement was made today by the Canadian Pacific railway company that in view of the position of the land account and other assets of the company the distribution from these sources, beginning at the next quarterly dividend, will be at the rate of 3 per cent per annum instead of 1 per cent as heretofore. This will place the stock practically on a 10 per cent basis.

The most notable equipment order noted in the day's dispatches was that of 500 steel under frame refrigerator cars for the Atchison. The American Car Foundry company got the order.

It was announced that two cotton exchange seats had been sold, one for $16,000 and the other for $14,700. The last previous sale brought $14,900.

Western Electric 5s were traded in for the first time on the stock exchange. One bond sold at 101.

CALLS RATE CLAIMS WANTING

Roads' Evidence Found Deficient by Attorney of Commission.

PLEA FOR ADVANCE OPPOSED.

Knocks Props from Contentions for Additional Revenue.

There is cold comfort for the railroads that have asked for advances in freight rates in official classification territory, in the brief filed with the interstate commerce commission in the eastern rate case, by Frank Lyon, the attorney who has represented the commission throughout its hearings, and the investigation in general. He analyzes in the brief the evidence presented by the carriers.

Attorney Lyon is allied with neither faction in the rate controversy, and his views are presumed, therefore, to represent an impartial study of the facts presented. He draws no direct conclusions as to whether or not the railroads should be allowed to raise their rates, but, by an elaborate series of statistics and arguments, knocks the props out from the carefully reared claims of the railroads that they are in need of an increase in revenues.

Over 10,000 Pages Reviewed.

Reviewing the entire record of over 10,000 pages of testimony, also hundreds of statistical exhibits, Mr. Lyon considers the contentions on which the carriers have sought to justify their proposed increased rates and declares that on no point have they produced sufficient evidence to support their arguments.

Taking up the main argument of the roads that the increase in rates is required to meet advances in wages, he asserts that the amount of the proposed increase in revenue as presented by the carriers is necessarily an estimate, but accepting the figures of the roads showing a wage increase of $35,000,000 per annum and a proposed rate advance of $27,000,000 for 52,000 miles of road east of Chicago, he demonstrates by a table that by the increase in rates some carriers are practically not being reimbursed at all for the increase in wages, while others are being much more than reimbursed.

Deduces Meaning of the Table.

"In round numbers this table," he says, "shows that for the 52,000 miles of road involved, the freight traffic for the calendar year 1909 was $754,000,000; that the estimated gross revenue, had the increased rates been in effect, would have been $781,000,000; that the actual freight revenue for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1910, was $777,000,000, or within $4,500,000 of what the railroads estimate the revenue would be under the increased rates, based upon the business of 1909.

"The net operating revenues for the year ending June 30, 1910, over 1909, were $57,000,000, or $28,000,000 in excess of the estimated increase in wages for one year of $24,000,000.

Effect of Higher Wages Shown.

"The table is interesting as showing the effect of the increased wages and estimated increase in revenue upon the indivisual carriers. For instance, the extremes show that as to the Lehigh and Hudson River the estimated increase in revenue is only 2.07 per cent of its estimated increase in wages, while on the New York, Chicago and St. Louis the estimated increase in revenue is 242.57 per cent of the estimated increase in wages."

For the Baltimore and Ohio the figures show a ratio of revenue increase to wage increase of 114 per cent, for the Pennsylvania railroad of 43 per cent, but for the Pennsylvania company of 101 per cent, for the New York Central 96 per cent, for the Lake Shore 132, for the Erie 121, and for the Wabash 121.

For the four months of July, August, September, and October, 1910, during which the increased wages were effective, Mr. Lyon shows that the carriers have earned net $10,000,000 less than for the same four months of the year 1909.

Claims Roads Will Fare Well.

"Without here attempting to analyze the accounts," he says, "to determine whether unusual amounts have been charged to expense accounts, not the result of an increase in wages, and assuming that the same ratio of loss will continue for the balance of the twelve months, the total net revenue for the year ending June 30, 1911, will be substantially $30,000,000 less than for the year ending June 30, 1910.

"If that should be the result of the year's operations, these carriers will on June 30, 1911, have collected $27,000,000 more net operating revenue for the fiscal year 1911 than they did for the fiscal year 1909, notwithstanding they will have paid $24,000,000 additional caused by the increase in the rate of wages. Twenty-seven million dollars is 4 per cent upon $675,000,000."

In reply to the contention that class rates should be advanced on account of more expeditious and expensive service, he says, "Taking the transportation as a whole the speed has not increased, and, furthermore, there is no legitimate demand for it."

Credit Is Not Deteriorating.

To the point raised by the carriers that they are unable to negotiate the sale of their securities for improvement and betterment of their lines, he says that in the face of the figures it can not be well maintained that the credit of the companies is deteriorating, "for, with the exception of the Erie and the Wabash, all of the companies whose stocks are now appreciably lower in value per share than in 1901 are, with one exception, those which have made since that date large issues to stockholders at prices materially below market rates."

Petitions in Bankruptcy.

13405—Moses Chamison, creditors' petition; liabilities, $1,000. B. B. Parker, attorney.

13406—Austin E. Torney bookkeeper, 2146 Lexington street; liabilities, $260.59; assets, $50. Attorney Frost.

13407—Peter H. Simms, salesman, 3009 Grand avenue; liabilities, $2,201.40; assets, $260.15. E. L. Blum, attorney.

13408—Joseph Finkelstein, tailor, Chicago; liabilities, $2,786.68; assets, $216.86. J. Gray Lucas, attorney.

13409—John L. Cartwright, fireman, 624 North Springfield avenue; liabilities, $5,818.60; assets, $176.00. Stahl & Lewald, attorneys.

PLEA FOR INCREASED RATES

Counsel for Pennsylvania Road Before Commerce Commission.

HIGH CHARGES TO BE MET.

Socalled Objectionable Action Deters Capital, Says Lawyer.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 9.—Weight was placed by F. I. Gowen, counsel for the Pennsylvania railroad, upon the necessity, in the view of the railroads, for an increase of freight rates in his argument today before the interstate commerce commission.

"If the requirements of the shippers and the traveling public are to be met," he declared, "and the roads are to make additional improvements to their equipment and other facilities, then we must have the assistance of an increase of rates."

"Then, do you mean," inquired Commissioner Lane, "that, unless this proposed increase of rates is granted, there will be no more railroads constructed?"

Says Charges Deter Capital.

"Perhaps not quite that," responded Mr. Gowen, "but I do believe that the railroad business of the country must be done by the lines at present in existence. The charges for new construction are so great as to deter capital from entering upon the building of new lines in competition with lines already in existence. A proposition recently was made to build a new line from New York city to Chicago. It was found that the bonds necessary to be floated for the New York terminal charges alone would amount to $300,000 a mile for the entire road.

"My contention is that it should not be the policy of this commission to take a position so adverse to the roads as to prevent them from obtaining capital with which to make needed improvements and necessary additions to their present facilities."

"Will the carrying into effect of your idea mean a progressive increase in freight rates beyond the present proposed increase?" inquired Mr. Lane.

"Not at all," replied Mr. Gowen. "You are here to exercise a wise discretion in this matter of rates and, in doing so, you do not in any sense mortgage the future."

Figures on Operation.

Prior to Mr. Gowen's argument Frank Lyon, one of the attorneys for the commission, had presented an elaborate statement of the financial operations of various eastern railroads made up from the monthly and annual reports of the companies to the commission.

His figures indicated that many of the supplies and materials now used by the roads cost less than they cost on an average for the last seven years, although some of them cost more. Mr. Lyon did not argue directly against the proposed advance, his idea being to put the commission into possession of official facts and figures that might enable it to reach an accurate conclusion of the question before it.

BIG ST. LOUIS STORE IS SOLD.

Claflin & Co. of New York Buy $5,250,000 House of Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 9.—[Special.]—It is announced that a deal for the purchase of the Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney department store has been closed with Claflin & Co. of New York, who own a chain of about thirty stores in the United States. The capital of the company is $5,250,000. The Claflin company owns the United Dry Goods company, which is capitalized for $50,000,000. It is understood Pierpont Morgan is one of the backers of the United company.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Live stock receipts at Chicago yesterday made a larger aggregate than on any previous day in many months and lower prices were made in the market for cattle, hogs, and sheep. Hog receipts were estimated at 40,000 head, the largest in nearly seven months, or since June 13, 1910. The market opened at a decline of 5@10c as a result, but packers bought with such avidity that they rallied prices on themselves and were forced to pay within 6c of the foregoing day's average for their droves. Native steer values declined 10@15c and only one drove of extra choice offerings reached $7.00. Sheep and lambs sold at a loss of 10@15c and the latter topped at $8.80.

CATTLE.

Beef steers, good to choice	$6.00@7.00
Beef steers, common to good	5.00@6.00
Beef cows, good to choice	5.75@6.25
Fat heifers, good to choice	5.85@6.50
Heifers, selected	6.75@6.25
Canners and cutters	2.25@3.25
Calves, common to choice heavy	5.50@8.00
Feeding steers	4.25@5.85
Good to prime veals	8.25@9.50
Stock steers	5.75@5.25
Bulls	5.00@5.00

HOGS.

Bulk of sales	$8.00@8.10
Common to good mixed	7.90@8.05
Fair to choice medium weights	8.05@8.10
Fair to fancy butchers	8.05@8.15
Select 200@300 lb packing	8.00@8.15
Fancy shipping	8.05@8.17½
Common to choice lightweights	8.00@8.20
Boars, according to weight	6.50@6.75
Stags	6.25@6.75
Pigs	7.80@8.20

SHEEP.

Native ewes	$2.75@4.10
Fed wethers	3.50@4.60
Native wethers	3.75@4.50
Bucks	2.60@3.25
Yearlings	5.00@5.75
Native lambs	5.00@6.65
Fed lambs	6.50@6.65
Colorado lambs	6.50@6.60

Movement at Chicago Yards.

Receipts—	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Monday, Jan. 2	34,411	1,462	36,852	18,154
Monday, Jan. 9	37,000	1,500	40,000	40,000
Total last week	60,482	3,548	120,926	.....
Shipments—				
Monday, Jan. 2	6,015	40	9,444	3,003
Monday, Jan. 9	5,000	50	7,000	2,000
Total last week	28,851	404	53,190	6,980

Receipts for Jan. 10 were estimated at 6,000 cattle, 26,000 hogs, and 20,000 sheep, against actual arrivals of 16,068 cattle, 41,811 hogs, and 38,178 sheep for Tuesday, Jan. 10, 1910.

Antimony.

New York, Jan. 9.—[Special.]—ANTIMONY—Firmer, at advanced quotations. Prices: 7.75@8.25c for Cookson's, 7.75@8.25c for Hallett's, and 7.25@7.50c for ordinary brands. London market quoted £35 for Hallett's and £34 for ordinary brands.

SELDEN PATENT LOSER IN COURT

Independent Auto Makers Win Victory in Reversal of One Decision.

FIGHT TO BE CONTINUED.

Supreme Tribunal Will Be Asked to Decide on Alleged Infringement.

New York, Jan. 9.—The so-called independent automobile manufacturers won a victory today in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals in a reversal of the decree of Judge Hough in the Circuit court wherein the Selden patent was upheld.

The higher courts ruling declares that the defendants "neither legally nor morally owed anything to the patentee" and holds that the improved Otto engine, used by the defendants in motor vehicle construction, is the equivalent of the Selden engine, but that its use is not an infringement of the Selden patent.

Accordingly Judge Hough's injunctions against the Ford Motor company, Panhard & Levasser, and others restraining them from using the Otto engine on the ground of infringement must be dismissed by the lower court to which the cases were remanded with such instruction.

Opinion of Circuit Court.

The opinion of the Circuit Court of Appeals, written by Judge Noyes, says in part:

"While the conclusion of noninfringement which we have reached leaves the patentee empty handed with respect to the patent for the short time it has to run, it cannot be regarded as depriving him through any technicality of the first reward of his labors. He undoubtedly appreciated the possibilities of the motor vehicle at a time when the ideas were regarded as chimerical. Had he been able to see far enough he might have taken out a patent as farreaching as the Circuit court held this one was.

"The Brayton engine was the leading engine at the time and his attention was naturally drawn to its supposed advantages. He chose that type. In the light of events we can see that had he appreciated the superiority of the Otto engine and adapted that type for his combination, his patent would cover the modern automobile.

"He did not do so. He made the wrong choice and we cannot, by placing any forced construction upon the patent or by straining the doctrine of equivalents, make another choice for him at the expense of these defendants who neither legally nor morally owe him anything."

Patent Weapon of League.

The Selden patent seeks to control the manufacture of virtually all gasoline automobiles in America. Many of the manufacturing companies hold licenses under that patent, but there are many others which operated independently and in defiance of the patent.

The licensed companies are formed into the Association of Licensed Automobile Manufacturers, which excluded the independent companies from its undertakings, such as automobile shows and the like, and extensive legal complications were precipitated.

Under today's ruling the ground for contest between the licensed and unlicensed dealers is removed unless the scope of the Selden patent is changed by a subsequent ruling of the United States Supreme court.

Plan an Immediate Appeal.

Representatives of the Association of Licensed Manufacturers announced tonight that preparations already were being made to carry the matter to the federal Supreme court. Application for a writ of certiorari will be made by the Columbia Motor Car company and George B. Selden.

The statement of the association says that approximately 80 per cent of the gasoline motor cars manufactured in this country are now licensed under the Selden patent, many companies having applied for license after Judge Hough's decision in 1909.

BUTTER VALUES LOWERED 1C; STORAGE TOTAL HAS EFFECT.

Dealers Impressed with Necessity of Stimulating Buying and All the Best Makes Are Reduced.

Butter values at Chicago yesterday were lowered 1c a pound, all the best makes of creamery and dairy products being reduced. A report on cold storage reserves making holdings in principal cold storage warehouses of the country 45,140,000 pounds, as contrasted to only 24,485,000 pounds a year ago, combined with fresh receipts aggregating more than four times as much as arrivals last year at this time, impressed dealers with the necessity of taking measures to stimulate buying interest. The reduction brought best creamery butter to 28c a pound, or to 6c lower than a year ago. An unsettled feeling also pervaded the market for eggs, but dealers sustained values on a steady basis. Cold storage stocks were reported at 513,000 cases, compared to 501,000 cases a year ago. Live fowls were reduced ½c from the high price touched at the close last week. Potatoes met with a brisk demand and were firm to 1c higher.

REPORT ON COPPER STOCKS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—Copper stocks on hand in the United States on Jan. 1 showed a decrease of 5,358,874 lbs from Dec. 1, according to the monthly report of the Copper Producers' association made public today. The report showed 122,280,196 lbs of copper on hand Jan. 1, as against 180,889,069 lbs Dec. 1. Production during December was 123,885,219 lbs, as against 119,853,469 during November. Deliveries were 131,696,068 lbs in December, compared with 138,226,808 lbs during November. Of the deliveries 43,594,019 lbs were for domestic and 88,104,076 lbs for foreign consumption.

METALS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—STANDARD COPPER—Weak; spot and January, February, March, and April, $12.00@12.15; London weak; spot, £56 6s 3d. Futures, £57 3s 9d. Local dealers reported a nominally unchanged market. Lake copper, $12.00. @12.25; electrolytic, $12.12½@12.50, and casting, $12.50@12.75. Custom house returns show exports of 2,437 tons. Arrivals reported at New York today, 940 tons. TIN—Strong; spot and January, $40.00@40.50; February and March and April, $40.00@40.80. London strong; spot, £192 7s 6d. Futures, £185 15s. LEAD—Quiet; $4.45@4.55 New York; $4.30@4.35 East St. Louis. London lead, £13 2s 6d. SPELTER—Steady; $5.65@5.85 New York; $5.40@5.45 East St. Louis. London, £24. IRON—Cleveland warrants, 50s 1½d in London. Locally no change was reported in iron. No. 1 foundry northern, $15.25@15.75; No. 2 $14.75@15.25; No. 2 southern and No. 3 southern soft, $15.25@15.75.

DRY GOODS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—[Special.]—Dry goods quotations are as follows:

Cotton middling uplands: Spot, New York, 14.90c; Galveston, 15c; New Orleans, 14 15-16c. Print cloths, 28 inch, standard, 3 1-16c; 28 inch, 64x60s, 3½c; gray goods, 39 inch, 68x72c, 5½c; gray goods, 38½ inch, standards, 5½c; brown drills, standards, 6½c; sheetings, south, standard, 5½c; 4 yard, 7½c; 4 yard, Sonora, 6½c; denims, 9 ounce, 16½@17½c; ticks, 8 ounce duck, 13½c; Hartford, 11 ounce, 40 inch duck, 16½c; tickings, 8 ounce, 15c; standard fancy prints, 5½c; standard ginghams, 7c; fine dress ginghams, 9@10c; 4x4 finished cambrics, 4½@4¼.

NEWS NOTES OF FINANCIAL WORLD.

The various Cobalt silver mines distributed to stockholders last year over $8,300,000, bringing total disbursements from the camp since the opening in 1904 to $25,000,000. This amount has been paid from $47,500,000 realized from 91,000,000 ounces of metal, meaning that the stockholders have received from their investment over 50 per cent of the gross value of silver mined. Silver output last year was 27,350,000 ounces, a 7 per cent increase over 1909, and valued at $14,720,000. Nipissing has paid in dividends nearly a quarter of the total, and this amount represents 90 per cent on the stock since the first payment in 1906. Kerr Lake has paid out a total of $3,750,000, or 90 per cent on the capital, and Crown Reserve $3,058,531, or 150 per cent on the stock.

Controlling shareholders in three large Fall River breweries have agreed to consolidate into the Old Colony Breweries company with capital of $1,500,000, and capacity of 350,000 barrels yearly.

Although December business was the lightest in many years, 1910 traffic through St. Mary's ship canals was the heaviest in history. Cargoes aggregated 62,962,218 tons, against 57,895,149 tons in 1909, a gain of 42 per cent, and comparing with the previous high record of something over 58,000,000 tons, established in 1907. Three-quarters of the tonnage was east bound.

Application has been made to list on the New York exchange Chicago and Northwestern Railroad company $15,000,000 general mortgage 4 per cent bonds of 1987.

The Cross S. Farming company has been incorporated at Crystal City, Tex., with capital of $1,000,000, to purchase and sell trees, plants, seeds, etc.

The Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railroad company has applied to list $2,277,000 additional 4 per cent refunding improvement bonds, 1985.

Charles T. Atkinson, chairman and secretary of the Chicago stock exchange, has been granted a leave of absence for one month beginning Feb. 1.

Sears, Roebuck & Co.'s earnings have it is announced, begun the year with a large increase over the previous twelve months.

WOULD REGULATE RAIL BONDS

Illinois Commission Sees Need of Enactment of State Law.

PLAN IS TO KEEP CHECK.

Proposed That Reasons for Security Issues Be Enumerated.

Enactment of a law by the state of Illinois regulating the issuance of railroad securities is advocated by the Illinois railroad and warehouse commission in its formal opinion in the coal rate case, received from the commission's office at Springfield yesterday.

The decision that the railroads were entitled to an advance of 7 cents a ton on coal in the local rates was handed down verbally at the conclusion of the hearing in November. In the formal opinion the basis on which the decision was based are explained at length, and the methods by which the commission determined that the operating expense of the roads justified the increase.

Sees Need of Checking System.

In this connection the commission makes the suggestion that "the legislature pass a law prohibiting any public service corporation from issuing its bonds or stock without first making application to some proper body or commission, with a proper showing for the necessity for such bond issue, also to indicate for what purpose the funds are to be used, and then empower the commission to see to it when the bonds or stock are issued that the money received therefrom is applied to that particular purpose named in the petition."

According to the commission: "It is said that some of the railroads have watered their stock—in other words that stock has been issued and money received therefor and not put into the road, and therefore an allowance should not be made for any income on such stock. If this stock was in the hands of the officers who issued it this argument would be valid and the rule adhered to; but so far as we are able to get any evidence upon this subject it appears that the stocks and bonds of the respective railroads have been sold upon the market and purchased in a large degree, if not entirely, by innocent purchasers, and the commission does not believe it would be just to punish them, although it should believe some stocks and bonds may have been improperly issued."

Shippers to Get Large Amounts.

Claims totaling hundreds of thousands of dollars will be paid to the shippers by the railroads operating between the Mississippi and the Missouri rivers as reparation for the excess of rates paid while the order of the commission in the Missouri river rate case was enjoined by the Circuit court. The order of the commission authorizing the payment of the claims was issued during the day by the commission.

FIELDS BUY NEW YORK BLOCK?

Deal for Large Frontage on Broadway Reported to Be Investment by Estate.

New York, Jan. 9.—[Special.]—A rumor was current today to the effect that Marshall Field & Co. of Chicago had practically closed negotiations for the purchase of the block front on the west side of Broadway, between Thirty-fifth and Thirty-sixth streets. This property was purchased last June from Charles E. Johnson by a syndicate headed by the Shuberts. Lee Shubert would neither confirm nor deny the report today. Another report is that the purchase, if made, will be by the Marshall Field estate—not the business house—as an investment.

The Man with Coin

You must acknowledge that the farmer is the man with the coin. The farmer wants the goods you manufacture, but there is no way of getting in touch with him except through the farm press.

The very papers that have for years been championing the farmer's cause and have fought his battles for him—these papers are the ones that have woven a bond of confidence around him which reflects in the balance sheet of the advertiser using them.

No one disputes but what these particular papers are the four Orange Judd Weeklies, Farm and Home and the Dakota Farmer, a sextet of papers with over

1,000,000

Circulation Each Issue

Northwest Farmstead, the leading farm weekly of the Northwest, has 100,000 circulation, Orange Judd Farmer, the leading farm weekly of the Central and Southwestern States, has 125,000, American Agriculturist, the leading farm weekly of the Middle and Southern States, has 145,000, and New England Homestead, the leading farm weekly of the New England States, has 55,000 circulation.

The great national semi-monthly, Farm and Home, reaching 90% of the postoffices in the United States, has over 500,000 circulation, while the Dakota Farmer, the leading semi-monthly in the Northwest, has 65,000 circulation.

A bond of confidence has been established through these papers which protects subscribers, advertisers and publishers alike to the extent of making this million circulation, representing 5,000,000 farm folks, a great big, jolly, happy family, into whose homes you can receive an entree by using their advertising columns.

Interesting facts and figures, instructive to a high degree, are yours for the asking. Simply address

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JOINT TICKET OFFICE PLANS ARE NEARER REALIZATION.

Only Two Carriers Entering St. Louis—Illinois Central and Vandalia Have Yet to Give Indorsement.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 9.—[Special.]—The plans for establishing a joint ticket office at St. Louis, for the use of all the railroads, are progressing rapidly toward realization, and at the meeting of executive officials today it developed that only two carriers, the Illinois Central and the Vandalia-Pennsylvania, had not yet given their indorsement. However, it was intimated that the Vandalia, which is controlled by the Pennsylvania, probably would be induced to coöperate, and in this event it will be only necessary to get the Illinois Central.

St. Louis will be the first big city to have a joint ticket office for the railroads. The adoption of the innovation at St. Louis, to economize in rental costs, means that the plan may be launched at Chicago and other cities.

In the discussions at St. Louis several railroad officials argued that the abuses at Chicago are far worse than at St. Louis, and the economy should be applied first at Chicago. In that city railroads maintain individual ticket offices in hotels and even in some stores, the railroads are paying a commission to agents of about 10 per cent on ticket sales. The contention has been raised that conditions in Chicago point to the advisability of reform.

CHICAGOANS HOSTS AT DINNER FOR MANY COMMISSION MEN.

This City Fixed for Mobilization Center for Members of League Preparatory to Advance on Minneapolis.

Members of the National League of Commission Merchants were entertained by the Chicago branch of the league at a dinner last night at the Auditorium hotel. A special train from New York brought many members and others arrived on the regular trains from the west. Chicago was fixed as the mobilization center for the advance on Minneapolis, where the nineteenth annual convention opens today.

C. F. Ayers, president of the Chicago branch of the league, addressed those present at the dinner, welcoming them to Chicago and outlining to them the plan of entertainment here. W. S. Gavan of Baltimore, A. D. Gail of Buffalo, C. W. Kimball of New York, John H. Shreve of Washington, and R. E. Hanley of Buffalo were also called upon for short talks.

MORGAN PROFITS BY SAVING BANKS

Use of Name at Crisis Places Another $20,000,000 Within His Control.

NO EXPENSE IS INCURRED.

State's Action Said to Have Forced Concerns Into Hands of Financier.

New York, Jan. 9.—[Special.]—The local banking situation was cleaned up today, according to the state banking department. But it was not cleaned up without profit to the house of J. P. Morgan & Co. For the mere lending of his name to the Madison Trust company and the Twelfth Ward and Ninth Ward banks, Mr. Morgan is said to have added $20,000,000 to the $10,000,000,000 he already controls, and obtained possession, virtually, of the whole of the Madison Trust company.

The house of Morgan did not have to put up a cent for this. The two banks and the trust company, which, it was thought, were threatened by reason of the associations of some of their stockholders and directors with the directorate of the Carnegie Trust company, today met all demands upon them out of their own resources.

At the same time, it is generally admitted that except for the publication of the fact that Morgan had agreed to stand behind them, the run on them would have been serious.

Great Reduction on Stock.

The Carnegie Trust company syndicate paid $315 a share for the Van Norden holdings in the Madison Trust company. Mr. Morgan has agreed to take them over, it is understood, at the book or liquidation value, which will be about $184 a share.

According to Wall street information the Madison Trust company was virtually forced into Morgan's arms. It was said that the Morgan interests for a long time had been determined to eliminate the Carnegie Trust company and obtain control of the Madison, the majority of the stock of which was held by a syndicate of Carnegie directors.

In support of this a remark said to have been made by Joseph T. Howell, president of the Carnegie company, was quoted. According to this Mr. Howell had said that the sudden closing of his company by the state banking department had been an outrage. Whether or not Mr. Howell made this remark, the sentiment attributed to him was held by many of his directors.

Appeal to Morgan Forced.

To continue

WHEAT FUTURES AGAIN ADVANCE

Continued Heavy Buying Lifts May to $1.07⅞@2, Highest Mark Since October.

WORLD'S EXPORTS HEAVY

Argentine News Causes Renewed Corn Buying; Country Is Seller on Upturn.

Wheat bulls showed no hesitancy at the opening yesterday, but started buying right at the bell tap and succeeded in boosting values materially during the session. There appeared to be heavy profit taking at times during the latter part of the session, but there were no indications of weakness in the market and prices at the close were ⅜@½c to ⅝@1c higher, the May showing the most strength.

Early news was not bullish and the advance was due more to light offerings at the start than any big buying. Liverpool closed only ⅝@½c higher, the larger world's shipments than expected, with freer offerings of Argentine wheat, caused an expectation of a slightly lower opening here. Everything for sale at the start was quickly gobbled up, however, and there was no big setback until prices had advanced to $1.01⅞@1.02 for May.

Bull Side Becoming Popular.

The bull side is becoming about as popular with the rank and file as it was unpopular a week or so ago, and many traders who regarded $1.00 as being the outside limit of a bull market are now predicting $1.05 or more. The bulls are now well intrenched in their position so far as the big holders are concerned. According to pit detectives Lichtstern's line stands him in around $1.01. As it has been added to recently it is probably better bought than that. If there is no loosening up in the big holdings the shorts will not be aggressive as the cash wheat appears to be equally well held.

Buying was led by Jackson Bros., Shearson-Hammill, Hulburd - Warren - Chandler, Canby, and Wagner. Later Bartlett-Frazier, Fitch, Logan-Bryan, Press, Armour, and Wagner sold on the advance.

Stocks on Passage Decrease.

World's shipments were 9,856,000 bu, against 10,868,000 bu a year ago. The stocks on passage decreased 1,144,000 bu, and the visible showed a loss for the week of 892,000 bu, compared to a decrease a year ago of 971,000 bu. Antwerp was ⅝c off; Paris, ½c lower; Berlin, ¼c up, and Budapest, ⅞c higher.

Weather in the southwest was clear and temperatures were seasonable. Some complaints were received of crop damage from the southwest. Cash trade active at Minneapolis and in the southwest, but quiet here, with sales of 25,000 bu. Minneapolis stocks decreased 106,000 bu for two days. Primary receipts were 869,000 bu, against 750,000 bu a year ago. Local run, 22 cars, with 29 cars the estimate for today. Northwest arrivals were 236 cars, against 397 cars a year ago. Winnipeg had 87 cars, compared to 126 cars a year ago.

Further Bulge in Corn.

Prices for corn closed with net gains of ¼@⅝c to ⅛@¾c up. The Argentine news was extremely bullish, Broomhall predicting nearly a complete failure of the crop unless there were heavy general rains soon. The effect of the ⅛@½d higher cables from Liverpool and the Argentine news were the main factors. Selling was led by country houses, and a good deal of corn was hedged in the May by country shippers.

Unsettled weather is indicated for the northern part of the belt. Receipts here were 249 cars, with 416 cars the estimate for today. Primary arrivals were 768,000 bu, against 545,000 bu a year ago. The visible gained 1,425,000 bu, against a gain of 941,000 bu a year ago. Cash trade was fair with liberal acceptances reported in the country. Prices were ½@¾c higher, with sales of 90,000 bu. Clement-Curtis, Peavey, and Gearhart were heavy sellers on the bulge. Shearson-Hammill and Bronsean were active buyers early.

More Activity in Oats.

Oats were a little more active and for the day scored gains of ⅛@¾c. Shorts were on the buying side and there was early buying by Bronsteen and Bailey. Gearhart and country houses were the sellers. The visible showed a loss for the week of 674,000 bu, compared to a decrease of 818,000 bu a year ago. Primary receipts were 501,000 bu; last year, 850,000 bu. Receipts at Chicago, 138 cars, with 224 cars the promise for today. Cash sales were 200,000 bu, with prices ⅛@¾c higher.

Packers Sell Hog Products.

Provisions were easy at the start, firmed up in midsession, but at the close there was not much change in prices. Offerings on the advance were free and there was selling credited both to the packers and to the stockyards houses. Cash demand only fair, and the receipts are fairly liberal here. January product is high, and this is keeping up the price of cash product. Receipts in the west, 94,700, against 109,500 a year ago. Local run, 41,000, with 30,000 the estimate for today. Receipts of product were light at 17 cars; shipments, 88 cars.

Rye Market Firmer.

Rye had a firm undertone. No. 2 was quoted 82c; No. 3, 78@80c, and No. 4, 65@76c. Receipts were estimated at 2 cars.

Barley was unchanged to 1c higher. Malting was quoted 85@88c; feed 60@75c, and screenings, 54@56c. Receipts were estimated at 77 cars.

Flaxseed closed 2c lower. No. 1 northwestern closed at $2.57; No. 1 from the northwest, $2.54; No. 1 southwestern, $2.44, and rejected, $2.34@2.44. Receipts, none. Duluth closed 1½c lower; May, $2.57. Receipts were 3 cars. Minneapolis, 4½c lower; cash on track, $2.53. Receipts were 7 cars.

Timothy seed was quiet. March closed at $10.25 nominal. Country lots, $8.00@9.75. Clover seed, unchanged; March closed at $15.25 nominally; country lots, $10.00@14.25.

AMERICAN GRAIN MARKETS.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Jan. 9.—WHEAT—July wheat opened $1.08, high $1.09@1.09¼, low $1.08, close $1.08¾@1.08⅝; May opened $1.08¼, high $1.09@1.09¾, low $1.08¼, close $1.08⅝. Cash wheat: No. 1 hard, $1.10; No. 1 northern, $1.08¼@1.09¾, to arrive $1.08¼@1.09¾; No. 2 northern, $1.06¾@1.07¼, to arrive $1.06¼@1.07½; No. 3 wheat, $1.06¼@1.06¾. CORN—No. 2 yellow, 44c. OATS—No. 3 white, 33@34c. RYE—No. 2, 76½@77½c. MILLSTUFFS—Shipments, 1,907 tons. Strong and active. Mills practically sold output until March. Prices firm. BRAN—In 100 lb sacks, $21.00@21.50. FLOUR—Local mills report orders booked heaviest ever recorded at this season. Demand good. Prices unchanged. Shipments, 42,530 brls. First patents, $3.95@5.35; second patents, $4.85@5.25; first clears, $3.55@3.70; second clears, $2.85@2.95.

DULUTH, Minn., Jan. 9.—Close: WHEAT—On track: No. 1 hard, $1.10; on track and to arrive, No. 1 northern, $1.09; No. 2 northern, $1.06@1.07; May, $1.10; July, $1.10½. DURUM—On track, in store, and to arrive: No. 1, 90¾c; No. 2, 86¾c; May, 86¾c bid; July, 94¾c nominal. FLAX—On track and to arrive, $2.58; May, $2.57 asked. OATS—32c. RYE—75½@77½c. BARLEY—76@85c; feed barley, 67@73c. Receipts—Wheat, 64,540 bu; year ago, 90,705 bu; corn, 13,022 bu; oats, 1,488 bu; year ago, 63,739 bu; barley, 3,616 bu; year ago, 17,540 bu; flax, 3,254 bu; year ago, 23,131 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 21,450 bu; year ago, 200 bu; oats, 75,000 bu; year ago, 2,000 bu; flax, 2,000 bu; year ago, 94,975. Cars inspected—Wheat, 53; year ago, 32; flax, 3; year ago, 1; barley, 2; year ago, 0; total, 88; on track, 48.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—RYE—Dull. BARLEY—Quiet. WHEAT—Spot firm; No. 2 red, $1.00¾ elevator and $1.01¾ f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 northern, Duluth $1.24¾ f. o. b. afloat. Futures: May, $1.05¾@1.06 9-16; closed $1.06¼; July closed $1.03⅝. Receipts, 40,500 bu; shipments, none. CORN—Spot firm; new No. 2, 55¾c f. o. b. afloat. Futures: May closed 56¼c. Receipts, 103,500 bu; total shipments, 146,197. OATS—Spot firm; standard white, 39½c; No. 2, 40c; No. 3, 39c; No. 4, 39½c. Futures: May closed 40¾c; July closed 40¾c. Receipts, 58,400 bu.

MILWAUKEE—Wis., Jan. 9.—FLOUR—Steady. WHEAT—Higher; No. 1 northern, $1.06@1.10; No. 2 northern, $1.07@1.08; May, $1.03⅝. RYE—¼c higher; No. 1, 82c. OATS—½@¾c higher; standard, 34c. CORN—1c higher; No. 3, 46c; May, new, 50c. BARLEY—1c higher for choice; No. 2, 94@96c; sample, 89@90c; medium, 80@86c; No. 3, 92@94c; No. 4, 82@88c; rejected, 80@85c; Wisconsin, 90@96c.

PEORIA, Ill., Jan. 9.—CORN—Higher; No. 3 white, 46¾c; No. 3 yellow and mixed, 45c; No. 4, 43½c; samples, 42¾c. OATS—Higher; No. 2 white, 36½c; No. 3 white, 35¼c.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 9.—Close: WHEAT—Futures: May, 96¾@96¾c bid; July, 92¾@93c asked. CORN—May, 49¾c bid; July, 40¼@40¾c asked. Cash: WHEAT—1@2c higher; No. 2 hard, 95c@$1.01; No. 3, 95@99c; No. 2 red, $1.03@1.04; No. 3, $1.01@1.03. CORN—1c higher; No. 2 mixed, 44@44½c; No. 3, 44@44½c; No. 2 white, 44½c. OATS—Unchanged to ½c higher; No. 2 white, 35½@35¾c; No. 3 mixed, 31@32c. RYE—No. 2, 74@77c. Receipts: Wheat, 99 cars.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 9.—Close: Futures: WHEAT—Higher; May, $1.01¾@1.02; July, 95¾c. CORN—Higher; May, 49c; July, 50¼c. OATS—Higher; May, 34¼c. WHEAT—Higher; track, No. 2 red, $1.03¾; No. 2 hard, 98c@$1.04. CORN—Higher; track, No. 2, 49@49½c; No. 2 white, 47c. OATS—Higher; track, No. 2, 32c; No. 2 white, 34½c. RYE—Nominal, 86½c.

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 9.—CLOVER SEED—Close: Cash, January and February and March, $9.22½; April, $8.90; October, $7.75. ALSIKE—Prime, $9.80; March, $9.40. TIMOTHY—Prime, $4.65.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Jan. 9.—FLAX—Receipts, 7 cars; shipments, 1 car; closing, $2.53. BARLEY—Receipts, 60 cars; shipments, 57 cars; closing range, 64@82c.

Liverpool Grain Market.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 9.—Closing: WHEAT—Spot firm; No. 2 red western winter, 7s 3d. Futures steady; March, 7s 1½d; May, 7s 2d. CORN—Spot easy; American mixed, new, 4s 4½d; American mixed, old, 4s 5d. Futures firm; January, 4s 4¾d; February, 4s 5d; May, nominal.

RESIN, TURPENTINE.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 9.—SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Steady; 78½c. Receipts, 18 casks. ROSIN—Steady; $4.75; receipts, 107 brls. TAR—Firm; $2.40; receipts, 76 brls. CRUDE TURPENTINE—Firm; $4.50@6.00; receipts, 7 brls.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Jan. 9.—TURPENTINE—Firm; 80c; sales, 126 casks; receipts, 159 casks; shipments, 187 casks; stocks, 16,943 casks. ROSIN—Firm; sales, 3,489 brls; receipts, 606 brls; shipments, 4,586 brls; stocks, 83,304 brls. Quote: B, $6.27½; D, $6.30; E, $6.35; F, $6.37½; G $6.40; H, $6.45; I, $6.50; K, $6.75; M, $7.00; N, $7.00; W G, $7.50; W W, $7.75.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Jan. 9.—TURPENTINE—Firm, 78½c. ROSIN—Firm. Quote: A, B, C, $6.25; D, $6.20@6.80; E, $6.22½@6.80; F $6.25@6.30; G, $6.27½@6.35; H, $6.30@6.35; I, $6.35@6.40; K, $6.70@6.75; M, $7.15@7.20; N, $7.25@7.35; W G, $7.65; W W, $7.70.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—TURPENTINE—Firm; machine made brls, 82½c. ROSIN—Firm; strained, common to good, $6.40@6.50.

Oils.

CHICAGO, Jan. 9.—Wholesale prices of carbon and other oils: Standard white, 150, 8½c; perfection, 9c; headlight, 175, 10c; cocene, 10½c; elaine, 11c; W. M. P., naphtha, 11c; Michigan test, w. w., 10c; p. w., 9c; gasoline, 18½c; machine gasoline, 22c; raw linseed oil, single brls, 94c; 5 brl lots, 93c; boiled linseed oil, single brls, 95c; 5 brl lots, 94c; turpentine, 86½c; summer black oil, 7½c; winter black oil, 6c. These quotations apply to brl lots f. o. b. Chicago.

OIL CITY, Pa., Jan. 9.—Credit balances, $1.20; runs, 121,709 brls; average, 108,962 brls; shipments, 326,247 brls; average, 156,322 brls.

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 9.—OIL—North Lima, 82c; South Lima, 77c; Indiana, 77c.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 9.—OIL—Closed $1.30.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—COTTON SEED OIL—Easy; prime crude, $6.27; prime summer yellow spot, $7.28@7.40; January, $7.28@7.31; February, $7.27@7.31; March, $7.29@7.30; April, $7.30@7.33; May $7.32@7.34. PETROLEUM—Steady.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Jan. 9.—COTTON SEED OIL—Prime refined, in brls, per lb, 5.25c.

NEWS AND GOSSIP OF BOARD OF TRADE.

The Council of North American Grain Exchanges will meet in Chicago Feb. 5 at the La Salle hotel. On the third day of the meeting there will be an open meeting of the committee on seed improvement. In regard to this meeting the committee sends out the following: "There will be an open meeting of this committee at the La Salle hotel in Chicago on Wednesday, Feb. 8, which is the third day of the annual meeting of the Council of North American Grain Exchanges, and the entire day will be devoted to the subject "How to Obtain a Larger Yield of Better Grain."

"No time of this meeting will be given to set speeches, but will consist of a general discussion of the plans already under way and how to bring all of our tremendous forces into action to encourage the farmer to put into practice that which he already knows but too often neglects."

Buying of about 300,000 bu May by Shearson-Hammill right at the start of the market yesterday absorbed all the opening orders to sell and gave the market a strong tone. Lichtstern was credited with a part of this buying at least, and the firmness which it caused offset the effect of the easier cables and larger world's shipments. On the bulge yesterday there was more evidence of quiet profit taking.

Many owners of May have been holding their property for several months and welcomed the chance to get out even after having losses of from 5c to 8c. Other holders are standing pat and looking for still higher prices. Among the sellers on the bulge were Bartlett-Frazier, Armour, Harris-Winthrop, Peavey, Logan-Bryan, Wagner, and Press.

Minneapolis continues to lead the cash wheat markets of the country. Mills have drawn quite heavily from private stocks, and the public stores are now showing decreases. For two days Minneapolis stocks decreased 100,000 bu. Receipts are running light, and the mills are still active buyers, elevators generally being out of the competition owing to the advance in price of No. 1 northern to ½@2c over the May.

Kansas City reported an active demand for wheat and quoted prices 1@2c higher. St. Louis was up about 1c. Local trade was quiet and without much feature, although there were sales of 25,000 bu reported. Cash men say trade has not improved as expected so far this year, but that if futures held the advance there might be a better inquiry soon from country mills.

Country sales of corn the last few days, or since Thursday night, have aggregated several million bushels. Several of the largest cash houses have bought a tremendous amount of corn in the last three or four days, and a big jump in receipts is expected soon as the result of the sales. On the bulge in futures which followed the opening there was a fresh wave of country selling, which continued off and on all through the day. Many points are now paying 40c for corn, and this is bringing out a lot of it. One receiver said he did not think his clients would sell much more for a time, as they had already sold as much as could be taken care of for some time.

A report from Celina, Tex., said: "The wheat in Texas is considerably damaged by the zero weather of last week. Farmers say they cannot see a live green wheat since the freeze. Prospects seem to be poor at present, and if it stays dry we will not have much wheat. There has been no pasture this season, over the growing wheat fields, and this will take a few million bushels more of corn to feed stock."

Deliveries on January contracts yesterday were 5,000 bu of wheat and 500 tcs of lard. Logan-Bryan delivered the wheat and Lowitz the lard. Armour paid for the wheat and the Anglo company for the lard.

"Broomhall's Argentine agent cables that the outlook for corn is unfavorable and unless heavy general rains come soon the crop will be a practical failure. Private reports here state that already 30 to 40 per cent has been lost. In the west the outlook is bad, north bad, and in southern Buenos Aires fair."

World's shipments of grain last week with comparisons follow:

Wheat—	Last week.	Prev. week.	Last year.
American	2,752,000	2,112,000	3,806,000
Russian	2,920,000	2,704,000	3,016,000
Danubian	1,504,000	1,720,000	792,000
Indian	176,000	664,000	808,000
Argentine	240,000	1,264,000	144,000
Australian	1,104,000	768,000	1,616,000
Chile-No. Africa	210,000	256,000	184,000
Totals	9,906,000	9,488,000	10,365,000
Corn—			
American	1,808,000	1,608,000	2,165,000
Russian	408,000	816,000	536,000
Danubian	360,000	612,000	756,000
Argentine	2,272,000	969,000	448,000
Totals	5,068,000	3,990,000	3,900,000

Stocks of contract grade in local public elevators with comparisons follow:

Wheat.	This week.	Last week.	Last year.
No. 1 hard	100,149	100,149	.....
No. 2 hard	1,526,600	1,529,708	767,420
No. 1 red	16,437	16,437	.....
No. 2 red	3,395,360	3,600,153	77,291
No. 1 northern	17,806	20,805	2,218,091
Totals	5,068,941	5,319,282	3,062,802
Corn	864,561	906,604	2,199,906
Oats	5,272,004	6,000,181	2,561,164

The United States visible supply of wheat decreased 892,000 bu last week. Corn increased 1,428,000 bu, oats decreased 674,000 bu, rye, 9,000 bu, and barley increased 98,000 bu. Detailed figures follows:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Wheat	43,920,000	44,282,000	27,077,000
Corn	6,527,000	5,099,000	9,406,000
Oats	15,563,000	16,237,000	10,387,000
Rye	482,000	491,000	795,000
Barley	1,758,000	1,660,000	2,591,000

Exports of provisions from Atlantic ports last week with comparisons follow:

	Last week.	Last year.
Pork, brls	1,680	2,560
Lard, lbs	9,566,000	8,928,000
Bacon, boxes	14,639	14,252

Wheat supplies on ocean passage decreased 1,144,000 bu last week, making the total 29,352,000 bu, compared with 26,992,000 bu the corresponding week last year. Corn supplies increased 970,000 bu and are 20,443,000 bu, compared with 13,382,000 bu last year.

Liverpool stocks of wheat increased 16,000 bu last week, making the total 6,296,000 bu, compared with 2,440,000 bu the corresponding week last year. Corn stocks increased 36,000 bu and are 629,000 bu, compared with 1,536,000 bu last year.

Bids on the call for wheat to arrive were ⅛@1c higher, corn unchanged to ⅛c higher, oats unchanged to ⅛c higher, and rye unchanged.

Estimated receipts are: Wheat, 30 cars; corn, 415 cars; oats, 224 cars; rye, 2 cars; barley, 77 cars; hogs, 33,000 head.

Cash corn was ½@¾c higher, and oats were ¼@½c up. Sales were 80,000 bu corn and 200,000 bu oats.

Receipts of wheat at Winnipeg were 87 cars with 126 cars the corresponding day last year.

The sale of 1,000 brls low grade flour was reported for export by a local mill.

BOARD OF TRADE TRANSACTIONS.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close. Jan. 9.	Jan. 7.
WHEAT.					
May	1.01⅛-⅛	1.01⅞-2	1.00⅛	1.01⅝	1.00⅜-½
July	96¼-½	97	96¼	96¼-⅝	96
Sept.	94½	95⅝	94½	94⅞-95	94⅛
CORN.					
May	50-49¾	50⅜	49⅝	50-½	49⅜
July	50⅝-¾	51⅜	50⅜	50⅝	50¼-⅜
Sept.	51⅞	52	51¼	51⅝	51¼-⅜
OATS.					
May	34¾-¾-⅞	35⅜	34¾	34⅝-5	34⅜
July	34⅜	35¼	34⅜	34⅝-⅞	34⅜-⅝
Sept.	34⅛	34¼	33⅝	33⅞	33⅝
MESS PORK.					
Jan.	20.25	20.42½	20.22½	20.37½	20.30
May	19.15	19.35	19.15	19.22½	19.20
July	.....	.....	.....	19.00	.....
LARD.					
Jan.	10.65	10.72½	10.62½	10.65	10.67½
May	10.27½	10.40	10.27½	10.32½	10.32½
July	.....	.....	.....	10.27½	10.17½
SHORT RIBS.					
Jan.	10.75	10.75	10.67½	10.70	10.70
May	10.10	10.23½	10.07½	10.12½	10.15
July	10.03½	10.20	10.03½	10.10	10.07½

Prices at Outside Markets.

	May— High.	Low.	Close.	July— High.	Low.	Close.
WHEAT.						
New York	1.06⅜	1.05⅝	1.06¼	1.03⅝	1.03⅛	1.03⅜
St. Louis	1.02⅜	1.01	1.02	96	95½	96⅛
Winnipeg	99⅝	98⅜	99⅝	1.00⅛	99½	1.00⅛
Duluth	1.10⅛	1.09⅜	1.10	1.01⅛	1.00⅝	1.01⅛
Minneapolis	1.09⅛	1.08	1.08½	1.00⅛	1.08⅛	1.08⅛
Kans. City	99⅝	97⅞	98⅝	96½	92⅝	93
Toledo	1.03⅝	1.03⅛	1.03½	98¾	98½	98⅛
CORN.						
St. Louis	49⅝	49⅝	49	50¼	50¼	50¼
Kans. City	48⅝	47¼	48⅝	49⅝	49	49⅝

Grain Inspection.

	No. 2. Stand- better. ard.	No. 3.	Low grades.	Total.
Winter wheat	3	...	3	1 7
Spring wheat	2	...	...	2
Durum wheat	4	...	2	6
Mixed wheat	1	...	2	4 7
Corn	5	...	93	149 246
Oats	44	25	64	15 138
Rye	3	...	...	... 3
Barley	7	...	91	12 50
Totals	69	25	187	181 462

Inspected out from store: WHEAT—No. 2 hard, 1,007 bu; No. 2 red, 18,589 bu; No. 1 northern, 2,000 bu; No. 4 spring, 1,026 bu. CORN—No. 2 yellow, 1,692 bu; No. 3 white 955 bu; No. 2 mixed, 2,851 bu; No. 3 mixed, 41,973 bu. OATS—Standard, 17,197 bu; No. 3 mixed, 15,000 bu. Loaded from unlicensed elevators: WHEAT—No. 2 hard, 3 cars; No. 3 hard, 1 car; No. 1 northern, 1 car; No. 2 velvet chaff, 2 cars. CORN—No. 2 yellow, 8 cars; No. 3 yellow, 66 cars; No. 4 yellow, 54 cars; No. 3 white, 19 cars; No. 4 white, 1 car; No. 3 mixed, 14 cars; No. 3 mixed, 99 cars; No. 4 mixed, 81 cars. OATS—Standard, 1 car; No. 2 white, 9 cars; No. 3 white, 5 cars; No. 2 mixed, 1 car; purified white, 11 cars; No. 2 rust proof, 3 cars.

Daily Indemnities.

	Ups— Wheat.	High.	Low.	Close.	Downs— High.	Low.	Close.
May	1.02	1.01⅛	1.02	1.00⅞	1.00⅛	1.00⅛
July	97	96⅞	96⅛	96⅜	96	96
Corn—						
May	50⅛	50⅜	50⅛	49⅞	49⅜	49⅞
July	51	50⅝	50⅜	50⅛	50⅛	50⅛
Oats—						
May	.....	.....	.....	.....	34⅛	34⅛

Primary Movement.

	Receipts— Wheat.	Corn.	Shipments— Wheat.	Corn.
Chicago	22,800	302,500	15,300	444,650
Milwaukee	16,950	19,210	9,040	26,120
Minneapolis	239,850	60,540	32,900	16,830
Duluth	64,540	13,022	4,480	.....
St. Louis	72,600	80,600	38,155	30,000

MERRILL HEADS BOARD OF TRADE

Chosen President at the Annual Election by a Unanimous Ballot.

DIRECTORY FIGHT IS HOT.

Four "Insurgent" Candidates Cause Every Vote Possible to Be Cast.

John C. F. Merrill of Merrill & Lyon was chosen president of the board of trade yesterday by a unanimous vote at the annual election. Edward Andrew of the Nash-Wright Grain company was elected vice president. There were no other candidates in the field.

While there was no opposition to the candidates for president and vice president, there was nothing unanimous about the fight for the directory. Five candidates were nominated by the committee appointed at the regular caucus, and four additional "insurgent" candidates were placed in nomination by petition.

Friends of the different candidates for the directory were electioneering throughout the balloting and every vote possible was brought out.

Those Who Were Successful.

The following were elected: Charles B. Pierce of Bartlett-Frazier; Theodore E. Cunningham of Harris, Winthrop & Co.; David S. Lasier of Crighton & Lasier; Caleb H. Canby of C. H. Canby & Co.; and Leslie F. Gates of Lamson Bros. & Co.

The defeated regular candidates were Fred A. Paddleford, and B. S. Wilson. Philip H. Schiffin and Wilson F. Henderson were the defeated "insurgent" candidates.

The regular nominees for the committees were unopposed, the following being elected: For committee of appeals—Edward A. Doern of Pope & Eckhardt Co.; Howard Field of Howard Field & Co.; John R. Leonard of Bridge & Leonard; Wentworth P. MacKenzie, Shearson, Hammill & Co.; Harry B. Shaw. For committee of arbitration—John E. Brennan of Brennan & Carden; Henry G. Campbell, with Armour Grain Co.; Edward F. Chapin of Chapin & Edwards; James J. Fones; Ralph A Schuster, with Rosenbaum Bros.

New Head Long a Member.

Mr. Merrill, the new president, succeeding A. Stamford White, has been a member of the board of trade for about thirty-three years. He has been active in the affairs of the board for a number of years, having been vice president for two years, and chairman of several important committees. During the recent anti-future trading agitation at Washington, Mr. Merrill was the representative of the board in opposing all such hostile legislation.

Owing to his being in close touch with the affairs of the board he has been regarded as the logical candidate for some time, and there was not even any talk of opposition. Mr. Merrill resides at Hinsdale.

Edward Andrew, the new vice president, is secretary of Nash-Wright Grain company and has served two full terms as director of the board of trade.

NEW YORK COTTON NERVOUS, WITH PRICES WORKING LOWER

Market Continues Unsettled Under Scattering Liquidation and Bear Pressure—Close Is Barely Steady.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—The cotton market continued nervous and unsettled today with prices working lower under scattering liquidation and bear pressure presumably on expectations of a bearish census report on ginning at the opening tomorrow. The close was barely steady at a decline of from 7 to 17 points on old and of 4 points on new crop months.

The opening was steady at a decline of 1@4 points and prices quickly showed a net loss of about 4 points on the active months under local selling attributed to a rumor that finals returns to the National Ginners' association indicated a ginning for the last period of 450,000 bales, compared with 286,000 last year, with this year's figure including 250,000 bales of threshed cotton.

But there seemed to be some doubt as to the accuracy of these figures, many traders expecting the showing of the report to be smaller. While Liverpool was a shade better than due, foreign houses were buying here. There was some covering by Wall street shorts and during the middle of the morning prices rallied to a net advance of about 1@2 points on the active months. There was also broadening of demand on this advance, however, and after the close of the English market prices weakened, reaching the lowest point during the last few minutes closing practically at the bottom.

It was estimated that at the least 40,000 bales of cotton were liquidated by speculative bull interests during the last hour, but no one seemed able to identify the demand which absorbed the offerings on a scale down.

Spot closed quiet. 10 points lower; middling uplands, 14.90c; middling gulf, 15.15c. Sales, 3,400 bales.

Quotations:

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.	Prev. Close.
January	14.64	14.69	14.62	14.66-67	14.65
March	14.91	14.91	14.80	14.79-80	14.92
May	15.04	15.05	14.96	14.97-98	15.06
July	15.01	15.08	14.96	14.96-97	15.05

Receipts at the ports today, 65,082 bales, against 80,489 last week and 50,480 last year. For the week, 200,000 bales, against 272,716 last week and 161,290 last year.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Jan. 9.—COTTON—Spot steady, unchanged. Sales on spot, 1,050 bales; to arrive, 600 bales. Low ordinary, 11¼@ nominal; ordinary, 12 5-16c nominal; good ordinary, 13¾c; strict good ordinary, 14½c; low middling, 14 7-16c; strict low middling, 14 11-16c; middling, 14 15-16c; strict middling, 15 1-16c; good middling, 15¼c; strict good middling, 15 7-16c; middling fair, 15 11-16c; middling fair to fair, 16 1-16c; fair, 16 7-16c nominal. Receipts, 10,824 bales; stock, 260,917 bales.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 9.—COTTON—Unchanged; middling, 15¼c. Sales, none; receipts, 4,231 bales; shipments, 3,296 bales; stock, 23,331 bales.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 9.—COTTON—Closing: Spot, good business done; prices unchanged; American middling, fair, 8.53d; good middling, 8.19d; middling, 8.05d; low middling, 7.85d; good ordinary, 7.59d; ordinary, 7.34d. Sales of day, 12,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export and included 11,100 American. Receipts, 16,000 bales, including 4,000 American. Futures closed quiet. January, 7.85d; January-February, 7.85d; February-March, 7.86½d; March-April, 7.88½d; April-May, 7.89d; May-June, 7.89½d; June-July, 7.88d; July-August, 7.86½d; August-September, 7.66½d; September-October, 7.32d; October-November, 7.14d.

WE OFFER, SUBJECT TO SALE

$50,000 City of Kansas City, Mo.

MUNICIPAL 4½s

DUE SEPTEMBER 1, 1930

Price on Application

A. B. LEACH & COMPANY

140 Dearborn St., Chicago

NEW YORK PHILADELPHIA BOSTON

ALL GROCERY STAPLES FIRM

Inventories Do Not Show Average Stocks Are Burdensome.

SEEK RED ALASKA SALMON.

Some Local Jobbers Have to Buy from More Fortunate Rivals.

Surprising activity for this season of the year and the fact that the holidays are barely out of the way, has developed in the retail demand for canned goods, or rather it is a continuation of the demand, with a brief intermission during the holidays—when fancy groceries were in request.

Retailers are showing renewed interest with their inventory taking out of the way. Jobbers have also finished their inventories and find, generally speaking, that their stocks are not burdensome. Everything in the line shows strength and in a number of instances conditions approach a point not usually reached until late in the season.

Red Alaska Salmon Scarce.

Red Alaska salmon [talls] are so scarce in the local market that some jobbers are finding it necessary to buy from jobbers who were more far seeing or fortunate in their purchases last fall. The prevailing retail price is $1.95 per dozen cans.

Last week a number of large lots of Maryland standard No. 3 tomatoes were bought by local jobbers on a basis of 80c, f. o. b. Baltimore, or 88½c Chicago, including the freight rate. Latest information from Baltimore is to the effect that some sales of standard No. 3 tomatoes were made in the city last week on an 80c f. o. b. Baltimore basis in car lots.

All Canned Vegetables Firm.

Thomas J. Meehan & Co. of Baltimore, writing from the primary market for their line of canned goods, say:

"There is not a weak spot in any of the lines of vegetables, although some articles are inactive just now. String beans are firmer and continue to show indications of advancing. Lima beans have advanced again because of the extremely light stock left unsold here. Spinach is firmer and the No. 10 size tins have advanced to $3.40 a dozen. Sweet potatoes are firmer and the price a shade higher. Corn is firmly held, but is less active.

"Apples are fairly active in small lots. Peaches are dull but quite firm and so are pineapples, berries, and cherries.

"The unfavorable weather conditions continue in the oyster business along Chesapeake bay. The first three days of the week were warm for January and rainy, but the last half of the week was as cold as at any time previous to New Year's day. Raw oysters were scarce and high, too high for canners of cove oysters to touch them this week, and the outlook is discouraging to them. If the cold weather results in a late spring the canners will be unable to accumulate any surplus stock of oysters this season."

Fruits.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—EVAPORATED APPLES—Continue quiet, but there is an absence of pressure and prices are firm. On the spot fancy is quoted at 11c; choice, 11½c; prime, 9¼@11¼c. PRUNES—Firm on the small stocks and reports of a good export demand on the coast. Quotations range from 6¼@10¼c for Californias up to 30-40s and 10@11c for Oregons from 90s to 30s. APRICOTS—In less demand and prices are only about steady: choice, 12¾@13c; extra choice, 13½@13¾c; fancy, 15¾@14c. PEACHES—In good demand owing to the firmness in other fruits and prices are firm; choice, 7¼@7½c; extra choice, 7¾@8¼c; fancy, 8¾@9¼c. RAISINS—Rather quiet, but prices are firm on reports of firmness on the coast. Loose muscatels are quoted at 5¼@6¼c; choice to fancy, seeded, 6¼@7½c; seedless, 5@6c; London layers, $1.20@1.35.

Sugar.

CHICAGO, Jan. 9.—Market good; prices steady. Ruling quotations to the retail trade: Standard granulated, cane, 5c@5.17; cut loaf, H. & E., $6.27; standard powdered, 5c@5.17c; extra C, $4.96; pure milk sugar, 12½@16c per lb in bri lots.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—SUGAR—Raw easy; Muscovado 89 test, $3.17; centrifugal 96 test, $3.67; molasses, 89 test, $2.92; refined quiet.

Coffee.

CHICAGO, Jan. 9.—Demand fair; prices firm. Receipts of green coffee at Rio for two days, 5,000 bags; at Santos, 6,000 bags.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—COFFEE—Futures opened steady at an advance of 5@12 points on local covering and bull support, inspired by the apparent firmness of primary markets, smaller Brazilian receipts, and steady European cables. There was considerable realizing, however, accompanied by rumors that some of the leading bulls were sellers and after holding the initial advance during the morning prices eased off a point or two, closing steady at a net gain of 4@11 points. Sales were reported of 48,000 bags. Quotations:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous close.
March	11.71	11.71	11.67	11.67	11.65
May	11.60	11.60	11.60	11.56	11.56
July	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.44
September	11.41	11.41	11.40	11.40	11.20
December	11.32	11.32

CTION

No. 5

Dollars Loaned
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have loaned over $35,000,000
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interest or principal has ever
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6% Net

of these bonds, we provide
ver loan to exceed 50% of
the timber. Our own men
They approve land titles,
as a safeguard. The mort-
ortgage trustees, at stated
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times the amount loaned.
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btedness is being constantly
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er or in person.
specialty of loaning funds on
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Telephone Central 4844
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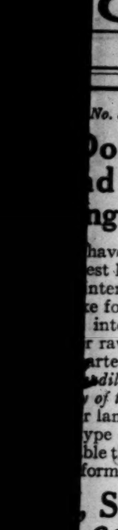

RAHAM & SONS
BANKERS
9-661 West Madison St.
nterest paid from January 1st on
eposits received up to January 12
n Evenings. Hours—9 A. M. to 9 P. M

Business Men
are invited to open savings ac-
counts at this bank. We par-
ticularly invite the accounts of
those who in the future expect
to need the services of a bank
willing to extend credit to
responsible borrowers.
CHARLES S. CASTLE, President
WM. F. VAN BUSKIRK, Vice-Pres.
JAMES M. MILES, Cashier.

TANDARD TRUST
& SAVINGS BANK
Capital and Surplus $1,250,000
159 LA SALLE ST.

VE WILL SELL
0 National Cash Register
00 National Grocer com.
20,000 Diamond Match Bonds
00 German American Coffee
CALL US UP FOR PRICES
DLEY A. TYNG & CO.
184 La Salle St., CHICAGO
388, Private Exchange, All Departments

TO THE HOLDERS OF
NERAL MORTGAGE 6 PER CENT
GOLD BONDS OF THE
ted Box Board and Paper Company
DUE JANUARY 1ST, 1926.
e Trust Company of America as Trustee under
gage of the United Box Board & Paper Com-
dated December 22d, 1905, hereby invites
eals for the sale to it under the provisions of
mortgage of as many bonds issued thereunder
ill exhaust the sum of Fifty Thousand and
nty Dollars ($50,020), at a price not exceeding
and accrued interest. Sealed proposals will be
ed at the office of the Trust Company of Amer-
37 Wall Street, New York City, at twelve
ck noon, January 17th, 1911, and should be
ssed "Proposals to the Sinking Fund of the
ted Box Board & Paper Company."
right is reserved to reject any and all tenders.
THE TRUST COMPANY OF AMERICA,
as Trustee.
By REMAN DOWD, Vice-President
ted New York, January 4th, 1911.

M. BYLLESBY & CO.
ENGINEERS
AMINATIONS AND REPORTS
218 LA SALLE STREET
CHICAGO
PHILAD. PHILA. OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLA. HOUSTON, ALA

UNICIPAL BONDS
t Investment Yielding from 4% to 6% Write for Circular.
LEN & CO.
BANKERS CHICAGO

OVERTISE IN THE TRIBUNE.

BUSINESS, COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL SECTION

VALENTINE SELLS BOOTH HOLDINGS

Principal Organizer of Fisheries Company Disposes of Interests Gradually.

PATTEN AMONG BUYERS.

Purchasers Impressed with Earning Power and Management of the Concern.

P. A. Valentine, who was the principal organizer of the Booth Fisheries company, has sold out his holdings in that corporation. At the time the company was formed in May, 1909, Mr. Valentine held 7,600 shares of the stock, which he placed in a trust agreement along with 24,000 shares controlled by the banks.

Following Mr. Valentine's disposition of his stock his brother, A. I. Valentine, who represented him on the board of directors, yesterday sent his resignation to President Betts.

It develops that P. A. Valentine has been gradually disposing of his holdings. The best purchasers of the shares have been K. L. Ames, James Patten, and one or two others. These new interests it is now understood have a controlling influence in the company.

Impressed with Earning Power.

They have been impressed with its earning power and the present management under F. C. Letts has been unusually efficient. Mr. Letts, therefore, will act in cooperation with the important stockholders.

The plans for refinancing the company will not be carried out for some little time. Those who know most about the present condition and the prospects of the company are the most sanguine over its future.

Mr. Valentine has been for some time getting out of the companies in which he has been a director. He has retired from Union Pacific, has several times suggested his desire to resign from the directorate of one of the local banks and it is understood is desirous of getting out of one of the banks in New York, where he is now a director.

Better Market Outlook.

Considerable confidence was felt locally in the market outlook because of the action of J. P. Morgan & Co. in guaranteeing the deposits of New York banks affected by the closing of the Carnegie Trust company.

It was figured that unless Mr. Morgan had been committed to the bull side of the situation he would not have undertaken to care for the banks in question. Despite the unfavorable news the market during the day was firm. The following confidential message was received by one of the large local houses:

"There is no question that the supporting orders in the market at the opening came chiefly from J. P. Morgan & Co. and the First National bank interests. Their orders were confined to Reading, Steel, and Union Pacific. Having accomplished their purpose of checking liquidation and restoring confidence, the market grew dull."

Henry C. Hackney wired the following from New York:

"While there has been no distinct improvement in general business the last week, there is improvement in financial and business sentiment. A large and widening demand for bonds showing the genuineness of the improvement. It is conceded on all sides that an immense amount of good business is only waiting the Supreme court and interstate commerce commission decisions."

Consolidated Gas Earnings.

Earnings of the Consolidated Gas company in 1910 were around $14,000,000, against $12,650,000 in 1909. The section of all charges and interest left a balance applicable to dividends of something over $8,000,000, according to known earnings, this equivalent to over 8 per cent on the $100,000,000 capital stock.

The operating income after reserve was not far from $2,600,000. Dividends from the New York Edison company amounted to $3,024,024 and from the Astoria Light, Heat and Power company about $700,000, besides $625,000 interest. Other dividends contributed $1,870,000, giving a total income of around $8,600,000, from which $200,000 interest charges were deducted.

The company has completed the first unit of the Astoria plant at a cost of $11,000,000 and will construct five more units at a cost of $10,000,000 each. The profit sharing plan will be announced late this month. Stockholders are expecting an announcement of the absorption of other companies in Greater New York and also an extra cash dividend.

Brooklyn Union Gas.

Gross earnings of the Brooklyn Union Gas company in 1910 were around $9,000,000, against $8,353,340 in 1909. The balance applicable to dividends was around $2,100,000, or 11.6 per cent on the $18,000,000 capital stock, of which William Rockefeller is credited with owning 51 per cent.

Last Year's Silver Production.

The 1910 output of silver, according to the estimate of the director of the mint, was 217,788,714 fine ounces, against 211,215,633 fine ounces in 1909. Mexico ranks first among the producers with a total of 72,874,220 ounces, the United States second with an output of 56,438,396, against 54,271,800 in 1909. Canada ranks third.

Of the states Montana led with an output of 11,-509,009 ounces, Utah reporting 11,242,301, and Nevada 9,546,256. Utah alone of the three showing an increase over 1909.

This country's output was considerably below the record of 1892, when 63,500,000 ounces, valued at $65,622,500, was produced. The previous year, 1891, showed production of 58,390,000 ounces, which, however, at $57,630,000.

Money in Circulation.

The treasury department's report as of Jan. 3, 1911, shows an increase in the amount of money in circulation as compared with a year ago, this a little more than the gain in population, the amount figuring 34 per capita circulation as against $34.83 a year ago. The money circulation and compares as follows:

	Jan. 3, 1911.	Dec. 1, 1910.	Jan. 3, 1910.
Gold coin	$805,050,087	$801,492,192	$806,212,418
Gold certif.	849,174,620	842,574,907	759,907,069
Stand. dol.	76,794,419	75,527,688	74,763,075
Silver certif.	474,333,499	480,727,412	474,380,459
Treas. silver	142,462,703	141,572,284	146,968,588
Treas. notes	3,401,493	3,464,374	3,025,839
U. S. notes	357,412,254	$40,511,925	$35,966,283
Nat. bk. nts.	704,091,292	705,426,069	687,113,634
Total	$3,192,380,336	$3,102,415,814	$3,122,184,539

Circulation per capita, $34.25; Jan. 2, 1910, $34.83; Jan. 2, 1909, $33.06; Jan. 1, 1908, $33.45; Jan. 1, 1907, $33.73; Jan. 1, 1906, $31.82; Jan. 1, 1905, $30.15; Jan. 1, 1904, $30.36; Jan. 1, 1903, $29.43; Jan. 1, 1902, $28.69; Jan. 1, 1901, $28.19; Jan. 1, 1900, $25.79.

Year's Anthracite Shipments.

December shipments of anthracite amounted to 6,391,576 tons, a gain of 8 per cent over December, 1909, and placing the month second in the list of heavy producing months, output being exceeded only in March, 1908.

The year's gain was 4.7 per cent, and 1910 stands second only to 1906 in the tonnage of hard coal.

Shipments by the different roads in December and 1910 compared:

Roads.	1910.	Increase.
Erie	$ 1,284,880	$ 113,605
Lehigh Valley	1,051,163	91,462
Central R. R. of N. J.	846,119	160,336
L. & W.	852,099	*41,544
D. & H.	604,121	60,582
Pennsylvania	† 701,636	197,465
Ontario	363,253	*36,834
Ontario & Western	342,807	*356
Totals	$ 6,391,576	$ 456,140
Year 1910—		
Erie	$12,445,782	$ 324,978
Lehigh Valley	11,195,365	899,188
Central R. R. of N. J.	8,679,135	580,765
L. & W.	9,889,079	57,381
D. & H.	6,578,256	441,410
Pennsylvania	6,280,976	284,452
Ontario	7,554,193	95,077
Ontario & Western	3,772,547	94,723
Totals	$64,906,789	$2,005,991

New York Edison.

A Wall street report is current of the probability of an increase in the dividend rate of the New York Edison company at the meeting this month which will make the stock on an 8 instead of a 6 per cent basis. The payment of 8 per cent would be about $3,000,000 for the Consolidated Gas company, which owns practically all of the stock. This would mean 6 per cent on the Consolidated stock.

CHICAGO STOCK EXCHANGE

	Shares.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Can	200	9¾	9¾	9½	9¾
Do pfd	200	78¾	79¼	78¼	79¼
American Radiator	2	262	265	265	265
Amer. Shipbuilding	10	76¼	76½	76¼	76½
Booth Fisheries	25	42	42	42	42
Do pfd	10	70	70	70	70
Do ctfs	30	40½	40½	40¼	40½
Ch. Pneumatic Tool	14	42¾	42¾	42	42½
Chi. Rys. series 2	37	24½	25	24½	25
Chicago Subway	5	4¼	4½	4½	4½
Chicago Telephone	68	129½	129½	129	129
Common. Edison	40	114¾	115	114¾	115
Diamond Match	57	94	94	93	93
Illinois Brick	426	65	66¾	65	65½
Kas. City Ry. & Lt.	10	21¼	21½	21	21
People's Gas	25	106¾	106¾	106¾	106¾
Quaker Oats pfd	2	102½	103½	102½	103½
Sears-Roebuck	285	187	188	187	187¾
Do pfd	22	120	120	119½	119½
South Side Elevated	17	68	68	68	68
Street's Stable Car	10	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾
Do pfd	20	40	50	40	50
Swift & Co.	129	101¼	101¼	100¾	100¾
United States Steel	1,575	74¾	75½	74¾	74¾
Total shares sold, 3,268.					

Closing bid and asked prices were as follows:

	Bid.	Asked.
American Can	9¾	9¾
Do pfd	78	78½
American Shipbuilding	76	77
Do pfd	110½	112
Booth Fisheries	41½	43¾
Do pfd	67½	70
Chicago City Railway	175	200
Chicago Pneumatic Tool	42½	43
Chicago Railways series 2	24½	25
Do series 3	10	11
Do series 4	5¾	6¼
Chicago Subway	4½	4¾
Commonwealth Edison	114½	116
Diamond Match	93	93½
Illinois Brick	63½	66
Kansas City Ry. and Light	20	22
Do pfd	68	71
Metropolitan Elevated	21	22
Do pfd	60	70
National Biscuit	117	118½
Do pfd	125	127
National Carbon	115¾	119
Do pfd	116	118
Northwestern Elevated	18	22
Do pfd	58	62
People's Gas	106½	107
Quaker Oats	162½	170
Do pfd	103½	104
Sears-Roebuck	186½	188
Do pfd	118½	120
South Side Elevated	68	70
Swift & Co.	100¾	101
United Boxboard	6½	7

BONDS.

$ 1000	Booth Fisheries debt. 5s [1926]	62
9000	Chicago City Railway 5s	102¾
2000	Chi. Railways cons. 4s B	85¾
3000	Commonwealth Edison 5s	100½@100½
20200	Dis. Match debt. 6s rcpts	100¾@Ind
2000	Metropolitan El. gold 4s	83 @ 83¼
1000	Metropolitan El. exten. 4s	78¼
12000	Morris & Co. 4½s	90¾@ 91
500	Swift & Co. 5s	100
Total bonds sold, $49,700.		

UNLISTED SECURITIES.

National Grocery common is leading the other securities on the Chicago curb in activity and is in good demand with bid price up five points in the last few days. Elgin Watch and National Cash Register are among the issues that have recently become active. The curb market is a little livelier with prices generally up. Bid and asked prices are quoted by Zeller, Fairman & Co. as follows:

Stocks.	Bid.	Asked.	Div.	Rat.
American Chicle [com.]	220	225	18	8.00
Do pfd	100	106	6	5.88
Am. Fork & Hoe [com.]	114	117	6	5.13
Do pfd	124	128	7	5.46
American Laundry [com.]	79½	81	...	...
Do pfd	105	109	7	6.42
American Seat. Co. [pfd]	82	88	4	10.26
Am. Typefounders [com.]	41	46	4	9.30
Do pfd	99	102	7	6.86
Aurora, Ill. & Chi. [com.]	41	43	3	7.32
Do pfd	84	87	6	6.90
Babcock & Wilcox	99	102	7	6.86
Borden's Con. Milk [com.]	121	122	8	6.50
Do pfd	104	106	6	5.66
Butler Bros.	258	260	20	8.84
Chi. Aud. Assn.	5	11	...	...
Congress Hotel Co. [com.]	85	90	...	...
Do pfd	69	71	5	7.04
Creamery Pack. Mfg. Co.	101	103	9	7.77
Diamond Rubber Co.	250	254	14	5.46
Dolese & Shepard Co.	38	45	...	...
Du Pont Powder [com.]	142	146	8	5.47
Do pfd	82	84	5	5.95
Elgin National Watch	150	153	8	5.26
First State Pawners	113	116	9	8.17
General Motors Co. [com]	35	37	...	...
Do pfd	68	70	7	10.00
Hotel La Salle Co. [pfd]	90	100	...	...
Inland Steel Co.	154	159	7	4.40
Mich. State Tel. [pfd]	97	99	6	6.06
National Cash Register	128	130	7	5.38
National Grocer Co. [com.]	80	84	2	5.88
Do pfd	83	88	6	6.98
North Shore Electric Co.	79	80	4	5.00
Northwestern Yeast	470	480	12	2.50
Omaha Yards	95	97	6	6.19
Otis Elevator Co. [com.]	48	51	3	5.88
Do pfd	95	98	6	6.12
Toasted Corn Flakes	134	144	6	4.13
Union Carbide Co.	104½	107	5	7.48
U. S. Gypsum Co. [pfd]	77¾	79	9	6.33

BONDS.

Chi. Athletic "Annex" [5s]	93¼	96	5	5.26
Do 1st [6s]	100	101	6	5.94
Chi. Auditorium [5s]	97	98	5	5.26
Chi. & Mil. El. Ry. [6s] 1919	88	91	5	5.49
Do [5s] 1923	45	48	...	...
Do [5s] 1925	16	19	...	...
Congress Hotel 1st [6s]	104	107	6	5.61
Do [5s]	90	95	5	5.26
Dering Coal Co. [5s]	30	35	...	...
Hotel La Salle Co. [6s]	99	100	6	6.00
Illinois Athletic C. [5½s]	90	92	5½	5.97
Nat. Safe Deposit [4s]	97½	99¾	4	4.02
North. G. L. & C. [6s]	99	100	6	6.00
N. Shore El. 1st & Ref. [5s] 1940	96¾	98	5	5.10
Page Woven W. F. [5s]	93	96	5	7.36
Schwarz. & Sulz. [6s]	100¾	101	6	6.04

Among the local bank shares Continental and Commercial National stock was active, with sales from 279½ to 281¾, closing at 281¼ bid.

After all charges the New York Edison's 1910 earnings were about 10 per cent on the capital stock.

Dividends Declared.

The General Asphalt company has declared a dividend of 2½ per cent on its preferred stock, payable March 1, 1911, representing the full amount of accumulated and unpaid dividends. Holders of preferred stock voting trust certificates will receive as evidence thereof temporary dividend warrants convertible into five year 5 per cent debentures subject to call at par and interest on any interest date.

The regular quarterly dividend of 1¼ per cent, payable in cash March 1, 1911, has also been declared. Checks and warrants representing these dividends will be mailed on March 14 to holders of preferred stock voting trust certificates of record at the close of business on Feb. 1, 1911.

Money and Exchange.

Money in Chicago steady at 4½@5 per cent on commercial paper and local collateral loans and 5@6 per cent over the counter. Foreign exchange was steady at the following quotations:

Sterling—	Demand.	Sixty days.
Actual	485¼	482¼
Commercial	485¼	483¼
Paris francs—		
Actual	519¾	523¾
Commercial	520¾	524¾
German marks—		
Actual	95 1-16	94 1-16
Commercial	94 13-16	94

New York exchange sold at 15c premium. Chicago clearings, $40,220,120.

Title and Trust Annual.

Stockholders of the Chicago Title and Trust company held their annual meeting and re-elected for three year terms the five retiring directors of the board, Harrison B. Riley, president of the company; E. A. Shedd, William C. Niblack, A. R. Marriott, and Charles C. Bartlett. The report for the year 1910, as previously announced, showed earnings equal to 14.16 per cent on the $5,000,000 capital stock.

Western Trust and Savings.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Western Trust and Savings bank, Joseph E. Downey was elected a director to succeed Granger Farwell, retired.

Within the last six months the Western Trust has enjoyed a large measure of growth. Admission of the bank to the Clearing House association has been the basis of extended confidence.

Street's Stable Car.

Net earnings of Street's Western Stable Car Line are reported to have been for the year ended Dec. 31, 1910, about $80,000 less than the previous year. Net earnings are said to have been roundly $162,385, and after paying dividends on the preferred and common stock there was a deficit of $22,915.

Last year's earnings were better than those of the previous year, but under the new management it was found necessary to write off and pay a considerable number of items carried over from the previous management.

Chicago Securities.

In the local stock market Sears, Roebuck & Co. shares were steadyi to firm. The common advanced one point to 188, but closed fractionally below that price.

Booth Fisheries certificates were steady at 40¾. The stock sold at 42.

Diamond Match stock opened at 94, but closed one point lower. For some reason the shareholders do not appear to take much interest in the stock.

South Side Elevated was off 2¾ points at 68. The market, however, was not significant. American Can shares continued firm. The preferred went up to 79½ from an opening at 78¾.

BIG MEN'S PLEDGE CALMS NEW YORK

Strengthening of Three Institutions Removes Uneasiness After Carnegie Crash.

BANKING STATUS SOUND.

Action So Well Liked on the Exchange That Strong Markets Result.

[NEW YORK TIMES FINANCIAL LEADER.]

New York, Jan. 9.—[Special.]—Any uneasiness which may have existed in the financial district after the close of business on Saturday in connection with the closing of the Carnegie Trust company was removed by the prompt and excellent work of the leading bankers of the city on Sunday.

Owing to certain operations conducted in the stock of other banking concerns by a group of directors of the Carnegie Trust company, there had been established relations which it was felt might be misunderstood by depositors of these other institutions and it was, therefore, highly desirable that their standing should be placed beyond suspicion.

This was done by a concentration of the control of these concerns in the hands of powerful banking interests, and with the opening of business today every preparation had been made to care for withdrawals on the part of disturbed depositors. The institutions referred to are the Madison Trust company, the Twelfth Ward bank, and the Nineteenth Ward bank. At no time weak, save through affiliations hitherto existing, these institutions now are strong beyond paradventure.

Banking Position Sound.

While the thoughts of people naturally will run back to 1907, existing conditions really find no parallel in that period, as a little consideration must show. As a whole the banking position is exceptionally sound and no further disturbance may be expected.

On the stock exchange the measures adopted to meet the situation were so well liked as to lead to a strong market in the first hours of trading today; movements of prices were firm, in fact, up to the close of the day, in spite of irregularity induced by profit taking and the consideration of other factors. Among these were the meetings of the steel manufacturers, now under way in the city, and which Wall street for reasons of its own expects to develop news on prices, although in the steel trade itself the belief seems to be that no changes in schedules will be made at this time; the monthly figures of the Copper Producers' association, which were disliked in speculative circles owing to the small home consumption reported, although in a way this exhibit was offset by the increase in foreign takings and further curtailment of production, and the progress of the rate hearings before the Interstate commerce commission.

Southern Roads Advance.

A number of railroad earnings statements of conflicting tenor were returned, broadly speaking. It is noticeable that southern roads continue to advance, while those in most other parts of the country report smaller gross returns and absolute net losses.

The feature of the money markets was the heavy gain in cash reported by the local banks from the subtreasury, this amounting to nearly $4,000,000 since Friday last. The exchanges favor this city decidedly, and everything points to continued accumulation of money here. Rates on demand loans displayed an easing tendency, as was to be expected, under the circumstances, while no change of importance took place in the foreign exchange market.

Money on call easier, 3½@4 per cent; ruling rates, 5%; closing bid, 3; offered at 4. Time loans dull and inclined to weakness; sixty days, 3¼@3¾ per cent; ninety days, 3% per cent; six months, 3½@3¾. Close: Prime mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent. Exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.8275@4.8280 for sixty day bills and at 4.8590 for demand. Commercial bills, 4.82@4.82½. Bar silver, 55. Mexican dollars, 45. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds firm.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	220@240	United States	99@ 99
American	221@230	Wells-Fargo	147@155

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.
United States 2s, registered	100¾	101¼
United States 2s, coupon	100¾	101¾
United States 2s, registered	102	102¾
United States 3s, coupon	102	102¾
United States 4s, registered	115½	116¼
United States 4s, coupon	115¾	116¼
United States Panama 2s, registered	100½	...

IN THE FOREIGN STOCK MARKET.

LONDON, Jan. 9.—Money was scarce and in strong demand today. Discount rates were firm. The $3,000,000 new gold available was shared by India, the continent, and the Bank of England. The stock market was dull, with narrow movements. Gilt edged securities eased on dear money and new loans prospects, including a Chilean issue of $25,000,000, which is expected soon. Copper shares improved, but kaffirs were neglected. Trading in American securities was light during the forenoon but the New York bank statement gave the market a good tone and prices ruled a fraction above parity. In the afternoon Wall street buying caused a further rise and a steady closing. Canadian Pacific shares were easy.

LONDON CLOSING STOCKS.

	Saturday's N. Y.	N. Y. Jan. 7.	N. Y. eqv. Jan. 9.	N. Y. eqv. close.
Amalgamated	67¼	65½	66¾	65
Atchison	106¾	106¾	106¾	102¾
Do pfd	106	102	103	102
B. & Ohio	110	106¾	108¼	104¾
Can. Pacific	208¾	198¾	204	199¼
C. & O.	85¼	82¾	84¾	82¼
C. G. W.	23¼	22¼	23	22¾
C., M. & St. P.	129	125¾	128¾	125¼
Den. & R. G.	30¾	29¾	30¼	28¾
Do pfd	71¾	69½	71	69
Erie	29	27¾	28¾	27¾
Do 1st pfd	48	42¾	47	41¾
Do 2d pfd	37	36	37	36
Ill. Cent.	148	145	147¾	144¼
L. & N.	140¼	145¼	149¾	146½
M., K. & T.	34¾	33½	33¾	32¾
N. Y. C.	115¼	112¾	115	111¾
Norf. & W.	105	102	105	102
O. & W.	43½	42¾	42¾	41¾
Penna.	66½	129¾	66½	129¼
Reading	80¼	156	79¾	155
So. Pacific	120¾	116¾	119¾	116¾
So. Ry.	28	27¼	27¾	27
Do pfd	66	63¾	64¼	61¾
Un. Pacific	179¾	174¾	179¼	174¾
Do pfd	96	93¼	96	93¼
U. S. Steel	77¼	76½	76¾	75¼
Do pfd	121¾	118¾	121¼	117¾
Wabash	16¼	15¾	16¼	15¾
Do pfd	36½	35½	36	35
Consols for money	79¼			
Do for account	79¾			
De Beers	18¼			

Bar silver steady, 25¾d per ounce. Money, 2¾@3 per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3½ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for three months' bills is 3 9-16@3¾ per cent.

BERLIN, Jan. 9.—The bourse opened quiet and firm today. Prices declined later and the close was easy. Exchange on London, 20m 46pf for checks. Money, 4 per cent. Private discount rate, 3⅝ per cent.

The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows the following changes:

	Marks.
Cash in hand increased	86,907,000
Loans decreased	254,304,000
Discounts decreased	216,162,000
Treasury bills decreased	29,235,000
Notes in circulation decreased	284,700,000
Deposits decreased	157,790,000
Gold in hand increased	86,342,000

PARIS, Jan. 9.—Prices were firm on the bourse today. Closing: Three per cent rentes, 97f 55c; for the account. Exchange on London, 25f 29c for checks.

IN THE BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 9.—[Special.]—Copper shares after a firm opening eased off somewhat and ruled dull throughout with price changes unimportant. Massachusetts Gas common was the strongest of the local industrials, gaining 1⅛; Shoe Machinery and United Fruit also were strong on a light volume of trading. Railroad shares were neglected. Call money 4@4½ per cent. Time loans, short dates, 4@5 per cent. Time loans, six months, 4@5 per cent; time loans, year, 4@5 per cent.

Say Clothier Is Insolvent.

Creditors of Moses Charnison, who conducts the American Clothing parlors, 145 Clark street, filed a petition yesterday in the United States District court asking that he be declared bankrupt.

NEW YORK STOCK TRANSACTIONS

	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close Jan. 9.	Close Jan. 7.
Amal. Copper	16,700	65¼	65¾	64¼	65¼	65¾
Am. Agl. Chem.	400	46⅞	47¼	46⅞	47¼	46⅞
Am. Beet Sugar	3,800	42⅝	43	42	42	42⅞
Do pfd	100	92¾	93½	92½	93½	...
Am. Brake Shoe	100	90⅜	90⅜	90⅜	90⅜	90⅝
Am. Can	200	9⅜	9⅜	9¼	9¼	9⅜
Do pfd	1,800	78¼	79¼	78¼	78¾	78
Am. Car Fdy	1,200	52½	52¾	52	52⅝	52
Do pfd	700	110¾	118	115¾	118	115
Am. Cot. Oil	1,400	38¾	39¼	38¾	39	38¾
Am. Ice	100	18½	18½	18½	18½	18½
Am. Linseed	100	11¾	11¾	11¼	11¾	...
Am. Loco	2,000	40	40¾	40	40	39¾
Am. Smelting	13,400	75¾	76¼	75¾	76	75¼
Do pfd	300	104	104¾	104	104¾	...
Do pfd. B	200	87¾	87¾	87	87	...
Am. Steel Fdy	400	43¾	45¾	43	45	46¾
Am. Sugar	300	114	114¾	114	114¾	...
Am. Tel. & Tel.	2,000	141¾	142	141½	141¾	141¾
Atl. Coast. Line	200	113¾	118¾	118	118	117¾
Am. Tobacco pfd	100	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	...
Am. Wool	300	32¾	32¾	31¾	31¾	...
Do pfd	100	92	92	92	92	...
Atchison	7,100	103¾	103¾	102¾	102¾	103¾
Do pfd	200	102¾	102¾	102¼	102¼	...
B. & Ohio	1,000	107	107	106¼	106¾	106¾
B. R. Trans	3,200	76	76¾	75¾	76¾	76
B. U. Gas	900	142¾	143¾	142	142	141¾
Can. Pac.	3,200	198¾	199¾	198	196	198¾
Cent. Lea	1,000	32	32	31¾	31¾	31¾
Cent. of N. J.	100	270¾	270¾	270¾	270¾	...
Ches. & Ohio	5,000	82¾	83¾	82¾	82¾	82¾
Chi. & Alton	100	30	30	30	30	...
C. G. W.	100	30	30	30	30	...
Do pfd	600	45	46	45	46	45¾
C., M. & St. P.	4,100	125¾	126¾	125¾	126¾	125¾
Do pfd	100	149¾	149¾	149¾	149¾	149¾
C. & N. W.	400	143	143	142¾	143	143
Chgo. Un. Trac.	100	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾	...
C., C., C. & St. L.	100	65½	66¼	65¼	65¼	...
Colo. Sou.	100	59	59	59	59	...
C. F. I.	800	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾	...
Do pfd	100	110½	110½	110¼	110½	...
Con. Gas	8,800	142	142	140¾	140¾	141¾
Corn Prod.	400	14¼	14¾	14¼	14¾	14¾
D. & R. G.	800	29⅝	30	29¾	29¾	29½
Do pfd	200	70	70	69¾	69¾	...
Del. & Hudson	300	167¾	167¾	167¾	167¾	167¾
Distillers	100	34½	34¾	34¼	34¾	...
Det. United	400	67¾	67⅝	67¾	67¾	67¾
Erie	900	28	28¼	28	28	28¼
Do 1st	700	46¾	46¾	46¼	46¼	46¾
Do 2d	200	35	35½	35	35½	...
Fourth Nat. Bk.	500	194	194	194	194	...
Genl. Elec.	800	151¾	152¼	151½	151¾	151¾
Goldfield Con.	1,900	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
Gt. Nor. Ore	900	58	58½	56	58	55
Gt. Nor. pfd	1,100	120¾	120¾	120½	120	120
Ill. Cent.	100	154	154	154	154	153¾
Int. Harv.	500	112¾	112¾	110	112	112
Do pfd	200	123	123	123	123	122¾
Int. Met.	900	10¾	20	19¾	19¾	20
Do pfd	1,000	54¾	55	54½	54½	54½
Int. Pump	400	41¾	41¾	41	41	41¾
Do pfd	100	85	85	85	85	85¾
Iowa Cent.	300	16⅝	16⅞	16⅝	16⅞	16⅝
Lake Shore						224
Do						89¾
Mex. Nat.						9¾
Do 1st pfd						30
Do 2d

BUSINESS, COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL SECTION

PLANS ONE MORE LOOP SKYSCRAPER

R. W. Sears to Build Office Building at Jackson Blvd. and Plymouth Place.

FLAT PROPERTY IS SOLD.

Widow of Actor Thomas Jefferson Sells Apartment House in East Forty-seventh Street.

The loop district is to have another big skyscraper, as it is understood that Richard W. Sears is having plans prepared for a modern high grade office building to occupy the ground at the southeast corner of Jackson boulevard and Plymouth place, which he purchased about two years ago from W. C. Lobenstine.

He also had under consideration a plan for improving with a purely commercial building of comparatively few stories in height, but is said to have practically decided upon the office structure. It will cover the entire lot with a frontage of 104.3 feet on the boulevard and 80 feet on Plymouth place to a ten foot alley, and if present plans are carried out will be twenty stories high and will cost in excess of $1,000,000.

Mrs. Sarah A. Jefferson of New York City, widow of the late Thomas Jefferson, the actor, has in a deed filed for record conveyed to Albert F. Werner the apartment house property in East Forty-seventh street 340 feet west of Lake avenue, with 110x125 feet of ground, south front, for a stated consideration of $49,000, subject to an incumbrance of $25,000, which the grantee assumes. This property, with some other, was acquired by Mr. Jefferson from F. K. Gustafson in 1901 for a reported consideration of $87,500, subject to incumbrance of $40,000.

Grand Boulevard Site Sold.

Dr. Samuel L. Fridues has purchased from John W. Midgley the vacant property at the southeast corner of Grand boulevard and Forty-eighth street, 75x150 feet, the consideration being withheld. While Dr. Fridues undoubtedly will improve the property, he has no definite plans as yet.

William Baim has purchased from Joseph H. Larson the apartment house property at the northwest corner of Rhodes avenue and Sixty-second street, with 60x110 feet of ground, for $45,000, subject to an incumbrance of $25,000. In part payment Mr. Baim conveyed the property at 544 East Forty-fifth street, 30¾x126 feet with brick improvements, for $18,000, subject to incumbrance of $9,500; and the premises 4628 Langley avenue, 25x125 feet, with brick improvements valued at $11,000, with incumbrance of $6,000.

Collector Ernest J. Magerstadt has purchased from James P. Hutchinson the residence property in Greenwood avenue, 100 feet north of Fiftieth street, for $32,000 with incumbrance of $20,000. The lot has an east front of 100 feet, with a depth of 207 feet, and is improved with a twelve room frame dwelling and garage in the rear.

Alexander Fader has sold to Eugene Wack the flat property in Fullerton avenue, 185 feet north of Sixty-seventh street, with 50x167 feet of ground, west front, for $22,000, with $12,000 incumbrance, assumed.

Rock Island Buys Land.

Five deeds running to the Rock Island road along Ninety-fifth street between Stony Island avenue and Colfax avenue, along the line of the South Chicago branch of the road, were filed for record during the day. The total consideration named in the deeds was $17,100.

Esther E. Taylor has quitclaimed to Charles W. Kemp, for a nominal consideration, the flat property, 107x150 feet, at the southeast corner of Linden court and Sherf street, 167x150 feet. Kemp has conveyed the property in trust to the Chicago Title and Trust company to secure a bond issue loan of $66,000, six years at 6 per cent.

Record has been made of the conveyance by Walter C. Newberry to the A. Reuser Construction company of 48x100 feet in Hudson street, 120 feet west of Sedgwick street, north front, for a nominal consideration. The company have given a trust deed to Simon W. Straus to secure a loan of $66,000 six years at 6 per cent, and $9,000 from the Chicago Title and Trust company, seven years at 5½ per cent. The funds are to be used in the construction of a high grade warehouse building.

Franklin Newhall has conveyed to John Stewart a tract of several acres at Glencoe for $14,892. It is said that Dr. Hopkinson recently sold his place there to Oscar G. Foreman is the purchaser.

Max Goodman has sold to Albert Silver, a merchant of Belvidere, two enamel front buildings at 1817-1819 West Twelfth street, containing two stores and ten flats, for $44,500, subject to incumbrance of $22,500. Mr. Goodman owns the adjoining double building, containing two stores and ten flats.

Start to Build Music Building.

Ground was broken during the day for the three story fireproof building to be erected for the McKinley Music company at the southeast corner of Fifty-fifth street and Jefferson avenue, 100x150 feet, at an approximate cost of $75,000. The building, which was designed by Niumons & Fellows, will contain eight stores, nine offices, and two floors for the music company. Richard J. Murphy has the general contract.

Real Estate Transfers.

ROGERS PARK.

Ashland-av., 209 s of North Shore-av., w f, 80x124. Dec. 12, '10 [Russell Tyson to Nellie C. Nelson] ..... $ 1,100
Bogue-pl., 200 n of Albion-av., e f, 50x124, Jan. 3 [Ernst Gundlach to Axel E. Odman] 1
Howard-av., s w cor Albion-av., s f, 85x124, and o. p., Jan. 2 [Ernst Gundlach to Anthony Meyer] 1
Kenilworth-av., 148 n of Central-st., s f, 25x160, Jan. 4 [Jed L. Jewell to August W. Kapernick] 2,700
Perry-av., 100 s of Albion-av., e f, 50x124, Jan. 2 [Ernst Gundlach to Wm. House] 1
Perry-av., 267 s of Albion-av., e f, 33x124, Jan. 2 [Ernst Gundlach to Hermann A. Fues] 1

LAKE VIEW.

Argyle-st., 248 e of Southport-av., s f, 40x144. Dec. 15, '10 [Chas. Hennes to Frederick Wolfsund, and ¼ int. and Chas. Wolfsund, und. ¼ int] 2,000
Barry-av., 69 e of N. Clark-st., s f, 68x120, Incumb. $10,000. Jan. 5 [Clinton B. Childs to Fredk. Schroeder] 10,000
Hamilton-av., 168 s of Wilson-av., e f, 86x137. Incumb. [Charlotte L. Staley to Ella May Feltakoff] 1
Irving Park-blvd., 125 e of Oakley-av., s f, 25x125. Incumb. $1,000. Jan. 4 [Joseph Hofer to F. B. Nagle] 3,000
Jansson-av., 125 s of Waveland-av. e f, 25x123. Jan. 6 [Chas. L. Schaefer to Chas. Mutterer] 1
Sheridan-rd., n w cor Humboldt-av., e f, 46x126, incumb. $2,500. Dec. 27, '10 [Wm. Schmidt to Theodore Beierdorf] 1
SOUTH TOWN
Ashland-av., 25 n of 85th-st., e f, 25x120. Dec. 12, '10 [Jane Lake to Fred A. Saenberg] 1,200
84th-st., 192 e of Paulina-st., s f, 72x120. Nov. 15, '10 [Henrietta C. Fuller et al. to Pete Serley] 1,500

HYDE PARK.

Berkeley-av., 125 s of 42d-st., e f, 20.10x121, incumb $4,000. Jan. 6 [Eugene Wack to Alexander Fader] 1
Champlain-av., s w cor 85th-st., e f, 40x121. Jan. 5 [Isaac N. Isham to Margaret Lowden] 1
Cottage Grove-av., 262 s of 79th-st., w f, 25x70. June 4 [Mathias C. Christensen to Jens C. Jensen] 1,000
65th-st., s w cor N. 54d-st., s f, 50x125, and bldg. incumb. $6,500. Jan. 3 [Wm. Baldt to Joseph H. Larson] 18,000
67th-st., E. 340 w of Lake-av., s f, 110x120, m or l. Incumb. $1,000 grantee assumed. Dec. 14, 1910 [Mrs. Sarah A. Jefferson of New York City to Albert F. Werner] 49,000
Grand-blvd., 99 e of Michigan-av., s f, 50x100. Dec. 17, '10 [John W. Midgley to Saml. L. Pridgen] 10
Greenwood-av., 100 e of 50th-st., s f, 50x207. Incumb. $20,000. Dec. 31, '10 [James P. Hutchinson quitclaims to Ernest J. Magerstadt] 10,000
Langley-av., No. 4022, w f, 25x120, and bldg., incumb $6,000. Jan. 3 [Wm. Baim to Joe H. Larson] 11,000
Lexington-av., s w cor 64th and 65th-sts., w f, 80x132. Jan. 7 [Edward H. Gilbow to Philip L. Saenger] 1
Rhodes-av., [41 s of 63d-st., w f, 25x125. Jan. 5 [John Flaherty to Fred F. Marsh] 7,800
Rhodes-av., n w cor 63d-st., e f, 41.6x110, Nos. 5104, 5106, incumb. $12,000. Jan. 3 [Joseph H. Larson to Wm. Baim] 45,000
Woodlawn-av., 168 n of 67th-st., w f, 50x100, incumb. $12,000. Assumed. Dec. 31, 1910 [Alexander Fader to Eugene Wack] 22,000
95th-st., 50 w of Caxton-av., s f, 50x154. Sept. 6, 1910 [Sidney S. Breese to C. R. I. & P. Ry. Co.] 800
96th-st., 75 e of Jeffery-av., s f, 50x154. Sept. 6, 1910 [Benson G. Bates to C., R. I. & P. Ry. Co.] 900
95th-st., 300 w of Colfax-av., s f, 122x150. Aug. 28, 1910 [Arthur Gourley to C., R. I. & P. Ry. Co.] 2,200
95th-st., 100 w of Colfax-av., s f, 150x150. Dec. 15, 1910 [John P. Neu to C., R. I. & P. Ry. Co.] 2,700
95th-st., 450 w of Colfax-av., s f, 150x150, 95th-st., n e cor Yates-av., e f, 295x150. Aug. 31, 1910 [C. A. C. C. & D. Co. to C., R. I. & P. Ry. Co.] 6,100
95th-st., 8ee Stony Island and Jeffery-ave. s f, 5 ac., Sept. 13, 1910 [Est. Clara H. Bryant to Edward V. Sherlock] 1,500
Same pptv., Sept. 14, 1910 [E. V. Sherlock to C. R. I. & P. Ry. Co.] 2,250
Fulton-st., n w cor 118th, e f, 44x90, Sept. 15, 1910 [Paul C. Peterson to Mary Powers] 4,400
Mackinaw-av., 275 s of 107th-st., e f, 25x125, Incumb. $500, Dec. 1, 1910 Anders Lindmark to Ellen Granfield] 1,200
Michigan-av., 108 s of 116th-st., e f, 25x125, incumb. $2,000. Jan. 6 [Jos. Briekema to Minnie Geninga] 5,500
Trust deed—Prairie-av., n w cor 54th-st., e f, 160x180, Jan. 3, 5 years 5½% [Anton E. Sward to J. Roberts Foulke, tr.] 45,000

LAKE.

Aberdeen-st., 179 n of 77th, w f, 30x124, July 17, 1908 [E. Percy Maynard to Conrad G. Lauserman] 10
Ashland-av., n w cor 16th-st., e f, 466x117 and o. p. [Joseph B. Woodruff to C. T. & T. Co. tr.] 1
Carpenter-st., 75 n of 73d, e f, 24½x124, Jan. 4 [John Steinhoff to Ernest [and Hann] May-st., 150 s of 74th, w f, 50x124, Dec. 3, 1910 [Henry K. Wells to E. L. Van Deelen, tr.] 1,000
Seeley-av., 20 s of 64th-st., w f, 25x125, incumb. $1,000, Dec. 30, 1910 [Lewis A. Gordon to Margaret Krohn] 1
79th-st., 33 e of Mansfield-av., s f, 50x105, Dec. 3, 1910 [Conrad G. Lauerman to Michael Freely] 1,500
34th-st., 45 s of Spaulding-av., n f, 48x124, Nov. 14 [Patrick J. Keohane to Mary Poole] 650
Stewart-av., n w cor 75th-st., e f, 97x188, Jan. 7 [Pat. K. Hardin to Marguerite Hardin] 6,000

CALUMET.

Lafayette-av., 141 s of 95th-st., w f, 25x124, Jan. 3 [Oscar A. Benson to David Breiland] 10
112th-pl., 250 w of Princeton-av., s f, 50x124, Nov. 30, 1910 [Jane Vanderbilt to Peter G. Lester Louse] 925
116th-st., 107 w of Butler, n f, 50x137½, Jan. 4 [Martha Huebner to John Fredricks] 2,050
119th-st., s w cor Loomis, 4 lots and o. p., Jan. 5 [James G. S. Orchard quitclaims to International Harvester Co.] 1
Wentworth-av., 616 s of 115th-st., e f, 25x123, Dec. 1, 1910 [Gustav Tarmroos to Victor E. Olson] 1

WEST TOWN.

Waller-st., 82 e of 13th, e f, 26x100, Dec. 14, 1910 [Estate Peter Moran to Samuel J. Friedman] 1,800
Walnut-st., 234 e of Homan-av., n f, 24x110, und. ½ Int., Dec. 31, 1910 [Edmund A. Obornson to Rebecca R. Deacon] 1
Washburne-av., 199 w of Center, s f, 25x124, Incumb. $7,500. Dec. 15 [Abe Telechansky to Rebecca Kaplan] 14,000
Washington-blvd., 276 e of S. 45d-av., s f, 20x180, Jan. 4 [Louis Fries to Louise F. Steiger] 1,900
Wilcox-av., 33 s of Campbell, n f, 33x125, Jan. 2 [Mary Whalen to Catharine F. Whalen] 1
Wilcox-av., 66 s of Campbell, n f, 33x125, Jan. 2 [Mary Whalen to Michael O'Donnell] 1
Willow-av., 197 s of Frink-st., w f, 250x155, incumb. $14,000, Jan. 3 [Albert G. Cramblett of Downey, Cal., to Charles N. Post, Pasadena, Cal.] 1
Wilton-av., 289 n of Washington-blvd., w f, 26x165; Baird-av., 316 n of Washington-blvd., e f, 52x149, Oct. 29, 1910 [William Blackstone to Louis Bushnell] 1,100
Blue Island-av., 160 n e of 22d-st., n w f, 175 x124, m. or l., Jan. 5 [John Kralovec to Louis A. Kral] 1,500
Central Park-av., bet. 16th and 18th-sts., w f, 28x125, Dec. 30 [Joseph P. Argyle to Belle Higgins] 1,200
W. 18th-pl., 50 w of Oakley-av., s f, 25x125, Incumb. $4,500. Jan. 31 [Estate Anna Danek to John Lacny] 2,249
15th-st., 175 e of Jefferson, n f, 25x73, Dec. 30 [Anna Zechner to Jasper P. Keller] 1
14th-pl., 300 s of Union-st., n f, 100x176, Oct. 11 [Peter J. Muench et al., by M. C., to Leopold Zamas] 6,198
Ashland-av., 1405 s of 18th-st., w f, 24x125, Nov. 29, 1910 [C. T. & T. Co. to Joseph F. Houda] 2,700
1456 Hastings-st., e f, 24x124, incumb. $6,000, Jan. 6 [Fannie Rifkin to Nathan H. Solotnj] 8,900
Hastings-st., 240 w of Loomis, s f, 24x124, Jan. 4 [Frederick W. Story to Mary E. Cathcart] 2,400
Millard-av., 196 s of 13th-st., w f, 24x126, Dec. 30 [Anna B. McGregor to James F. Opsahla] 800
16th-st., 121 e of S. 49th-av., s f, 24x125, Dec. 31, 1910 [Frank Mara to Chicago Dairy Co.] 775
W. 12th-st., s w cor Loomis, n f, 24x124, and bldg., incumb. $16,000, Dec. 29 [Abraham Korshak to Harry Gerber] 22,000
12th-st., 97 e of Homan-av., n f, 25x125, incumb. $6,500. Jan. 3 [Joseph Silverman to Harris Bernstein and Samuel Bernstein] 24,000
W. 12th-pl., 199 n of Throop, n f, 33x124, Dec. 30 [Joseph Finkelstein to Abraham Goldstein] 7,600
12th-st., W. 199 e of Throop, n f, 25x124, incumb. $6,000, Jan. 3 [Abraham Goldstein to Morris Cohn] 8,000
12th-st., W. 48 w of Loomis, n f, 24x124, incumb. $3,000, Dec. 28, 1910 [Harry Marks to Joe Katz] 3,800
21st-st., 60 e of S. 42d-av., s f, 48x75, Dec. 29, 1910 [C. T. & T. Co., trustee to A. W. Mellon] 8,400
18th-st., W. 165 w of Wood, n f, 48x124, incumb. $1,000, Jan. 4 [Esther E. Ellis to Annie Hulner] 7,000
Turner-av., 176 s of 16th-st., w f, 50x125, and bldgs., Dec. 29, 1910 [American Christian Missionary society, corps of Ohio, quitclaims to Douglas Pk. Church of Christ] 9
Union-st., 166 s of 21st, w f, 24x120, Dec. 29, 1910 [Est. Theresa Baller to Gustav Zoch] 1
Union-st., 320 s of 18th, w f, 24x100, Dec. 30 [Fred Mayer to Joseph Hynek] 1
Central-av., 196 s of Chicago-av., e f, 80x180, Dec. 8, 1910 [Jno. Heist to Philip A. Zimmermann] 5,000
Central Park-av., 225 n of Ohio-st., w f, 50x124, Dec. 30, 1910 [Robt. Kreuser to Chas. H. Serum] 2,800
Jackson-st., 158 n of Madison-st., w f, 21x107, Jan. 7 [Eugene Ambler to Vernon A. McGee] 7,600
Douglas-blvd., 107 e of Lawndale-av., D f, 62x175, Dec. 29 [Henry Cohen and Sadie to Sam Pritikin] 6,000
46th-av., N., n w cor Cortes-st., s f, 47x125, Nov. 17, 1910 [Harry F. Clark to Frank Pruska] 1,000
Fairfield-av., 220 n of 22d-st., e f, 25x125, Dec. 24, 1910 [Wm. J. Shannon to Michael Pruska] 2,075
Grand-av., 253 s of Hamlin, s e f, 60x167, Nov. 20, 1907, [Delman B. Leake to John H. Stotts] 1,050
Homan-av., 264 n of Douglas-blvd., e f, 25x100, Nov. 29, 1910 [Isadore D. Padorr to Clara Pritikin] 12,500
Ind.-blvd., 100 s of N. 46th-av., e f, 25x120, Incumb. $2,000. Dec. 30, 1910 [Frank O. Shaw to Frederick W. Dreckman] 4,500
Millard-av., n w cor 18th-st., extended, e f, 50x124. Jan. 7 [Michael Cronin to Anna L. Cronin] 6,000
Milwaukee-av., 264 s e of Upton-st., s w f, 27x100. Jan. 3 [Geo. Fischer to Walter Lovegrove] 6,500
Monticello-av., 75 s of Augusta-st., e f, 25x125, Incumb. $1,000. Dec. 31, 1910 [Martin Klosterman to Frank Philbin] 1,800
19th-st., 162 w of Western-av., n f, 856x 124 and other ppty. Dec. 30 [Mary T. Witherell to Allen J. Witherell] 3
Same 1-3 undivided 8-14 int. Dec. 30 Arvin W. Witherell to Allen J. Witherell] 1
Spaulding-av., 226 s of 16th-st., w f, 20x124, Dec. 15, 1910 [Louis Silberstein et al to Sam Schmidt] 1,500
Avers-av., 99 s of 24th-st., e f, 50x124, Nov. 24, 1910 [George H. Glover to Anna Bird] 825
Adams-st., 75 e of S. 41st-av., s f, 25x121, June 19, 1910 [Charles Sikeon to Katrina Sikeon] 1
Adams-st., 100 e of S. 41st-av., s f, 25x121, June 30, 1910 [Margaret Borostowski to Anna Borostowski] 1
Adams-st., 150 p of S. 41st-av., s f, 25x127, incumb. $2,200. June 4 [William K. Stahl to Frank Jurena] 4,500
Clifton Park-av., between 20th and 27th-sts., e f, 85x125, incumb. $1,200. Dec. 23 [Fred Hirchman to Emma Forst] 2,800
Clifton Park-av., 200 n of 32d-st., e f, 25x125, incumb. $2,500. Dec. 27, 1910 [Joseph Auban to Frank Riha] 4,850
S. 40th-av., 80 w of 37th-st., w f, 20x124, Nov. 1, 1910 [Carl A. Carlson to Frank Goralski] 1,450
S. 43d-ct., s w cor 27th-st., e f, 80x124, Dec. 27 [Wallace L. De Wolf to Joseph Retikowski] 750
W. 42d-st., 206 s of 30th-st., w f, 30x124, Dec. 30, 1910 [John Skala to Frank Sladek] 3,975
Fillmore-st., s e cor S. 46th-av., n f, 40x164, Jan. 4 [Frederick W. Story to Mary E. Cathcart] 1,925
S. 41st-av., 106 s of Polk-st., w f, 20x122, Incumb. $3,000. Dec. 29, 1910 [Philipp Zimmermann to John Heist] 10,000
Gladys-av., 126 w of S. 42d-av., s f, 25x124, Incumb. $6,200. Dec. 30, 1910 [Clifford L. Thompson to Mary E. Demir] 5,800
Harrison-st., 216 e of Douglas-blvd., s f, 25x250. Jan. 4 [Milford T. Goss to Alice Wood-Turner] 2,700
Jackson-st., 100 w of S. 43d-av., s f, 25x121, Incumb. $3,000, Jan. 3 [Abraham Goldstein to Morris Cohn] 3,000
Kedzie-av., 50 s of Grenshaw-st., e f, 25x125, Jan. 6 [Daniel O'Brien to Domenico Rio] 3,500
Kedzie-av., 24 s of Grenshaw-st., e f, 24x125, Jan. 4 [Milford T. Goss to Alice Wood-Turner] 7,500
Lawndale-av., 153 s of 30th-st., w f, 25x129, Incumb. $1,000, Dec. 9, 1910 [Jan Barton to Vaclav Kasparek] 1,850
Millard-av., 210 s of 22d-st., e f, 152x125, Dec. 27, 1910 [Janko Latkovic to Rose Kopecky] 10
Monroe-st., bet. Kedzie and Albany-avs., n f, 248x152, Dec. 19, 1910 [estate Elisabeth Ann Thomas to Helen Frye] 6,000
Madison-st., bet. Ashland-blvd. and Paulina-st., s f, 20x124, Dec. 16, 1910 [Mrs. Mary Hahn to Della Hahn] 10
Randolph-st., n w cor, N. Ada, s f, 40x110, Jan. 3 [Harriet A. Bushnell to Albert S. Bushnell] 1
Sangamon-st., 10 s of Fulton, w f, 12x120, Dec. 27, 1910 [Joseph Wolfenstetter of Evanston, Ill., to Chicago Butchers' Packing Co.] 30,000
20th-st., s e of Springfield-av., s f, 20x117, Dec. 29, 1910 [Otto Baumrucker to John V. Zelasny] 1,650
Turner-av., 141 s of 22d-st., w f, 25x125, Dec. 13, 1910 [Harry S. Chaney to William R. Walrath] 1
26th-st., n e cor. Clifton Park-av., e f, 41 ft. 10 in.x103, incumb. $6,000, Dec. 30 1910 [Leodie Bomash to Daniel S. Stern] 18000
Trumbull-av., bet. 25th and 26th-sts., e f, 50x125, Dec. 8, 1910 [John Novak to Charles Dvorak] 11,000

CICERO.

Wilson's Sub., s 32.86, lot 6, reads, lots 19 to 25, blk 1, n w, s w, n w, 17-39-13, incumb. $2,500, Oct. 29 [Mary F. W. Stevens to Wm. and Wilhelmina Lehmann] .. 5,000

MAINE

Desplaines Slocum Blk Park Add, lots 1, 2, 4, and 5, Jan. 4 [John H. Krahl to Thos. H. Colman] 7,000

NEW TRIER.

Co. Clks' Div., n 10 lot 45, 31-42-13, Dec. 31, 1910 [Wilhelm Muensel to Henry Kosow] 2,000
McGuire & Orr's Oakwood-av. Sub. lot 62, and s 10 lot 4, 6-42-13, Nov. 7, 1910 [Henry B. Scott of Burlington, Ia., to Morgin S. Grose] 1,250
Township 42, pt s e ¼, s e, 6-42,13, incumb. $4,500. July 14, 1908 [Grace A. Brown to Wm. H. Gruver] 1
Wilmette, lot 1, blk 20, incumb. $5,000, Dec. 23, 1910 [Chas. H. Brethold to Angeline Bacon Crosby and hus., Fred B. Crosby] 12,000
Wilmette, 622 Washington-av., Jan. 3 [Julia C. Taylor to Alice D. Tuttle] 8,000
Wilmette, McCarney's Add, lot 12, blk 1, and lots 1, 13, and 14, blk 8, Dec. 14, 1910 [Anna T. McConney and hus., Wm. M., to James M. G. Carter] 1
Winnetka, s 80, e 166.83, block 46, and other ppty in city and county, incumb $16,500, Jan. 4 [Francis M. Case to Mrs. Frances Maria Case] 2

NORWOOD PARK.

Bartlett's Sub, lot 66, n ½, w ½, s w ¼, 17-40-13, April 6, 1907 [Edwd. Johnson to Fredk. F. Johnson] 1,500

NORTHFIELD.

Melerhoff's Sub, w 9.13 ac, lot 15, sec. 3 and 4-42-12, Jan. 2 [Mary A. Duckman to Harry C. Gray] 1,500

PROVISO.

La Grange, Cork, and J. add, lots 29 to 31 and 33, Dec. 31, 1910 [Parley A. Lord to Title Guarantee & T. Co., Los Angeles, Cal.] 10
Grossdale, lot 12, blk 8 Nov. 14, 1910 [James Pantis et al. to James C. Pantis] 1
Maywood, Provisc ..... Asan. Add, lots 20 and 21, and n 2½ ft lot 22, blk 24, Dec. 19, 1910 [Chas. L. Stevens, Kansas City, Mo., to Lucy Clarke, Boston, Mass.] 4,500

RIDGEVILLE.

Evanston, lots 3 and 4 of lots 22 to 24, blk 74, incumb. $5,000, Jan. 4 [Chas. J. Simons to Wm. C. Slaits] 1
Evanston, Union Add, lot 17 (ex. n 46 ft.), all lot 16, blk 8, Jan. 5 [Fredk. Schroeder to Clinton C. Collins] 5,000
Trust deed—Evanston, s 50 lot 10, Longworthy Sub, blk 99, Jan. 10, 1911, to Jan. 1, 1916, 6% [Evanston Amusement Co., by Chas. G. Franklin, pres., to C. T. & T. Co., tr.] 35,000

SCHAUMBERG.

Township 41, w ½, s w ¼, and s ½, s w ¼, sec. 11, and n e ¼, n w ¼, 14-42-10, contg. 160 ac., Oct. 28, 1910 [Henry C. Freise to Louie H. Freise] 12,000

THORNTON.

Harvey, lot 22 and s ½ lot 21, blk 58, Jan. 5 [Chas. L. Davidson to B. Philomena Reardon] 3,200
South Lawn, lot 20, blk 59, Jan. 5 [Everard E. Lenox to Jacob Gross] 1,000
Township 36, pt 36-36, Jan. 5 [Fred. H. Meister to Henry J. Meyer] 4,500

Building Permits.

3959 to 3461 Lake-st., 1 story brick garage, H. C. Geordil ..... $ 3,000
360 to 364 N. 47th-av., 3 story brick flats, W. N. Thompson 7,000
3941 to 3945 Gladys-av., two 2 story brick flats, Mrs. K. Anderson 10,000
3939 Gladys-av., 2 story brick flats, Mrs. K. Anderson 6,000
11 to 17 Desplaines-st., 3 story brick factory, Nathan Freind 40,000
1933 Estes-av., 2 story brick residence, Rudolf Eschbach 4,000
4500 to 4510 W. 20th-st., 1 story brick factory, American Brake Shoe and Foundry company 30,000
822 Waveland-av., 2 story brick flats, Ben Carlson 6,500
260 W. 25th-st., 3 story brick flats, Carmine Madia 12,000
1445 S. 40th-av., 3 story brick flats, Frank Koutnik 8,000
7406 N. 43d-av., 1½ story brick residence, John G. Burns 2,000
1120 Cleaver-st., 3 story brick flats, Emil Haegener 6,500
3218 S. 44th-av., 1 story frame residence, William Heidemann 1,800
Union Stockyards, one story office 500
Edward F. Hamm, 3 story brick factory, 2506 N. 43d-av., 3 story brick flats, Mrs. Catherine Shannon 220,000
2642 S. 43d-ct., 2 story frame flats, H. Kleemine 5,200
4960 Roiby-st., 2 story frame store and flats, Anna Lange 1,900
4958 S. Halsted-st., 1 story brick cottage, Brand Brewery company 4,000
Between 90th and 96th-sts., along the Illinois Central R. R., 1 story frame waiting room, I. C. R. R. Co. 1,000
..... story brick storage, ... 30,000
..... 2,200

NEWS OF THE COURTS.

United States Supreme Court.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 9.—[Special.]—Proceedings in the Supreme court of the United States today were as follows:

14—Winslow Hart Reaves, second lieutenant, artillery corps, U. S. A., plaintiff in error, vs. Frederick C. Ainsworth, major general, U. S. A., et al.; in error to the court of Appeals of the District of Columbia; judgment affirmed with costs; opinion by Justice McKenna.

207—R. J. House, plaintiff in error, vs. Joel B. Mayes, marshal, etc. et al.; in error to the Supreme court of the state of Missouri; judgment affirmed with costs; opinion by Justice Harlan [Justice McKenna and Chief Justice White concur in the judgment].

208—Thomas J. Brodnax and Frank E. Essex, plaintiffs in error, vs. the state of Missouri; in error to the Supreme court of the state of Missouri; judgment affirmed with costs; opinion by Justice Harlan.

The chief justice announced the following orders of the court:

Order—There having been a chief justice and three associate justices of this court appointed since the last allotment of the chief justice and associate justices among the circuits.

Therefore, in pursuance of section 606 of the revised statutes, It is now here ordered by the court that the following allotment of the chief justice and the associate justices among the circuits be, and the same is hereby, made, and that such allotment be entered of record viz.:

The first circuit, Oliver Wendell Holmes, associate justice.

For the second circuit, Charles E. Hughes, associate justice.

For the third circuit, Horace H. Lurton, associate justice.

For the fourth circuit, Edward D. White, chief justice.

For the fifth circuit, Joseph R. Lamar, associate justice.

For the sixth circuit, John M. Harlan, associate justice.

For the seventh circuit, William R. Day, associate justice.

For the eighth circuit, Willis Van Devanter, associate justice.

For the ninth circuit, Joseph McKenna, associate justice.

And it is ordered—Ex parte: In the matter of the state of Oklahoma, petitioner; assigned for reargument on Monday, Feb. 20, 1911, after the cases heretofore assigned for that day.

845—The city of New Orleans et al., petitioners, vs. the Wakefield Sheet Piling company; petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the fifth circuit denied.

846—The United States, appellant, vs. the Reading company et al.; motion to advance submitted by Solicitor General Lehmann for the appellant.

835—Frank A. Horn et al., petitioners, vs. the United States; petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Eighth circuit submitted by Webster Ballinger in behalf of Frank Hagerman, Wash Adams, and J. S. Botsford for the petitioner, with leave to the solicitor general to file an opposition within three days.

834—De Witt G. Hillegas, petitioner, vs. the United States; petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Third circuit submitted by Wilton J. Lambert for the petitioner and by Assistant Attorney General Fowler for the respondent.

849—William H. Gray, petitioner, vs. Allen W. Fish et al.; petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Seventh circuit submitted by Mr. Frederick H. Tyler in behalf of Horace G. Stone for the petitioner and by S. S. Gregory, Jacob Newman, S. C. Levinson B. V. Becker, and C. H. Poppenhusen for the respondents.

206—The Louisville and Nashville railroad company, paintiff in error, vs. Erasmus L. Mottley et ux.; submitted pursuant to the twentieth rule by Ben Carter in behalf of Henry L. Stone for the plaintiff in error and by Louis McQuown for the defendant in error.

945—La Compagnie Generale Transatlantique, owner, etc., petitioner, vs. the Baltimore and Ohio railroad company; petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Second circuit submitted by John M. Nolan in behalf of Joseph P. Nolan for the petitioner and by Frederick M. Brown for the respondent.

192—G. Wash Hunter, plaintiff in error, vs. the state of South Carolina; motion to dismiss or affirm submitted by Mr. J. Fraser Lyon for the defendant in error in support of the motion and by John G. Capers, Coleman L. Blease, Joseph D. Wright, and William E. Andrews for the plaintiff in error in opposition thereto.

850—Edward J. Schurmeir et al., as executors, etc., petitioners, vs. the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance company; motion to dismiss petition for writ of certiorari herein for want of prosecution submitted by George W. Markham, James R. Markham, and John B. Sanborn for the respondent.

116—The United States, appellant, vs. the American Tobacco Co. et al.; and

119—The American Tobacco Co. et al., appellants, vs. the United States; argument continued by J. C. McReynolds for the United States and by De Lancey Nicoll for the American Tobacco Co.

Adjourned until tomorrow at 12 o'clock.

The day call for Tuesday, Jan. 10, will be as follows: Nos. 119 [and 116], 209, 435, 407, etc., 445, 492, and 494.

STATE STAMP TAX UPHELD

U. S. Supreme Court Sustains Missouri Act of 1907.

RELATES TO GRAIN DEALS.

Assessment Against Transactions Involving Future Delivery.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 9.—A stamp tax on the sale for future delivery of stocks, grain, provisions, or other commodities may be imposed by a state without violating the federal constitution, according to a decision today of the Supreme court of the United States in passing on the Missouri stamp act of 1907.

The law provided that it should be unlawful for any corporation or person to keep a place wherein was permitted the buying or selling of stocks, grains, provisions or other commodities for future delivery without at the time of the sale a memorandum being made of the transaction and a 25 cent stamp placed therein. The law provided that the fund arising from the sale of the stamps should be put into the hands of the state auditor as a good roads fund.

Upheld by Lower Court.

Thomas J. Broadnax and Frank E. Essex, officers of the board of trade of Kansas City, Mo., were indicted in 1906 on charges of violating this law. They were found guilty and each fined $50. They appealed their case to the Supreme court of Missouri on the ground that the law was unconstitutional, but that court upheld the law. The case was then brought to the Supreme court, which also upheld the law.

Upholding the power of a state to pass on the question of how much dirt is likely to be found in a carload of grain, the Supreme court of the United States today sustained a Missouri statute, thus abolishing a rule of the board of trade of Kansas City, Mo., for the deduction of 100 pounds from the weight of each carload of grain bought by its members, as estimated dirt.

No Power Over Army Board.

Civil courts have no jurisdiction to review the proceedings of an army board for the promotion of officers, according to a decision announced today by the Supreme court of the United States in the case of Second Lieut. Winslow Hart Reves of the artillery corps, U. S. A.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Jan. 9.—Forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday:

Illinois and Indiana—Increasing cloudiness Tuesday, warmer in south portions Wednesday, unsettled, probably snow and colder, brisk and probably high south winds shifting to north Tuesday night.

Ohio—Fair and warmer Tuesday, Wednesday unsettled, probably followed by snow and colder, brisk south winds.

Lower Michigan—Increasing cloudiness and probably followed by snow by Tuesday night and on Wednesday, colder Wednesday, brisk and probably high south winds shifting to north late Tuesday night.

Upper Michigan—Snow Tuesday and Wednesday, much colder Wednesday and in west portion Tuesday.

Wisconsin—Local snows Tuesday and probably Wednesday, much colder with a cold wave in west portion, brisk and high south winds shifting to north.

South Dakota and Nebraska—Unsettled weather, probably snow Tuesday night or Wednesday, much colder with a cold wave.

North Dakota—Unsettled weather, probably snow Tuesday and Wednesday, colder, cold wave in south portion Tuesday.

Missouri—Increasing cloudiness and probably followed by snow Tuesday night or Wednesday, colder Tuesday in northwest portion, colder Wednesday.

Iowa—Increasing cloudiness, followed by snow by Tuesday night or Wednesday, much colder with a cold wave in west and north central portions.

Minnesota—Snow flurries and much colder with a cold wave Tuesday, Wednesday unsettled, probably snow, colder in south portion.

Place of observation. Time taken: Jan. 9, 7 p. m.	Temp. 7 p. m.	Precipitation. Mark temp.	Wind. Direction of	Velocity of wind.	State of weather.
Eastern time—					
Albany	24	34	.08	N.W.	20	Clear
Boston	34	40	.12	N.	20	Fair
Buffalo	18	24	.11	W.	16	Clear
Charleston	52	60	....	N.	8	Clear
New York	30	38	.04	N.W.	36	Clear
Parkersburg	36

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Accountants and Auditors.

SITUATION WANTED—AS HEAD OF ACCOUNTING DEPARTMENT, GENERAL AUDITOR, OR OFFICE MANAGER, BY A CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT HAVING HAD YEARS' EXPERIENCE AS TRAVELING AUDITOR ON SPECIAL WORK AND AT PRESENT EMPLOYED AS MANAGER OF ACCOUNTING DEPT. POSITION MUST PAY GOOD SALARY AND PRESENT EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT. REPLIES CONFIDENTIAL. ADDRESS H E 5, TRIBUNE.

COST ACCOUNTANT.

An experienced and successful cost accountant, 28 years old, now employed desires new connection; years' machinery and manufacturing experience; can install and operate successfully and economically cost systems to suit any conditions. Address H 541, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERT ACCOUNTANT will open, close, balance books, keep small sets, audit, systematize, install cost systems, prepare reports; rates reasonable; special inducements to firms desiring monthly audit; bank references. M. F. LUCAS, 101 E. Lake-st. Phone Cent. 5384.

SITUATION WANTED—AUDITING ACCOUNTING, INSTALLING OF COSTS, BUSINESS AND OFFICE METHODIZING, BOOKS OPENED, CLOSED AND SMALL SETS KEPT; IMMEDIATE SERVICE. ETHERIDGE, 646 1ST NAT. BANK BLDG. PHONE RANDOLPH 3505.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERT WILL VERIFY and prepare profit and loss statements, audit, open, and close books; devise and install practical PROTECTIVE office and factory cost systems; keep small sets, etc., reasonable. McENROE, 134 Monroe-st. Phone Randolph 1377.

SITUATION WANTED — MY COMMON SENSE system of accounts of great value to any business house; no other equals it; highest Chicago endorsements. Books audited. F. M. WIGHT, Room 406, 160 Washington-st.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—SALESMAN TRAVELing on his own account, visiting architects, interior decorators, gas fixture manufacturers, and hundred lines throughout the country for the last fifteen years and who enjoys their confidence and good will, desires side line on commission or equitable compensation; prefers to settle permanently in California; highest references. Address H 574, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—CONNECTION WITH proposition of merit by experienced man, either as salesman or office position; furnish highest references; with large acquaintance with leading firms in middle west; at present employed but desire a change; clean record and able to show evidences of business getting ability. Address K 64, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AN ENERGETIC PERsuasive, and competent salesman wants to get ...

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Professions and Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—ELECTRICAL ENGINEER, for the last ten years superintendent of construction for one of Chicago's traction companies, wants a change; thoroughly familiar with power house and substation construction; 22 years' practical experience; successful in handling men; particulars and reasons for change upon request. Address J 532, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—FOREMAN OR WORKing foreman in composing room; have executive ability; first class stoneman and all around job printer or take charge of private magazine. Sober, steady and reliable; nonunion. Address L 96, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY MECH. ENGINEER, practical machinist and designer, who had charge of factories and shops for years and has broad experience in modern manufacturing methods, as superintendent or foreman. H. VOGEL, 712 N. Alma-av., Austin, Ill.

SIUTATION WANTED—CIVIL ENGINEER, with exceptional experience and executive ability in construction work, desires position with general contractor or consulting engineer requiring a man proficient in estimates and subcontracts; employed, but desire change. Address L 255, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — MECHANICAL AND electrical engineer, 10 years' experience power and manufacturing plant, construction and equipment, 4 years in executive positions. Address H 453, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — ELECTRICAL AND mechanical engineer 31; 7 years' exp., 4 as supt. of construction; design and construction of power, industrial plants and traction systems; will go anywhere. Address K 464, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MARRIED man experienced in pen and ink drawing and lettering wants permanent position where conscientious work will count. Address K 195, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS SUPT. OF CONstruction with contractor operating in Chicago or elsewhere; have had technical education, also four years' practical experience; can furnish best references. Address J 89, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—ALL AROUND PRINTer, 20 years' experience; prefer charge of private plant or job office; will leave city; best reference. Address F. POSTLE, 551 N. Park-av., Austin, 1st flat.

SITUATION WANTED—PHYSICIAN AND SURgeon, sober and industrious worker, just completed two years of hospital exp., wants to hear from corporation or other legitimate practice. Address L 261, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, 21; GOOD in artist work; at anything. Address L 268, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN; CAN DO plumbing, carpenter, furnace, and electrical work. A. SPURRY, 4087 Grenshaw-st.

Farm Help.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—CHAUFFEUR; A SOber, reliable, A1 driver and repair man; have 6 years' exp. on German, Eng. and Am. cars; I am single; 2 years in Am.; age 28. Please phone North 5049.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXP. CHAUFFEUR; careful driver; do repairing and other work; A1 reference. Address J 538, Tribune.

Stenographers and Typists.

SITUATION WANTED—IF BUSINESS OR PROFESSIONAL MAN could condense dictation into about one hour daily expert stenographer would take, transcribe at home, and deliver next morning by 8:30; charges reasonable; or night home work desired. Address H 354, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS STENOGRAPHER and office assistant with firm where there is a good chance for advancement; age 21; experienced; abstemious. Address H 423, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — ENGLISH-SPANISH stenographer, competent and reliable young man, expert stenog. and typist, 5 yrs.' exp., wants permanent position; A1 refs. Address K 376, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A MAN AS STENOGrapher and telegrapher; private secretary work preferred. EDWARDS, 1141 W. 63d-st. Phone Wentworth 7188.

SITUATION WANTED — BY FIRST CLASS EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER-CORRESPONDENT; THOROUGHLY RELIABLE AND PROGRESSIVE. ADDRESS K 354, TRIBUNE.

SITUATION WANTED — STENOGRAPHER with considerable experience in confidential work, executive ability, and A1 references desires to change; no agencies. Address J 561, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY STENOGRAPHER, with own typewriter, to work evenings. Address F 406, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXCEPTIONALLY well qualified gentleman; private secretary, office manager, confidential steno. Address K 510, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—COMPETENT STENOGrapher, male, wants stenographic work for Saturdays; pay no object. Address J 77, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—FIRST CLASS, EXPErienced stenographer; best references. Address J 161, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—STENOGRAPHER AND bookkeeper. Address K 505, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—MALE STENOGRAPHer; best ref.; salary $50. Address H 580, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—A LIVE, CAPABLE YOUNG MAN, NOW FILLING RESPONSIBLE POSITION WITH LARGE CORPORATION, DESIRES TO LOCATE WHERE EXECUTIVE ABILITY, ENERGY, AND DIPLOMACY CAN BE UTILIZED TO MUTUAL ADVANTAGE; EXPERIENCED IN OFFICE MANAGEMENT, CREDITS, AND COLLECTIONS; 11 YEARS WITH PRESENT EMPLOYERS. ADDRESS ...

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—WHO WANTS TO EMPLOY LADY BOOKKEEPER, WIDE AWAKE HUSTLER, CAPABLE OF ASSUMING CHARGE OF OFFICE, SYSTEMATIZING AND ACCOUNTING; MANUFACTURING AND COMMERCIAL EXPERIENCE; 1ST CLASS POSITION ONLY, WITH SALARY IN ACCORDANCE. ADDRESS K 55, TRIBUNE.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER AND typist, high school graduate with slight knowledge of stenography; have worked for a large corporation in this city; competent and not afraid of work. Address K 366, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS BOOKKEEPER BY young business woman of executive ability, thoroughly qualified to act as manager; accurate; H. S. graduate; 12 years' exp.; gilt edge ref. Address J 272, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG LADY WITH 5 years' experience, as city and traveling manager for salary loan co.; bookkeeping, handling collections, or any kind of office work; moderate salary. Address J 328, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—COMPETENT, RELIAble bkkpr. of long experience; trial balance; close books, etc.; highest refs. Address J 518, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—CAPABLE YOUNG woman, 8 yrs.' experience, desires position general office work; salary $9. Address L 222, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG LADY; FIRST class bookkeeper and cashier; capable taking entire charge; exp., references. Address N L 411, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — BY EXPERIENCED bookkeeper and stenog.; understands all office details; willing and accurate; ref. Address K 809, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—GENERAL OFFICE, refined lady, experienced in stenographic and clerical work; accurate in figures; salary $15. Address J 541, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERIENCED BOOKkeeper and expert cashier, capable of handling large amounts of cash daily; best of references. Address J 430, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—TO CHANGE PRESENT position; 10 years' experience; high class correspondent; $30 per week. Address J 529, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERT CASHIER, 4 yrs.' exp., capable handling large amounts of cash daily; best of refs. Address L 55, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG LADY, ASSISTant bookkeeper or general office work. Address J 52, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS CASHIER, AT MODerate salary; will give best references and bond if necessary. Address J 62, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERIENCED BUSI- ...

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Housekeepers and Caretakers.

SITUATION WANTED—AN AMERICAN WIDow of gentle breeding, excellent housekeeper, desires position as housekeeper where she can enjoy pleasant home and refined surroundings; no laundry. Phone West 2257.

SITUATION WANTED—HOUSEKEEPER OR nurse, cultured, educated woman; thoroughly domesticated; fitted for responsible position; home with good environments; highest refs. Address K 538, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—REFINED LADY, GOOD housekeeper; small family; widower, bachelor, or people employed; good home; refs. Address H 556, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—GENERAL WORKING housekeeping; no washing; good manager; refs.; neat, capable, trustworthy American housekeeper. 897 E. 24th-st.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

SITUATION WANTED — STRICTLY HIGH class maker of street costumes, dinner, evening gowns, and dresses for all occasions; exclusive styles; prices most reasonable. MAURICE, 5241 Washington-blvd.

SITUATION WANTED—SEAMSTRESS; FINE embroidery of all kinds, monograms a specialty. ROTHAUSEN, 2934 W. North-av. Humboldt 3991.

SITUATION WANTED — APPRENTICE WITH first class dressmaker. 5615 Wabash-av. Tel. Normal 4810.

SITUATION WANTED — DRESSMAKER, IN families; $2 day city or sub. Address F 257, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—GOOD DRESSMAKER wants families by day; prices reasonable; North Side preferable; refs. Address H 543, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—FIRST CLASS DRESSmaking in families. 6445 So. Park-st. MRS FIELDS.

SITUATION WANTED—FIRST CLASS DEsigner, perfect fitter, desires few more North Side customers. Tel. 2975 Lincoln.

SITUATION WANTED—AT HOME, PLAIN OR fancy sewing, altering, mending a specialty; visit or write MME. DONAHA, 2d flat, 4104 State.

SITUATION WANTED — MME. S. DOLASKA, gowns, dressmaking school, cutting, fitting, and designing. 3229 Prairie-av.

SITUATION WANTED—COMPETENT SEAMstress; family sewing cheap this month; refs. Phone N. 5466.

SITUATION WANTED—3543 ELLIS-AV.; WILL make high priced gowns in homes; refs. Aldine 2375.

SITUATION WANTED—CHAMBER WORK AND hand and machine work; day and evening; $6, room and board. Address J 574, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—COMPETENT DRESSmaker, sewing in families, $2 per day; North Side. Address F 572, Tribune.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Stenographers and Typists.

SITUATION WANTED—PRIVATE SECRETARY, young woman, capable of taking entire charge of business, desires to make a change; first class bookkeeper and stenographer; understands corporation business; five years' experience; first class in every respect; best ref.; can handle correspondence without dictation; has university education and knows Chicago well. Address J 538, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS CONFIDENTIAL secretary by young woman at present employed; rapid and accurate stenographer; able to handle correspondence without dictation and assume responsibilities; 12 years' experience with two firms. Address H 334, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERT BKPR. AND steno., private secretary; handle correspondence without dictation; capable taking entire charge; refined, well educated; best refs.; commercial, educational, journalistic exp.; $25 to start. Address J 466, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT STEN. and bookkeeper, 6 yrs.' experience; would prefer law or real estate office; kindly state salary in reply; now employed. Address O A 307, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — PERMANENT, AS steno. and asst. bookkeeper; college education; some experience; accurate, willing. Address J 435, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' exp., 3 yrs. h. s.; can spell and punctuate correctly; small office preferred; $15. Address K 465, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — AS PRIVATE SECREtary; refined, well educated young woman, 1st class stenographer, office assistant. Address H 451, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—STENOGRAPHER OR secretary; good experience; high grade houses; competent, dependable; familiar with banking and brokerage. Address K 552, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — EXPERT STENOGRApher and high class business woman of education and ability desires responsible position as private secretary. Address F 100, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG LADY STENOGrapher, 6 years' experience, commercial, banking, railroad; rapid, accurate, reliable; $15. Address K 267, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — YOUNG LADY STEnographer; 3 years' exp.; can write letters without dictation or act as correspondent and general assistant. $15. Phone Ravenswood 2632.

SITUATION WANTED—HIGHLY EDUCATED, experienced young lady wants position as stenographer or private secretary; small office. Phone Lawndale 5193.

SITUATION WANTED—STENOGRAPHER AND general office girl; sal. $8. Address L 2[illegible], Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SALESMEN WANTED.

We can place five to ten active salesmen in exclusive territory, east, west, and south. We have staple lines, premium lines, and special advertising propositions to sell. We also want three sales managers to take charge of offices in Philadelphia, Kansas City, and San Francisco. Will pay according to ability and experience from $125 to $250 per month; reference given and required. Applicants out of town requested to give their record by mail. Call or address

JOHN C. STATE,
147 5TH-AV., ROOM 91.

TRAVELING SALESMEN.

We sell direct to retail stores. Our business last year was the largest we have had in our 26 years' experience. We can use a few men in Central territory this year. If you can show determination, optimism, and a clean record, we want you. Yearly contracts and exclusive territory. Call on us for particulars.

N. H. OLIVER, 200 Monroe-st., Tenth Floor.

SALES MANAGER.

WASHINGTON ORCHARD COMPANY DESIRES TO INTERVIEW SALESMEN WITH PROVEN ABILITY AS TERRITORIAL ORGANIZERS AND SALES CLOSERS. EXPERIENCE IN THE SALE OF STOCKS, BONDS, AND LANDS AN ADVANTAGE, BUT NOT ESSENTIAL; ONLY MEN WHO CAN FURNISH BONA FIDE EVIDENCE OF THEIR PAST SUCCESS WILL RECEIVE CONSIDERATION. LIBERAL COOPERATION FURNISHED PROPERLY QUALIFIED MEN. GIVE REFERENCES IN FIRST LETTER. ADDRESS P F 64, TRIBUNE.

ENERGETIC YOUNG MEN.

We want some cleancut, well dressed, energetic young men over 25 years of age, who are or wish to become good specialty salesmen, to call on professional and business men with a proposition of exceptional merit. Our salesmen are making $40 to $100 per week. Experience not necessary if you have ability, as we train our men. No drinking men, has beens, or peddlers need call; we can't use them. Apply between 10 and 3 o'clock.

F. J. BROWN, 700 Old Colony Bldg.

An Exceptional Opportunity For a High Grade Salesman.

IF YOU ARE A SALESMAN, RATING YOUR EARNING ABILITY AT NOT LESS THAN $100 PER WEEK, I HAVE A NEAT, CLEAN AND ENTIRELY NEW PROPOSITION THAT WILL APPEAL TO YOU. SOMETHING THE BUSINESS MEN AND AMBITIOUS YOUNG MEN ARE WAITING FOR. INTRODUCTIONS FURNISHED.

MR. CHRISLER,
1010, 315 DEARBORN-ST.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Professions and Trades.

CHEMIST—GRADUATE. PLEASE STATE EXperience and references. Address O W 891, Tribune.

DRAFTSMEN—
Experienced men for positions as designers on punch and work.
Call or address
WESTERN ELECTRIC COMPANY,
48th-av. and 34th-st.

DRAFTSMAN—TO MAKE ILLUSTRATIONS OF hollow metal doors and sheet metal products for building construction. Answer, stating experience and salary expected. Address O H 240, Tribune.

DRAFTSMAN—ONE EXPERIENCED IN DEsign and detailing of office labor saving devices; state age, references, and salary expected. Address L 290 Tribune.

DRAFTSMAN—ORNAMENTAL IRON. HANKE IRON & WIRE WORKS, 2550 Pilmore-st.

EXPERIENCED MAN FOR INSTALLING small boilers and engines, hanging shafting, steamfitting etc. Address K 130, Tribune.

FIREMAN—FOR APARTMENT BLDG.; STEAM-boat man preferred. Apply 11 a. m., Room 902 Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

FIRST CLASS PEN AND INK ARTISTS—PERmanent position; state salary in 1st letter; with samples. CRESCENT ENGRAVING CO., 341 S. Clark-st.

FOREMAN—FOR LADIES' TAILORING. CAPAble man to take charge of manufacturing; must understand business thoroughly, organize shop, make patterns, and get out good grade of work. ADDRESS O W 895, TRIBUNE.

HARNESS MAKERS, MACHINE OPERATORS, saddle makers—Steady employment, good wages. C. ORTMAYER & SON, 157-159 W. Illinois-st.

MAN — TO WORK ON POOL TABLES AND other work. 178 E. Adams-st., 2d floor.

MACHINIST AND FIRST CLASS LATHE hands. EXCELSIOR MOTOR & MFG. CO., 22d and Union-av.

PLASTERERS — BIG PAY; OUT OF TOWN, short distance from Chicago; strike work. Apply at Room 18, 184 Dearborn-st.

PRINTER PROOFREADER—UNION, TO WORK on case; to fill in. MANZ ENGRAVING CO., 4001 E. Ravenswood Park.

PRINTER—PRESSFEEDER; FIRST CLASS. Davis Printing Works 6109 May-st.

PRINTERS—CATALOGUE WORK. ROGERS & HALL, 132 Market-st.

SHOE OPERATORS.

Lasters — Steady work, hand pulling and No. 5 machine run; price 7c, plain leathers. Extras: Box toe, 1c; patents, 4c; other extras in proportion. Machine pulling, including inner sole tacking, assembling, and side lasting, by hand, 6c. Heel and toe on No. 5 machine, 2 3-4c per pair, with extras. Our lasters have gone out in violation of their agreement. No cut in prices. Balance of shop working. J. S. SMITH SHOE COMPANY.

SUPERIOR MECHANIC WHO IS MACHINIST and expert automobile repair man. Phone Harrison 7096.

TOOL AND DIE MAKERS—
We can use experienced men on punch and die work. Positions open for either day or night work.
Call or address
WESTERN ELECTRIC COMPANY,
48th-av. and 34th-st.

Farm Help.

MAN FOR FARM NEAR CHICAGO; MUST BE a good milker and understand horses; office. CHAS. A. STEVENS & BROS., 111 State-st.

Janitors and Porters.

PORTER—COLORED; MUST RESIDE AT MY home. JAMES WALSH, 5600 Carpenter-st.

Agents.

AGENTS WANTED—FOR BRAND NEW BOOK, "ROOSEVELT'S FIGHT FOR THE PEOPLE'S RIGHTS." His Policies; Great Speeches; African trip; His Life Story Told Complete; Ranchman, Soldier, Statesman; Hero of San Juan Hill. "The issue is joined, and we must fight or fail." BIG MONEY FOR AGENTS. One sold 106 first week; 600 first three months. Credit; low terms. Outfit free. Address THE INTERNATIONAL BIBLE HOUSE, Dept. M Philadelphia.

STATE AGENTS WANTED FOR INDIANA, Iowa, Missouri, two Dakotas, Colorado, Salt Lake territory, Washington, Oregon, and California to represent a large corporation manufacturing farm specialties; exclusive territory and long term contracts given to those who have ability to sell, together with unquestionable references; must have money enough to carry stock of machines. Address or call on W. G. COXON, Special Agent, La Salle Hotel, Chicago.

AGENTS FOR NEW BOOK, ROOSEVELT, "Battling for the Right"; including Roosevelt Policies." Great Speeches African Trip. Address INTERNATIONAL BIBLE HOUSE, Dept. M., Philadelphia.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL FLORIDA LAND. An entirely new plan; insurance agents or any live solicitor can make big money. Call. FRANK M. HOLLEY & CO., 1040 American Trust Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS—MEN, WOMEN—CONTROL FASTEST selling 26c household article; 100% profit; money back guarantee. FREEMAN, 68, Binghamton, N. Y.

AGENTS—THREE PRODUCERS ARE WANTED by the largest industrial accident company in the world; old CONTINENTAL CASUALTY COMPANY, 1103 124 Monroe-st.

WANTED—AGENTS FOR HIGH CLASS CATHOlic proposition; reference required. Call on or address REV. ALAS Rectory, 402 N. Dearborn-st.

AGENTS—ROAD PROPOSITION; $8 ON $5 SALE. Room 200 56 6th-av.

Stenographers and Typists.

MALE STENOGRAPHER—ONE WHO IS FAmiliar with bookkeeping and industrial terms preferred; give references, experience, and salary. Address O W 562, Tribune.

STENOGRAPHER—ABOUT 20 YEARS OLD; railroad experience, freight dept. Great Northern, 220 Clark-st.

Miscellaneous.

ABLE BODIED MEN—FOR THE U. S. MARINE Corps, between the ages of 19 and 35; must be native born citizens of good character. Monthly pay $15 to $60. Additional compensation for cooking. Food, clothing, quarters, and medical attention free. After 4 years' service may retire with 75 per cent of pay and allowances. Service on board ship and ashore in all parts of the world. Men now on board ship. U. S. MARINE CORPS RECRUITING OFFICE, 200 S. Clark-st., 304 S. Dearborn-st., 509 Fifth-av., 409 Dearborn-st., or 11 S. Halsted-st., Chicago, Ill.

DOCTORS AND DENTISTS—TO TRAVEL IN Wisconsin; must be registered in that state; must be of good character and capable practitioners; a good opening for intelligent men. No drugs, or write to Franklin Laboratory, 2352 Wallace-st., Chicago.

ESTIMATOR—THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED in manufacture of store and office fixtures, mill work, and remodeling buildings; competent and reliable only need apply. Address P K 200, Tribune.

GENTLEMEN—CULTURED TO REPRESENT university in extension department; guaranteed and lucrative employment; good opportunity for clergymen and professional men. Address O L 200, Tribune.

MAN OF GOOD ADDRESS AND EDUCATION to begin at bottom with publishing house and rise according to merit; no experience required, but must be willing to work hard; $15 per week and bright future to right man. Apply 10 o'clock. CHAMBERS, 256 Dearborn-st.

MAN—WHO UNDERSTANDS SLAUGHTERING plant; state age, salary wanted. Address L 294, Tribune.

MARRIED OR SINGLE; German preferred. C. BRUMMENBAUM, Phone 23 Elmhurst, Ill.

MANAGER—AS ASSISTANT; MUST HAVE some experience; good salary and good prospects. KLEIN BROS., Halsted and 24th-sts.

MANAGER—OF AGENTS FOR HEALTH AND accident company; state age, experience, and salary expected. Address N L 856, Tribune.

NIGHT WATCHMAN—NORTH SIDE FACTORY must have references. Address P K 118, Tribune.

RELIABLE MEN—EXPERIENCED IN BOOKing moving picture attractions. Apply between 2 and 4 p. m. 601 Schiller Bldg., over Garrick Theater.

WANTED—FOR BRAND NEW BOOK, "ROOSEVELT'S FIGHT FOR THE PEOPLE'S RIGHTS." His Policies; Great Speeches; African trip; His Life Story Told Complete; Ranchman, Soldier, Statesman; Hero of San Juan Hill. "The issue is joined, and we must fight or fail." BIG MONEY FOR AGENTS. One sold 106 first week; 600 first three months. Credit; low terms. Outfit free. Address THE INTERNATIONAL BIBLE HOUSE, Dept. M Philadelphia.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Employment Agencies.

CLERKS AND BOYS—
Can you employ the positions actually open TODAY in this office, and you either out of a job or looking for something better?
Come in and pick out what you want. We are especially shy on Bookkeepers and Stenographers and all kinds of Bank, Ins., R. R., and General Office Clerks and 20 openings for boys paying $5 to $9 per week.
Our positions are with the medium sized firms in the loop. We are "Different" being under direction of Business Men's Clearing House. You can't lose on us and we only charge you a week's salary. HURRY OVER.
CRAIG AGENCY,
507, 160 Washington-st.

NO CHARGE UNLESS PLACED—
REGISTER TODAY FREE.
AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT ASSOCIATION,
N. e cor. Dearborn and Randolph-sts.

TRADE SCHOOLS.

WANTED — MEN TO LEARN THE BARBER trade. Our improved method makes it easy. In addition to free practice our instructions with charts and diagrams save time. Since barbers don't take apprentices the demand and wages increase. We teach quickly. Tools given; board provided if desired. Call or write. Moler Barber College, 425 Wabash-av.

SALESMEN WANTED—NO EXPERIENCE REquired. Hundreds of good positions now open, paying $100 to $400 monthly and expenses. Write (or call) today for particulars about how to get one of them. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, Dept. 441 Monadnock Blk., Chicago. Branches: New York, Kansas City, Seattle, New Orleans.

WINTER WISEGUYS—ARE USING THEIR spare time either days or evenings preparing to get out of the Hous. of Correction at $75 a month as chauffeurs and repairmen. Get busy now and call, phone, or write for our liberal and interesting proposition. AUTO SCHOOLS OF AMERICA, 1600 Michigan-av. Tel. Calumet 1088.

$150 UP MONTHLY TO COMPETENT TRAFFIC men under the new Interstate Commerce Law, making thousands of positions to every man trained for the work. Rapid advancement assured. Resident or home training. RAILROAD RATE SCHOOL, 606, 26 Van Buren-st.

GREER COLLEGE OF MOTORING.
Two entire floors devoted to
Repairing and personal instruction.
Individual road lessons on modern cars.
Particulars for the asking. 1454 Wabash-av.
Phone Cal. 3262.

SHOE OPERATORS.

INCREASE YOUR SALARY
by taking practical course in automobile driving and repairing. Call or write. Phone Calumet 6419.
ADAM DIETZ AUTOMOBILE CO.,
1459 Michigan-av.

AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL—
CHICAGO SCHOOL FOR MOTORING.
F. E. EDWARDS, Instructor.
1619 Michigan-av. Phone Calumet 2664.

PLAN READING, ESTIMATING, DRAFTING. Surveying. 55 Day and evening classes. CHICAGO TECHNICAL COLLEGE, Athenaeum Bldg., 22 E. Van Buren-st.

LEARN THE BARBER TRADE; FEW WEEKS required; immediate positions; good wages; tools furnished. Call, write or phone. Molnar Barber School, 612 W. Madison-st., Chicago.

MEN AND BOYS — TO LEARN PLUMBING, electricity, bricklaying, painting, decorating; big demand; positions secured; evening. Call or write. Coyne School, 49 E. Illinois-st.

LEARN TO BE A TELEGRAPH OPERATOR. Jones School of Telegraphy, R. 20, 200 Clark-st., near Jackson.

NORTH SHORE AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL DRIVing, repairing; a practical course. WM. F. MUEHL, M. E., principal. 3648 N. Halsted-st.

WATCHMAKING, ENGRAVING, JEWELRY REpair; day and eve. classes; catalogue free. Chicago School of Watchmaking, Dept. 34, Masonic Temple.

LEARN TO DRIVE AND REPAIR AUTOS; spring's coming; big money. Instruction expert mechanic and chauffeur Address J 452, Tribune.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

AUDITING CLERKS—EXPERIenced young ladies; must be rapid and accurate in short additions; liberal salaries and permanent positions. Apply at our main office, 8d floor.
ROTHSCHILD & COMPANY,
267-269 Wabash-av.

WANTED—5 YOUNG WOMEN who have a thorough knowledge of bookkeeping and are quick and accurate at figures. Good, permanent positions for those who qualify. State experience and salary expected. Address P H 120, Tribune.

YOUNG WOMAN WITH CASHIERS TO OPEN mail; state experience and reference. Address L 217, Tribune.

YOUNG LADY CASHIER BOOKKEEPER; SO Water-st. State ability, references. Address L 200, Tribune.

Billing Clerks.

WHOLESALE DRUG BILL CLERK AND EXlender—State exp. Address L 220, Tribune.

Saleswomen. Solicitors, Etc.

WANTED—LADY OF GOOD STANDING TO sell exclusive corset among her friends; highest commissions paid; no experience or previous canvass. ence and no cash investment necessary to start. American Corset Company, Desk T-B, Suite 827, 1 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESWOMEN for our suit section; permanent positions.
ROBERT STAEDTER CO.,
1409 State-st.
3d floor.

WANTED—THREE EDUCATED YOUNG WOMen, good address; outside, pleasant work, among select people; permanent position; salary, commission. Address Box S, Lake Forest.

LADY CANVASSERS—OF GOOD APPEARance, for the best selling article of the 20th century; call and be convinced. 224-230 W. Huron-st., 6th floor.

WANTED—WOMEN, INTELLIGENT AND GOOD address, on a necessary school help; 50 authors; salary or commission; permanent opportunity; state age, exper., etc. Address J 102, Tribune.

HIGH GRADE ADVERTISING SOLICITOR Wanted; an established woman's publication; large city and suburban circulation. Address K 396, Tribune.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SALESLADIES IN wash goods linens, and domestics. P. D. MADIGAN & CO., 31st-st., near Indiana-av.

Domestics and Cooks.

COOK—COMPETENT; GERMAN PREFERRED. Apply 4884 Michigan-av.

COOK; ALSO GENERAL GIRL—$5 TO $9. TEL. Kenwood 170.

COOK—GOOD. REFERENCES REQUIRED. 4800 Grand-blvd. Oakland 1822.

COOKING AND GENERAL HOUSEWORK—Girl; $30. 3300 Calumet-av. 3d floor.

COMPETENT COOK AND SECOND GIRL; small family; good wages. 4511 Grand-blvd.

CHAMBERMAID—GOOD. 671 DEARBORN-AV. 6065 North.

FAULTLESS WHO IS CAPABLE AND WILLING is wanted in a small family which includes a girl 16 years of age. References required from previous employers. Permanent position with good wages to right party. Telephone Oakland 60, or call 4642 Drexel-blvd.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK — EXPERIENCED Thursday and Sunday afternoons off. Phone Rogers Park 8918.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK — GIRL; MUST GO home nights. 3027 Clarendon-av. Lake View 1366.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK — GOOD GIRL CALL in morning or early afternoon. 5329 Calumet-av., 3d apt.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—GIRL; SWEDISH or German preferred; no washing; must be good cook. MARSHALL, 5432 Indiana-av.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—NEAT, COMPETENT girl; white; must sleep at home. 6466 S. Hermitage-av.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—GIRL TO DO COOKing and laundry; references. Phone Edgs. 2279. 6224 Kimbark-av.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL. 4520 Woodlawn-av.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL; $ in family. 6316 South Park-av., 1st apt.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—GIRL; NO WASHing; small family. 6233 Winthrop-av.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK — GIRL — SMALL adult family. 6139 Vernon-av., 3d apt.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—GIRL, NO LAUNdry; $7; ref. 324 S. Euclid-av., Oak Park.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—GOOD GIRL; NO washing. 1226 N. State-st.

GIRL—EXPERIENCED, PROTESTANT, UNder 26 for general work. 3 adults; 2ft with laundry. City references required. Phone Rogers Park 5231. 6802 Lakewood-av.

GIRLS—TO ASSIST HOUSEWORK; GOOD HOME to right parties; wages $4 to $5. 4426 Vincennes-av., Apt.

GIRL—FOR SECOND WORK. IN SMALL FAMily. 1618 Jackson-blvd.

GIRL—HOUSEWORK; NOT OVER $5. 445 E. 40th-st., 2d floor.

HOUSEWORK—GERMAN GIRL TO DO GEneral housework; small family. 3119 Indiana-av., 2d fl.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; $4 week. MRS. LINEHAM, 3629 N. Claremont-av. Graceland 0021.

HOUSEWORK—MAID; HOME NIGHTS; REFerences. MRS. REED, Wentworth-av. HUBBARD.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL; SMALL FAMILY; GOOD home; $5. Mrs. Greenwood 3726 Prairie-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK. 4612 Emerald-av.

LARGE ROOM AND GOOD BOARD FURnished in exchange for light housekeeping service. 1256 Rogers-av., 2d apt. Phone Rogers Pk. 6262.

MAID—EXPERIENCED, NO LAUNDRY; $7; 3 in family. 1001 Sheridan-rd., Apt. 4.

SECOND MAID — COMPETENT; CITY REFS required. 3729 Kenmore-av. Phone Edgs. 3501.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Waitresses and Hotel Help.

DINNER WAITRESS—AT ONCE. 190 Monroe-st.

WAITRESS—EXPERIENCED, AT 3222 W. Madison-st.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

DESIGNER, CUTTER, AND FITTER—EXPERienced, for custom made ladies' tailored shirt waists; must be capable of taking charge of workroom; good proposition to right party. Apply 804 Masonic Temple.

EXPERIENCED WAIST FINISHER — STEADY work. OTEN, 1112 Dearborn-av.

Milliners and Trimmers.

EXPERIENCED OPERATORS
on fine straw braids and tucking machines. Also makers, trimmers, and apprentices.
HYLAND BROS. CO.,
7 East Randolph, 5th floor.

MILLINERS,
TRIMMERS,
COPYISTS.
CHICAGO MERCANTILE CO.,
108-108-110-112 Wabash-av.

Girls.

BINDERY GIRLS—EXP. A FEW GOOD POSItions open. ROGERS & HALL, 132 Market-st.

EXP. GIRL TO FOLD CIRCULARS. CALL AT Boyd System, 309 Bush Temple.

FOUR GIRLS FOR ADDRESSING WORK AT home, evenings, by piano factory. Apply toward purchase of piano. Address P 315, Tribune.

GIRLS—OVER 16 YEARS FOR REELING MILlinery braid; good light workroom. R. H. CONEY & CO., 2440 Washburn-av.

GIRLS—FOR FILING AND GENERAL OFFICE work; must have mail order experience. 3d floor, Randolph-st. MISS FLAWS.

GIRLS — FOR LAUNDRY WORK OF ALL kinds; the very best of wages paid. 2410 Indiana-av.

GIRLS—EXPERIENCED, TO ASSIST IN STOCK. 170 State-st.

GIRLS — TO OPERATE NUMBERING MAchines, Northern Bank Note Co. 121 Plymouth-pl.

ORDER FILLERS—GIRLS FOR FILLING ORders and keeping stock; must be over 17 years of age, strong, and shodded; department store experience as saleswomen desirable. Call 8 to 10 a. m.
SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO.

OFFICE GIRLS—GRAMMAR SCHOOL GRADUates, 16 years of age, for office girls and messengers. Call 8 to 10 a. m.
SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO.

SAMPLE PASTERS—EXPERIENCED SAMPLE pasters wanted for work in our clothing department. Apply 8 to 10 a. m.
SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO.

Nurses and Governesses.

FRENCH NURSERY GOVERNESS — EXPERIenced, about 40, boy 4½ years old; references Call mornings. Room 628 Virginia Hotel.

GIRL—LIGHT HOUSEWORK; TO ASSIST WITH child; evenings and mornings or regularly. Phone 6163 Rogers Park. 1418 Farwell-av.

GERMAN NURSE—EXPERIENCED, TO CARE for 2 children; refs. 5006 Drexel-blvd.

MIDDLE AGED WOMAN TO CARE FOR CHILD of 2½ years and also act as companion to lady of house; German preferred. Reference required; drive phone number. Address L 95, Tribune.

NURSE GIRL—TAKE CARE OF CHILD TWO Years old Apply 6221 Monroe-av. 1st flat.

NURSE GIRL—CARE FOR NERVOUS PATIENT. 2919 N. Clark-st.

Laundresses and Pay Work.

LAUNDRESS—[WHITE] WEEKLY FAMILY of 2. Tel. Kedzie 1665. 3542 Flournoy-st.

Agents.

AGENTS—$7.00 FOR $3.00.
Guaranteed Face Crèmes, Powders, etc.
Call Room 608, 58 5th-av.

Stenographers and Typists.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR—MUST BE EXPERienced and capable of doing accurate work. This is a good position for a reliable, rapod operator. Give full experience, references, and salary, or no attention. Address P 317, Tribune.

FEMALE STENOGRAPHER, ONE WHO IS FAmiliar with bookkeeping and electrical terms preferred; give references, experience, and salary. Address O W 539, Tribune.

GIRL—FOR REMINGTON MACHINE TO ASsist in billing and take a little dictation; South Side; state age, experience, and salary. Address O W 594, Tribune.

STENOGRAPHERS — YOUNG STENOGRAphers who have had very little experience; must be competent and capable of rapid advancement; starting salary $10 to $12, according to ability. Call or write.
SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO.

STENOGRAPHER—ONE THAT WILL MAKE good office woman, who is up in grammar; beginner, who wants to learn and stick to position that will be permanent. Call 217 Dearborn-st., Room 3.

STENOGRAPHER—LADY; ONE WITH ADVERtising agency experience; give references; all replies absolutely confidential; salary $12; position open Jan. 15. Address P H 315, Tribune.

STENOGRAPHER—LADY IN WHOLESALE house, for general work; good chance for advancement; state experience and salary wanted. Address O W 454, Tribune.

STENOGRAPHER—TO OPERATE AN UNDERwood typewriter; will pay $8 to $10 a week; chance for advancement. 389 Wabash av.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER—EXPErienced; state salary; advancement. Address O W 502, Tribune.

STENOGRAPHER—EXPERIENCED; OLIVER machine; small office; $10. Apply at once. H. H. CHESTER & CO., 1001 Consh-st.

STENOGRAPHER—$6 WEEKLY. ROOM 215 Cambridge Bldg., 56 Fifth-av.

TYPISTS—EXPERIENCED; PIECE WORK; A guarantee of the first 2 weeks. 3d floor, 7 Randolph-st. MISS FLAWS.

TYPIST—FOR FILL-IN WORK; CHANCE FOR bright beginner to work into good position. Chicago Appliance Factories, Room 702, 21 Quincy-st.

Miscellaneous.

A PERMANENT POSITION IN OFFICE TO A smart, well bred, Protestant business woman, not under 25, for special work; 5 hours daily; experience is not necessary, but some business experience and no cash investment necessary to start. American Corset Company, Desk T-B, Suite 827, 1 Dearborn-st., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESWOMEN for our suit section; permanent positions.
ROBERT STAEDTER CO.,
1409 State-st.
3d Floor.

WANTED—THREE EDUCATED YOUNG WOMen, good address; outside, pleasant work, among select people; permanent position; salary, commission. Address Box S, Lake Forest.

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FAULTLESS WHO IS CAPABLE AND WILLING is wanted in a small family which includes a girl 16 years of age. References required from previous employers. Permanent position with good wages to right party. Telephone Oakland 60, or call 4642 Drexel-blvd.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK — EXPERIENCED Thursday and Sunday afternoons off. Phone Rogers Park 8918.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK — GIRL; MUST GO home nights. 3027 Clarendon-av. Lake View 1366.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK — GOOD GIRL CALL in morning or early afternoon. 5329 Calumet-av., 3d apt.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—GIRL; SWEDISH or German preferred; no washing; must be good cook. MARSHALL, 5432 Indiana-av.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—NEAT, COMPETENT girl; white; must sleep at home. 6466 S. Hermitage-av.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—GIRL TO DO COOKing and laundry; references. Phone Edgs. 2279. 6224 Kimbark-av.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL. 4520 Woodlawn-av.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL; $ in family. 6316 South Park-av., 1st apt.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—GIRL; NO WASHing; small family. 6233 Winthrop-av.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK — GIRL — SMALL adult family. 6139 Vernon-av., 3d apt.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—GIRL, NO LAUNdry; $7; ref. 324 S. Euclid-av., Oak Park.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—GOOD GIRL; NO washing. 1226 N. State-st.

GIRL—EXPERIENCED, PROTESTANT, UNder 26 for general work. 3 adults; 2ft with laundry. City references required. Phone Rogers Park 5231. 6802 Lakewood-av.

GIRLS—TO ASSIST HOUSEWORK; GOOD HOME to right parties; wages $4 to $5. 4426 Vincennes-av., Apt.

GIRL—FOR SECOND WORK. IN SMALL FAMily. 1618 Jackson-blvd.

GIRL—HOUSEWORK; NOT OVER $5. 445 E. 40th-st., 2d floor.

HOUSEWORK—GERMAN GIRL TO DO GEneral housework; small family. 3119 Indiana-av., 2d fl.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; $4 week. MRS. LINEHAM, 3629 N. Claremont-av. Graceland 0021.

HOUSEWORK—MAID; HOME NIGHTS; REFerences. MRS. REED, Wentworth-av. HUBBARD.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL; SMALL FAMILY; GOOD home; $5. Mrs. Greenwood 3726 Prairie-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK. 4612 Emerald-av.

LARGE ROOM AND GOOD BOARD FURnished in exchange for light housekeeping service. 1256 Rogers-av., 2d apt. Phone Rogers Pk. 6262.

MAID—EXPERIENCED, NO LAUNDRY; $7; 3 in family. 1001 Sheridan-rd., Apt. 4.

SECOND MAID — COMPETENT; CITY REFS required. 3729 Kenmore-av. Phone Edgs. 3501.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Applications for Employment Agency Licenses.

WILLIAM W. FREELAND, 1021 WARREN-av., Freeland Bros. Labor Agency, 102 La Salle-st.

MRS. MARY SCHULZ BAUER, 1206 W. HURON-st., agency Schulz Bauer Employment Agency, same address.

WILLIAM H. DOZIER, MANAGE. GLENVIEW, Ill. — Citizens' Employment Agency, 42 La Salle-st.

JAMES F. McCULLOUGH, OAK PARK, ILL., Agency F. McCullough's Teachers' Agency, 9 Jackson-blvd

DAVID HALLINAN, 1340 WELL-ST., AGENCY La Salle Employment Agency, 48 La Salle-st.

Employment Agencies.

STENOGRAPHERS ..... $15-$20
SWITCHBOARD OPERATORS ..... $15-$18
TELEPHONE GIRLS ..... $7-$8
RECEPTION ROOM GIRLS ..... $35-$40
OFFICE GIRLS ..... $7-$10
ADDRESSERS, TYPISTS ..... $8-$12
BILL CLERKS ..... $10-$12
BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER ..... $15-$18
MAIL ORDER ENTRY CLERKS ..... $8-$10
SPECIAL.
CHAMBERMAIDS ..... $18-$22
WAITRESSES ..... $16-$22
HEAD WAITRESS ..... $25-$30
WAITRESSES, COUNTRY ..... $20-$25
COOKS ..... $10-$18
LA SALLE AGENCY R. 13, 161 RANDOLPH-ST.

HIGH GRADE WOMEN AND CLERKS—
DON'T continue in that rut. Come in and look over the 100 odd positions we have open TODAY, paying $3 to $25 for:
Typists, Stenogs., Bookkeepers, Stenographers, Clerks, and neat appearing young women without experience.
We are "Different," being under direction of Business Men's Clearing House. All interviews strictly confidential and in private offices. HURRY OVER.
CRAIG AGENCY,
507, 160 Washington-st.

STENO., W. S. UND. $15 BKPR., NO. SIDE...$15
Steno. (4), any mch. 10 Bkpr. and T. W..... 10
Bkpr. and steno..... 12 Cashier and billing. 10
Bill clerk, Und..... 10 Asst. Bkpr. 9
Typist, Mon. Und.... 10 Bill and file clerk... 8
KING'S, 92 La Salle-st. or 225 Dearborn-st.

BOOKKEEPER, $15; STENOGRAPHERS, $8 TO $12; office clerks, $7 to $10; addressers, $7.50; typists, $7.
Merchants' Cler. Exch., 807, 108 La Salle-st

BK., $15; STENOS., $8, $12, $15; STENO. And knowledge bkpg. $10; office girls, no exp. necessary. REYNOLDS-DODGE, 340 Dearborn.

STENOGRAPHERS, TYPISTS, OFFICE GIRLS, $6 to $18. Registration free.
American Railway Bureau, 705, 132 Clark-st.

DRESSMAKING-MILLINERY SCHOOLS.

ATTEND VALENTINE'S COLLEGE FOR THOROugh individual instructions in cutting designing, fitting, dressmaking, and ladies' tailoring; learn to cut and make your own clothes for 50c a day; day and night school; night school $1 per week; positions furnished; patterns for each lesson guaranteed to fit. Call, write, or phone to VALENTINE'S, 88 State-st., opp. Field's. Phone Randolph 1040, or 2622 N. Clark-st.

START THE NEW YEAR RIGHT. LEARN dressmaking, designing, fitting, and ladies' tailoring at McDowells. The school of individual instructions. Bring your own material and make your clothes for 50 cents a day. Also evening classes Mon. and Fri. at $1 per week. Patterns cut to order. All information on request. McDowell School, 41 State-st. Phone Cen. 5823.

PETERSON SCHOOL OF MILLINERY DESIGN, 6 Madison-st., cor. Michigan, 6th floor. The best individual instruction. Tel. Central 6830.

S. T. TAYLOR SCHOOL OF DRESS CUTTING and Designing—Patterns cut to measure; positions furnished. 39 STATE-ST., Room 309.

MACHINERY AND TOOLS.

FOR BARGAINS—W. A. H. CO.—
20-81 N. Jefferson-st. Phone Main 1916.
20 h. p. steam engine, 9 h. p. and 3 h. p.; also boiler; 4½x24 duplex pump, 8x12 duplex mill pump, No. 1 Smith mixer engine and boiler on truck.

SELL CHEAP ENGINES, LATHES, SCREW machine, speed, Fox, and turret lathes, drill, punch and kick presses, square shears, grinders, forges, triplex water pump, etc. DICKOW, 52 S. Desplaines-st.

FOR SALE—NO. 5 INGERSOLL NO. 2 MILwaukee, NO. 14 Universal millers, cylinder boring machine, shaper, 12 lathes, drill, punch presses, 10 screw machines, 100 other different kind machines, all barrains. MOLITOR, 518 Monroe-st.

FOR SALE—GUARANTEED POWER EQUIPment; steam and gasoline engines, boilers, heaters, pumps, motors, piping, tanks, etc. HUGH W. DYAR, 204 Dearborn-st. Cent. 3066.

FOR SALE—12 H. P. BACKUS GASOLINE ENgine; in good running condition. Address H S 2, Tribune.

EXPERT REPAIRS MADE ON ICE MACHINES engines, and special machinery; repairs available Clyde Machine Works, 39th and Union.

GAS AND GASOLINE ENGINES—ALL SIZES, used and new, from 30 to 60 per cent of new cost. COLBORNE MFG. CO., 416 W. Indiana-st.

FOR SALE—STEAM ENGINES, CORLISS AUTOmatic and Reliance governor, 150 h. p. THE E. H. WACHS CO., 149 W. Indiana-st.

FOR SALE—1 42x11½ FT. KEWANEE FIREBOX heating boiler; 1 9x14 piston valve aut. engine. GUILFORD, 218 S. Canal. Tel. Har. 8006.

WANTED—TO BUY ALL KINDS MACHINERY, pulleys, belting, shafting, and hangers. PASMANSKY BROS., Washington and Jefferson-sts.

STORAGE BATTERY, $5; ELEC. DRILL, $20; Marine auto and stationary engine, Cheap. 6608 State-st.

FOR SALE—NEW CORLISS ENGINES; IMMEdiate shipment. Morse Sales Co., Marquette bldg.

FOR SALE—2 H. P. MOTOR; 220 V. A. C.; PRACtically new; cheap. Address K 408, Tribune.

LIGHT AND HEAVY MANUFACTURING.

EXCELSIOR METAL SPECIALTY AND PLATing works needs, dies, manufacturing, buffing, and plating; all kinds; prices right; 25 years' experience. Phone Belmont 1301. 1708 N. 41st-ct.;

WOULD LIKE TO CORRESPOND WITH FIRMS having 25 ton to manufacture horse shoes from forged steel, and also make die for same; said shoe is a great success. Address H E 45, Tribune.

NATIONAL STAMPING AND ELEC. WORKS make dies and metal specialties. 216 B. Jefferson-st. Phone Monroe 2822.

INVENTIONS DEVELOPED, EXPERIMENTAL work, dies and stamping; 30 presses.
KING, 140-142 Michigan-st.

DIES OF ANY DESCRIPTION; ALSO LIGHT and heavy punch press work; prompt service. 416 W 31st-st. Sunderstrom Manfg. Co. Yards 7886.

CLOTHING, FURS, ETC.

FOR SALE—TWO VERY HANDSOME SETS OF genuine Belgian lynx furs [never worn]; one has large pillow muff and a fine shawl collar, $10 takes set; the other set is the finest money would buy, at $20; also beautiful hand muff, $10; new gowns, $12 each. Call day or evenings. MRS. B. 1230 Dearborn-av. near Division-st.

FOR SALE—2 ELEGANT SETS OF FURS; EASTern mink muff, collar and muff; Persian lamb; would take $35. Also beautiful Australian lynx set, latest style, worth $70, for $16 cash. Call today or tomorrow or evenings. 2207 Michigan-av.

TO RENT — AND FOR SALE — BRAND NEW Dress Suits, Tuxedos, Prince Alberts. T. C. SCHLESINGER, 1st floor, 167 Dearborn-st.

TO CLEAR STOCK MUST DISPOSE OF A FEW beautiful pony coats and fur sets at greatly reduced prices. H. RESSLER, Rm. 732, 20 State-st.;

EXCEPTIONALLY BEAUTIFUL BLACK LYNX set, worth $80, for $10; never worn. 4404 Grandblvd.

$50 GENUINE SEALSKIN JACKET, HIP length, size 30, also muff. Dealers get busy. 2d flat, 3823 Gladys-av.

MAGNIFICENT WHITE BABY LAMB SET, cost $300; sell for $40; or black lynx set worth $50 for $10; never worn. Address S 78, Tribune.

GENUINE EASTERN MINK AND ERMINE sets, worth $250, for $100. Mail orders filled. A. MILLER, 5453 Wentworth-av.

$20 BUYS A 36 INCH BUST SEALSKIN JACKET, good order. Address K 288, Tribune.

MUST SACRIFICE LADY'S $1,200 MINK COAT; 44 bust. 54 inches long. 1514 Masonic Temple.

SACRIFICE MY HANDSOME $60 BLUE WOLF set, $14; fine black lynx, $10. Selwyn.

BARGAIN—LOVELY WOLF SET, $15; BLACK Russian lynx, $12; both new. Phone Ardine 2130.

BLACK EVENING GOWN, WORN TWICE, cost $135; bust 40; $75. Lincoln 7220.

CASTOFF CLOTHING.

S. LEV

TO RENT—ROOMS—SOUTH.

RENT—$26 LAKE-AV., 3D FLAT, 2 HAND-some, newly furnished light rooms; excellent; ls in bldg.; reasonable price; adults. blk. I. C., L. L and surface lines. Aldine 1838.

RENT—ONE OR TWO ELEGANTLY FURN. rooms; all modern conv.; rents pref.; ck ill. Cent. and L. Phone Midway 3237. POT-R 1435 E. 64th-st.

RENT—ELEGANT FRONT ROOM; NO OTH-; roomery; business people or elderly couple ferred; reference exchanged; "L" and Indiana car lines. Phone Drexel 4970.

RENT—SUNNY FRONT FURNISHED ROOM bath, steam, elevator, phone, private parlor; homelike. 518 E. 51st-st. Cottage Grove av.; reasonable.

RENT—FINE ROOM IN MODERN FLAT; dowlash; sun; $8 month; is bargain to be appreciates quiet and cleanliness. Address R 231 Tribune.

RENT—2009 PRAIRIE-AV., DESIRABLE large, well furnished rooms, select neighborhood, am, run. v., congenial home for 1 or 2 gentle-n; reasonable.

RENT—ELEGANT ROOM, OVERLOOKING grand-blvd.; Kenwood L transportation; modern-h class apartment; gentlemen preferred. Phone 4363. 3766

RENT—LARGE, WELL FURNISHED rms; steam, lavatory, closets; phones; ref-ial; excellent table. 2106 Michigan-av.

RENT—3634 INDIANA-AV., 2D APT.—BEAU-iful fruit suite; costly furnished; home prist-everything modern; in a private home.

RENT—BEAUTIFUL FRONT ROOM TWO windows; steam, elec.; 1 blk. L; lovely location Prairie-av., 3d apt.

RENT—3634 INDIANA-AV.; 3D APT. SOUTH. ne newly furn. front rooms, one small side room dern conveniences.

RENT—4301 CALUMET-AV., 3D APT., EL-rably furn. connecting rms. with lavatory; ste-ment; modern apt.; bd. opt. HORNE.

RENT—ELEGANT PARLOR, BEDROOM; ed.; new bldg.; family of 2; excellent table ove. gentlemen. 568 E. 43d-st., 3d apt.

RENT—LIGHT, DESIRABLE ROOM, SINGLE en suite; best transportation; rent reas. 1927 E. 44th-st. L. English], cor. Oakenwald.

RENT — NICELY FURNISHED ROOM mfortably mod.; no other roomers; Indiana and G boulevards. 3133 Indiana-av.

RENT—FINELY FURN. LIGHT RM. WITH av.; back room; elec. light, steam; blk. L; gen-me. reas. 4316 Prairie-av., 2d

RENT—3652 INDIANA-AV., 2D APT., BEAU-tifully furnished extra large room; bath adjoin-; also pleasant single room. Douglas 4567.

RENT—MOTHER AND DAUGHTER ALONE room, first class apt.; good trans. Phone 38 Drexel. 4318 Greenwood-av. bell 6.

RENT—LARGE LIGHT ROOM KENWOOD express; L. C. or surface lines. Phone; ward 2d floor. 4653 Oakenwald-av.

RENT—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS ingle or en suite; all modern conveniences. 3938 Park av. West 1851.

RENT—6014 KIMBARK-AV. ROOM OPEN ff Midway; home comforts; suitable, I. C., and L. Midway 1359.

RENT—4147 BERKELEY-AV.—1ST CLASS family flat, well kept; clean rooms in mod. house; ntlemen. Drexel 1028.

RENT—2204 PRAIRIE-AV., DESIRABLE, ly; beautifully clean rooms with priv. lav.; gentle-n; phone.

RENT—3833 GRAND-BLVD., APT. 5, VERY desirable front room; every convenience; reason-e; L express one block.

RENT—3337 WASHINGTON-AV.—IN A PRI-ate home, pleasant room, south room, all con-eniences; I. C. exp. and surf.

RENT—4151 LAKE-AV., 1ST; NICELY furn. room, priv. fam.; steam; excel. treat. ble; handsomely Kenwood 4566.

RENT—SINGLE AND ROOMS FOR 2 IN NEW steam heated flat; I. C. and "L"; block from kson Park $2.50 to $3.50. Midway 4440

RENT—3933 MICHIGAN-BLVD. TO SELECT parties, elegantly furn. large clean rooms, mod-n conv., steam heat. Phone Calumet 2315.

RENT — 4455 WOODLAWN-AV., 2D APT., large light room adjoining bath; steam; electric-y family; L. Lexp. Drexel 6400.

TO RENT—ROOMS—NORTH.

RENT—1224 LA SALLE-AV., BY OWNER, ly elegantly decorated and furnished rooms; hard-od floors, Wilton rugs, morris chairs, brass beds, ir mattresses; also cleaning, water, heat ter at all hours, steam heat; strictly first class ge parlor; excellent transportation; refs. Aldine North 3622.

RENT—IN OWNER'S HOME, JUST OPENED is business people out during the day; correctly rooms; everything new and modern; real heat ; real hot water in all rooms; nice walking dis-ce downtown. 800 La Salle-av., near Chestnut Dearborn 1084. MRS. MARQUETTE.

RENT—726 BARRY-AV., NICE, COMFORT-able, homelike furnished rooms; very best car ed service; half block east of Clark and ated, one block south of Belmont, near Evans-n-av.; only permanent, desirable parties wanted; onable price.

RENT—TO DESIRABLE COUPLE OR YOUNG business woman employed, beautifully furnished m in my new private apartment, near Lincoln Park; no other roomers; good references neces-ed. Telephone Lincoln 5840.

RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, PRIVATE family, near Lincoln Park; steam heat; good ransportation; $2.50 per week. Address H 231, Tribune.

RENT—FRONT ROOM; STEAM HEAT; NR. and surface lines; Burling-st., between Wrightwood and Fullerton; to respectable woman. ddress O J 141 Tribune.

RENT—3443 HALSTED-AV., LARGE, COM-fortably furn. rooms, closets, running water, steam heat, suit. for 1 or more people; conv. to cars.

RENT—LARGE LIGHT ROOM TO LADY employed, every convenience; ref. 940 Windsor-, cor. Sheridan-rd., 2d apt. Phone Ravenswood

RENT—LARGE, HANDSOMELY FURNISH-d south front room; very light and cheerful; all odern conveniences; near Wilson express. Phone Sgewater 7155. 5600 Leland-av., 2d apt.

RENT—IN HIGH GRADE APT., ATTRAC-front room, newly decorated and furn.; 1 or 2 ps; priv.; 1 blk. Grace-st. sta. 923 Waveland-

RENT—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED OUT-side room; overlooking Sheridan-rd.; 2 blks. from eridan L stat. and one to surface line; electric steam. Phone Graceland 4821. Private family.

RENT—EXTRA WARM FRONT ROOMS, ner bldg. and furnishings fine location; blk. ilson sta. N. W. L; gentlemen. 4620 Racine-av.,

RENT—ELEGANT FURNISHED ROOM IN private family on Wilson-av., to one or two ents; best of conveniences and comforts. Phone gewater 6202.

RENT—SUITE OF THREE STEAM HEATED connecting housekeeping rooms; corner flat; large sunny living room; kitchen and bedroom; good ory; stationary tubs; gas range; private family; excellent transportation. MRS. BEARD, 1701 N. ark-av., cor. Eugenia-st.

RENT—NICELY FURNISHED, QUIET, small front room, new, modern building; $18 Case-st., Apt. F. Phone Dearborn 1022. Walk-ing distance.

RENT—4283 RACINE-AV., 1ST FLAT, NEW-ly fur. front room; $3 per week; for 1 or 2; Wilson ss. Phone Ravenswood 3152.

RENT — BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED front rooms with hot and cold running water, ome with private bath; Dearborn-av. 554.

RENT—RUSH AND INDIANA-STS. NEW HO-tel Bradley, 225 rooms with private bath; newly and finely furnished; $7 per week. Dearborn 554.

RENT—PAR. AND BEDROOM, HIGH CLASS ss. piano, bath; suitable for 2 gents; breakf. opt. Wilson exp. 909 Wilson-av., 2d. Edge. 5178.

RENT—1107 DEARBORN-AV., 2D APT., newly furnished front single room; steam; ex-ellent transportation; gentleman only.

RENT—923 FULLERTON-AV., WARM, sunny room; south exposure; blk. Fullerton exp.; phone.

RENT—4027 SHERIDAN-RD., COR. EDGE-ater, 3d fl.; desirable "FRONT" rooms; "EXP." sta. N. W. L.

RENT—LARGE, LIGHT FRONT ROOM; odern conveniences; Wilson express. 4434 Clif-ord-av., 3d apt.

RENT—PLEASANT FRONT RM.; MUST SEE to appreciate; reas.; 1 blk. Wilson L. 4540 Clif-ord-av., 3d. Rave. 2202.

RENT—1242 N. STATE-ST., LARGE, HAND-somely furnished front room; steam, bath ct; also small front, suit bachelors.

RENT — PRETTY CORNER ROOM, NICELY furn., for gentleman; blk. from Lincoln Pk.; steam, phone. 501 Fullerton Parkway, Apt. 21.

RENT—DEARBORN-AV., SINGLE front room; steam, electric light; also house-keeping room.

RENT—1033 LA SALLE-AV., CLEAN, NEAT-furn. double and single rooms, steam heat, running water, good home cooking; board opt.

RENT—1240 N. STATE-ST., LARGE FRONT room; superior residence locality; running water; steam heat; closets; ex. trans.; gentlemen.

TO RENT—HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS.

South Side.

RENT—ORIGINAL PARIS STYLE APARTS. BEST IN U. S.; DISAPPEARING BEDROOM FURNITURE; PRIVATE PHONE; GAS, BATH, ELECTRICITY; STEAM; VACUUM CLEANING SYSTEM; ELEVATOR SERVICE; NIGHT AND HAND PAINTED FRIEZES, WITH GOLD SIDE WALLS. SEE OTHERS, THEN CALL ON US. 3900 OAKLAND 2606. S. E. COR. 43D AND GRAND-BLVD.

RENT—3251 S. PARK-AV., PARIS STYLE, 2 furn. apts., 2 rooms each; kitchen, pr. bath, lin-; large closets, gas and electric lights, porcelain sks; $9 and $12 per week; $36 and $50 per month. Grace Douglas 4995.

RENT—3 CONNECTING FRONT PARLORS, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED; USE OF KITCHEN AND DINING ROOM; 47TH-ST. L. DREXEL 2710.

RENT — ROOM FOR HSKPG. SUITABLE for working girl; gas range, phone, h. and c. water; laundry; priv. individual kitch. 2053 Grove-land-av.

RENT — NEW IDEA HOUSEKEEPING SUITE; MOD. BLDG.; ELEV.; STEAM HEAT; EVERYTHING FURNISHED; 2 AND 3 ROOMS. 3437 MICHIGAN-AV. PHONE CALUMET 9243.

RENT—6159 LEXINGTON-AV., 1st flat, 2 large front rooms; kitchen privileges; L. C. & L. trans. Call after 5 p. m. or Phone Midway 4491.

RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, HOT AND cold running water, light housekeeping, $18 per month. Phone Drexel 5402.

RENT—2 OR 3 CONNECTING ROOMS FOR light housekeeping; piano; all conv. 3355 Calu-met-av.

RENT—ELEGANT FURN. FRONT PARLOR and small room, complete for hskpg.; $6 weekly; overlooking lake. 654 E. 35th-st.

RENT—3 HANDSOMELY FURNISHED FURN-ished front hskpg. rooms; heat, hot and cold water; fine transportation; phone. 3411 Prairie-av.

RENT—$222 SO. PARK-AV.—NICELY FURN. single or en suite; running water, all conv. Doug-las 5525.

RENT—NICELY FURNISHED SUITE for one or four rooms; steam heat; every conveni-ence. 6-e-s Vernon-av.

RENT—5519 INDIANA-AV. HANDSOMELY furn., sunny parlor and alcove; kitchen laundry privileges; phone; reasonable. FLEMING.

RENT—BEAUTIFUL, LARGE, SUNLIGHT rooms; hskpg. or sleeping; heat, phone, bath. 3938 Prairie-av.

RENT—1949 CALUMET-AV., 3D—NICELY furn. front rm., $3; mod., priv., 31st L. exp.

RENT—2 SUITES LIGHT HSKPG. ROOMS; employed only need apply. 3318 Indiana-av.

RENT—2 OR 3 1ST CLASS FR. HKPG. RMS.; steam; reas; best trans. 344 W. 69th-st.

RENT—3842 WABASH-AV. 1ST—3 NICELY furnished rooms for light housekeeping.

RENT—4549 INDIANA-AV. B. L. LARGE cheerful front rm.; fine bath; steam; L. exp.; reas; excellent location. Phone Douglas 6084.

RENT—LIGHT SUNNY FURN. ROOMS; range kitchen, back porch. 6137 Lexington-av.

RENT—3514 VERNON-AV., FRONT SUITE hskpg. rooms, range, etc., very neat; adults.

West Side.

RENT—STRANGERS ARRIVING IN CHI-go in the fall, rooms or boarding should see the two room suites in our new apartment for hskpg. with linen and bedding; weekly, $2, $2.50, $3. 161 Car-men-av., between Randolph and Lake. We have respectable tenants and room for more.

RENT—2826 MONROE-ST., WELL FURN. front housekeeping rooms; steam.

RENT — 2200 MONROE-ST., 3 NICELY FUR-ished housekeeping rooms; phone.

North Side.

RENT—868 WISCONSIN-ST., NEAR PARK; 2 rooms for hskpg.; best accommodations; trans-portation.

RENT—2 CONNECTING ROOMS, $5; ALSO 1 large room, running water and piano, $3.50. Resi-dence, 1904 N. Clark, cor. Wisconsin-st.

RENT—TWO NICELY FURNISHED HKPG. rooms; closets; hot water; $6.00; also large parlor, with closet, $5.50. 57 Schiller-st.

RENT—1357 LA SALLE-AV. LARGE FRONT, warm room for housekeeping; also single room.

RENT—3 CONNECTING RMS. FOR HOUSE-keeping; steam heat, gas range. 506 Dearborn-av.

RENT—3 FINE HSKPG. ROOMS; STEAM, gas range electric; porch. 3814 Clarendon-av.

RENT—LIGHT HSKP. ROOMS, NEAR LIN-coln Pk. 328 Center-st.

WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY 3 YOUNG MEN, 2 rooms and private bath, with or without meals; must be reasonable. North Side, south of Lincoln Park; state fully terms, location. Address L 288, Tribune.

WANTED—TO RENT—ROOM WITH BREAK-fast; in good location by young gentleman in business where we are no other roomers; must be first class. Address L 240, Tribune.

WANTED—TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, neatly furnished, sun exposure, steam heated apt. 3979 Maxwell-st. N. W. "L" only. Gentleman with first class references. Address J 305 Tribune.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY YOUNG GENTLEMAN of clean habits would like a furnished room in respectable family near Lincoln Park; references. Address K 120, Tribune.

WANTED—TO RENT—GENTLEMAN WORK-ing nights wants quiet, warm room. Address H 232, Tribune.

WANTED—TO RENT—ROOM WITH BATH FOR gentleman; Michigan-av. and 47th-st. Ad-dress L 57, Tribune.

WANTED—TO RENT—5 TO 8 ROOM COTTAGE, flat or house, with bir yards; $10 to $20. Address L 226, Tribune.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY GENTLEMAN, ROOM with strictly private family, with privilege of piano. Address L 235, Tribune.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY MAN—TURN ROOM to exchange for services. Address L 201, Tribune.

BOARD AND LODGING—SOUTH.

HARVARD-AV. — LARGE ROOM WITH nursery; home table; near R. I. and "L." Resa.

MICHIGAN-AV.—LARGE WARM ROOM, single room; excel. table; private home. Phone

RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, STEAM HEAT; 1000 Michigan-av. cor. Clark.

RENT — HANDSOMELY FURNISHED front room. 743 Rush-st.

RENT—LARGE FRON ROOM, MODERN; walk distt.; 1 or 2 gents. 415 Case-st. Apt. 3d

RENT—1846 C. CLARK-ST. NICELY FURN. large front room, opp. Lincoln Pk.; phone

RENT—EDGEWATER—2 LIGHT ROOMS Wilson sta.; private family. Phone 2908

RENT—ELEGANTLY FUR. S. F. RM. 2d priv. ent.; phone. 3031 Leland, 5d; Wilson sta.

BOARD AND LODGING—SOUTH.

3035 ELLIS-AV. THE LA STRAIN — COZY steam heated, electric lighted rooms; single or en suite; private telephone in every room; excellent service day and night; best home cuisine; American plan; $8 to $15 per week; I. C. or Cott. Grove sur-face. 10 minutes to business center. Phone Aldine 1100.

5116 EAST END-AV.—CHOICEST LOCATION ON S. S.; ½ blk. from CHICAGO BEACH HOTEL, facing park and lake; very desirable, sunny hall furnished, attractive rooms, suitable for two; also single; excellent home table; rates for the winter; I. C. EXPRESS.

1134-36 E. 47TH-ST., KENWOOD MANOR— Delightful rooms, newly decorated and furnished, for patrons desiring all the comforts of a well ap-pointed home; rooms single or en suite, with private baths; excellent cafe now open; rates to permanent guests; I. C., "L" surface. Tel. Drexel 4623.

5714 WASHINGTON-AV.—THE HARVARD—A QUIET HOME; BLOCKS FROM JACKSON PARK; 12 MIN. TO CITY ON I. C. SUBURBAN; RATES TO FIT MODERATE SALARIES. CALL OR SEE I. N. WALKER, R. 1211, 171 LA SALLE.

949 E. 37TH-ST., THE (NEW) HUNTINGTON— Opposite Ellis Park; in heart of city; convenient transportation; excellent service; table of highest reputation; rooms, single or en suite with private bath, $7 to $14 per week. Aldine 110.

552 E. 36TH-ST.—I. C. AND COTTAGE GROVE Doug. 1440. Rooms single and en suite; steam heat; all comforts of a home; excel. table; dance Wed. even.; special rates to young people; terms reas.

5406 JEFFERSON-AV.—AN IDEAL HOME TO spend the winter months; unexcelled table and home comforts; large front room; also single room; I. C. express, surface. Phone Hyde Park 2966.

4035 LAKE-AV.—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED rooms, overlooking lake; 2 sq. from 5 direct lines of transportation; garage to rent; ball and tennis grounds; 20 min. to city. Oakland 2787.

5540 CORNELL-AV.—COZY SUITE; ALSO NICE room for those who want a fine home in good lo-cation; everything first class; excellent table; terms very moderate. Phone Midway 2975.

4008 ELLIS-AV., MODERN, ELEGANTLY furn. rooms, light, well heated; choice meals, quick service; Ken. L, I. C., surf. 1 blk. Douglas 8756.

460 BOWEN-AV.—NEAR GRAND-BLVD.—JEW-ish private family accommodations; elegantly furnished double room; home table; Kenwood ex-press. Drexel 3836. BAER.

4462 BERKELEY-AV.—LARGE FRONT ROOM with every home privilege; private family; ex-cellent home cooking; I. C. and surf. Oak. 702.

5129 MADISON-AV.—BEAUTIFUL, NEWLY furn. residence; bright, warm rooms; private family; home cooking; I. C. exp.; refers.

5206 MADISON-AV.—LARGE SOUTH FRONT room; private entrance; steam heat; private people; home table; detached house; I. C. express.

5308 JEFFERSON-AV. — PLEASANT FRONT suite with private lavatory; also single room; un-excelled table; I. C. exp. Doug. 1444.

5409 JEFFERSON-AV.—SUPERIOR ACCOMMO-dation in high class apt.; rooms for a gentleman; home environments; 53d I. C. Ph. H. P. 1224.

4328 INDIANA-AV., 2D FLOOR—LARGE outside room, well furn.; priv. family; good home cooking; 47th L. exp. and surf.

2946 MICHIGAN-AV. — COMFORTABLE MOD-ern rooms, pleasant location; running water; good German cooking. Douglas 4084.

420 E. 42D-PL.—VERY DESIRABLE FRONT suite, overlooking Grand-blvd.; good home ta-ble; steam; elevator; L exp., 1 blk.

1801 MICHIGAN-AV.—LARGE, WELL FUR-nished front room; beautiful view; private bath; ample closet space; superior table and service.

5031 GREENWOOD-AV.—DESIRABLE FURNISHED rooms with board; excellent table; use of parlor and piano; ½ block to "L"; $5.00 up.

6221 KIMBARK-AV.—MRS. BULLEN HAS A large room with board; newly furnished; private lavatory and all conv.

3617 LAKE-AV.—ANXIOUS TO FILL 2 VERY desirable rooms; will make exceptionally low rates for two in each; fine cooking. Doug. 344.

3821 LAKE-AV.—LARGE ROOM; RUNNING water; large closets; steam heat; home cooking; also single room; I. C. and elec. Douglas 8760.

4834 INDIANA-AV. 3D APT.—SUITE OF ROOMS and board; also single room; good transporta-tion. Phone Drexel 9020.

754 OAKWOOD-BLVD.—SUNNY ROOMS; EX-cellent table; steam; best transportation; single $7 up; double $6 up. Douglas 3345.

3540 LAKE-AV.—ROOM WITH PRIVATE BATH; steam heat; electric light; phone; home privileges; ex-cellent table. Best transportation.

3967 DREXEL-BLVD., WARWICK MANOR — Large sunny rm. heated, electric lighted rooms; best home cuisine. I. C. electric. Kenwood 1200.

3901 LAKE-AV.—½ BLOCK ILL. C. STATION; large double and two single rooms with running water; references required.

3960 INDIANA-AV.—LARGE FRONT ROOMS, single or double; lavatory; steam; piano; phone; excellent meals; rea.; 31st L. exp. and surface.

5902 LAKE-AV.—FRONT ROOM, PRIVATE LAV-atory; outside; sunlight. Kenwood 1200.

747 E. 36TH-ST.—2 LARGE FRONT ROOMS on 2d floor, single rooms with run. water.

4407 OAKENWALD, 2D—ELEGANT ROOM; board optional; special rate to person. people.

4215-17 ELLIS-AV.—HANDSOME ROOMS AND board; homelike; "L." I. C. Ref. Drexel 6688.

4209 ELLIS-AV.—PLEASANT ROOMS; GOOD board; steam heat; best transportation. Refs. 3811 ELLIS-AV.—LARGE FRONT ROOM; SIN-gle rooms; home cooking.

BOARD AND LODGING—WEST.

2244 JACKSON-BLVD. — LARGE, COMFORT-able room, steam heat; excellent table board; reas.

2127 JACKSON-BLVD. — FRONT ROOM, GEN-tlemen only; breakfast and dinner. Flat 2.

BOARD AND LODGING—NORTH.

1216 ASTOR-ST., THE MAISON DU NORD— Near Lincoln Park and the lake; only 10 minutes to the loop. We solicit the patronage of refined people desiring a clean, quiet room and table board of the best the market affords. Rates very moder-ate. Phone North 2066.

600 DIVERSEY-BLVD. — BREWSTER — FIRE-proof apartments, rooms $12 to $25 per month; 2 rooms, $25-$25 per month, with use of bath; Clark-st. and transfer. best location in city. Phone Lake View 1129. Board reasonable.

438-435 ROSLYN-PL.—BEAUTIFUL, COMFORT-able home; select location; good table; good transportation; people employed preferred. Phone Lincoln 1229.

200 E. SUPERIOR, TEL. NO. 788—NICELY FUR-nished modern rooms, single and double; steam; eight bathrooms; hot water day and night; walking distance; A1 table.

921 AND 923 WILSON-AV. MAISON DU LAC— Delightful, exclusive home for permanent people; 2 blks. from lake; rooms single or en suite; N. W. "L" exp. and surface lines. Edgewater 266.

ELEGANT LARGE SUNNY ROOM SUITABLE for a couple or 2 gentlemen; fine location; home cooking; exquisite neighborhood; also table board. Lake View 5772.

4005 WINTHROP-AV.—CORNER AINSLIE—Very large front room; private modern residence; home cooking; Wilson or Argyle station; refer-ences. BENEDICT.

IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR A NICE ROOM with GOOD HOME COOKING, ON SHERI-DAN-RD. NR. WILSON STA., PH. EDGE. 2787.

4816 WINTHROP-AV.—YOUNG MAN CAN FIND pleasant home with board; terms moderate; Wil-son-av. exp. station.

ON SHERIDAN-RD. NEAR WILSON STATION — A home for broad minded person; private and shower baths; all new. Tel. Ravenswood 1340.

1606-08 LA SALLE-AV.—NEWLY FURN., BEAU-tiful large corner rooms; electric light, steam, run. water; also smaller rooms; 1st class meals.

4411 RACINE-AV.—PLEASANT, SUNNY ROOM, suitable for; also single rooms, $7 up; excellent table; 3 blks. Wilson L. Inq. 1st apt. Edgew. 6778.

905 ALEXANDER-PL., NR. Sheridan-rd.; well furn. front suite, or single, in high grade apt.; ex-cellent board; $10 per week.

225 E. HURON-ST.—SUNNY SOUTH ROOM FOR two or three men or married couple; steam; best locality; nice table; reasonable.

1626 DEARBORN-AV.—SELECT LOCATION. Large, handsome room, run. wat., hot wat. heat; excel. table; also single room; superior accom'd'ns.

226 WISCONSIN-ST., OPP. LINCOLN PARK— Quiet home; single or en suite; steam heat, run. water; excellent meals. Tel. Lincoln 1848.

1416 DEARBORN-AV.—DOUBLE ROOMS; EX-cellent cuisine; unlimited phone; refs.

841 CASS-ST., NR. ROOMS WITH BOARD; MOD-erate prices; walking distance. Tel. North 4762.

669 DEMING-PL., NEAR CLARK-ST.—FURN'D room; excel. table; price reas; gentlemen.

671 DEARBORN-AV. — BOARD AND ROOM; running water; home cooking; steam; walk. dist.

1261 DEARBORN-AV.—ALCOVE ROOM; PRIV. bath; also other rooms; ex. table. North 2708.

553 FULLERTON-AV. — LARGE FRONT AND single room, ex. table, every conv. nr. Lincoln Pk.

16 E. DELAWARE-PL. — 1ST APT.—ROOMS with private bath; modern; excellent board.

1028 DEARBORN-AV.—SECOND FLOOR FRONT room; private bath; steam heat; board.

1121 DEARBORN-AV. — FRONT ROOMS; PRIV. lavatory; steam; excel. table; walking distance.

556 FULLERTON-AV.—FURN. ROOMS, WITH or without board; home cooking; reasonable.

4520 CLIFTON-AV. 1ST—LARGE ROOM; HOME cooking; nr. Wilson Sta. Edgewater 3454.

BOARD AND LODGING—HOTELS.

SHERIDAN PARK HOTEL, 4631 RACINE-AV. 1 blk. west Wilson-av. exp. station—Remodeled, newly furnished rooms, single or en suite; parlor floor dining room; strictly home cooking; cheerful service; just the place to spend winter. Rates, $7 up. Tel. Kenwood 2781. Mrs. Stewart.

THE COLONIAL, 4235-4253 Monroe-av.; most popular family hotel in Woodlawn; American plan only; 15 minutes to city on L. C. express; one block from L. station. H. BARSALOUX, Mgr. Tel. Midway 1620.

HOLLAND HOTEL, 531D AND LAKE-AV. American plan; single rooms, $8 up; with private bath for two, $12 up. 10 minutes from city, I. C. suburban and express. Local and long distance telephone in all rooms. Phone Midway 2612.

BREWSTER—FIREPROOF FAMILY HOTEL— 600 Diversey-blvd. 2, and 3 room apts.; very bath, overlooking lake and Lincoln Park; also bachelor apt.; Clark-st. and transfer; best loca-tion; unexcelled service. Phone Lake View 1129.

MONTICELLO HOTEL, 4668 OAKENWALD-av.—Bright, pleasant rooms; steam, elec.; excel-lent meals; quiet, transient. I. C., Kenwood "L." 47th and Oakland 3847.

CRESCENT HOTEL, 4151 AND ELLIS-AV.— Newly furn. 2 and 3 rm. suites; priv. baths; also single rooms; $3 up; dancing and carriages; 10 min. to city; I. C. Kenwood "L." Douglas 1417.

WALDORF HOTEL, 140 E. MADISON-ST.—ELE-gant rooms; private baths; European plan; ele-vator; phone in every room; 75c to $2; 2 rooms, $3 per day. Rates to permanent guests.

RANDOLPH HOTEL, $1 per day and up; modern. Rooms with hot water heat; excellent table; quiet, clean rooms. E. Randolph-st. corner State.

NEW WASHINGTON HOTEL, 2305 WASHING-ton-blvd.—European and Am. plan; cor. st. heated, elec. lighted outside rms., $3 up weekly; suite $7 up; 5 min. downtown. Phone West 2331.

HOTEL MARCO, 636 DEARBORN-AV. NEAR Jackson. 50c to $1.50 daily; $2.50 up weekly; 1 blocks north of Dearborn station; all conv.

HOTEL ROOSEVELT, 1454 WABASH-AV.—200 light, 350 elegantly furnished rooms; $3 to $8 per week; 75c, $1, $1.50 and $2 per day.

HOTEL FLORIDA, 5271 COTTAGE GROVE-AV. —Open. Weather permitting. Special rates to families. L. Pt. Block and W.

BOARD AND LODGING—HOTELS.

HOTEL HAYES. 54TH AND LEXING-ton-av., Woodlawn, blk. from elevated station. Jackson Park express, and surface lines; con-venient to Illinois Cen-tral; nicely furnished rooms; private bath; American plan, $1.50 per day, $7.50 per week up; first class table. Hyde Park 4400.

HOTEL HAYES ANNEX. 100 additional rooms, all with private bath. Rates, single, $11.00 per week; double, $16.00 per week and up. American plan.

PLAZA HOTEL

N. Clark-st. and North-av.

FACING LINCOLN PARK.

600 rooms with private bath, newly furnished. Twelve minutes to heart of city.

A room with a bath for a dollar and a half.
A room with a bath for a dollar and a half.
A room with a bath for a dollar and a half.
Beautiful 2 room suites, $15 per week and up.
Beautiful 3 and 4 room suites, very attractive and very reasonable.
High class cafe. Club breakfast. Tel. North 2680.

ALSO NAVARRE HOTEL,
SEVENTH-AV. AND 38TH-ST., NEW YORK.
Under same management.

Hotel Del Prado

Located on the Midway-blvd. and Jackson Park, at 60th-st. express station on I. C. Ry.; 18 min-utes from business district. Have 400 rooms, with bath, arranged in 2, 3, 4 room suites all on American plan. Our motto: "More for the money than any other hotel in America."

Dancing every Wednesday evening. Musical concert Sunday evening.

A most convenient and delightful place for young men and ladies, and particularly desirable for families.

CITY HOTEL, 37TH AND 16TH-STS.
100 LARGE OUTSIDE ROOMS.

60c, 75c, $1 per day; $2 to $5 per week, sin-gle. Restaurant and lunch counter; buffet connected; 10 minutes to shopping district, theaters, and depots. Cottage Grove cars pass door every five minutes. Modern conven-iences.

CALL AND LET US SHOW YOU, OR PHONE CALUMET 1018.

CITY HOTEL. R. F. McEWAN, Prop.

HOTEL DARLINGTON, 4700 Racine-av. Cor. Leland. TEL. EDGE. 7800. A new hotel on the north shore, for particular peo-ple. Every room and suite with private bath; single room $7; suites $19 and up; high class cafe; moderate prices; only 20 minutes to loop N. W. L exp.

DREXEL ARMS HOTEL.
Where Drexel and Oakwood-blvds. meet.
HAS OPENED ITS NEW 100 ROOM ADDITION.
—THE OUTGROWTH OF SUCCESS—
These are positively the most beautiful hotel rooms and private baths in Chicago. Every mod-ern and rich equipment and furnishing. Lobby, parlors, cafe correspondingly attractive. Lake and boulevard views unequaled. $1 per day up. European. South Side trolley passes door. Ken-wood elevated one block. Phone Douglas 448.

HOTEL EASTWOOD—
4644 SHERIDAN-RD.
2 blocks east of Wilson Express terminal. A select home for families. 2 and 3 room suites with private bath. Also single rooms. Phones in every room. American plan. Special winter rates up to May 1st. PHONE EDGEWATER 3197.

HOTEL LA STRAIN, 3535 ELLIS-AV.—COZY steam heated, electric lighted rooms, single or en suite; local and long distance telephone in every room; elevator service day and night; Ill. Central, Cottage Grove surface one block; 10 minutes' ride to business and amusement center. American plan, $8 to $15 per week. Special family rates. Best home cuisine. Indiana, Cottage Grove, formerly with Pfanney Hotel, St. Louis, Mo., and Chicago Beach Hotel. Telephone Aldine 1100.

HOTEL WYCHMERE

Table d'hote EUROPEAN cafe service. Caters specially to semi-permanent patronage. 150 elegant outside rooms; private baths, 75c to $1.50 per day—$4 to $10 per week. 78th-st. and Stony Island-av. Tel. Calumet 1098.

THE HOTEL NAVARRO—
Formerly Shenandoah Hotel.
Reopened, remodeled and refurnished.
HIGH CLASS
1026 Sunnyside-av., cor. Kenmore.
Phone Edgewater 7818.
Under the management of
MRS. RELLA H. WRIGHT.

HOTEL YORK— 50 E. 32D-ST., S. S. "L," 33d-st. station ½ block. Running water all rooms, 75c to $1.50 per day; $3.50 per week up. Cafe con-nection; elevator, elect. light, private baths; 10 min. shopping district.

HOTEL LUZERNE.
American plan. Opposite main entrance to Lin-coln Park, cor. Clark and Center-sts. Rooms sin-gle or en suite, with or without bath; hot and cold water in every room. $1 per day up per week. C. F. WELSHANS, Prop.
Telephone Lincoln 567.

NORMANDIE HOTEL, 292-294 WABASH-AV.— Most popular family hotel in Chicago; ten the-aters within three blocks; 100 handsomely fur-nished rooms, single or en suite, with private baths; elegant lobby, elevator service; rates $1 per day and up; special weekly rates to professional people. Cafe in connection. Phone Harrison 8885.

THE MAISON DU NORD—
1216 Astor-st. Phone North 2066.
Near Lincoln Park and the lake; only 10 minutes to the loop. We solicit the patronage of refined people desiring the best that can be had in a clean, quiet, up to date family hotel; our table board is the best the market affords; moderate rates.

THE ARCOLA—$800. LAKE-AV.—A QUIET, restful home with delightful surroundings for people of refinement. Rooms single or en suite with hot and cold running water; excellent meals, quick clean service; $3 to $15 per week. References positively required. Transportation, I. Cent., electric and Kenwood express.

NEW LONDON HOTEL

Michigan-av. and 20th-st. Phone Calumet 5041. 150 elegant furnished rooms, absolutely fireproof; elevator service; 75c to $2 per day; $3 to $8 per week.

THE EXCHANGE HOTEL, 45 E. VAN BUREN-st.—All outside, handsomely furnished rooms, with or without private bath. Elevator, telephone, etc. Cafe and restaurant in connection; first class service; excellent cuisine. Single rates, $1 a day and up. Low monthly rates. Harrison 8889.

KENWOOD MANOR, 1134-36 E. 47TH-ST.—MOD-ern family hotel. American plan; rooms with private bath for two; $22 to $25; single rooms, $10 up; transients, $2 day. Phone Drexel 4623.

UNIVERSITY HOTEL, 5757 DREXEL-AV. NEAR Ellis. Rooms single or en suite; private baths; elevator service; cafe in connection; first class service; excellent cuisine. Single rates, $1 a day and up. Low monthly rates. Harrison 8889.

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BOARD AND LODGING—WEST.

2244 JACKSON-BLVD. — LARGE, COMFORT-able room, steam heat; excellent table board; reas.

2127 JACKSON-BLVD. — FRONT ROOM, GEN-tlemen only; breakfast and dinner. Flat 2.

BOARD AND LODGING—NORTH.

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REAL ESTATE—SOUTH SIDE.

CHOICE LOTS
AND SUBSTANTIAL HOMES.
JACKSON PARK HIGHLANDS.

APARTMENT BLDGS. PROHIBITED.
Ideal surroundings. Excellent transportation.
MODERATE PRICES. CONVENIENT TERMS.
Take C. & N. W. R. R. to Bryn Mawr station, 71st-st. and Euclid-av.
Write for "Highlands" booklet.
FRANK I. BENNETT, 100 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—SPECIAL BARGAINS—3226-28 LA Salle-st., two 2 story pressed brick bldgs., 5 flats; rent $1,200; stove heat; good condition; price $9,500; mortgage $4,000; equity $5,500.

9726 Grove-av., corner 97th-pl., 2 story frame on stone foundation; 8 rooms; furnace heat; 2 baths; large barn in rear; rent $336; price $2,900; $500 takes equity.

MERCHANTS' BANK, 4649 State-st.

FOR SALE—TO SELL SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE and sell it QUICK, see
W. H. BOWERS & CO., 3467 Indiana-av.

REAL ESTATE—WEST SIDE.

FOR SALE—ANY ONE HAVING $5,000 TO INvest can get title to a new 15 flat bldg., stove heat; rents, $4,104; mtge., $28,000; payable in semi-annual installments which leave a net 10% per month; no expense after 1911; this is one of the safest investment propositions in Chicago.
OLIVER L. WATSON,
160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—AN UNUSUAL BARGAIN—A FINE corner on Lincoln-st., north of Madison; three 2 story and basement brick dwellings; rent $75 per month; no expense after 1911; take out insurance; price $7,700; terms $1,700 cash. This is the best bargain for sale on the West Side.
OLIVER L. WATSON, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—MADISON-ST.—
The best bargain between Halsted-st. and Ashland-av., 50 feet, with good improvements paying good return. Must be secured first mortgage loan of $15,500. Price $20,000.
E. ORRIS HART & CO., 134 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—2827 W. CONGRESS-ST., MODERN brick 2 flat building, 6 and 6 rooms; large lot; in fine condition; near California-av. "L" station. Make me an offer.
CHAS. V. McERLEAN,
Central 2370. 189 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—FORCED TO SELL—221 LOOMIS-st., 8 flat brick, 7, 8 and 8 rooms; rent $78 monthly, mortgage $6,750; owner willing to stand loss and sell at amount of mortgage.
E. HALTER, 100 Monroe-st. Exclusively.
S. w. cor. Madison-st. and Ashland-blvd.

FOOR SALE—
Northeast corner of Harrison-st. and Sacramento-blvd., 76x74 ft.; 2 flat stores; price $5,250.
CHAS. V. McERLEAN,
Central 2370. 189 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—N. E. CORNER 49TH AND PARKave., 100x125; price $7,500; also S. e. corner 46th-av. and Monroe-st., 48x165 ft., small cottage in rear; price $4,500; terms; other good corners at our list. H. W. ROSE, 4744 W. Lake-st.

FOR SALE—CORNER NEAR MADISON AND Robey-sts., 6 new 5-room tiled heated brick flats, in best condition. Rental $1,650. Price $12,000. Owner must sell. Address P H 128, Tribune.

FOR SALE—COTTAGES, $2,950; 2 FLATS, $6,750; easy terms. Lexington-st. car. 5240-av. J. H. MURRAY & WOLBACH, 176 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—OWN YOUR OWN HOME—NEW 7 room cottages; easy payments; h. and c. water; 40th-av. near 31st. LESCH, 705 Marquette Bldg.

FOR SALE—JACKSON BLVD., LAND 8 ROOMS; 2 baths; furnace heat; $21,500. Ellis-st.; fine store and flat, $6,000. Address E A 486, Tribune.

FOR SALE—EQUITY IN TWO 2 FLAT BLDG.; best transportation. Address owner, 623 S. Kedzie-av.

FOR SALE—NEW STONE FRONT AND PORCH 2 flats, 1319 S. Springfield-av.; $6,250; easy terms.
BENSON & CARMICHAEL,
642 Paxton Block, Omaha, Nebraska.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—MODERN 8 ROOM cottage; furnace heat. M. W., 1237 S. Sawyer-av.

REAL ESTATE—NORTH SIDE.

FOR SALE—RAVENSWOOD HOUSE BARGAINS.
10 inches of water, 4 in. pressure.
Hermitage-av., 20 ft. x 50 ft., $5,500.
Hermitage-av., 10 ft. x 50 ft., $6,500.
Paulina-st., 10 ft. x 50 ft., $4,500.
J. N. WEART & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—CHOICE BUSINESS LOT, 75 FEET south Belmont-av. front, 26x125; ready for improvements; price $6,000.
THE EDGEWATER BANK,
Real Est. Dept., 5545 Evanston-av. Edg. 986.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—4914X125, Belmont-av., near Southport; value $4,000; excellent location; will take in part exchange for cash or exchange for 2 or 3 flat equity east of Lincoln-av.
E. B. CLOVER & BRO., 100 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—ROGERS PARK AND RIDGEWOOD property; large list; offices Birchwood L depot and Bryan-av.; 5c fare from city; auto to show you around; largest list on North Shore. Tel. Rogers Park 183 or 2000. GEO. C. PARK & SON.

FOR SALE—CHOICE 8 FLAT, SHERIDAN-RD. near Sheridan station, 7 rooms, 2 baths; strictly high class; lot 66x125; rents $3,903; always rented; only $5,000 cash.
HORATIO H. HARWOOD, 203, 86 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—NICE LAKE VIEW CORNER PROperty; 2 story and store and 3 flats; large brick basement, cement floor; laundry; attic; good barn; streets paved and paid; price $10,500. Address P 434 Tribune.

FOR SALE—AT THE RIGHT PRICE—DEAL DIrect with owner; high class 6 apartment building in Edgewater, one block from lake and transportation; a bargain; location is unsurpassed; must be seen to be appreciated. Address K 444, Tribune.

FOR SALE—ROGERS PARK, A FINE HOME IN good neighborhood, Bosworth-av. and Pratt; 9 rooms; all hardwoods; furnace; 50x125 ft. Price $5,250.
McGUIRE & ORR, 101 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—MY BEAUTIFUL 7 ROOM HOME; hot water heat; modern in every detail; stone foundation; lot 87½x125; 2½ blocks from elevated station, Ravenswood. Price $4,300. Address P 209, Tribune.

FOR SALE—AT ONCE, 8 ROOM RESIDENCE and lot, 50x166; best part of Ravenswood, $5,300. Also 3 flat frame bldg. and lot, 50x75, on Oakpark, near Lawrence-av. cars.
FRED ANDERSON, 3338 N. Clark-st.

FOR SALE—10 RM. DETACHED HOUSE WITH barn, on a lot 50x225; sunlight in every room; fruit trees, grapes; 10 min. from loop; 20 minutes' ride from loop district. Inquire owner, 9742 Pine Grove-av., near Grace-st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—EDGEWATER—Elegant 8 apt. and bungalow flat; new bldg.; corner lot; near L railroad; small flats; price $28,000; rental $3,550; income $18,000; take small vacant and cash. Owner, 1022 Addison. Address L 34, Tribune.

FOR SALE—ROGERS PARK—6 ROOM APT.-AV. near station, 7 room modern house; fine conditions; nice lot. $4,500, easy terms. Might rent.
E. N. WEART & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—MODERN 6 FLAT BLDG. IN LAKE View, renting for $2,300; owner needs cash and will sell for $17,000.
JOHN ANDERSON, 167 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—2 STORY AND BASEMENT BRICK livery, suitable for auto station; 945-7 N. State. Great bargain; $25,000. W. B. MAINS, 1100 Harper Block.

FOR SALE—NORTH PARK-AV., BETWEEN Schiller and North-av.; store and flat property; rental $660.00. Price $5,000 clear.
SCHUBERT, 107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—MONTROSE-BLVD., EAST OF Evanston-av., 9 room modern stone front residence; lot 50 feet; price $16,000.
(B.) COCHRAN & McCLUER, 107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—NORTH SHORE HOMES. WE have several in Lake Forest, Highland Park, Glencoe, and Wilmette that can be bought at prices which you will agree are GENUINE BARGAINS. If you are in the market it will pay you to see us at once. McGUIRE & ORR, 101 Washington-st. Branch offices: Rogers Park, Wilmette, Glencoe, Highland Park, Lake Forest.

FOR SALE—CONTRACTOR, ESTABLISHED reputation, will furnish plans and money to build on your clear vacant; you sign mortgage. Let at the rent. Address P H 127, Tribune.

FOR SALE—CASH OR TERMS—
Two story, stone front, steam heat building; electric light, consoles, hardwood throughout; rents $840; lot, $1,500 cash. 10223 Eddy-st.

FOR SALE—N. E. COR. FOSTER AND MAGnolia-aves., 44x123, vacant, cheap for quick sale; leaving city. F. P. BENSON, Owner, 2409 Lincoln-av. Phone Lincoln 1888.

FOR SALE—WANT OFFER FOR $9,800 EQUITY, new brick res., La Salle, near the park; mtg. $6,000; leaving city; one of the finest on the street. Address N 247, Tribune.

FOR SALE—KENESAW-TER. VACANT, 200 ft. s. of Clarendon; exclusive for dwellings; nonresident will accept less for cash.
C. A. B. GRIP & CO., 181 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—FINE NEW 2 FLAT BLDG. BEDford stone front; furnace; strictly modern; a. r. $2, ft. for; rented $1,600; $1,000 cash.
WILSON AVENUE BANK, 1806 Wilson-av.

FOR SALE — 3 STORY, 6 FLAT BLDG., $4,200; 1015 Greenwood terrace, n. of Fullerton-av. "D" sta. sts.; rented $552; 5 rooms and bath in each flat. Owner, 903, 122 Clark-st. Tel. Main 8656.

FOR SALE—2 FLAT BARGAIN, 2056 CLIFTON-av., lot 20¼x125; mtge. $3,000; price, $5,750, part trade. Also barn, 22x24.
RENINGER & POBLY, 4632 Evanston-av.

FOR SALE — EDGEWATER PROPERTY—NEW 12 flat building, Winthrop-av., is offered for less than it can be duplicated for, and terms for selling. Address H. E. ALLEN, 180 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—SUBSTANTIAL 6 flat building, near Sheridan-rd.; private porches; lot 50x150; rental $5,940; price $36,000. Address P F 90, Tribune.

FOR SALE—WAYNE-AV., NEAR BERWYNav.; modern brick 2 flat bldg.; steam heat; 50 ft. lot; rents $700; price $6,750.
A. E. WESTMAN, 107 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—I MUST HAVE MONEY AND WILL sacrifice my 6 and 7 room 6 flat; east of Wilson "L" station; rent $3,840; price $15,000, 5½%; price for equity, $9,000. Address P H 505, Tribune.

FOR SALE—SPECIAL BARGAIN—10 R. MOD. house, 50x165 ft., Hermitage-av.; value $6,500; price $4,500.
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FOR SALE—50X125 FT. MAGNOLIA-ST., NEAR Lawrence-av. only $1,150; street improvements paid. Address P F 376, Tribune.

FOR SALE—COZY 7 ROOM BRICK RESIDENCE on prettiest street in Buena Park; elegant homes all around; only $8,000. Address P J 481, Tribune.

FOR SALE—STORE AND FLAT BLDG., 2 STORY BUILDING; stone front; three 5 room flats; furnace or stove; owner 1st flat.

REAL ESTATE—NORTH SIDE.

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Wells-st., 50 ft., 3 story brick. Price.....$17,500
$3 ft. vacant e. of Evanston-av., nr. Sheridan-rd. Price and Evanston-avs.....3,100
Ohio-st., 50 ft., brick improvements. Price. 13,800
Sheridan Park, 51 ft. lot; high grade 6 flat bldg. Price.....17,500
MURDOCK, YAMES & CO., 123 La Salle-st.
Phones Main 2414 and 1840.

FOR SALE—
CHOICE BUSINESS PROPERTY, N. W. CORNER Granville and Evanston-avs., ripe for improvement; can make lease on corner for store, $150 per month; lot 99x122; particulars as to price apply to
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5026 Evanston-av., ½ blk. Argyle sta.

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REAL ESTATE—WEST SIDE.

FOR SALE — $900 DOWN, $15 MONTHLY, WILL buy 7 room cottage; hot water heat; cement basement; corner lot, 87x155. 3900 N. 45d-av.
McNAIR, 1001, 153 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—JUST OPENING NEW RESIDENCES street, lot 40x125. Not opening prices; $8,500 up; terms. DICKINSON, 4003 Milwaukee-av.

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REAL ESTATE—NORTHWEST SIDE.

FOR SALE—FACTORY—OR WILL LEASE FOR a term of years; located on Pennsylvania railroad, Richmond, Ind. Three large buildings, containing 80,000 square feet. Suitable for the manufacture of automobiles or accessories; good power plant, including two generators and several motors. Automatic sprinkler system throughout the entire plant. Large foundry partially equipped. A bargain for cash. Address J. M. HUDSON, Richmond, Ind.

FOR SALE—OR LEASE—
New Kenwood District.
Best less than carload Belt Line Service.
Chicago rates at shipper's door.
J. H. WHITNEY & CO., Rand. 1878.
1209 First National Bank Bldg. Rand. 4042.

FOR SALE—OR LEASE—
Manufacturing Sites and Buildings.
BELT RAILWAY, Chicago, Exclusively.
Industrial Real Estate Exclusively.
Randolph 1828. 1330 First Natl Bank Bldg.

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FOR SALE—FACTORY SITES; FROM 20 ACRES; terminal and switch connections; tracks on grade; 30 minutes from loop by elevated. WALTER MILLS, 121 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—OR LEASE—BUILDINGS, FLOORS, and vacant, in switch; heated brick flats, in best condition. Rental $1,650. Price $12,000. Owner must sell. Address P H 128, Tribune.

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FOR SALE—CHOICE YARD WITH SWITCH; brick office, 16x20; cor. Ohio and Ogden-avs.; 100 ft. by 150 ft. Inquire of C. A. B. GRIP & CO., 181 La Salle-st.

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REAL ESTATE—SUBURBAN—SOUTH.

FOR SALE—
JACKSON PARK HIGHLANDS.
Substantial houses and choice lots at most attractive prices and terms.
Take I. C. R. R. to Bryn Mawr sta. (71st-st. and Euclid-av.) Write for booklet.
FRANK I. BENNETT, 100 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—MORGAN PARK.
6 r. modern home; comb. gas and elec. fixtures; furnace heat; lot 50x125; in brick paved street; all assessments paid; well located on ridge; only $4,150; worth $5,000; easy terms.
W. H. BACCROFT & SON, 1125 Commercial-av., Morgan Park, opposite depot. Tel. M. Pk. 34.

FOR SALE—$475; LOTS WITH SEWER, WAter, electricity; in Lawn addition; near Marquette, park. Look at them; $10 cash, $5 monthly; 6c fare.
JOHN F. BERHART & SONS, Owners.
5556 W. 63d-st.

FOR SALE—WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, NEAR 103d, fine new 5 room cottage, 22x40; bargain; sewer and water. Address K 473, Tribune.

REAL ESTATE—SUBURBAN—WEST.

FOR SALE—OR RENT—6 ACRE TRACT ON ST. Charles-rd., Elmhurst; with new 6 room house, full size cement basement; handy to 3 railroads; splendid place for truck garden; straight macadam road to Chicago.
JOHN R. CASE, 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—RIVERSIDE LOTS, 50X171 TO 100X250 feet, fully improved with water, sewer, electric lights, etc. Easy terms to suit.
JOHN A. CHAPMAN Agent,
Suite 1212, 105 La Salle-st. Telephone Main 1779.

FOR SALE—LARGE 7 ROOM BRICK RESIDENCE basement; sewer, water, shade fruit; choice lot, 80x166; $2,800; 27 minutes C. & N. W.; no saloons.
FRED. I. GILCHRIST, Park Ridge.

FOR SALE—BERWYN—OWNER LEAVING city, will sell at sacrifice, fine new bungalow; 5 rooms and attic; gas and elec.; 50 ft.; $4,500; terms.
APPLEBEE, Berwyn.

FOR SALE—OR TO RENT—BEAUTIFUL 10 RM. suburban home, close to depot; part or whole to rent, or for sale on easy terms.
JOHN ANDERSON, 167 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—GLEN ELLYN COUNTRY HOMES Association offers the best acre lots proposition within 22 miles of Chicago. Chicago offices, 2022 S. 40th-av.

FOR SALE—WHEATON—FINE OLD PROPerty; a bargain; 14 rm. house; good condition; lot 138x264 ft., facing two streets; splendidly located; $6,000. Address P H 503, Tribune.

FOR SALE—BEST SUBURBAN LOT—BARGAIN—85 1-3x141, WILLOW-AV., east front, 400 feet north of WASHINGTON-BLVD., surrounded by splendid homes; Oak Park car line; a choice location for a high class 2 flat building. Price for quick sale, $1,245.
EDWARDS & HALSEY Owners,
Room 1107, 167 W. Jackson-blvd.

FOR SALE—COZY, UP TO DATE 7 ROOM, HOT water heated house in Oak Park; large, modern living room; 3 bedrooms; stone foundation; good lot; only $5,500.
F. A. HILL & CO., 5440 Lake-st. Austin 121.

FOR SALE—SELECT YOUR NEW SPRING HOME NOW. Some ready or will build to suit you. Gardel Park, 63d-av. and "L" to Gunderson sts. S. T. GUNDERSON & SONS, Chas. of Com.

FOR SALE—THE HOMES OF LAUREL-AV., AUSTIN, should be seen if you are in the market for a home. ENGLESON & CO., Branch Office, 5812 W. Chicago-av.

FOR SALE—OAK PARK AND AUSTIN; VACANT and improved; send for list. CLARENCE E. SMITH, 6061 Southfield, Austin 2nd.

FOR SALE—OAK PARK HOUSES—$5,000, $6,000, $7,000, and up; also property for rent.
FRANK H JUNE, Oak Park. Tel. 73

FOR SALE—OAK PARK HOME, AND LOTS—Send for complete list with illustrations.
F. C. WOOD & CO., 92 La Salle, R. 38 Main 3164.

REAL ESTATE—OTHER CITIES.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND SALOON, GOOD LOcation, in country; estab. business. Inquire 5119 Calumet-av., Indiana Harbor, Ind.

REAL ESTATE—ACRE PROPERTY.

FOR SALE—50 SUBURBAN ACRE BARGAINS.
2 acres, $60; 3 acres, $950; 5 acres, $1,550; $50 cash and $10 monthly. One hour from loop and located at the station of the Aurora, Elgin, Chicago R. R. BALLARD, POTTINGER & CO., Phone Central 4499. 204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—BELMONT-AV AND NORTH 58TH, nineteen acres, $600 per acre. Ten acres Belmont and 50th, $1,400 per acre. Both have house and barns. Terms MERENESS, 2935 Archer-av.

REAL ESTATE—SUMMER RESORTS.

FOR SALE—FOX LAKE, ILL., FINE HIGH lake shore bldg. lots; walking distance both depots. Send for plat.
W. M. BRINKMAN, 3119 Indiana-av.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE MICHIGAN RESORT, beautiful woods, water system; golf grounds; excellent transportation. PHIL HESSE, 7120 Eggleston-av.

REAL ESTATE—FARM LANDS.

FOR SALE—
We offer for sale a tract of 20,000 acres in Florida. This is one of the best and one of the best located tracts of land in the State for gardening or for small farm or large farm purposes. It is traversed by two railroads. Supplied with artesian water; will not divide; must be sold in a body. Price $6.25 per acre. Terms, one-fourth cash, balance one, two, and three years.
BENSON & CARMICHAEL,
642 Paxton Block, Omaha, Nebraska.

FOR SALE—THERE'S STILL SOME GOOD LAND that is cheap near Chicago. It is the Swigart tract, near Ludington and Manistee, Michigan, where development is rapidly increasing the land values. Prices will be higher this spring, therefore buy before the rise. In this tract you can get the best clover producing land for $10 to $25 per acre, and most of it for $15 per acre, if you buy now. Send $10, tell me what you want, and I will select 40 acres to exactly suit your requirements, and you will have the privilege to exchange it for any other selection when you visit the tract on the basis of present prices. My terms are as low as $10 to $25 down and only $5 to $10 per month on 40 acres. I also have some finely located 10 acre tracts. This district has the most favorable conditions for raising fruit, especially apples, of any part of the state. Investment in the Swigart Tract is better than a savings bank. I insure every buyer and in case of death deed him a farm free to your family. Call week days, Monday evenings, or Saturday afternoons. Drop a postal for a large map and illustrated booklet. D. S. SWIGART, Owner, 1245-49-50 First National Bank Building, Chicago.

FOR SALE—FIVE ACRE PAPER SHELL PECAN groves near Monticello, Florida, for $25.00 cash and $12.50 per month. No interest. Title will be guaranteed and property deed in trust free from mortgage liens to Chicago Title & Trust Company for purchaser's protection. Surety Company Bond furnished by Surety Company. Write for booklet. Send for booklet — "An Income for Life".
AMERICAN NATIONAL LAND CORPORATION,
100 Washington-st. Chicago.
Telephone Randolph 8512.

FOR SALE—
18 sec's western Kansas at $9.50.
1,340 A. Kansas ranch, extra good, $30.
2,000 A. Nebraska ranch at $8.
5,500 A. Kansas ranch at $10.
4 sec's De Soto Co., Fla., at $8.
45 sec's Monroe Co., Fla., at $5.
738 A. Texas citrus fruit land, $20.
1,000 A. best plantation in La., $20.
Wichita, Kas.

FOR SALE—OWING TO BUSINESS INTERESTS which compel a residence in another state I offer for sale my high class truck and dairy farm, including all buildings, cattle, machinery, farming implements, silo equipment, etc., complete. Property 120 acres located on fine water front, private landing in heart of Norfolk County trucking district. Close proximity to 150,000 population. Price $15,000; terms easy. Address Owner, P. O. Box 243, Portsmouth, Va.

FOR SALE—CORN BELT FARMS IN ILLINOIS and Missouri. IMPROVED AND UNIMPROVED tracts from 40 ACRES TO A SECTION, $40 to $200 per acre; suitable for homes or investment; all good rich soil; near good homes and desirable neighbors; only one or two hours' ride from Chicago. Write or call for prices, terms, etc. All bargains.
BURTON D. HURD CO., 1515 Marquette Bldg.
J. E. HARTENSOWER, Manager.

FOR SALE—ILLINOIS.
7 stock farms; richest corn lands, highly improved; finely located; near Sycamore and De Kalb; 200 to 428 acres; also 4 smaller farms. All operated under one management; bargain for quick sale.
One hour and forty minutes from Chicago.

FOR SALE — JAXONVII, FLA., THE NEW York of the South. Rebuilt by Commercial Democrats of Chicago Owners open city. Don't scatter in wild southern fand towns. Lands and lots with free water front, $10 down, $5 mo. Our Title Insurance. Booklet free. Write HALF MILLION CLUB.

FOR SALE—125 ACRES, ¼ MILE FROM TOWN, Lake County; heavy hammock; will grow anything but an amputated limb. The soil, the climate, the water, and everything you have to lean a sucker on $25 an acre sand banks, don't think we haven't what you should have. Price $15 per acre. THE RIDDLE CO., Fred. I. Gilchrist, Park Ridge.

FOR SALE—PALM BEACH COUNTY FARMS, now $250; $10 down $10 monthly; price will be raised soon; save money by buying now; best soil, best climate, best location. Booklet free.
BRYANT & GREENWOOD,
1406-10 Republic Building, Chicago.

FOR SALE—HIGHLY IMPROVED ALLUVIAL soil, 1st. plantation 675 acres, $25 per acre, complete with farm implements, house, barn, 13 cabins, new hog fences, windmill, 10 mules, 2 horses, cow, hogs; 30 to 40 bales cotton; will take home part payment. Address H 546, Tribune.

FOR SALE—WHOLESALE BARGAINS IN MARinette County, Wis.; farm lands; any sized tracts; easy terms; near railroads, schools, and best of roads; splendid dairy markets. Write for new booklet. Skidmore Land Co., Box 56 L, Marinette, Wis.

FOR SALE—ATTENTION, FARM BUYERS—This ad., returned to me, $25 legal tender payment on any farm purchased through my lists in January, 1911. POULTRY, FRUIT, STOCK, and GRAIN farms, all sizes.
C. LEWIS, Bangor, Mich.

FOR SALE—10-20-40 ACRE FARMS IN FINEST agricultural section of Florida; $20 per acre; easiest terms.
UNITED STATES COLONIZATION CO.,
1234 McCormick Building.
Telephone Harrison 8036.

FOR SALE—I HAVE A 6,000 ACRE TRACT OF unimproved cattle ranch land, the best in Michigan, full of little creeks; could sweeps 4 ton of hay to the acre on half of it; price $12.50 per acre. H. W. MARSH, Manistee, Mich.

FOR SALE—COMPETITION IN FLORIDA LAND—Write for our new special contract on Grape Fruit, Orange, and Vegetable farms below the frost line.
COVEY'S FLORIDA PLANTATION CO., Chicago.

FOR SALE—LOUISIANA ALLUVIAL AND DRY prairie lands in large and small tracts for colonization or settlement. T. GEO. HISLOP, 539 Stock Exchange Bldg., Chicago.

FOR SALE—FOR MUCK LANDS SEE US. WE control practically all the available muck in Upped Everglades, Florida. Florida Everglades Reclaimed Land Co., First National Bank Bldg.

FOR SALE—IRRIGATED FARM LANDS; PLENty of sunshine; plenty of water; sure crops; sure profits. For information write STEPHEN D. SEAMAN, 100 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—$6.00 PER ACRE—
3,000 acres hardwood land, Mich., ¼ mile to R. R. town; ideal for stock ranch; private lakes and river on tract. CORY, 642 1st Nat. Bk. Bldg.

FOR SALE—160 A. FARM IN MICHIGAN; 60 A. beech timber; 100 a. cleared; 10 room house; apple orchard; modern farm; price $7,000. ADDISON, 1001 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—SMALL FARMS NEAR MOBILE; oranges, figs, pecans, truck pay big. WATERMAN, CLARK & CUTTING, 900, 158 La Salle, Chicago.

FOR SALE—2,120 ACRES, $18 PER ACRE; FINE heavy timber; worth price of land; the best alluvial soil, adjoining best farms in La. Delta; 3 miles railroad station. Address H 547, Tribune.

FOR SALE — WRITE WALTER S. AYRES, 722 Postal Telegraph Bldg., Chicago, Ill., for free folders on the "New California" Gulf Coast of Texas lands.

TO RENT—FARM OF 152 ACRES, 16 MILES from court house, on west b

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

THE ENTIRE FURNISHINGS OF OUR MOST beautiful and thoroughly up to date furnished 5 room private residence is to be sold today and tomorrow at private sale. Everything must go at practically your own price. No reasonable offer refused on any article. Nothing has been used over 6 months. Massive parlor suite, upholstered in panne plush for $55, worth $200. Massive mahogany rockers, $8 to $12, worth up to $30. Hand carved solid mahogany parlor table, $75, worth $400. Oil paintings, $2 to $15, worth up to $200. Hand painted vases, $2 to $5, worth $20. Leather couch, $20, worth $85. Library set, leather, $45, worth $175. Elegant rugs, all sizes, $3 to $20, worth up to $90. Large massive bed, hair mattress, and box springs, complete for $30, worth $120. Handsome dining room furniture, 5 colonial dressers, 4 chiffoniers, silk drapes, imported lace curtains, 3 electroliers, sewing machine, $10. Writing desk, $6. Many pieces of bric-a-brac, cut glass, davenport, beautiful mahogany piano at your own price. And many other household necessities. This is all high grade furniture and the house has been used as a home only [not a rooming house]. Inspection invited.

1220 DEARBORN-AV.
One-half block north of Division-st.

WILL SELL ALL THE FURNISHINGS OF my 12 room residence, consisting of 12 beautiful rugs, 4 brass beds, sewing machine, parlor suite, mahogany solid mahogany parlor table, leather chairs, rockers, davenpoy bed, leather couches, upright piano, oak dining set, buffet, lace curtains, portieres, music cabinet, dressers, and chiffoniers, cut glass dishes, etc., also elegant collection of oil paintings. THE LOT FOR $100 CASH. These goods are almost new and will be sold together or separate. Owner can present buyer any day or evening until sold. Can be seen today or evening at
8207 MICHIGAN-AV.

FOR SALE—AT GREAT SACRIFICE—FURNITURE; 2 beautiful brass beds, dressers, chiffoniers, Washington davenport table, other tables, parlor, library furniture, round oak dining set and buffet, lady's writing desk, beautiful upholstered Cabinet Grand piano; also sewing machine, oil paintings, lace curtains, portieres, couch and rockers, rugs all sizes, domestic sewing machine, will sell any part separate. Call, make offer for any part. 4738 Grand-blvd.; phone Drexel 1221.

BARGAIN.
Contents of elegantly furnished apt.; will sell every cheap, as everything must go this week, separately or together; mahogany piano, massive parlor suite, oil paintings, electric fixtures, rugs, leather library suite and table, odd rockers, brass beds, dressers, dining table, chairs, writing machine. Call and make offer for what you need. 4017 Michigan-av., 1st apt.

MUST SELL THE BEAUTIFUL FURNISHINGS at 2604 Michigan-av., such as brass beds, springs, dressers, chiffoniers, dressing tables, library table, parlor suite, oil paintings, rugs, carpets, some elegant oil paintings and other fine pictures, also a beautiful upright piano. These goods have been only a short while in use and are as good as new. Remember these are not second hand goods and no dealer need apply.

FOR SALE—CONTENTS OF BEAUTIFUL HOME, magnificent parlor suite, worth $200, for $80; complete dining room set, $40; massive brass bed, box spring, hair mattress, all new, complete $25; pretty pattern parlor rugs, $5 and $10; oil paintings, curtains, piano, davenport, billiard table, 16 rooms to select from; everything to be sold. Call day or evening. Residence, 4404 Grand-blvd.

NOTICE! THE CONTENTS OF OUR PRIVATE home will be sold regardless of cost. Sale starts today at 10:30 a. m. Parlor, library and dining room, 2 brass beds, dressers, chiffoniers, rugs, draperies, curtains, lamps, bronze and marble statuary, Turkish couch and rockers, beautiful pictures of nudes, etc. Open 9 to 5. 4020 Grand-blvd.

COLLECTION OF BEAUTIFUL ORIENTAL rugs will be sold at great bargain, several Mosuls, $200; Kermanshahs, $150; Kazaks, $125; $115 Beluchistans, $100; Khivs, 6x3, $75; 2 small runners, $20; Shiraz, worth $250, for $150; also large grade domestic rugs, 9x12, also entire flat, 5 rooms, 16 rooms to select from; 4404 Grand-blvd. Home today and evenings.

FINE LINE STORAGE GOODS IN BRASS AND iron beds, dressers, and chiffoniers, ¼ sawed oak and mahogany parlor seating tables, box and leather chairs, davenport, bookcases, music and oak buffet and sideboard; 200 heaters, gas ranges, and cook stoves. Nearly new 6-ton motor truck.

FOR SALE—THE FURNITURE IN SIX ROOM flat, complete for housekeeping; lease and insurance included; rent $20; stove heat; second floor, brick house in good neighborhood; 4 blocks from L station on Ravenswood branch; a bargain for cash. If you mean business address K 441 Tribune.

WILL SELL LEATHER DAVENPORT, BEAUtiful mahogany library table, brass bed, springs, mattresses, very fine princess dresser [oak] sewing machine, dining room furniture, lace curtains, rugs, Turkish lounge and chair, some fine pictures and many other pieces of furniture. 2215 Grand-blvd.

WILL SELL IMMEDIATELY, 8 ROOMS—ELEgant mah. parlor suite, library table, 9x12 rugs, dressers and chiffoniers, solid mah. 4 poster bed, 3 brass beds, springs and mattresses; very fine $450 piano. Also oil paintings, drapes, lace curtains, 2 couches, etc. Call today or tomorrow. 2936 Evanston-av., near Wellington-av.

FOR SALE—AT ONCE. FINE FURNITURE 8 room house; massive parior suit, library table, beautiful piano, leather chairs, dining room and buffet, lady's writing desk, beautiful upholstered Cabinet Grand piano; also sewing machine, oil paintings, lace curtains, portieres, pictures, vases, etc.; all high grade and new; sell separate places or all with lease very cheap. 4035 Monroe-st.

BIG SNAP—BUSINESS COMPELS ME TO DIspose of my elegantly furnished home; oak dining table, cost $25.00, $8; $150 parlor suite, $40.00; 9x12 Oriental rugs, $7.00; $125.00; $75.00; $60.00 bed, box spring and mattress complete, $25.00; dressers, chiffoniers, etc., all like new. 1024 Adams-st., near Ashland-blvd.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE OF 8 ROOM APARtment; parlor suite, piano, davenport, brass beds, dining room in early English, china, dishcut glass; sacrifice. 5240 Indiana-av., 1st.

WANTED—WILL PAY HIGHEST CASH PRICES for entire furniture of houses and flats or suites wanted. BARR, 1166 W. Madison-st. Phone Monroe 892.

BEDROOM BARGAINS—
$6.00 Woven Wire Springs.....$ 3.50
$38.00 Full Hammered Steel Bed.....18.00
Stuart Carpet Co., 15-17 Lake-st., near State.

FURNITURE, RUGS, STOVES; ALSO 4 UPright pianos; to be sold for storage cheap. MAY BROS., 3141 Ogden-av. Phone Lawndale 1200.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR GOOD AND HIGH class household goods and pianos. 3414 North-av. Tel. Humboldt 1463.

BRASS BED, SPRING AND MATTRESS COMplete, $15; easy to home. GRAND RAPIDS FURNITURE & RUG CO., 337 Wabash-av.

FURNITURE SOLD DIRECT-FROM FACTORY. Will save you 40%. Come and be convinced. SPECIAL FURNITURE CO., 804 Wabash-av.

WANTED—ALL KINDS OF GOOD SECOND hand furniture, carpets; will play the best price. 3805 Cottage Grove-av. Phone Douglas 1627.

WANTED—HIGH CLASS HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE OF every description. Call up T. W. PHILPOTT, auctioneer, 4084 Cot. Grove-av. Phone Doug. 1484.

REMOVAL SALE—OUR ENTIRE STOCK HIGH grade furniture must be sold at once. CAMPBELL & CO., 341-5 Wabash-av.

SOLID MAHOGANY, LIBRARY TABLE, CAN be had for $22 will sell for $12 Phone Lincoln 3884.

FOR SALE — FURNITURE OF 4 ROOMS VERY cheap. 1732 Melrose-st.

LEASEHOLDS.

FOR SALE—COMPLETE FURNITURE, RUGS, etc., of a 4 room flat, everything almost new, including linens, dishes, utensils, linoleum, sewing machine, pictures, lace curtains, brica-brac. Outfit consists of bedroom, dining room, library, and kitchen furnishings; cost $650; will sacrifice entire outfit for only $350; a great bargain for couple wanting to go housekeeping; act quick. Address 2d apt., 54 E. 50th-st., between Michigan and Wabash.

MUST SACRIFICE FOR QUICK SALE ACcount sickness cozy 6 room flat; everything complete, good order, lease optional; no agents. Sunday p. m. or evenings 1405 Wells-st. top.

BARGAIN—STRICTLY MOD. 8 RM. FURN apt.; income $80. Call 7:30 p. m. 4417 Ind.-av. 2d apt.

FOR SALE—WILL SACRIFICE MY 8 ROOM flat filled with roomery account leaving city; lease till May 1st. 4119 Monroe-av. 3d apt.

LEAVING FOR EUROPE; MUST SELL FURNIture of 6 room flat; fine location; bargain for quick sale. Lincoln 5884. References.

FOR SALE—THE FURNITURE IN SIX ROOM flat, complete for housekeeping; lease and insurance included; rent $20; stove heat; second floor, brick house in good neighborhood; 4 blocks from L station on Ravenswood branch; a bargain for cash. If you mean business address K 441 Tribune.

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STOVES.

GLENWOOD COMBINATION COAL AND GAS ranges, smoothest cast range made; Ballast Stove and Columbian Art base burners. Ask your dealer for them; wholesale. Retterer, 167 Lake-st.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

MR. CONTRACTOR! MR. BUILDER!

USE UTILITY WALL BOARD. Cheaper and better than lath and plaster. We have sent for 50,000 sq. ft. of "seconds" which we can sell for less than ½c a sq. yd. For particulars phone Kedzie 2595.
THE HEPPES COMPANY, 4506 Fillmore-st.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—NEW AND USED LUMber, brick, stone, plumbing and building material. WESTERN BRICKYARD & LUMBER CO.,
Phone Yards 1275. 31st and Wentworth-av.

BIG STOCK OF HAND AND NEW LUMBER; also good roofing paper, 30th and Halsted. Phone 1200. E. B. CARR WRECKING CO.

BUILDERS, ATTENTION—STOCK PLANS IN to order, 10c hour; 2 flat, or store. Call or see Perley Hale, Lic'd Archt., 501 1st F. Clark-st.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

FOR SALE—MENZ TIMBER GOLD BONDS PAY 6% ANNUAL INTEREST AND 6% PROFIT. For particulars address A. H. GREEN, Milwaukee, Wis.

FURNACE AND STEAM HEATING.

FOR SALE—FURNACE, BEST MAKE, WITH piping and registers. 4138 Wilcox-av. Kenwood 1382.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—ONE GOOD SECOND HAND BASket trunk, with or without canvas. J. W. Sale Musical Bldg.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

FOR SOLE AGENCY FOR THE STATE OF ILLINOIS will be given away for an entirely new article, imported from Germany; income $6000 a month; requires $1,800 to keep stock of goods; no experience required. Address P 822, Tribune.

GROUND FLOOR OPPORTUNITY FOR THOSE who will invest funds for the purpose of enabling us to fill orders for motor trucks and transmissions; the demand is far in excess of our original estimate, and is therefore beyond are financial ability to meet; we will also consider a proposition from the right parties for sale of the stock; must move quick; this deal will be put over. Address P 197, Tribune.

RAPIDLY GROWING FACTORY PRODUCING staple goods with unlimited demand, doing large cash business throughout the U. S., requires business man with $5,000 to $7,500 in order to handle its increased business, to take office position; salary $2,000 to $3,000 annually guaranteed and share in profits; permanent, absolutely safe; references exchanged. Address K L 297, Tribune.

BEST PAYING GROCERY AND MARKET IN South Side; 5 delivery horses and wagons; 7 large wagon; old established business; first class fixtures; all fresh stock. Will invoice or sell in lump. Best reasons for selling. Don't miss this chance. Must be sold. Great bargain. Address J 445, Tribune.

ELEGANTLY FURNISHED 15 ROOM CORNER flat, North Side; steam heat; rents, $75 per month; 5 year lease; clearing $225 above all expenses; see this today for a bargain. EDWARDS BROKERAGE CO., 116-118 Dearborn-st. Tel. Randolph 2318.

HOTEL, BAR AND CAFE, CHICAGO; 100 GUEST rooms; electric light; telephone system; established commercial patronage; annual business, $50,000; price, $25,000; $5,000 cash, balance secured by real estate.
STERCHIE & CO.,
59 Dearborn-st.

TWO FINE CHANCES FOR MANUFACTURERS wishing a better location; cash and building offered; one in central west, other best southern city; each embraces every advantage for economical operation; cheap fuel and labor. Address SECRETARY, P F 152, Tribune.

FOR SALE—THE NEW CRYSTAL theater, 718 South Robey-st., as I will sell ½ interest to you if desiring to look after it. Call evenings at place.

FOR SALE—GOOD, CLEAN STOCK OF HARDware; tinshop in connection; in good farming country; town of 600 population; A1 location for tinning, heating and plumbing; only hardware in town. Address H E 57, Tribune.

TO YOU SAVE YOUR MONEY?
Write or phone for circular 14 describing $300, $500 and $1,000 6% bonds.
INVESTMENT AND REALIZATION CO.,
Phone Randolph 717. 115 Adams-st.

EUROPEAN HOTEL, 55 ROOMS, LOCATED 100 miles from Chicago; first class bar; long lease; elegantly equipped; clearing $500 a month; $7,000 cash, balance time; particulars. LEMON, 187 Dearborn-st.

IDEAL DOWNTOWN LUNCHROOM, AVERAging $50 daily; modern equipment; valuable lease; easily conducted; closed Sundays; profitable investment for couple. BARRON & COMPANY, 79 Dearborn-st.

MUST SELL BEFORE FEB. 1ST—$2,500 BUYS the most complete, up-to-date confectionery, soda, and luncheon shop in a hustling Michigan city of 30,000. A snap for a live wire. Other business forces us of selling. Address J O 1, Tribune.

MILLINERY BUSINESS SOUTH SIDE; EXCELlent location; high class trade. For particulars apply to MERMAN, with D. B. Fisk & Co., 105 Wabash-av.

SMALL CAPITAL WANTED TO INVEST IN INcorporated concern; established business; books open for investigation; large profits assured. Address P S 96, Tribune.

ANY MAN OR WOMAN WITH $50 CAN MAKE big money quickly; no experience required; for every day in the year. Investigate this at once. 18 184 Dearborn-st.

EXCEPTIONALLY GOOD PROP. OFFERED TO a young man who can give services and invest $300. Theatrical off. prop.; guaranteed. Address J 534, Tribune.

MILLINERY SHOP; ESTABLISHED 32 YEARS; in the fashionable north part of Austin; exceptional opportunity for right party; good reason for selling. MISS WILLIAMS, 5656 Lake-st. Ph. Austin 2252.

WHY NOT GET OUR PRICE ON ORGANIZING that company for you? We may be able to assist you financially. WILLIAMS & CO., Fort Dearborn Bldg., Chicago. Established 1900.

I HAVE $50,000.00 PRIVATE WESTERN WHITE pine timber, and need additional capital to operate; good opportunity; no speculation; bank references. Address K 575, Tribune.

EXCEPTIONALLY DESIRABLE CIGAR STORE, finest located, paying, in Chicago; large stock cookery enamel, china, ware; worth $1,500; will be sold cash. 2129 W. Madison-st.

FOR SALE—SALOON: SOMETHING GOOD; FINest location North Side; high class trade; long lease; grand opportunity; particulars. LEMON, 187 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—4 BOX BALL ALLEYS WITH FURniture in busiest location; cost $900; $600 takes entire business; must sell quick account other business. 704 Milwaukee-av.

OLD ESTABLISHED MILLINERY STORE ON South Side; fine location; doing large business; must sell on account of poor health. Address H 81, Tribune.

FOR SALE—LOOP RESTAURANT — EXCELlent fixtures; three and half year lease; doing large business; $175.00; $750.00. Dissolution partnership. Address L 248, Tribune.

FOR SALE—OLD, RELIABLE, SOLID BUSIness; ice cream parlor, candies, cigars etc. Can make $2,000 per month. Price $6,500. Call or write W. SCOTT, 1909 N. Kedzie-av., Chicago.

SOUTH DAKOTA CHARTERS, ALL STATES; COMPANY ORGANIZED AND FINANCED; CORPORATION LAW A SPECIALTY. J. MOFFITT, 1614 UNITY BLDG., PHONE RAND. 3798.

MILLINERY STORE FOR SALE—WELL, ESTablished trade; splendid location; other business; good reasons for selling. Call or address
MISS I. EISING, 11136 Michigan-av.

FURNITURE MEN—A YOUNG MAN CAPABLE of controlling large portion of Dreier trade wants to communicate with parties able to finance business. Address H 296, Tribune.

WANTED—A GROCERY AND MARKET IN best growing location in Evanston, Ill.; no such store now in town; I have new store room for rent. Address P 551, Tribune.

MILLINERY FOR SALE—BIG SACRIFICE — must sell at once; best location; South Side; investigate. Address K 461, Tribune.

MERCHANT WISHES LOAN $1,000.00. FOUR months; pay $100.00; secure lender, double. Only private party. Immediate. Address C C 287, Tribune.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, MY BEAUTIFUL paying business; making South Side five cent theater seating 700; good reasons for selling. 308 E. 54th-st., 1st.

NEED INVESTING FOR PROFIT — SENT ON trial six months free; a guide to money making. E. L. BARBER, 77 Jackson-blvd., Chicago.

DO YOU NEED CAPITAL? BOWATER, AREME INVESTMENT CO., financial agents, Masonic Temple Chicago, Ill. Phone Central 2613.

WANTED—A LIVE MAN AS MANAGER OF city office; must have good references and $1,000; no others apply. Address P 906, Tribune.

WANTED—A LIVE MAN OR WOMAN AS CITY manager; must have ability and $500. Address L D 382, Tribune.

FOR SALE—OR ROYALTY—FIRE KINDLER; also adjustable curtain pole hanger; good household articles. Address H 222, Tribune.

FOR SALE—HARNESS SHOP; BEST RETAIL and transient shop in the city; will sell any way to suit. MISS HALSTED, 3945 Cottage Grove-av.

THEATERS, 31ST, 39TH, 43D, 63D, W. MADIson, Halsted, W. Chicago-av.; all open; seats 285 to 700. Cheap for cash. 120 Randolph.

WELL RATED BUSINESS CONCERNS IN NEED of temporary financial assistance can secure same from us. Address N A 450, Tribune.

CUT RATE DRUG STORE, 26N0 STATE-ST.—Very exciting cash business; 5 days' employment in store to convince the business; great bargain.

$2,000 BUYS GOING MUSIC BUSINESS; WILL bear reason for selling. Write MARTIN SWANSTROM, 6124 Yeager. Phone Stewart 1488.

MANAGER WHO CAN INVEST $1,000 WANTED; profitable printing concern. Address J 447, Tribune.

FOR SALE—BOWRALL BOWLING ALLEY, 3 pool tables, and cigars; finest location, South Side, 35 E. 63d-st.

BAKERY AND LUNCHROOM, REST LOCATION in Kenosha; will sell cheap; must sell; $12,000 quality; make offer. JOHNSON & CO., 131 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—GOOD PAYING GENTS' FURNISHing store; good location; cheap rent. Address L 5, Tribune.

FOR SALE—OR RENT—ALL KINDS OF CONcessions on Beach-st., St. Joe, Mich., for coming season. MILLER, 1233 Adams-st.

RESTAURANT AND LUNCHROOM. $475, IF taken at once; reason for selling, pressure of other business. Address L 268, Tribune.

ROOMING MAN WITH $1,000.00 CAN SECURE permanent position, $25.00 week; with reliable house; money protected. Address O O 176, Tribune.

WANTED—AT ONCE, GOOD MAN TO TAKE ¼ interest in modern merchant tailoring; loop; some cash required. Address J 99, Tribune.

$5,000 CASH WILL GIVE YOU HALF INTEREST in best mail order business in city, with employment; investigate. Address L 267, Tribune.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN; $3,000 VALUE IN FINE fixtures and stock of established millinery business. Address K 79, Tribune.

PAINT BUSINESS MAN TO TAKE INTEREST in established, paying plant; $2,500 to $5,000 to be secured. Address M 576, Tribune.

WE HAVE AN OPENING FOR OFFICE MAN with $1,000 to invest mfg. bus.; good profits; no soliciting. MORROW & COMPANY, 161 5th-av.

CASH PAID FOR FIRST CLASS STOCKS OF merchandise; must be cheap. JEAN MARKS, Wells Bld.

WANTED, TO INVEST IN GOOD SAFE, profitable legitimate business. For attention give full particulars. Address H 214, Tribune.

I INVEST $5,000 TO $10,000. SERVICES, if satisfactory, will start new concern with half party. Address P 472, Tribune.

WILL SELL MY WELL ESTABLISHED RESstaurant in best rooming district, North Side; investigate; must leave city immediately; best location; South Side; investigate. Address K 461, Tribune.

MERCHANT WISHES LOAN $1,000.00. FOUR months; pay $100.00; secure lender, double. Only private party. Immediate. Address C C 287, Tribune.

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BUSINESS CHANCES.

A SUCCESSFUL MANUFACTURING COMPANY would purchase a small growing business making patented articles or specialties. Manufacturer, 835 Monadnock Bldg.

ADDITIONAL CAPITAL.
Experienced show manager and prominent business men now forming company to operate a 10c theater in the best location in the loop; similar theaters in the residential districts are paying over 200 per cent with two shows a day. This house will run ten shows a day. A good opportunity for investment. Particulars at Interview. Address K 586, Tribune.

FOR SALE—LIVE, UP TO DATE DRUG STORE, located on the best transfer corner in Chicago, called the busy corner; no competition; full prices; all night stand; ice cream plant; kodaks, cigarets, etc.; worth $25,000 to any business man as investment; will sell for $15,000, or half interest to competent pharmacist for $10,000; good reasons for selling. Address G D 570, Tribune.

FOR SALE—AT BARGAIN PRICE—MOST MODern searing plant, located in the heart of Milwaukee, for sale as a whole or in part; six cameras, all paraphernalia, equipment in duplicate and complete; prices and terms to suit purchaser.
ADAM SCHAAF.
Milwaukee, Wis.

WANTED—LADY OR GENTLEMAN TO FILL position as secretary and treasurer in one of the largest mail order business in the south; good salary to right party; must invest from $5,000 or more; I will meet you personally Monday and Tuesday for interview. Other Chicago references given. Address L 54, Tribune.

IF YOU WANT TO INVESTIGATE THE SAFEST and most profitable investment before the public today, send you name and address to the Mann Indicator Company, Rochester, N. Y. Chicago, Ill., and we will promptly forward you literature explaining our proposition. A chance of a lifetime for small investors.

FOR SALE—TEXAS OFFERS BEST OPPORTUnities to homeseeker and investor; agricultural, commercial, and industrial information from 300 Commercial clubs free on request. Texas Commercial Secretaries and Business Men's Association, 6th and Main-sts., Fort Worth, Texas.

EXPERIENCED ADVERTISER SOLICITS INterview with honest man or woman with $100 or more actual cash desiring big paying, home mail order jewelry business; working only evenings or other spare time. Address O W 429, Tribune.

BUTCHERS, ATTENTION—I HAVE A FINE LOcation on the Northwest Side; want to open grocery and market, need butcher to run market and for himself; particulars and references address P H 507, Tribune.

WILL INVEST $8,000 OR $4,000 IN ESTABLISHed paying business; together with services as credit man and bookkeeper; am experienced and capable in this line of work; best references. Address L 57, Tribune.

START A BILLIARD AND POOLROOM IN A prosperous town and manufacturing town, 100 miles west of Chicago; must be sober and will be a money maker. I have new room for rent. Address F 552, Tribune.

OLD ESTABLISHED UP TO DATE GENTS' furnishing store on North Side near the city; will sell half interest or all. Address O W 503, Tribune.

FOR SALE—BAMBOO FURNITURE MANUFACturing plant. Call at 2851 W. Lake-st.

PARTNERS WANTED.

PARTNER WANTED—SILENT OR ACTIVE, IN LIGHTED AND HEATED STREET CAR SERVICE OFFICE. GOVERNMENT CONNECTIONS OF THE HIGHEST CLASS. PARTNER MUST BE CONSIDERABLE MONEY TO PUT OUT IN THE BUSINESS. ADDRESS P J 507, TRIBUNE.

WANTED—EASTERN LADY EXPERIENCED in real estate business, to whom would desire to come out west; take half partnership interest in same business. For references please address Postoffice Box 720, Baker City, Oregon.

PARTNER IN CHICAGO CORPORATION, manufacturing farm implements; good business established; $10,000 required; don't answer unless you have the cash and mean business. Address K 599, Tribune.

WANTED—PARTNER—GOOD OPPORTUNITY to take interest in a good theatrical off. business; must invest $300 and services. Address P J 501, Tribune.

WANT PARTNER IN REAL ESTATE BUSIness. I have a well equipped office, doing good business; price $250 to right man. 6244 South Park-av.

$200—WANT BRIGHT YOUNG OUTSIDE MAN with this amount; splendid proposition; big returns; brokerage business. Address K 596, Tribune.

PARTNER WANTED—ESTABLISHED SURETY bond business; big future; reference and bond required and $1,000 capital. Address H 269, Tribune.

I HAVE STOCK OF GOODS; NEED $600.00 TO open store; guarantee profit $20.00 a day. Handle groceries, money. Am a hustler. Address L 1, 161, Tribune.

WANTED—PARTNER WITH $25,000, FOR California townsite, ocean beach, near Los Angeles; improvements in. H. A. PIERCE, 126 Wash.-st.

LADY OR GENTLEMAN WITH $1,000 CAPITAL TO invest in a good business proposition Northwest Side. Address L 271, Tribune.

MANUFACTURING BUSINESS, WANTS PARTner with some capital; profitable; investigate. Address J 543, Tribune.

CLEAN CUT BUSINESS MAN FOR ACTIVE INterest highly profitable mfg. business; investment $2,000; principals only. Address P 554, Tribune.

WANTED—PARTNER IN CHILDREN'S OUTfitting shop; A1 location. KING, 3256 Calumet-av.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH $2,000-$3,000. FOR cabinet shop. Address L 246, Tribune.

PERSONAL PROPERTY LOANS.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC

NEW CO. $10 TO $500. NEW PLANS.
This is a firmly organized, well known and LEADING BUSINESS MEN OF CHICAGO TO LOAN
to any honest person, upon HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS, etc., or holding a salaried position, at the rate of 6 PER CENT PER YEAR.
Interest.
For $25—6 mo. payments of $4.23—$25.38
For $50—6 mo. payments of $8.46—$50.76
For $100—6 payments of $8.58—$103.08
ALL OTHER SUMS IN PROPORTION.
EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS.
Reasonable Requirements.
STATE LOAN ASSOCIATION [Unincorporated]
ROOMS 203, 204, AND 205 BOYCE BLDG.,
114 Dearborn-st., near Washington.
2d floor. Take elevator or easy stairs.

LOANS NEGOTIATED—
$10 AND UPWARD. QUICK SERVICE.
Large rebate; long time; best contract; confidential; courteous treatment and a square deal.
FIDELITY LOAN CO.,
184 McNROE-ST., R. 504. Telephone Central 2699.
Branch office,
COR. 63d and WENTWORTH. Tel. Went. 537.

MONEY TO LOAN, 1 PER CENT; NO OTHER charges; on diamonds, watches, and jewelry. FIRESIDE MANNERS' SOCIETY, 72 Washington-st., corner Dearborn.

READY MONEY—$10 UP—QUICKLY
Rates as low as anybody; no red tape.
Confidential. Private offices.
CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
175 DEARBORN-ST., ROOMS 216 AND 217.
787 WEST MADISON-ST., ROOM 202

CUT RATES ON FURNITURE AND PIANO.

MUT. SECURITY CO., 69 Dearborn-st., R. 44.

A. LIPMAN, 97 MADISON-ST., PRIVATE ENtrance. Established 1861. Loans on watches, jewelry, and diamonds at lowest rates.

LOANS ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND JEWelry at lowest rates. GEORGE M. POE, Reliable American Pawnbroker, 64 Adams-st., near State.

LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, ETC.
RELIANCE INVESTMENT CO.,
140 DEARBORN-ST., ROOMS 704 AND 705.

MONEY TO LOAN, 1%.
Diamonds, watches, and jewelry.
BAUMAN LOAN CO., 110 E. Madison-st.

I LOAN ON ALL THAT THE BIG ADS DO. CALL and I will treat you better than you ever knew. S. RICHARDSON, 142 La Salle-st., Room 2.

MERCHANT WILL MAKE PRIVATE LOANS on furniture, pianos, etc. Address P P 544, Tribune.

LOANS ON AUTOMOBILES, FURNITURE, OR salary, by merchant, privately. Phone Wentworth 6303.

MONEY TO LOAN ON AUTOMOBILES; WINter storage. Address F 444 Tribune.

BOWLING, BILLIARD & POOL TABLES.
$100. EASY PAYMENTS. BUYS A NEW BILliard or pool table with complete outfit. WHY PAY RENT? BUY A HOME. AVOID IRRESPONSIBLE DEALERS WHOSE GUARANTEE IS WORTHLESS AND WHO OFFER IMAGINARY BARGAINS. SECOND HAND TABLES WITH WHICH SOME ROOMKEEPER HAS MADE A FAILURE. We rent tables with privilege of applying rent on purchase price, and lead the world in quality and low prices. We do not belong to any trust or trade combination.
THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO.
Thos. Harrison 6225. 263 Wabash-av.

OUR SEVERE COMPETITION HIGH QUALITY AND LOW COST HAVE FORCED THE TRUST TO ADVERTISE REDUCED PRICES. For real values in new and second hand tables, fixtures, and billiard supplies at prices lower than ever, with easier terms visit the largest display rooms in America. We rent tables with the privilege of applying rent on purchase price. Private Exhibition all departments. Monroe 3494. PASSOW & SONS, 892-894-896-898-940-942 W. Madison-st.

$100 BUYS BRAND NEW BILLIARD OR POOL fitted with asbestic cushions; billiard supplies at cut rates. 2052-2056 Ogden-av.

THE J. L. FOWLER CO.—BILLIARD AND pool tables for r

WORK MEANS WIN IN CASH CONTEST

Rewards Will Be in Proportion to Your Efforts, So Start to Hustle.

DO YOU KNOW CONDITIONS

Few Months' Toil May Give You Year's Salary to Add to Own Pay.

BY MARY ISABEL BRUSH.

The rewards offered in THE TRIBUNE cash contest are valuable in proportion to the efforts of the winner. If a contest is of the frivolous or rebus sort, look and see if you are not asked to "pay part down" for the premium. Then compare such ones with THE TRIBUNE'S great "sound money" contest.

If you have entered, you know the conditions and what is offered. It is not something for nothing, but the exact opposite—a great deal of something, cold cash or the equivalent, for the hardest kind of work you are capable of doing.

Here Are the Awards.

The first prizes are generous salaries for a year for work that you may do in less than four months. If you could be assured of winning one of the first three prizes wouldn't it almost be worth while to devote yourself exclusively to the contest? Two hundred dollars, $150, and $100 a month for twelve months are these prizes. Your spare time in the interest of THE TRIBUNE, your good word and interest, is all that is asked, and for them a worthy reward is offered.

Send in Your Name Today.

Can you afford to overlook the opportunity? The fact that you enter the contest will mean something of an education to you in ways which will be of use to you in every day life. Send in your name today on one of the nomination blanks, receive your receipt book and then start in to hustle. Individual ability and capability are the only aids.

WOMAN WHO CAME TO CHICAGO IN OXCART DIES AT AGE OF 86.

Mrs. Lydia Gear, Widow of Old Justice of the Peace, Arrived Here When Fourteen Log Cabins Constituted City

Lydia A. Gear, whose family, it is said, settled in Chicago when it was composed of Fort Dearborn and fourteen log cabins, died yesterday at her residence, 5826 North Western avenue. Since she was 8 years old, in 1833, she has lived continuously in Chicago. Her husband, Oscar S. Gear, who died fifteen years ago, was a justice of the peace in the early days. Mrs. Gear was born in Hanover, N. Y., July 7, 1825. Eight years later the family journeyed half way across the continent in ox carts, reaching Fort Dearborn in 1833.

Mrs. Gear is survived by a son, Frank O., and a daughter, Miss Ida F. Gear. The funeral will be held from the Bowmanville Congregational church tomorrow afternoon.

Install Post Officers.

Members of Columbia post No. 708, G. A. R., will gather tonight at Memorial hall, Randolph street and Michigan avenue, to install the following officers: Senior vice commander, James E. Stuart; junior vice commander, Henry S. Walker; surgeon, John F. Williams, M. D.; quartermaster, F. C. Irey; officer of the day, C. R. Plattenburg; officer of the guard, John P. Watson.

Anatomik Shoes for Men, Women and Children

It is not an easy task to tell in print of the many technical points in which Anatomik Shoes are different from any other shoes. The minute one of these shoes is slipped onto the foot the difference is evident and becomes all the more so every day the shoe is worn.

Anatomik Shoes are an immediate corrective of broken down arches, flat foot and the numerous other foot discomforts resulting from ill-fitting shoes.

MARSHALL FIELD & COMPANY

Savings Deposits

made during the first ten business days of January earn interest from January first at

3%

Per Annum

The Northern Trust Company-Bank

Capital, $1,500,000
Surplus, $1,500,000

N.W. Corner La Salle and Monroe Streets

Marshall Field & Co.

Table Cloths and Napkins in Beautiful New Patterns in the January Sale.

Third Floor.

Next to the values—approached at no other time of the year—the most attractive feature of this Annual Sale with hundreds of its regular patrons is the bringing out of these entirely new patterns designed especially for this sale and controlled by us—The Acanthus, Iris and Orchids, Butterflies and Orchids, The Tulips, The Countess, Apples and Butterflies, The Hardwick, The Marquis Scroll, The Dowager. Many of these exquisite new patterns are shown in these unusually interesting values:

Tablecloths — Conventional Peonies, Grapes, Gothic, Scroll and band, Grecian Iris and Wild Phlox.

2x2 yards, $6.75.
2x2½ yards, $8.60.
2x3 yards, $10.20.
2½x2½ yards, $9.00.
2½x2½ yards, $10.25.
2½x3 yards, $12.35.
2½x2½ yards, $10.70.
2½x3 yards, $13.00.
2½x3½ yards, $15.20.
2½x4 yards, $17.50.
2½x2½ yards, $16.30.
3x3 yards, $18.50.

Napkins to match tablecloths, 22 x 22 inches, dozen, $2.25; 27 x 27, dozen, $10.50.

Tablecloths in The Countess, Tulip, Orchid, Poppy and Imperial Chrysanthemum Patterns.

2x2 yards, $6.15.
2x2½ yards, $7.70.
2x3 yards, $9.25.
2½x2½ yards, $9.25.
2½x3 yards, $11.15.
2½x2½ yards, $10.00.
2½x3 yards, $12.00.
2½x3½ yards, $14.00.
2½x4 yards, $16.00.
2½x2½ yards, $14.40.
3x3 yards, $15.80.
3½x3½ yards, $27.00.

Napkins to match tablecloths, 22 x 22 inches, dozen, $6.00; 27x27, dozen, $8.50.

Tablecloths in Mountain Ash, Ginko, Lily of the Valley, Laurel Wreath, Fielddale and Satin Band.

2x2 yards, $5.20.
2x2½ yards, $6.55.
2x3 yards, $7.85.
2½x2½ yards, $6.75.
2½x2½ yards, $7.50.
2½x3 yards, $9.00.
2½x2½ yards, $8.50.
2½x3 yards, $10.10.
2½x3½ yards, $11.80.
2½x4 yards, $13.50.
2½x2½ yards, $11.00.
3x3 yards, $13.50.

Napkins to match tablecloths, 22 x 22 inches, doz., $5.60; 27x27 inches, doz., $8.00.

The Muslin Underwear Sale Holds the Interest of Every Woman Seeing the Extensive Lines.

With such telling force in the merchandise—a long story telling of the advantages of the January Sale is unnecessary here. Women are quick to judge values—and with the advantage of these values they will find in this sale, assortments of styles, sizes and qualities more than ample for the most exacting requirements.

Fifth Floor.

FOUR OF THE STRONGEST FEATURES AMONG THE HUNDREDS OF VALUES:

Combination Garments—Corset Cover and Drawer or Skirt, made of nainsook, trimmed with Valenciennes insertion and embroidery medallions, lace edge, $1.75.

Princess Slips, lawn, trimmed with medallions and lace insertion, lace edge, beading and ribbon, skirt finished with three insertions and lace edge, $2.25.

Long Petticoats, made of nainsook, deep flounce of open embroidery or lace insertion and deep lace edge, scalloped underlay and embroidery beading & ribbon, $3.75.

Petticoats, cambric top, flounce of deep open embroidery, cambric dust ruffle, special, $1.25.

The Year's Best Values in Sheets, Cases, and Domestic Cottons in the January Sale

Popular recognition of this fact is seen in the records of the past week—the most successful six days' selling we have ever experienced in this sale. Added to the advantages in values, our assortments have never been so complete—embracing all sizes and all qualities. *Third Floor and Basement.*

M. F. & Co. Soft Spun Sheets, 81 by 99 inches, 90c.
Dwight Anchor Sheets, 81 by 99 inches, 85c.
Atlantic Sheets, 81 by 99 inches, 75c.
Eureka Sheets, 81 by 99 inches, 65c.
Ansonia Sheets, 81 by 99 inches, 60c.

M. F. & Co. Soft Spun Pillow Cases, 45 by 38½ inches, 22½c.
Dwight Anchor Pillow Cases, 45 by 38½ inches, 20c.
Atlantic Pillow Cases, 45 by 38½ inches, 19c.
Eureka Pillow Cases, 45 by 38½ inches, 17c.
Ansonia Pillow Cases, 45 by 36 inches, 14c.

Longcloth and Boxed Nainsook for Women's and Misses' Underwear are being sold by the piece at very special prices during January:

40-inch Boxed Nainsook, 10 yards, $1.35, $1.50; 12 yards, $1.95, $2.25.
Longcloth, 12 yards, $1.35, $1.50, $1.65, $1.75, $1.85, $1.95, $2.25. *Second Floor.*

Stamped Linens at January Sale Prices in Fancy Goods

Women who find pleasure in working up attractive stamped pieces at home have marveled both at the completeness and at the unusual beauty of the new lines selling in our January Sale at prices far below the regular values—greater range has never been afforded for selection, comprising Stamped Cloths and Covers of all sizes, Stamped Pillow Cases and Covers, Stamped Undergarments, Waists and Sacques. *Third Floor.*

Stamped Drawn Work Tray Cloths, Carving Cloths, Chiffonier Covers, Buffet Covers, Dresser Covers and Centerpieces in a varied assortment at 50c, 65c, 75c, 85c and $1.00.

Stamped Pillow Cases in many designs, pair, 50c and 75c.

Stamped Waists with materials for working, $1.00 and $1.50.

Stamped Waists with Irish crochet medallions and cottons for working, $2.00, $2.25 and $2.50.

Tan Linen Pillow Covers and Centerpieces stamped in a quaint cross stitch design, with cottons for working, 50c.

Tan Linen Dresser Scarfs and Pincushion Tops stamped in a quaint cross stitch design, with cottons for working, 75c.

Stamped Table Scarfs in tan linen with cottons for working, 75c.

Stamped Night Gowns, Combination Suits and Corset Covers with cottons for working—Gowns, $1.25; Corset Covers, 40c; Combination Suits, $1.00.

Stamped Dressing Sacques with cottons for working—very attractive—75c. *Third Floor.*

A special sale of 5,000 yards of TALMA SUITING SILKS, a semi-rough fabric of a very flexible quality, in eighty-five colors including white and black, yard, 85c.
Second Floor.

Beautiful Bordered Novelties in Wash Dress Fabrics

Are among the many special features offered in the Printed Goods Section for this month.

The idea of introducing these daintily flowered and conventional effects on filmy materials will appeal strongly to women in quest of something new and distinctive for afternoon and evening gowns. The weaves are Marquisettes, Voiles and French Muslins. Many styles are exclusive, with a limited number of each pattern. They are selling rapidly. *Second Floor.*

Women's Fine Black Mercerized Lisle Hose, Special, 35c.

100 dozen pairs—One of our regular lines in light weight, with double heels, toes and soles, and three extra service-giving double garter tops—will be placed on sale this morning at one-third less than regular value—pair 35c; 3 pair for $1.00. *Fourth Floor.*

New Wash Ribbons: January Specials.

For the month of January, our entire lines of Underwear and Lingerie Ribbons in all patterns are marked at the lowest prices of the year. The assortments are fresh, new and complete in colors and widths. *First Floor.*

No. 1, yard, 4c; bolt, 35c.
No. 1½, yard, 5c; bolt, 45c.
No. 2, yard, 7c; bolt, 60c.
No. 3, yard, 9c; bolt, 80c.
No. 5, yard, 12c; bolt, $1.10.
No. 9, yard, 16c; bolt, $1.70.
No. 16, yard, 30; bolt, $2.80.

Sunshades for California and Southern Resorts.

Exclusive foreign novelty effects form a most interesting special display, comprising warp printed silk taffetas, plain taffetas, shantung lined black, green and white striped moire and taffetas, polka dotted taffetas, satin striped satin and black brocaded satin. *First Floor.*

Handles are shown in numerous new designs of natural wood and novelties to match shades.

Blankets and Comforters at Greatly Reduced Prices.

Odd lots from our own mills, and about 750 pair of extra fine quality Blankets, classed as "seconds," are marked at one-fifth to one-third less than regular prices. Most of them are white with borders, but attractive plaids are shown in a good assortment. Many extraordinarily large Blankets, also extra long Blankets for the narrower beds are included. Prices $3 to $20 a pair.

Comforters covered with silk, satin and silk mull, mostly manufacturer's full size samples, at prices 20% to 33⅓% less than regular prices. Styles include the dark, serviceable colors as well as the delicate light effects—prices range from $3.75 to $16.50. *Third Floor.*

Children's Colored Dresses at Special Prices.

The time and expense of making up colored dresses at home will be considered by every mother seeing the economies possible in the great numbers of well made little dresses now offering at decided savings. *Fourth Floor*

Children's Dresses of good quality percale with white dots trimmed in white; short plaited skirt—sizes 2, 3 and 4 years, 75c.

Children's Low Neck Dresses, short sleeves, panel down front, short skirt, $1.50.

Children's Dresses of fine percale trimmed in dark blue, low neck and short sleeves, $1.15.

Children's Long Waisted Dresses, made of pink and blue chambray, trimmed with white feather stitching, $1.95.

Children's Bloomer Suits of best galatea with belt and pocket, $1.50.

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & Co.

A Showing of New 1911

SILK FABRICS

Printed Foulards—Shower proof; 23 inches wide, in a complete assortment of new designs and colorings. Two excellent qualities at, the yard, 85c and.....$1.00

Shedwater Foulards—23-inch width, in three qualities. Dainty designs, exclusively ours, at, the yard, 75c, 85c and.....$1.00

English Tub Silks—32 inches wide, in a wonderful collection of neat striped effects. A fabric that'll be one of the season's best sellers at, the yard.....$1.25

All-Silk Marquisettes—40 inches wide, in three excellent qualities, in a great range of colorings, at, the yard, $1.00, $1.25 and.....$1.50

Japanese Twill Printed Stripe Foulards—Newest Paris novelty, 42 inches wide. Very stylish and bound to be a strong favorite for the coming season. They come in ½, ¾ and inch stripes, at, the yard.....$2.50

The January Sale of

WHITE SILKS

White Satin Majestic—33 inches wide. A special for the January sale at, the yard.....$1.55

Crepe Meteore—In white, ivory and cream, 40 inches wide, and for the January sale priced at, the yard.....$1.68

White Crepe de Chine—23 inches wide and very special for the January sale at, the yard.....85c

Peau de Cygne—20 inches wide, in white, ivory and cream, at, the yard.....55c

SECOND FLOOR, NORTH ROOM

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO

Fancy French China Reduced to Half Price

The Annual January Clearance Sale, offering incomplete lines including the past season's most desirable patterns from Haviland & Co., and others, affords wonderful values in fancy china for table use and home decoration.

PLATES for all services are represented—they come in various attractive decorations. Many in exquisite gold treatments—each, 25c, 38c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.50.

CUPS and Saucers—including bouillons, teas, A. D. coffees, chocolates, etc. A most extensive assortment altogether that affords excellent selection at a saving—20c to $1.00.

FANCY Pieces—embracing compotes, salads, celery trays, chops, sugars and creamers, grapefruit bowls, etc. A great variety encompasses an unusually broad price range—decisive saving to be noted throughout.

Sale of Rich American Cut Glass at Half

Very unusual offerings in rich sparkling American Cut Glass—popular designs from the cutting wheels of the most noted makers who produce exclusive patterns of rare beauty. Half price are the markings in this sale.

In this special lot of a few hundred pieces scarcely two are alike. There are bowls of various sizes and shapes, vases, tankards, celery trays, punchbowls, baskets, flower center pieces and the like—all at January clearance prices.

Fifth Floor—North Room.

FIT ANY COOK STOVE
MAGIC STOVE LININGS

These Plastic Fire Clay slabs can be quickly fitted to any make of stoves, making a magic fit. The paraffined corrugated paper on their faces keeps them soft and plastic and keeps their shape and only breaks off after they are dried out. They harden like magic in the fire.

50 cents for package of 2's, 80 cents for 4's at
BE FAIR. SIEGEL, COOPER & CO., THE BOSTON STORE

Pittmann's BEST EGGS

ADVERTISE IN THE TRIBUNE.

SANITARIUMS.

SACRED HEART SANIARIUM

For rest, quiet, recuperation and treatment of Nervous and Mental diseases, Neurasthenia, Heart and Kidney troubles. Rates $25 to $37. Electricity, massage, Zander Gymnasium, Bowling, etc. Physician in charge, Dr. Wm. Allen Richardson, 3100 Washington boulevard, Chicago. Phone Monroe 1000.

RESTHAVEN, Elgin, Ill.

Delightful all the year round. Steam heated and electric lighted. Appointments modern. Radiant light baths, Nauheim baths, electricity, massage, etc. Special rates for the Winter months. Forty trains daily.

DR. GEO. F. WASHBURN,
MARION FOSTER WASHBURN.

Editorial Page - - - 12
Rehabilitating the Legislature
Gaseous Imbecility.
Mr. Ricordi's Two Virtues.
Salaries and Wages.
Money for the Health Department.

VOLUME LXX

CRAWFORD BA
SLY OMISSIO
LORIMER R

South Dakotan Tells
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SEES A PLOT IN CO

Gamble Admits Letters
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VIVID WORD PICTURE I

BY JOHN CALLAN O'L
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